

### THE STATUTES OF THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE

# ENDANGERED SPECIES (IMPORT AND EXPORT) ACT (CHAPTER 92A)

(Original Enactment: Act 5 of 2006)

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# CHAPTER 92A

# Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act

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An Act to give effect to the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora by controlling the importation, exportation, re-exportation and introduction from the sea of certain animals and plants, and parts and derivatives of such animals and plants, and for matters connected therewith.

[1st March 2006]

### PART I

#### **PRELIMINARY**

#### Short title

**1.** This Act may be cited as the Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act.

# Interpretation

- **2.**—(1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires
  - "advertise", in relation to a scheduled species, means to describe, make reference to or allude in any way, by any means or in any form, to that scheduled species
    - (a) whether directly or indirectly;

- (b) whether orally, in writing in any language, diagrammatically, pictorially, by the use of symbols or photographs, or in any combination thereof; and
- (c) whether by the common name or the scientific name of that scheduled species or otherwise;
- "animal" means any member of the Animal Kingdom, and includes
  - (a) any mammal (other than man), bird, reptile, amphibian, fish, mollusc, arthropod, or other vertebrate or invertebrate, whether alive or dead, and the egg, young or immature form thereof; and
  - (b) any readily recognisable part or derivative of an animal;

### "authorised officer" means —

- (a) any police officer;
- (b) any officer of customs within the meaning of the Customs Act (Cap. 70); or
- (c) any public officer or officer of the Authority or of any other statutory authority appointed by the Director-General under section 3(2);
- "Authority" means the Agri-Food and Veterinary Authority established under section 3 of the Agri-Food and Veterinary Authority Act (Cap. 5);
- "CITES" means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora signed in Washington, D. C., on 3rd March 1973, and any amendment to, or substitution of, the Convention that is binding on Singapore;
- "conveyance" includes any vessel, aircraft, vehicle or mode of transport;
- "Director-General" means the Director-General, Agri-Food and Veterinary Services appointed under section 3(1) of the Animals and Birds Act (Cap. 7);

- "export" means to take or cause to be taken out of Singapore by land, sea or air any scheduled species other than any scheduled species in transit in Singapore, but does not include re-export;
- "import" means to bring or cause to be brought into Singapore by land, sea or air any scheduled species other than any scheduled species in transit in Singapore;
- "information" includes data, text, images, sound, codes, computer programmes, software and databases;
- "introduction from the sea" means transportation into Singapore of any scheduled species which was taken in the marine environment not under the jurisdiction of any State;
- "owner" includes any person for the time being in charge of any scheduled species and any person for the time being in occupation of any premises;
- "permit" means a permit, licence, certificate or written permission issued by the Director-General under section 7(2) or deemed to be issued under section 31;
- "plant" means any member of the Plant Kingdom, whether live or dead, and any readily recognisable part or derivative of a plant;
- "premises" includes any house, hut, shed, structure, platform, path, bridge, open space, building or enclosure whether roofed or not:
- "readily recognisable part or derivative of a plant" means any substantially complete or part or derivative of a plant, in natural form, preserved, dried or otherwise treated or prepared which may or may not be contained in preparations, and includes
  - (a) seed, stem, leaf, bark, root, log, flower, fruit or pod; and
  - (b) any thing which is claimed by any person, or which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging, a label or mark or from any other

circumstances, to contain a part or derivative of a plant;

- "readily recognisable part or derivative of an animal" means any substantially complete or part or derivative of an animal, in natural form, stuffed, chilled, preserved, dried or otherwise treated or prepared which may or may not be contained in preparations, and includes
  - (a) meat, bones, hide, skin, leather, tusk, horn, antler, gland, feathers, hair, teeth, claws, shell, scales and eggs; and
  - (b) any thing which is claimed by any person, or which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging, a label or mark or from any other circumstances, to contain a part or derivative of an animal;
- "re-export" means the export of any scheduled species that has previously been imported;
- "sale" or "sell" includes barter or exchange;
- "sample", in relation to a scheduled species, means the scheduled species or any part thereof;
- "scheduled species" means any animal or plant (including any readily recognisable part or derivative thereof) specified in the Schedule.
- (2) For the purposes of this Act, a scheduled species shall be considered to be in transit if, and only if, it is brought into Singapore solely for the purpose of taking it out of Singapore and
  - (a) it remains at all times in or on the conveyance in or on which it is brought into Singapore;
  - (b) it is removed from the conveyance in or on which it was brought into Singapore and either returned to the same conveyance or transferred directly to another conveyance before being despatched to a place outside Singapore, and is kept under the control of the Director-General or an

- authorised officer while being so removed, returned or transferred; or
- (c) it is removed from the conveyance in or on which it was brought into Singapore and kept under the control of the Director-General or an authorised officer for a period not exceeding 14 days, or such longer period as the Director-General may approve, pending despatch to a place outside Singapore.

# Administration of Act and appointment of authorised officer, etc.

- **3.**—(1) The Director-General shall be responsible for the administration of this Act, subject to the general or special directions of the Minister.
- (2) The Director-General may in writing appoint any public officer or any officer of the Authority or of any other statutory authority to be an authorised officer for the purposes of this Act.
- (3) The Director-General may delegate to any authorised officer the exercise of all or any of the powers conferred or duties imposed upon him by this Act except the power of delegation by this subsection.

#### PART II

# CONTROL OF IMPORT, EXPORT, ETC., OF SCHEDULED **SPECIES**

# Restriction on import, export, etc., of scheduled species

- **4.**—(1) Any person who imports, exports, re-exports or introduces from the sea any scheduled species without a permit shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000 for each such scheduled species (but not to exceed in the aggregate \$500,000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.
- (2) Any person who has in his possession or under his control, or who sells, offers or exposes or advertises for sale, or displays to the public any scheduled species which has been imported or introduced

from the sea in contravention of subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000 for each such scheduled species (but not to exceed in the aggregate \$500,000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.

(3) Any person who sells, offers or exposes or advertises for sale, or displays to the public such scheduled species as the Minister may, by notification in the *Gazette*, specify shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000 for each such scheduled species (but not to exceed in the aggregate \$100,000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or to both.

# Control of scheduled species in transit

- **5.**—(1) Every scheduled species in transit in Singapore shall be accompanied by
  - (a) a valid CITES export or re-export permit, licence, certificate or written permission issued by the competent authority of the country of export or re-export, as the case may be, of the scheduled species; and
  - (b) where required by the country of import or final destination of the scheduled species, a valid CITES import permit, licence, certificate or written permission issued by the competent authority of that country or destination.
- (2) Any owner, importer, exporter or re-exporter who contravenes subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$50,000 for each scheduled species in transit in Singapore in contravention of that subsection (but not to exceed in the aggregate \$500,000) or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.

#### Defence to offence under section 4 or 5

**6.**—(1) Subject to subsection (2), in any proceedings for an offence under section 4 or 5, it shall be a defence for the person charged to prove —

- (a) that the commission of the offence was due to the act or default of another person or to some other cause beyond his control; and
- (b) that he took all reasonable precautions and exercised all due diligence to avoid the commission of such an offence by himself or by any person under his control.
- (2) If in any case the defence provided by subsection (1) involves the allegation that the commission of the offence was due to the act or default of another person, the person charged shall not, without the leave of the court, be entitled to rely on that defence unless, within a period ending 7 clear days before the hearing, he has served on the prosecutor a notice in writing giving such information as was then in his possession identifying or assisting in the identification of that other person.

## Issue of permit

- 7.—(1) Any person who wishes to import, export, re-export or introduce from the sea any scheduled species may apply to the Director-General, in such form as the Director-General may determine and on payment of the prescribed fee, for a permit.
  - (2) The Director-General may
    - (a) issue a permit, licence, certificate or written permission to import, export, re-export or introduce from the sea any scheduled species either unconditionally or subject to such conditions or restrictions as he may impose; or
    - (b) refuse to issue such permit, licence, certificate or written permission.

# Cancellation of permit

- **8.**—(1) The Director-General may at any time cancel a permit if
  - (a) any condition or restriction of the permit is contravened; or
  - (b) the Director-General is satisfied that the permit was issued as a result of a misleading statement or a misrepresentation of a material fact.

- (2) Where the Director-General cancels a permit under subsection (1), he shall immediately notify the holder of the permit.
- (3) Where the Director-General has notified the holder of a permit under subsection (2) of the cancellation of his permit, the holder of the permit shall immediately surrender the permit to the Director-General.
- (4) Any holder of a permit who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes subsection (3) shall be guilty of an offence.

#### PART III

#### ENFORCEMENT POWERS AND PROCEEDINGS

# Power of inspection

- **9.** An authorised officer may, for the purpose of ensuring compliance with this Act, do all or any of the following:
  - (a) at any reasonable time enter and inspect any premises or conveyance in which the officer reasonably believes there is any item to which this Act applies or any document relating to the administration of this Act;
  - (b) open or cause to be opened any door, window, lock, fastener, compartment, box, container or any other thing that the officer reasonably believes contains any such item or document;
  - (c) inspect any such item, and take such item or any sample thereof free of charge;
  - (d) inspect or copy, in whole or in part, any such document;
  - (e) make such examination or inquiry as may be necessary to ascertain whether the provisions of this Act have been complied with;
  - (f) exercise such other powers as may be reasonable and necessary for giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

# Power to investigate and require information

**10.**—(1) Where the Director-General has reason to believe that any person has contravened any provision of this Act, the Director-

General may investigate the matter and, for the purposes of any such investigation, the Director-General may —

- (a) call upon any authorised officer to make whatever preliminary investigation he considers necessary;
- (b) require the production for inspection by the Director-General or any authorised officer of any book, document or paper which may relate to or be connected with the subject-matter of the investigation;
- (c) require any person to give all information in relation to any such book, document or paper which may be reasonably required by the Director-General or the authorised officer; and
- (d) require any person to furnish any other information as the Director-General or the authorised officer may require.
- (2) If the Director-General has reason to suspect that any scheduled species found in any premises or conveyance or in the possession of any person has been imported or introduced from the sea, the Director-General may require any person who has in his possession or custody or under his control the scheduled species
  - (a) to declare its scientific name; and
  - (b) to furnish to the Director-General such other information as he may require.
- (3) The Director-General or an authorised officer may record any information furnished by any person under subsection (1) or (2) as a statement which shall be admissible as evidence in any proceedings in connection with any offence under this Act.

# Power of entry, search and seizure

- **11.**—(1) An authorised officer may
  - (a) without warrant enter and search any premises and stop, board and search any conveyance in or on which he reasonably suspects that there is to be found any scheduled species in contravention of this Act;

- Export)
- (b) search any person found in such premises or conveyance; and
- (c) seize, remove and detain at the risk of the owner any scheduled species and all other items referred to in subsection (3)(b), (c) and (d) found in such premises or conveyance.
- (2) For the purpose of exercising his power under this Act, an authorised officer may, with such assistance as he thinks necessary, break open any door, window, lock, fastener, compartment, box, container or any other thing.
- (3) An authorised officer may seize, remove and detain at the risk of the owner
  - (a) any scheduled species liable to seizure;
  - (b) any receptacle in which the scheduled species which is seized is contained, together with any handling or other device used for or in connection with such scheduled species;
  - (c) any thing which appears to him to be or to contain evidence that an offence under section 4 or 5 has been committed; or
- (d) any food or drink accompanying an animal which is seized, and, in the case of any food or drink so seized which is perishable, the Director-General may cause the same to be sold or otherwise disposed of immediately.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, any animal or plant is liable to seizure if an authorised officer has reason to suspect that it is a scheduled species
  - (a) which is being or has been imported, exported, re-exported or introduced from the sea in contravention of section 4(1);
  - (b) which is possessed by or under the control of or being sold or offered or exposed or advertised for sale, or being displayed in contravention of section 4(2);
  - (c) which is being sold or offered or exposed or advertised for sale, or being displayed in contravention of section 4(3); or

(d) which is in transit in Singapore in contravention of section 5(1).

# Powers ancillary to inspections and searches

- 12.—(1) For the purpose of carrying out an inspection under section 9 or a search under section 11, an authorised officer may stop a conveyance or direct that it be moved to a place where the inspection or search may be carried out.
- (2) Any item (including any sample thereof) taken under section 9, or any animal, plant or item seized under section 11(1)(c) or (3), may be kept or stored in the premises or conveyance where it was taken or seized, as the case may be, or may, at the direction of the Director-General or an authorised officer, be removed to any other place to be kept or stored thereat.
- (3) The Director-General or an authorised officer may subject any animal, plant or item referred to in subsection (2) to such examination or analysis as he may consider necessary for the purposes of the administration of this Act.
- (4) No compensation shall be payable in respect of any animal, plant or item which is damaged or otherwise destroyed by virtue of any examination or analysis under subsection (3), unless such damage or destruction is directly attributable to the negligence or default of the Director-General or the authorised officer.
- (5) The Director-General or an authorised officer may mark, seal or label any animal, plant or item referred to in subsection (2) in such manner as he thinks fit and may lock or seal the premises, conveyance or other place in which it is being kept or stored.
- (6) Any person who, without the authority of the Director-General or an authorised officer
  - (a) interferes or tampers with, removes, distributes, sells or otherwise disposes of any animal, plant or item referred to in subsection (2);
  - (b) opens, breaks or otherwise tampers with the lock or seal placed by the Director-General or an authorised officer on

- any premises or conveyance or part thereof under subsection (5); or
- (c) alters, counterfeits, defaces, destroys, erases or removes any mark, seal or label placed by the Director-General or an authorised officer on any animal, plant or item under subsection (5),

shall be guilty of an offence.

# Power to require scheduled species to be marked, etc.

- 13.—(1) The Director-General may require any owner, importer, exporter or re-exporter of scheduled species to brand, label or otherwise mark such scheduled species to the satisfaction of the Director-General.
- (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Director-General may brand, label or mark any such scheduled species.
- (3) Any person who contravenes any requirement of the Director-General under subsection (1) shall be guilty of an offence.
- (4) Any person who alters, counterfeits, defaces, destroys, erases or removes any brand, label or mark referred to in subsection (1) or (2) without the prior approval of the Director-General shall be guilty of an offence.
- (5) In this section, a reference to the labelling or marking of scheduled species includes a reference to the following:
  - (a) in the case of a plant
    - (i) the labelling or marking of a container in which the plant is kept or in which the plant is growing; or
    - (ii) the placement of a label or tag on the plant; and
  - (b) in the case of an animal
    - (i) the implantation of a scannable device in the animal;
    - (ii) the placement of a band on any part of the animal;
    - (iii) the placement (whether by piercing or otherwise) of a tag, tattoo or ring on any part of the animal; or

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(iv) the labelling or marking of a container in which the animal is kept.

#### Power of arrest

- **14.**—(1) The Director-General or any authorised officer may arrest without warrant any person committing or attempting to commit or whom he reasonably suspects of being engaged in committing or attempting to commit any offence under this Act.
- (2) The Director-General or any authorised officer making an arrest without warrant shall, subject to subsection (3), without unnecessary delay bring the person arrested before a Magistrate's Court or a District Court.
- (3) No person who has been arrested by the Director-General or any authorised officer shall be released, except on his own bond or on bail or on the special order in writing of the Magistrate, the District Judge or the Director-General.

#### **Forfeiture**

- 15.—(1) Upon the conviction of any person for an offence under section 4 or 5, the scheduled species in respect of which the offence was committed and any other thing seized under section 11(3)(b), (c) or (d) shall, without further order, be forfeited to the Director-General.
- (2) Where a person who is prosecuted for an offence under section 4 or 5 is acquitted or given a discharge, conditional or otherwise, the court may order the scheduled species in respect of which the prosecution was brought and any other thing seized under section 11(3)(b), (c) or (d)
  - (a) to be released to the person from whom they were seized or to the owner thereof; or
  - (b) to be forfeited to the Director-General.
- (3) Where the owner, importer, exporter or re-exporter of the scheduled species cannot be ascertained or where he is outside Singapore, the Director-General may forfeit the scheduled species and any other thing seized under this Act.

- (4) The Director-General shall, before forfeiting any scheduled species or thing under subsection (3), give to the person from whom the scheduled species or thing was seized notice of his intention to do so on the expiration of 7 days of the date of such notice.
- (5) Where the scheduled species and other things to be forfeited are live animals, the Director-General shall not be required to give any notice under subsection (4).
- (6) All scheduled species and other things which are forfeited to the Director-General under this Act shall be disposed of in such manner as the Director-General thinks fit, including repatriation under subsection (10) if the Director-General so decides.
- (7) Except as provided in subsection (8), any expenses incurred by the Director-General or any authorised officer for the detention, confiscation, storage, maintenance, housing, repatriation, transport and disposal of any scheduled species shall be charged against the owner, importer, exporter or re-exporter, as the case may be, of the scheduled species.
- (8) Subject to subsection (10), if any scheduled species enters Singapore by any conveyance contrary to this Act, the owner and the importer of the scheduled species shall be jointly and severally liable for all expenses incurred by the Director-General or any authorised officer in respect of the detention, confiscation, storage, maintenance, housing, repatriation, transport and disposal of the scheduled species.
- (9) If the sum charged under subsection (7) or (8) is not paid by the owner, importer, exporter or re-exporter, as the case may be, within 14 days after demand, that sum may be reported to a Magistrate's Court or a District Court and recovered in the same manner as if it were a fine imposed by a Magistrate's Court or a District Court, as the case may be.
- (10) When a decision of repatriation is made under this Act in respect of any scheduled species which has been imported or introduced into Singapore in contravention of this Act, and the scheduled species was brought into Singapore in a conveyance, the owner of the conveyance shall, if required in writing by the Director-General, provide or be responsible for —

- (a) free passage for the return of the scheduled species to the place at which the scheduled species was shipped to Singapore, or to any other port or place designated by the Director-General; and
- (b) proper maintenance and housing of the scheduled species during the voyage, flight or journey.
- (11) No person shall be liable under subsection (10) unless the decision of repatriation has been made by the Director-General within
  - (a) 12 months from the date on which the scheduled species was imported or introduced into Singapore; or
  - (b) 6 months from the date proceedings for the offence in connection with such importation or introduction into Singapore are concluded or from the date the offence is compounded,

whichever is the later.

(12) Any person who contravenes subsection (10) shall be guilty of an offence.

#### Obstruction

- **16.** Any person who
  - (a) obstructs or impedes the Director-General or any authorised officer in the execution of his duty under this Act; or
  - (b) refuses or fails, without reasonable excuse, to produce or furnish such book, document, paper or information or render all necessary assistance as may be required or directed by the Director-General or an authorised officer,

shall be guilty of an offence.

# Penalty for false declarations, etc.

17.—(1) Any person who, being required by this Act to make or furnish any declaration, statement, representation or information or to

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produce any permit or who, for the purpose of obtaining any permit under this Act —

- (a) makes or furnishes any declaration, statement, representation or information which is false in a material particular; or
- (b) produces any permit, licence, certificate or written permission which he knows or has reason to believe is false in any material particular, which has not been given by the person by whom it purports to have been given, or which has been in any way altered or tampered with,

shall be guilty of an offence.

- (2) Any person who
  - (a) without lawful authority alters, forges, mutilates or defaces any permit; or
  - (b) knowingly makes use of any permit which has been so altered, forged, mutilated or defaced,

shall be guilty of an offence.

# General penalty

**18.** Any person guilty of an offence under this Act for which no penalty is expressly provided shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 12 months or to both.

#### Abetment of offences

19. Any person who abets the commission of, or who attempts to commit, any offence under this Act shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to be punished with the punishment provided for the offence.

# Offences by bodies corporate, etc.

**20.**—(1) Where an offence under this Act committed by a body corporate is proved —

- (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer; or
- (b) to be attributable to any neglect on his part,

the officer as well as the body corporate shall be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

- (2) Where the affairs of a body corporate are managed by its members, subsection (1) shall apply in relation to the acts and defaults of a member in connection with his functions of management as if he were a director of the body corporate.
- (3) Where an offence under this Act committed by a partnership is proved
  - (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of a partner; or
  - (b) to be attributable to any neglect on his part,

the partner as well as the partnership shall be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

- (4) Where an offence under this Act committed by an unincorporated association (other than a partnership) is proved
  - (a) to have been committed with the consent or connivance of an officer of the unincorporated association or a member of its governing body; or
  - (b) to be attributable to any neglect on the part of such an officer or a member,

the officer or member as well as the unincorporated association shall be guilty of the offence and shall be liable to be proceeded against and punished accordingly.

(5)	In	this	section	—
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"body corporate" includes a limited liability partnership;

"officer" —

(a) in relation to a body corporate, means any director, partner, member of the committee of management, chief executive, manager, secretary or other similar

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  - officer of the body corporate and includes any person purporting to act in any such capacity; or
  - (b) in relation to an unincorporated association (other than a partnership), means the president, the secretary, any member of the committee of the unincorporated association, or any person holding a position analogous to that of president, secretary or member of a committee and includes any person purporting to act in any such capacity;

"partner" includes a person purporting to act as a partner.

(6) The Minister may make rules to provide for the application of any provision of this section, with such modifications as the Minister considers appropriate, to any body corporate or unincorporated association formed or recognised under the law of a territory outside Singapore.

#### PART IV

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

# **Advisory Committee**

- 21.—(1) The Minister may establish an Advisory Committee consisting of such members as he may appoint.
- (2) The Advisory Committee shall advise the Director-General upon any question which he may refer to it in connection with the administration of this Act.

# Fees, etc., payable to Authority

22. All fees, charges, sums collected for the composition of offences and any other moneys collected under this Act shall be paid to the Authority.

# Authority not liable for damage caused to goods or property as result of search, etc.

23. Subject to this Act, the Authority shall not be liable to make good any damage caused to or any loss of goods or property (including any animal or plant) as a result of any entry, search, detention or anything which is done under this Act.

### Jurisdiction of court, etc.

- **24.**—(1) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the Criminal Procedure Code (Cap. 68), a District Court shall have jurisdiction to try any offence under this Act and shall have power to impose the full penalty or punishment in respect of the offence.
- (2) For the purpose of section 151 of the Criminal Procedure Code 2010, on receiving the complaint in writing and signed by the Director-General or an authorised officer, the Magistrate must proceed to issue a summons or warrant in accordance with section 153 of the Criminal Procedure Code 2010.

[15/2010 wef 02/01/2011]

# **Composition of offences**

- **25.**—(1) The Director-General may compound any offence under this Act which is prescribed as a compoundable offence by collecting from a person reasonably suspected of having committed the offence a sum not exceeding \$5,000.
- (2) Where an offence is compounded under this Act, the scheduled species in respect of which the offence was committed and any other thing seized under section 11(3)(b), (c) or (d) shall be forfeited to the Director-General.
- (3) Subject to subsection (2), on payment of such sum of money, no further proceedings shall be taken against that person in respect of the offence.

# Exemption

- **26.**—(1) The Minister may, by order published in the *Gazette*, exempt any person or scheduled species or any class or description of persons or scheduled species from all or any of the provisions of this Act, subject to such terms or conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) The Director-General may on the application of any person, by notice in writing, exempt the person from all or any of the provisions

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of this Act if he considers it appropriate to do so in the circumstances of the case.

- (3) An exemption under subsection (2)
  - (a) may be granted subject to such terms or conditions as the Director-General may specify by notice in writing;
  - (b) need not be published in the Gazette; and
  - (c) may be withdrawn at any time by the Director-General.

#### Service of documents

- 27.—(1) Any notice, order or document required or authorised by this Act to be given to or served on any person, and any summons issued by a court against any person in connection with any offence under this Act may be served on the person
  - (a) by delivering it to the person or to some adult member or employee of his family or household at his last known place of residence;
  - (b) by leaving it at his usual or last known place of residence or place of business in an envelope addressed to the person;
  - (c) by sending it by registered post addressed to the person at his usual or last known place of residence or place of business; or
  - (d) in the case of an incorporated company, a partnership or a body of persons
    - (i) by delivering it to the secretary or other like officer of the company, partnership or body of persons at its registered office or principal place of business; or
    - (ii) by sending it by registered post addressed to the company, partnership or body of persons at its registered office or principal place of business.
- (2) Any notice, order, document or summons sent by registered post to any person in accordance with subsection (1) shall be deemed to be duly served on the person at the time when the notice, order, document or summons, as the case may be, would in the ordinary course of post

be delivered and, in proving service of the notice, order, document or summons, it shall be sufficient to prove that the envelope containing the same was properly addressed, stamped and posted by registered post.

- (3) Any notice, order or document required or authorised by this Act to be served on the owner or occupier of any premises or any summons issued by a court against any such owner or occupier in connection with any offence under this Act may be served by delivering it or a true copy thereof to some adult person on the premises or, if there is no such person on the premises to whom it can with reasonable diligence be delivered, by affixing the notice, order, document or summons to some conspicuous part of the premises.
- (4) Any notice, order or document required or authorised by this Act to be served on the owner or occupier of any premises or any summons issued by a court against any such owner or occupier in connection with any offence under this Act shall be deemed to be properly addressed if addressed by the description of the owner or occupier of the premises without further name or description.

#### **Amendment of Schedule**

**28.** The Minister may, by notification published in the *Gazette*, add to, alter or amend the Schedule.

#### Rules

- **29.**—(1) The Minister may make rules
  - (a) providing for the issue of permits for the importation, exportation, re-exportation and introduction from the sea of scheduled species;
  - (b) prescribing the form, duration, terms, conditions and restrictions of any permit and the fees payable therefor, and providing for the cancellation and suspension thereof;
  - (c) providing for the imposition of a levy on the import, export or re-export of any scheduled species;
  - (d) authorising the sale or possession or control of or other dealing in scheduled species and prescribing the

Export)

- circumstances and conditions under which a person may be in possession or in control of or sell or otherwise deal with any scheduled species;
- (e) relating to the branding, packaging, marking either permanently or temporarily and labelling of scheduled species for the purpose of identification;
- (f) prescribing the fees to be charged in respect of anything done under or by virtue of this Act;
- (g) prescribing any other matter or thing required or permitted to be prescribed or necessary to be prescribed to give effect to this Act.
- (2) Rules made under this Act
  - (a) may provide that a contravention of any provision of the rules shall be an offence;
  - (b) may provide for penalties not exceeding a fine of \$50,000 or imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or both for each offence.

# Transitional and savings provision

**30.** Any application for a permit, and any permit, approval, notice, order or other document, made, issued or given under the repealed Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Cap. 92A, 2000 Ed.) shall, so far as it is not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, be deemed to have been made, issued or given under this Act.

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#### THE SCHEDULE

Section 2(1)

#### SCHEDULED SPECIES

## Interpretation of the Appendices

1. Appendix I includes all species threatened with extinction which are or may be affected by trade. Trade in specimens of these species shall be subject to particularly strict regulation in order not to endanger further their survival and shall only be authorised in exceptional circumstances.

- 2. Appendix II includes
  - (a) all species which may become threatened with extinction unless trade in specimens of such species is subject to strict regulation in order to avoid utilisation incompatible with their survival; and
  - (b) other species which are subject to regulation in order that trade in specimens of certain species referred to in sub-paragraph (a) may be brought under effective control.
- 3. Appendix III includes all species which any contracting State or Party to CITES (also referred to in this Schedule as the Convention) identifies as being subject to regulation within its jurisdiction for the purpose of preventing or restricting exploitation, and as needing the cooperation of other Parties in the control of trade.
- 3A. In these Appendices, unless the context otherwise requires
  - "Conference of the Parties" means the Conference of the Parties to CITES;
  - "Secretariat" means the Secretariat established under Article XII of CITES;
  - "Standing Committee" means the Standing Committee of the Conference of the Parties established under Annex 1 of Resolution Conf. 11.1 (Rev. CoP16) adopted by the Conference of the Parties.

[S 737/2016 wef 02/01/2017]

- 4. Species included in these Appendices are referred to
  - (a) by the name of the species; or
  - (b) as being all of the species included in a higher taxon or designated part thereof.
- 5. The abbreviation "spp." is used to denote all species of a higher taxon.
- 6. Other references to taxa higher than species are for the purposes of information or classification only. The common names included after the scientific names of families are for reference only. They are intended to indicate the species within the family concerned that are included in the Appendices. In most cases this is not all of the species within the family.
  - 7. The following abbreviations are used for plant taxa below the level of species:
    - (a) "ssp." is used to denote subspecies; and
    - (b) "var(s)." is used to denote variety (varieties).
- 8. As none of the species or higher taxa of FLORA included in Appendix I is annotated to the effect that its hybrids shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Article III of the Convention, this means that artificially propagated

hybrids produced from one or more of these species or taxa may be traded with a certificate of artificial propagation, and that seeds and pollen (including pollinia), cut flowers, seedling or tissue cultures obtained *in vitro*, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers of these hybrids are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.

- 9. The names of the countries in parentheses placed against the names of species in Appendix III are those of the Parties submitting these species for inclusion in this Appendix.
- 10. When a species is included in one of the Appendices, all parts and derivatives of the species are also included in the same Appendix unless the species is annotated to indicate that only specific parts and derivatives are included. The symbol # followed by a number placed against the name of a species or higher taxon included in Appendix II or III refers to a footnote that indicates the parts or derivatives of plants that are designated as "specimens" subject to the provisions of the Convention in accordance with Article I, paragraph (b), sub-paragraph (iii).
- 11. The terms and expressions below, used in annotations in these Appendices, are defined as follows:

#### (a) Extract

Any substance obtained directly from plant material by physical or chemical means regardless of the manufacturing process. An extract may be solid (e.g. crystals, resin, fine or coarse particles), semisolid (e.g. gums, waxes) or liquid (e.g. solutions, tinctures, oil and essential oils).

(b) Finished products packaged and ready for retail trade

Products, shipped singly or in bulk, requiring no further processing, packaged, labelled for final use or the retail trade in a state fit for being sold to or used by the general public.

(c) Powder

A dry, solid substance in the form of fine or coarse particles.

(d) Wood-chips

Wood that has been reduced to small pieces.

[S 630/2013 wef 01/10/2013]

	Appendices	
I	II	III

	PART 1  FAUNA (ANIMALS)  PHYLUM CHORDATA  CLASS MAMMALIA  (MAMMALS)					
I			ARTIODACTYLA			
	A		Antilocapridae (Prongh	iorns)		
		1.	Antilocapra americana (Only the population of Mexico; no other population is included in the Appendices)			
	В		Bovidae (Antelopes, ca	attle, duikers, gazelles, goats	s, sheep, etc.)	
		1.	Addax nasomaculatus			
		2.		Ammotragus lervia		
		<ol> <li>4.</li> <li>5.</li> </ol>	Bos gaurus (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Bos frontalis, and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  Bos mutus		Antilope cervicapra (Nepal, Pakistan)	
		6.	(Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as <i>Bos grunniens</i> , and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  **Bos sauveli*			

7.			Boselaphus tragocamelus (Pakistan)
8.			Bubalus arnee (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Bubalus bubalis and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention) (Nepal)
9.	Bubalus depressicornis		
10.	Bubalus mindorensis		
11.	Bubalus quarlesi		
12.		Budorcas taxicolor	
13.		Capra caucasica	
14.	Capra falconeri		
15.			Capra hircus aegagrus (Specimens of the domesticated form are not subject to the provisions of the Convention) (Pakistan) Capra sibirica
			(Pakistan)
17.	Capricornis milneedwardsii		
18.	Capricornis rubidus		
19.	Capricornis sumatraensis		

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

20.	Capricornis thar		
21.		Cephalophus brookei	
22.		Cephalophus dorsalis	
23.	Cephalophus jentinki		
24.		Cephalophus ogilbyi	
25.		Cephalophus silvicultor	
26.		Cephalophus zebra	
27.		Damaliscus pygargus pygargus	
28.			Gazella bennettii (Pakistan)
29.	Gazella cuvieri		
30.			Gazella dorcas (Algeria, Tunisia)
31.	Gazella leptoceros		
32.	Hippotragus niger variani		
33.		Kobus leche	
34.	Naemorhedus baileyi		
35.	Naemorhedus caudatus		
36.	Naemorhedus goral		
37.	Naemorhedus griseus		
38.	Nanger dama		
39.	Oryx dammah		
40.	Oryx leucoryx		
41.		Ovis ammon (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	

42.	Ovis ammon hodgsonii		
43.	Ovis ammon nigrimontana		
44.		Ovis aries (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I, the subspecies O. a. isphahanica, O. a. laristanica, O. a. musimon and O. a. orientalis which are not included in the Appendices, and the domesticated form Ovis aries aries which is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
45.	Ovis aries ophion		
46.	Ovis aries vignei		
47.		Ovis canadensis (Only the population of Mexico; no other population is included in the Appendices)	
48.	Pantholops hodgsonii		
49.		Philantomba monticola	
50.			Pseudois nayaur (Pakistan)
51.	Pseudoryx nghetinhensis		
52.		Rupicapra pyrenaica ornata	
53.		Saiga borealis	
54.		Saiga tatarica	
55.			Tetracerus quadricornis (Nepal)

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

2008 Ed.

С	Camelidae (Camels, gu	anacos, vicunas)	
1.		Lama guanicoe	
3.	Vicugna vicugna [Except the populations of: Argentina (the populations of the Provinces of Jujuy and Catamarca and the semi-captive populations of the Provinces of Jujuy, Salta, Catamarca, La Rioja and San Juan), Chile (population of the Primera Región), Ecuador (the whole population), Peru (the whole population) and the Plurinational State of Bolivia (the whole population), which are included in Appendix II]	Vicugna vicugna [Only	
3.		the populations of Argentina (the populations of the Provinces of Jujuy and Catamarca and the semi-captive populations of the Provinces of Jujuy, Salta, Catamarca, La Rioja and San Juan), Chile (population of the Primera Región), Ecuador (the whole population), Peru (the whole population) and the Plurinational State of Bolivia (the whole population); all other	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For the exclusive purpose of allowing international trade in fibre from vicuñas (*Vicugna vicugna*) and their derivative products, only if the fibre comes from the shearing of live vicuñas. Trade in products derived from the fibre may only take place in accordance with the following provisions:

- (a) Any person or entity processing vicuña fibre to manufacture cloth and garments must request authorisation from the relevant authorities of the country of origin (Countries of origin: The countries where the species occurs, that is, Argentina, Bolivia, Chile, Ecuador and Peru) to use the "vicuñas country of origin" wording, mark or logo adopted by the range States of the species that are signatories to the Convention for the Conservation and Management of the Vicuña.
- (b) Marketed cloth or garments must be marked or identified in accordance with the following provisions:
  - (i) For international trade in <u>cloth</u> made from live-sheared vicuña fibre, whether the cloth was produced within or outside the range States of the species, the wording, mark or logo must be used so that the country of origin can be identified. The VICUÑA [COUNTRY OF ORIGIN] wording, mark or logo has the format as detailed below:



This wording, mark or logo must appear on the reverse side of the cloth. In addition, the selvages of the cloth must bear the words VICUÑAS [COUNTRY OF ORIGIN].

- (ii) For international trade in garments made from live-sheared vicuña fibre, whether the garments were produced within or outside of the range States of the species, the wording, mark or logo indicated in paragraph (b)(i) must be used. This wording, mark or logo must appear on a label on the garment itself. If the garments are produced outside of the country of origin, the name of the country where the garment was produced should also be indicated, in addition to the wording, mark or logo referred to in paragraph (b)(i).
- (c) For international trade in handicraft products made from live-sheared vicuña fibre produced within the range States of the species, the VICUÑA [COUNTRY OF ORIGIN] ARTESANÍA wording, mark or logo must be used as detailed below:



(d) If live-sheared vicuña fibre from various countries of origin is used for the production of cloth and garments, the wording, mark or logo of each of the countries of origin of the fibre must be indicated, as detailed in paragraphs (b)(i) and (ii).

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

# THE SCHEDULE — continued

(e) All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species listed in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

D	Cervidae (Deer, huemu	ls, muntjacs, pudus)	
1.	Axis calamianensis		
2.	Axis kuhlii		
3.			Axis porcinus (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I) (Pakistan)
4.	Axis porcinus annamiticus		
5.	Blastocerus dichotomus		
6.		Cervus elaphus bactrianus	
7.			Cervus elaphus barbarus (Algeria, Tunisia)
8.	Cervus elaphus hanglu		
9.	Dama dama mesopotamica		
10.	Hippocamelus spp.		
11.			Mazama temama cerasina (Guatemala)
12.	Muntiacus crinifrons		
13.	Muntiacus vuquangensis		
14.			Odocoileus virginianus

15. 16. 17. 18.	Ozotoceros bezoarticus  Pudu puda Rucervus duvaucelii Rucervus eldii  Hippopotamidae (Hippo	Pudu mephistophiles	mayensis (Guatemala)
1.	тпрророшинае (тпрр	Hexaprotodon liberiensis	
2.		Hippopotamus amphibius	
F	Moschidae (Musk deer)	)	
1.	Moschus spp. (Only the populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		
2.		Moschus spp. (Except the populations of Afghanistan, Bhutan, India, Myanmar, Nepal and Pakistan, which are included in Appendix I)	
G	Suidae (Babirusa, hogs	, pigs)	
1. 2.	Babyrousa babyrussa Babyrousa bolabatuensis		
3.	Babyrousa celebensis		

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

		4.	Babyrousa togeanensis		
		5.	Sus salvanius		
	Н		Tayassuidae (Peccaries)	)	
		1.		Tayassuidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and the populations of Pecari tajacu of Mexico and the United States of America, which are not included in the Appendices)	
		2.	Catagonus wagneri		
II			CARNIVORA		
	A		Ailuridae (Red pandas)		
		1.	Ailurus fulgens		
	В		Canidae (Dogs, foxes,	wolves)	
		1.			Canis aureus (India)
		2.	Canis lupus (Only the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan; all other populations are included in Appendix II. Excludes the domesticated form and the dingo which are referenced as Canis lupus familiaris and Canis lupus dingo, respectively, which are not subject to		

3.		Canis lupus (Except the populations of Bhutan, India, Nepal and Pakistan, which are included in Appendix I. Excludes the domesticated form and the dingo which are referenced as Canis lupus familiaris and Canis lupus dingo, respectively, which are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
4.		Cerdocyon thous	
5.		Chrysocyon brachyurus	
6.		Cuon alpinus	
7.		Lycalopex culpaeus	
8.		Lycalopex fulvipes	
9.		Lycalopex griseus	
10.		Lycalopex gymnocercus	
11.	Speothos venaticus		
12.		Vulnes equa	Vulpes bengalensis (India)
		Vulpes cana	17.1
14.			Vulpes vulpes griffithi (India)
15.			Vulpes vulpes montana (India)
16.			Vulpes vulpes pusilla (India)
17.		Vulpes zerda	
C	Eupleridae (Fossa, falar	nouc, Malagasy civets)	
1.		Cryptoprocta ferox	
2.		Eupleres goudotii	

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

	THE SCHEDOLE — commuted				
3.		Fossa fossana			
D	Felidae (Cats)				
2.	Acinonyx jubatus (Annual export quotas for live specimens and hunting trophies are granted as follows: Botswana: 5; Namibia: 150; Zimbabwe: 50. The trade in such specimens is subject to the provisions of	Felidae spp. [Except the species included in Appendix I. Excludes specimens of the domesticated form, which are not subject to the provisions of the Convention. For Panthera leo (African populations): a zero annual export quota is established for specimens of bones, bone pieces, bone products, claws, skeletons, skulls and teeth removed from the wild and traded for commercial purposes. Annual export quotas for trade in bones, bone pieces, bone products, claws, skeletons, skulls and teeth for commercial purposes, derived from captive breeding operations in South Africa, will be established and communicated annually to the CITES Secretariat.]			

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	Article III of the Convention)		
3.	Caracal caracal (Only the population of Asia; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		
4.	Catopuma temminckii		
5.	Felis nigripes		
6.	Leopardus geoffroyi		
7.	Leopardus jacobitus		
8.	Leopardus pardalis		
9.	Leopardus tigrinus		
10.	Leopardus wiedii		
11.	Lynx pardinus		
12.	Neofelis nebulosa		
13.	Panthera leo persica		
14.	Panthera onca		
15.	Panthera pardus		
16.	Panthera tigris		
17.	Pardofelis marmorata		
18.	Prionailurus bengalensis bengalensis (Only the populations of Bangladesh, India and Thailand; all other populations		

	are included in Appendix II)	
19.	Prionailurus planiceps	
20.	Prionailurus rubiginosus (Only the population of India; all other populations are included in Appendix II)	
21.	Puma concolor costaricensis	
22.	Puma yagouaroundi (Only the populations of Central and North America; all other populations are included in Appendix II)	
23.	Uncia uncia	
Е	Herpestidae (Mongoose	es)
1.		Herpestes edwardsi (India, Pakistan)
2.		Herpestes fuscus (India)
3.		Herpestes javanicus (Pakistan)
4.		Herpestes javanicus auropunctatus (India)
5.		Herpestes smithii (India)

6.			Herpestes urva (India)
7.			Herpestes vitticollis (India)
F	Hyaenidae (Aardwolf,	hyenas)	
1.			Hyaena hyaena (Pakistan)
2.			Proteles cristata (Botswana)
G	Mephitidae (Skunks)		
1.		Conepatus humboldtii	
Н	Mustelidae (Badgers, n	nartens, otters, weasels, etc.	)
H(1)	Lutrinae (Otters)		
1.		Lutrinae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Aonyx capensis microdon (Only the populations of Cameroon and Nigeria; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		
3.	Enhydra lutris nereis		
4.	Lontra felina		
5.	Lontra longicaudis		
6.	Lontra provocax		
7.	Lutra lutra		
8.	Lutra nippon		
9.	Pteronura brasiliensis		
H(2)	Mustelinae (Grisons, ho	oney badgers, martens, tayr	a, weasels)

1.			Eira barbara (Honduras)
2.			Galictis vittata (Costa Rica)
3.			Martes flavigula (India)
4.			Martes foina intermedia (India)
5.			Martes gwatkinsii (India)
6.			Mellivora capensis (Botswana)
7.			Mustela altaica (India)
8.			Mustela erminea ferghanae (India)
9.			Mustela kathiah (India)
10.	Mustela nigripes		
11.			Mustela sibirica (India)
I	Odobenidae (Walruses)	)	•
1.			Odobenus rosmarus (Canada)
J	Otariidae (Fur seals, se	alions)	
1.		Arctocephalus spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Arctocephalus townsendi		
K	Phocidae (Seals)		
1.		Mirounga leonina	
2.	Monachus spp.		

L	Procyonidae (Coatis, ki	inkajous, olingos)	
1.			Bassaricyon gabbii (Costa Rica)
2.			Bassariscus sumichrasti (Costa Rica)
3.			Nasua narica (Honduras)
4.			Nasua nasua solitaria (Uruguay)
5.			Potos flavus (Honduras)
M	Ursidae (Bears, giant p	andas)	
1.		Ursidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Ailuropoda melanoleuca		
3.	Helarctos malayanus		
4.	Melursus ursinus		
5.	Tremarctos ornatus		
6.	Ursus arctos (Only the populations of Bhutan, China, Mexico and Mongolia; all other populations are included in Appendix II)		
7.	Ursus arctos isabellinus		
8.	Ursus thibetanus		
N	Viverridae (Binturong,	civets, linsangs, otter-civet,	palm civets)

1.			Arctictis binturong (India)
2.			Civettictis civetta (Botswana)
3.		Cynogale bennettii	(Botowana)
4.		Hemigalus derbyanus	
5.			Paguma larvata (India)
6.			Paradoxurus hermaphroditus (India)
7.			Paradoxurus jerdoni (India)
8.		Prionodon linsang	
9.	Prionodon pardicolor		
10.			Viverra civettina (India)
11.			Viverra zibetha (India)
12.			Viverricula indica (India)
Ш	CETACEA (Dolphins,	porpoises, whales)	
1.		CETACEA spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I. A zero annual export quota has been established for live specimens from the Black Sea population of <i>Tursiops truncatus</i> removed from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)	
A	Balaenidae (Bowhead v	whale, right whales)	
1.	Balaena mysticetus		
2.	Eubalaena spp.		

В	Balaenopteridae (Fin whales	, humpback whales, ro	orquals)
1.	Balaenoptera acutorostrata (Except the population of West Greenland, which is included in Appendix II)		
2.	Balaenoptera bonaerensis		
3.	Balaenoptera borealis		
4.	Balaenoptera edeni		
5.	Balaenoptera musculus		
6.	Balaenoptera omurai		
7.	Balaenoptera physalus		
8.	Megaptera novaeangliae		
С	Delphinidae (Dolphins)		
1.	Orcaella brevirostris		
2.	Orcaella heinsohni		
3.	Sotalia spp.		
4.	Sousa spp.		
D	Eschrichtiidae (Grey whale)		
1.	Eschrichtius robustus		
Е	Iniidae (River dolphins)		
1.	Lipotes vexillifer		
F	Neobalaenidae (Pygmy righ	t whale)	
1.	Caperea marginata		
G	Phocoenidae (Porpoises)		

	1.	Neophocaena asiaeorientalis		
	2.	Neophocaena phocaenoides		
	3.	Phocoena sinus		
Н		Physeteridae (Sperm w	hales)	
	1.	Physeter macrocephalus		
I		Platanistidae (River dol	lphins)	
	1.	Platanista spp.		
J		Ziphiidae (Beaked wha	les, bottle-nosed whales)	
	1.	Berardius spp.		
	2.	Hyperoodon spp.		
IV		CHIROPTERA		
A		Phyllostomidae (Broad	-nosed bats)	
	1.			Platyrrhinus lineatus (Uruguay)
В		Pteropodidae (Fruit bat	s, flying foxes)	
	1.		Acerodon spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	2.	Acerodon jubatus		
	3.		Pteropus spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and Pteropus brunneus)	
	4.	Pteropus insularis		
	5.	Pteropus loochoensis		
	6.	Pteropus mariannus		
	7.	Pteropus molossinus		

8	Pteropus pelewensis		
g	_		
10	. Pteropus samoensis		
11	. Pteropus tonganus		
12	. Pteropus ualanus		
13	. Pteropus yapensis		
$\mathbf{V}$	CINGULATA		
A	Dasypodidae (Armadil	los)	
1			Cabassous centralis (Costa Rica)
2	2.		Cabassous tatouay (Uruguay)
3		Chaetophractus nationi (A zero annual export quota has been established. All specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly)	
2	Priodontes maximus		
VI	DASYUROMORPHIA	<u> </u>	
A	Dasyuridae (Dunnarts)		
1	. Sminthopsis longicaudata		
2	. Sminthopsis psammophila		
VII	DIPROTODONTIA		
A	Macropodidae (Kangar	roos, wallabies)	

		1.		Dendrolagus inustus
		2.		Dendrolagus ursinus
		3.	Lagorchestes hirsutus	
		4.	Lagostrophus fasciatus	
		5.	Onychogalea fraenata	
	В		Phalangeridae (Cuscuse	es)
		1.		Phalanger intercastellanus
		2.		Phalanger mimicus
		3.		Phalanger orientalis
		4.		Spilocuscus kraemeri
		5.		Spilocuscus maculatus
		6.		Spilocuscus papuensis
	C		Potoroidae (Rat-kangar	oos)
		1.	Bettongia spp.	
	D		Vombatidae (Wombats)	
		1.	Lasiorhinus krefftii	
VII	Ι		LAGOMORPHA	
	A		Leporidae (Hares, rabb	its)
		1.	Caprolagus hispidus	
		2.	Romerolagus diazi	
IX			MONOTREMATA	
	A		Tachyglossidae (Echidr	nas, spiny anteaters)
		1.		Zaglossus spp.
X			PERAMELEMORPHIA	A
	A		Peramelidae (Bandicoo	ts, echymiperas)
		1.	Perameles bougainville	

В	Thylacomyidae (Bilbies	s)	
1.	Macrotis lagotis		
XI	PERISSODACTYLA		
A	Equidae (Horses, wild	asses, zebras)	
1.	Equus africanus (Excludes the domesticated form, which is referenced as Equus asinus, and is not subject to the provisions of the Convention)		
2.	Equus grevyi		
3.		the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
4.	Equus hemionus hemionus		
5.	Equus hemionus khur		
6.		Equus kiang	
7.	Equus przewalskii		
8.		Equus zebra hartmannae	
9.		Equus zebra zebra	
В	Rhinocerotidae (Rhinoc	ceroses)	
1.	Rhinocerotidae spp. (Except the subspecies included in Appendix II)		
2.		Ceratotherium simum simum (Only the populations of South Africa and Swaziland; all other populations are included in Appendix I. For the exclusive purpose of allowing international	

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# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

			trade in live animals to appropriate and acceptable destinations and hunting trophies. All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly)
С		Tapiridae (Tapirs)	
	1.	Tapiridae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix II)	
	2.		Tapirus terrestris
XII		PHOLIDOTA	
A		Manidae (Pangolins)	
	1.		Manis spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)
	2.	Manis crassicaudata	
	3.	Manis culionensis	
	4.	Manis gigantea	
	5.	Manis javanica	
	6.	Manis pentadactyla	
	7.	Manis temminckii	
	8.	Manis tetradactyla	
	9.	Manis tricuspis	
XIII		PILOSA	
A		Bradypodidae (Three-to	ped sloths)
	1.		Bradypus pygmaeus
	2.		Bradypus variegatus
В		Megalonychidae (Two-toed sloths)	

1			Choloepus hoffmanni (Costa Rica)
С	Myrmecophagidae (An	erican anteaters)	(Costa Kica)
1	<del>                                     </del>	Myrmecophaga tridactyla	
2		iriuuciyiu	Tamandua mexicana (Guatemala)
XIV	PRIMATES (Apes, mo	nkeys)	
1		PRIMATES spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
A	Atelidae (Howler monk	keys, spider monkeys)	
1	Alouatta coibensis		
2	Alouatta palliata		
3	Alouatta pigra		
4	Ateles geoffroyi frontatus		
5	Ateles geoffroyi ornatus		
6	Brachyteles arachnoides		
7	Brachyteles hypoxanthus		
8	. Oreonax flavicauda		
В	Cebidae (Marmosets, ta	amarins, new-world monkey	ys)
1	. Callimico goeldii		
2	Callithrix aurita		
3	Callithrix flaviceps		
4	Leontopithecus spp.		
5	Saguinus bicolor		
6	Saguinus geoffroyi		

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7.	Saguinus leucopus		
8.	Saguinus martinsi		
9.	Saguinus oedipus		
10.	Saimiri oerstedii		
С	Cercopithecidae (Old-w	vorld monkeys)	
1.	Cercocebus galeritus		
2.	Cercopithecus diana		
3.	Cercopithecus roloway		
4.	Macaca silenus		
5.	Macaca sylvanus		
6.	Mandrillus leucophaeus		
7.	Mandrillus sphinx		
8.	Nasalis larvatus		
9.	Piliocolobus kirkii		
10.	Piliocolobus rufomitratus		
11.	Presbytis potenziani		
12.	Pygathrix spp.		
13.	Rhinopithecus spp.		
14.	Semnopithecus ajax		
15.	Semnopithecus dussumieri		
16.	Semnopithecus entellus		
17.	Semnopithecus hector		
18.	Semnopithecus hypoleucos		

	19.	Semnopithecus priam		
:	20.	Semnopithecus schistaceus		
:	21.	Simias concolor		
<u>,                                    </u>	22.	Trachypithecus geei		
	23.	Trachypithecus pileatus		
	24.	Trachypithecus shortridgei		
D		Cheirogaleidae (Dwarf	lemurs)	
	1.	Cheirogaleidae spp.		
Е		Daubentoniidae (Aye-a	ye)	
	1.	Daubentonia madagascariensis		
F		Hominidae (Apes, chin	npanzees, gorillas, orang-uta	ans)
	1.	Gorilla beringei		
	2.	Gorilla gorilla		
	3.	Pan spp.		
	4.	Pongo abelii		
	5.	Pongo pygmaeus		
G		Hylobatidae (Gibbons)		
	1.	Hylobatidae spp.		
Н		Indriidae (Indris, sifaka	s, woolly lemurs)	
	1.	Indriidae spp.		
I		Lemuridae (Large lemu	urs)	
	1.	Lemuridae spp.		
J		Lepilemuridae (Sportiv	e lemurs)	
	1.	Lepilemuridae spp.		
K		Lorisidae (Lorises)		
	1.	Nycticebus spp.		

L	Pitheciidae (Sakis, uaka	aris)	
1.	Cacajao spp.		
2.	Chiropotes albinasus		
XV	PROBOSCIDEA		
A	Elephantidae (Elephant	s)	
1.	Elephas maximus		
3.	Loxodonta africana (Except the populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe, which are included in Appendix II subject to annotation 2)	Loxodonta africana <sup>2</sup> (Only the populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe; all other populations are included in Appendix I)	

<sup>2</sup> Populations of Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe (listed in Appendix II):

For the exclusive purpose of allowing:

- (a) trade in hunting trophies for non-commercial purposes;
- (b) trade in live animals to appropriate and acceptable destinations, as defined in Resolution Conf. 11.20 (Rev. CoP17), for Botswana and Zimbabwe and for in situ conservation programmes for Namibia and South Africa;
- (c) trade in hides;
- (d) trade in hair;
- (e) trade in leather goods for commercial or non-commercial purposes for Botswana, Namibia and South Africa and for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe;
- (f) trade in individually marked and certified ekipas incorporated in finished jewellery for non-commercial purposes for Namibia and ivory carvings for non-commercial purposes for Zimbabwe;

- (g) trade in registered raw ivory (for Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe, whole tusks and pieces) subject to the following:
  - (i) only registered government-owned stocks, originating in the State (excluding seized ivory and ivory of unknown origin);
  - (ii) only to trading partners that have been verified by the Secretariat, in consultation with the Standing Committee, to have sufficient national legislation and domestic trade controls to ensure that the imported ivory will not be re-exported and will be managed in accordance with all requirements of Resolution Conf. 10.10 (Rev. CoP17) concerning domestic manufacturing and trade;
  - (iii) not before the Secretariat has verified the prospective importing countries and the registered government-owned stocks;
  - (iv) raw ivory pursuant to the conditional sale of registered government-owned ivory stocks agreed at CoP12, which are 20,000 kg (Botswana), 10,000 kg (Namibia) and 30,000 kg (South Africa);
  - (v) in addition to the quantities agreed at CoP12, government-owned ivory from Botswana, Namibia, South Africa and Zimbabwe registered by 31 January 2007 and verified by the Secretariat may be traded and despatched, with the ivory in paragraph (g)(iv) above, in a single sale per destination under strict supervision of the Secretariat:
  - (vi) the proceeds of the trade are used exclusively for elephant conservation and community conservation and development programmes within or adjacent to the elephant range; and
  - (vii) the additional quantities specified in paragraph (g)(v) above shall be traded only after the Standing Committee has agreed that the above conditions have been met; and
- (h) no further proposals to allow trade in elephant ivory from populations already in Appendix II shall be submitted to the Conference of the Parties for the period from CoP14 and ending nine years from the date of the single sale of ivory that is to take place in accordance with provisions in paragraphs (g)(i), (g)(ii), (g)(iii), (g)(vi) and (g)(vii). In addition such further proposals shall be dealt with in accordance with Decisions 16.55 and 14.78 (Rev. CoP16).

On a proposal from the Secretariat, the Standing Committee can decide to cause this trade to cease partially or completely in the event of non-compliance by exporting or importing countries, or in the case of proven detrimental impacts of the trade on other elephant populations.

All other specimens shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix I and the trade in them shall be regulated accordingly.

XVI	RODENTIA		
A	Chinchillidae (Chinchillas)		
1.	Chinchilla spp. (Specimens of the domesticated form are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)		

Export)

В		Cuniculidae (Pacas)		
	1.			Cuniculus paca (Honduras)
С		Dasyproctidae (Agoutis	s)	
	1.			Dasyprocta punctata (Honduras)
D		Erethizontidae (New-w	orld porcupines)	
	1.			Sphiggurus mexicanus (Honduras)
	2.			Sphiggurus spinosus (Uruguay)
Е		Muridae (Mice, rats)		
	1.	Leporillus conditor		
	2.	Pseudomys fieldi praeconis		
	3.	Xeromys myoides		
	4.	Zyzomys pedunculatus		
F		Sciuridae (Ground squi	rrels, tree squirrels)	
	1.	Cynomys mexicanus		
	2.			Marmota caudata (India)
	3.			Marmota himalayana (India)
	4.		Ratufa spp.	
	5.			Sciurus deppei (Costa Rica)
XVII		SCANDENTIA (Tree s	hrews)	
	1.		SCANDENTIA spp.	
XVIII		SIRENIA		

A	A	Dugongidae (Dugong)		
	1.	Dugong dugon		
F	3	Trichechidae (Manatee	s)	
	1.	Trichechus inunguis		
	2.	Trichechus manatus		
	3.	Trichechus senegalensis		
			CLASS AVES (BIRDS)	
I		ANSERIFORMES		
Ā	4	Anatidae (Ducks, geese	e, swans, etc.)	
	1.	Anas aucklandica		
	2.		Anas bernieri	
	3.	Anas chlorotis		
	4.		Anas formosa	
	5.	Anas laysanensis		
	6.	Anas nesiotis		
	7.	Asarcornis scutulata		
	8.	Branta canadensis leucopareia		
	9.		Branta ruficollis	
	10.	Branta sandvicensis		
	11.		Coscoroba coscoroba	
	12.		Cygnus melancoryphus	
	13.		Dendrocygna arborea	
	14.			Dendrocygna autumnalis (Honduras)

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		15.			Dendrocygna bicolor
					(Honduras)
		16.		Oxyura leucocephala	
		17.	Rhodonessa caryophyllacea		
		18.		Sarkidiornis melanotos	
II			APODIFORMES		
	A		Trochilidae (Hummingl	birds)	
		1.		Trochilidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
		2.	Glaucis dohrnii		
III			CHARADRIIFORMES	3	
	A		Burhinidae (Thick-knee	es)	
		1.			Burhinus bistriatus (Guatemala)
	В		Laridae (Gulls)		
		1.	Larus relictus		
	С		Scolopacidae (Curlews,	, greenshanks)	
		1.	Numenius borealis		
		2.	Numenius tenuirostris		
		3.	Tringa guttifer		
IV			CICONIIFORMES		
	A		Balaenicipitidae (Shoeb	pills, whale-headed storks)	
		1.		Balaeniceps rex	
	В		Ciconiidae (Storks)		
		1.	Ciconia boyciana		
		2.		Ciconia nigra	
		3.	Jabiru mycteria		
		4.	Mycteria cinerea		

С		Phoenicopteridae (Flam	ningos)	
	1.		Phoenicopteridae spp.	
D		Threskiornithidae (Ibise	es, spoonbills)	
	1.		Eudocimus ruber	
	2.		Geronticus calvus	
	3.	Geronticus eremita		
	4.	Nipponia nippon		
	5.		Platalea leucorodia	
V		COLUMBIFORMES		
A		Columbidae (Doves, pi	geons)	
	1.	Caloenas nicobarica		
	2.	Ducula mindorensis		
	3.		Gallicolumba luzonica	
	4.		Goura spp.	
	5.			Nesoenas mayeri (Mauritius)
VI		CORACIIFORMES		
A		Bucerotidae (Hornbills)	)	
	1.		Aceros spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	2.	Aceros nipalensis		
	3.		Anorrhinus spp.	
	4.		Anthracoceros spp.	
	5.		Berenicornis spp.	
	6.		<b>Buceros</b> spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	7.	Buceros bicornis		
	8.		Penelopides spp.	
	9.	Rhinoplax vigil		

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

1	10.		Rhyticeros spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	11.	Rhyticeros subruficollis		
VII		CUCULIFORMES		
A		Musophagidae (Turaco	s)	
	1.		Tauraco spp.	
VIII		FALCONIFORMES (E	agles, falcons, hawks, vulti	ures)
	1.		FALCONIFORMES spp. (Except Caracara lutosa and the species of the family Cathartidae, which are not included in the Appendices; and the species included in Appendices I and III)	
A		Accipitridae (Hawks, e	agles)	
	1.	Aquila adalberti		
	2.	Aquila heliaca		
	3.	Chondrohierax uncinatus wilsonii		
	4.	Haliaeetus albicilla		
	5.	Harpia harpyja		
	6.	Pithecophaga jefferyi		
В		Cathartidae (New-world	d vultures)	
	1.	Gymnogyps californianus		
	2.			Sarcoramphus papa (Honduras)
	3.	Vultur gryphus		
С		Falconidae (Falcons)		
	1.	Falco araeus		
	2.	Falco jugger		

3.	Falco newtoni (Only the population of Seychelles)	
4.	Falco pelegrinoides	
5.	Falco peregrinus	
6.	Falco punctatus	
7.	Falco rusticolus	
IX	GALLIFORMES	
A	Cracidae (Chachalacas,	currassows, guans)
1.		Crax alberti (Colombia)
2.	Crax blumenbachii	
3.		Crax daubentoni (Colombia)
4.		Crax globulosa (Colombia)
5.		Crax rubra (Colombia, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras)
6.	Mitu mitu	
7.	Oreophasis derbianus	
8.		Ortalis vetula (Guatemala, Honduras)
9.		Pauxi pauxi (Colombia)
10.	Penelope albipennis	
11.		Penelope purpurascens (Honduras)

12.			Penelopina nigra
			(Guatemala)
13.	Pipile jacutinga		
14.	Pipile pipile		
В	Megapodiidae (Megapo	odes, scrubfowl)	
1.	Macrocephalon maleo		
С	Phasianidae (Grouse, g tragopans)	uineafowl, partridges, peafo	owl, pheasants,
1.		Argusianus argus	
2.	Catreus wallichii		
3.	Colinus virginianus ridgwayi		
4.	Crossoptilon crossoptilon		
5.	Crossoptilon mantchuricum		
6.		Gallus sonneratii	
7.		Ithaginis cruentus	
8.	Lophophorus impejanus		
9.	Lophophorus lhuysii		
10.	Lophophorus sclateri		
11.	Lophura edwardsi		
12.			Lophura leucomelanos (Pakistan)
13.	Lophura swinhoii		
14.			Meleagris ocellata (Guatemala)

15.			Pavo cristatus (Pakistan)
16.		Pavo muticus	
17.		Polyplectron bicalcaratum	
18.		Polyplectron germaini	
19.		Polyplectron malacense	
20.	Polyplectron napoleonis		
21.		Polyplectron schleiermacheri	
22.			Pucrasia macrolopha (Pakistan)
23.	Rheinardia ocellata		
24.	Syrmaticus ellioti		
25.	Syrmaticus humiae		
26.	Syrmaticus mikado		
27.	Tetraogallus caspius		
28.	Tetraogallus tibetanus		
29.	Tragopan blythii		
30.	Tragopan caboti		
31.	Tragopan melanocephalus		
32.			Tragopan satyra (Nepal)
33.		Tympanuchus cupido attwateri	
X	GRUIFORMES		
A	Gruidae (Cranes)		

	1.		Gruidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	2.	Grus americana		
	3.	Grus canadensis nesiotes		
	4.	Grus canadensis pulla		
	5.	Grus japonensis		
	6.	Grus leucogeranus		
	7.	Grus monacha		
	8.	Grus nigricollis		
	9.	Grus vipio		
В		Otididae (Bustards)		
	1.		Otididae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	2.	Ardeotis nigriceps		
	3.	Chlamydotis macqueenii		
	4.	Chlamydotis undulata		
	5.	Houbaropsis bengalensis		
C		Rallidae (Rails)		
	1.	Gallirallus sylvestris		
D		Rhynochetidae (Kagu)		
	1.	Rhynochetos jubatus		
XI		PASSERIFORMES		
A		Atrichornithidae (Scrub	o-birds)	
	1.	Atrichornis clamosus		

В	Cotingidae (Cotingas)		
1.			Cephalopterus ornatus (Colombia)
2.			Cephalopterus penduliger (Colombia)
3.	Cotinga maculata		
4.		Rupicola spp.	
5.	Xipholena atropurpurea		
С	Emberizidae (Cardinals	s, tanagers)	
1.		Gubernatrix cristata	
2.		Paroaria capitata	
3.		Paroaria coronata	
4.		Tangara fastuosa	
D	Estrildidae (Mannikins,	, waxbills)	
1.		Amandava formosa	
2.		Lonchura oryzivora	
3.		Poephila cincta cincta	
E	Fringillidae (Finches)		
1.	Carduelis cucullata		
2.		Carduelis yarrellii	
F	Hirundinidae (Martins)		
1.	Pseudochelidon sirintarae		
G	Icteridae (New-world b	lackbirds)	
1.	Xanthopsar flavus		
Н	Meliphagidae (Honeyea	aters)	
1.		Lichenostomus melanops cassidix	
I	Muscicapidae (Old-wor	rld flycatchers)	

1.			Acrocephalus rodericanus
			(Mauritius)
2.		Cyornis ruckii	
3.	Dasyornis broadbenti litoralis		
4.	Dasyornis longirostris		
5.		Garrulax canorus	
6.		Garrulax taewanus	
7.		Leiothrix argentauris	
8.		Leiothrix lutea	
9.		Liocichla omeiensis	
10.	Picathartes gymnocephalus		
11.	Picathartes oreas		
12.			Terpsiphone
			bourbonnensis (Mauritius)
J	Paradisaeidae (Birds of	paradise)	
1.		Paradisaeidae spp.	
K	Pittidae (Pittas)		
1.		Pitta guajana	
2.	Pitta gurneyi		
3.	Pitta kochi		
4.		Pitta nympha	
L	Pycnonotidae (Bulbuls)		
1.		Pycnonotus zeylanicus	
M	Sturnidae (Mynas, starl	ings)	
1.		Gracula religiosa	
2.	Leucopsar rothschildi		
N	Zosteropidae (White-ey	ves)	

	1.	Zosterops albogularis		
XII		PELECANIFORMES		
A		Fregatidae (Frigatebird	s)	
	1.	Fregata andrewsi		
В		Pelecanidae (Pelicans)		
	1.	Pelecanus crispus		
С		Sulidae (Gannets)		
	1.	Papasula abbotti		
XIII		PICIFORMES		
A		Capitonidae (Barbets)		
	1.			Semnornis ramphastinus (Colombia)
В		Picidae (Woodpeckers)		•
	1.	Dryocopus javensis richardsi		
C		Ramphastidae (Toucans	s)	
	1.			Baillonius bailloni (Argentina)
	2.		Pteroglossus aracari	
	3.			Pteroglossus castanotis (Argentina)
	4.		Pteroglossus viridis	
	5.			Ramphastos dicolorus (Argentina)
	6.		Ramphastos sulfuratus	
	7.		Ramphastos toco	
	8.		Ramphastos tucanus	
	9.		Ramphastos vitellinus	

10.			Selenidera maculirostris (Argentina)
XIV	PODICIPEDIFORMES		
A	Podicipedidae (Grebes)	)	
1.	Podilymbus gigas		
XV	PROCELLARIIFORM	ES	
A	Diomedeidae (Albatros	ses)	
1.	Phoebastria albatrus		
XVI	PSITTACIFORMES		
1.		PSITTACIFORMES spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and Agapornis roseicollis, Melopsittacus undulatus, Nymphicus hollandicus and Psittacula krameri, which are not included in the Appendices)	
A	Cacatuidae (Cockatoos	)	
1.	Cacatua goffiniana		
2.	Cacatua haematuropygia		
3.	Cacatua moluccensis		
4.	Cacatua sulphurea		
5.	Probosciger aterrimus		
В	Loriidae (Lories, lorike	eets)	
1.	Eos histrio		
2.	Vini ultramarina		
С	Psittacidae (Amazons,	macaws, parakeets, parrots)	
1.	Amazona arausiaca		

2.	Amazona auropalliata
3.	Amazona
4.	barbadensis Amazona
	brasiliensis
5.	Amazona finschi
6.	Amazona guildingii
7.	Amazona imperialis
8.	Amazona leucocephala
9.	Amazona oratrix
10.	Amazona pretrei
11.	Amazona rhodocorytha
12.	Amazona tucumana
13.	Amazona versicolor
14.	Amazona vinacea
15.	Amazona viridigenalis
16.	Amazona vittata
17.	Anodorhynchus spp.
18.	Ara ambiguus
19.	Ara glaucogularis
20.	Ara macao
21.	Ara militaris
22.	Ara rubrogenys
23.	Cyanopsitta spixii

### Endangered Species (Import and Export)

24.	Cyanoramphus cookii	
25.	Cyanoramphus forbesi	
26.	Cyanoramphus novaezelandiae	
27.	Cyanoramphus saisseti	
28.	Cyclopsitta diophthalma coxeni	
29.	Eunymphicus cornutus	
30.	Guarouba guarouba	
31.	Neophema chrysogaster	
32.	Ognorhynchus icterotis	
33.	Pezoporus occidentalis	
34.	Pezoporus wallicus	
35.	Pionopsitta pileata	
36.	Primolius couloni	
37.	Primolius maracana	
38.	Psephotus chrysopterygius	
39.	Psephotus dissimilis	
40.	Psephotus pulcherrimus	
41.	Psittacula echo	
42.	Psittacus erithacus	
43.	Pyrrhura cruentata	

	44.	Rhynchopsitta spp.		
	45.	Strigops habroptilus		
XVII		RHEIFORMES		
A		Rheidae (Rheas)		
	1.	Pterocnemia pennata (Except Pterocnemia pennata pennata which is included in Appendix II)		
	2.		Pterocnemia pennata pennata	
	3.		Rhea americana	
XVIII		SPHENISCIFORMES		
A		Spheniscidae (Penguins	s)	
	1.		Spheniscus demersus	
	2.	Spheniscus humboldti		
XIX		STRIGIFORMES (Ow	ls)	
	1.		STRIGIFORMES spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I and Sceloglaux albifacies)	
A		Strigidae (Owls)		
	1.	Heteroglaux blewitti		
	2.	Mimizuku gurneyi		
	3.	Ninox natalis		
В		Tytonidae (Barn owls)		
	1.	Tyto soumagnei		
XX		STRUTHIONIFORME		
A		Struthionidae (Ostriche	es)	
	1.	Struthio camelus (Only the		

		populations of Algeria, Burkina Faso, Cameroon, the Central African Republic, Chad, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, the Niger, Nigeria, Senegal and the Sudan; all other populations are not included in the Appendices)		
XXI		TINAMIFORMES		
A		Tinamidae (Tinamous)		
	1.	Tinamus solitarius		
XXII		TROGONIFORMES		
A		Trogonidae (Quetzals)		
	1.	Pharomachrus mocinno		
			CLASS REPTILIA (REPTILES)	
I		CROCODYLIA (Alliga	ators, caimans, crocodiles)	
	1.		<b>CROCODYLIA spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
A		Alligatoridae (Alligator	rs, caimans)	
	1.	Alligator sinensis		
	2.	Caiman crocodilus apaporiensis		
	3.	Caiman latirostris (Except the population of Argentina, which is included in Appendix II)		
	4.	<b>Melanosuchus</b> <b>niger</b> (Except the population of		

	Brazil, which is included in Appendix II, and the population of Ecuador, which is included in Appendix II and is subject to a zero annual export quota until an annual export quota been approved by the CITES Secretariat and the IUCN/SSC Crocodile Specialist Group)		
В	Crocodylidae (Crocodile	es)	
1.	Crocodylus acutus (Except the population of the Integrated Management District of Mangroves of the Bay of Cispata, Tinajones, La Balsa and Surrounding Areas, Department of Córdoba, Colombia, and the population of Cuba, which are included in Appendix II)		
2.	Crocodylus cataphractus		
3.	Crocodylus intermedius		
4.	Crocodylus mindorensis		
5.	Crocodylus moreletii (Except the population of		

Belize, which is included in Appendix II with a zero quota for wild specimens traded for commercial purposes, and the population of Mexico, which is included in Appendix II)

6. Crocodylus niloticus [Except the populations of Botswana, Egypt (subject to a zero quota for wild specimens traded for commercial purposes), Ethiopia, Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, South Africa, Uganda, the United Republic of Tanzania (subject to an annual export quota of no more than 1,600 wild specimens including hunting trophies, in addition to ranched specimens), Zambia and Zimbabwe, which are included in Appendix II]

- 7. Crocodylus palustris
- 8. *Crocodylus porosus* {Except the populations of

		<ol> <li>9.</li> <li>10.</li> <li>11.</li> <li>12.</li> </ol>	Australia, Indonesia, Malaysia [wild harvest restricted to the State of Sarawak and a zero quota for wild specimens for the other States of Malaysia (Sabah and Peninsular Malaysia), with no change in the zero quota unless approved by the Parties] and Papua New Guinea, which are included in Appendix II}  Crocodylus rhombifer  Crocodylus siamensis  Osteolaemus tetraspis  Tomistoma schlegelii		
	С		Gavialidae (Gavials)		
		1.	Gavialis gangeticus		
II			RHYNCHOCEPHALL	A	
	A		Sphenodontidae (Tuata	ras)	
		1.	Sphenodon spp.		
III			SAURIA		
	A		Agamidae (Spiny-tailed	l lizards, agamas)	
		1.		Saara spp.	
		2.		Uromastyx spp.	
	В		Anguidae (Alligator liz	ards)	

1.		Abronia spp. [except the species included in Appendix I (zero export quota for wild specimens for Abronia aurita, A. gaiophantasma, A. montecristoi, A. salvadorensis and A. vasconcelosii)]	
2.	Abronia anzuetoi		
3.	Abronia campbelli		
4.	Abronia fimbriata		
5.	Abronia frosti		
6.	Abronia meledona		
С	Chamaeleonidae (Chan	neleons)	
1.		Archaius spp.	
2.		Bradypodion spp.	
3.		<b>Brookesia</b> spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
4.	Brookesia perarmata		
5.		Calumma spp.	
6.		Chamaeleo spp.	
7.		Furcifer spp.	
8.		Kinyongia spp.	
9.		Nadzikambia spp.	
10.		Palleon spp.	
11.		Rhampholeon spp.	
12.		Rieppeleon spp.	
13.		Trioceros spp.	
D	Cordylidae (Spiny-taile	ed lizards)	
1.		Cordylus spp.	
2.		Hemicordylus spp.	

1 1		I	1
3.		Karusaurus spp.	
4.		Namazonurus spp.	
5.		Ninurta spp.	
6.		Ouroborus spp.	
7.		Pseudocordylus spp.	
8.		Smaug spp.	
Е	Gekkonidae (Geckos)		
1.	Cnemaspis psychedelica		
2.			Dactylocnemis spp. (New Zealand)
3.			Hoplodactylus spp. (New Zealand)
4.	Lygodactylus williamsi		
5.			Mokopirirakau spp. (New Zealand)
6.		Nactus serpensinsula	
7.		Naultinus spp.	
8.		Paroedura masobe	
9.		Phelsuma spp.	
10.		Rhoptropella spp.	
11.			Toropuku spp. (New Zealand)
12.			Tukutuku spp. (New Zealand)
13.		Uroplatus spp.	
14.			Woodworthia spp. (New Zealand)
F	Helodermatidae (Beade	ed lizards, gila monsters)	

1.		Heloderma spp. (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
2.	Heloderma horridum charlesbogerti		
G	Iguanidae (Iguanas)		
1.		Amblyrhynchus cristatus	
2.	Brachylophus spp.		
3.		Conolophus spp.	
4.		Ctenosaura bakeri	
5.		Ctenosaura melanosterna	
6.		Ctenosaura oedirhina	
7.		Ctenosaura palearis	
8.	Cyclura spp.		
9.		Iguana spp.	
10.		Phrynosoma blainvillii	
11.		Phrynosoma cerroense	
12.		Phrynosoma coronatum	
13.		Phrynosoma wigginsi	
14.	Sauromalus varius		
Н	Lacertidae (Lizards)		
1.	Gallotia simonyi		
2.		Podarcis lilfordi	
3.		Podarcis pityusensis	
I	Lanthanotidae (Earless	monitor lizards)	
1.		Lanthanotidae spp. (Zero export quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
J	Scincidae (Skinks)		
1.		Corucia zebrata	

	K		Teiidae (Caiman lizards	s, tegu lizards)	
		1.		Crocodilurus amazonicus	
		2.		Dracaena spp.	
		3.		Salvator spp.	
		4.		Tupinambis spp.	
	L		Varanidae (Monitor liza	ards)	
		1.		Varanus spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
		2.	Varanus bengalensis		
		3.	Varanus flavescens		
		4.	Varanus griseus		
		5.	Varanus komodoensis		
		6.	Varanus nebulosus		
	M		Xenosauridae (Chinese	crocodile lizard)	
		1.	Shinisaurus crocodilurus		
IV			SERPENTES		
	A		Boidae (Boas)		
		1.		Boidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
		2.	Acrantophis spp.		
		3.	Boa constrictor occidentalis		
		4.	Epicrates inornatus		
		5.	Epicrates monensis		
		6.	Epicrates subflavus		

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

7.	Sanzinia madagascariensis		
В	Bolyeriidae (Round Isla	and boas)	
1.		Bolyeriidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Bolyeria multocarinata		
3.	Casarea dussumieri		
C	Colubridae (Typical sna	akes, water snakes, whipsna	ikes)
1.			Atretium schistosum (India)
2.			Cerberus rynchops (India)
3.		Clelia clelia	
4.		Cyclagras gigas	
5.		Elachistodon westermanni	
6.		Ptyas mucosus	
7.			Xenochrophis piscator (India)
8.			Xenochrophis schnurrenbergeri (India)
9.			Xenochrophis tytleri (India)
D	Elapidae (Cobras, coral	snakes)	
1.		Hoplocephalus bungaroides	
2.			Micrurus diastema (Honduras)

3.			Micrurus
			nigrocinctus
			(Honduras)
4.			Micrurus
			ruatanus (Honduras)
5.		Naja atra	(
6.		Naja kaouthia	
7.		Naja mandalayensis	
8.		Naja naja	
9.		Naja oxiana	
10.		Naja philippinensis	
11.		Naja sagittifera	
12.		Naja samarensis	
13.		Naja siamensis	
14.		Naja sputatrix	
15.		Naja sumatrana	
16.		Ophiophagus hannah	
Е	Loxocemidae (Mexicar	n dwarf boas)	
1.		Loxocemidae spp.	
F	Pythonidae (Pythons)		
1.		Pythonidae spp. (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I)	
2.	Python molurus molurus		
G	Tropidophiidae (Wood	boas)	
1.		Tropidophiidae spp.	
Н	Viperidae (Vipers)		
1.		Atheris desaixi	
2.		Bitis worthingtoni	
3.			Crotalus durissus (Honduras)

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# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

		4.			Daboia russelii (India)
		5.		Trimeresurus mangshanensis	
		6.	Vipera ursinii (Only the population of Europe, except the area which formerly constituted the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics; these latter populations are not included in the Appendices)		
<b>X</b> 7		7.	TEGTIDDIEC	Vipera wagneri	
V			TESTUDINES	4	
	A	1	Carettochelyidae (Pig-n	· 	
-		1.	Cl. 11.1 (A A.	Carettochelys insculpta	
	В		Chelidae (Austro-Amer		
		1.		Chelodina mccordi (Zero export quota for specimens from the wild)	
		2.	Pseudemydura umbrina		
	C		Cheloniidae (Sea turtles	s)	
		1.	Cheloniidae spp.		
	D		Chelydridae (Snapping	turtles)	
		1.			Chelydra serpentina (United States of America)
		2.			Macrochelys temminckii (United States of America)
	Е		Dermatemydidae (Cent	ral American river turtles)	

1.		D	
	5 11:1 7 1	Dermatemys mawii	
F	Dermochelyidae (Leath	erback turtles)	
1.	Dermochelys coriacea		
G	Emydidae (Box turtles,	freshwater turtles)	
1.		Clemmys guttata	
2.		Emydoidea blandingii	
3.		Glyptemys insculpta	
4.	Glyptemys muhlenbergii		
5.			Graptemys spp. (United States of America)
6.		Malaclemys terrapin	
7.		Terrapene spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
8.	Terrapene coahuila		
Н	Geoemydidae (Box tur	tles, freshwater turtles)	
1.	Batagur affinis		
2.	Batagur baska		
3.		Batagur borneoensis (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
4.		Batagur dhongoka	
5.		Batagur kachuga	
6.		Batagur trivittata (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
7.		Cuora spp. (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes for Cuora aurocapitata, C. bourreti,	

		C. flavomarginata, C. galbinifrons, C. mccordi, C. mouhotii, C. pani, C. picturata, C. trifasciata, C. yunnanensis and C. zhoui)	
8.		Cyclemys spp.	
9.	Geoclemys hamiltonii		
10.		Geoemyda japonica	
11.		Geoemyda spengleri	
12.		Hardella thurjii	
13.		Heosemys annandalii (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
14.		Heosemys depressa (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
15.		Heosemys grandis	
16.		Heosemys spinosa	
17.		Leucocephalon yuwonoi	
18.		Malayemys macrocephala	
19.		Malayemys subtrijuga	
20.		Mauremys annamensis (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
21.			Mauremys iversoni (China)
22.		Mauremys japonica	
23.			Mauremys megalocephala (China)
24.		Mauremys mutica	

1 1		1	i i
25.		Mauremys nigricans	
26.			Mauremys pritchardi (China)
27.			Mauremys reevesii (China)
28.			Mauremys sinensis (China)
29.	Melanochelys tricarinata		
30.		Melanochelys trijuga	
31.	Morenia ocellata		
32.		Morenia petersi	
33.		Notochelys platynota	
34.			Ocadia glyphistoma (China)
35.			Ocadia philippeni (China)
36.		Orlitia borneensis (Zero quota for wild specimens for commercial purposes)	
37.		<b>Pangshura</b> spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
38.	Pangshura tecta		
39.		Sacalia bealei	
40.			Sacalia pseudocellata (China)
41.		Sacalia quadriocellata	
42.		Siebenrockiella crassicollis	
43.		Siebenrockiella leytensis	
44.		Vijayachelys silvatica	

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

I	Platysternidae (Big-hea	ded turtles)
1.	Platysternidae spp.	
J	Podocnemididae (Afro-	American sideneck turtles)
1.		Erymnochelys madagascariensis
2.		Peltocephalus dumerilianus
3.		Podocnemis spp.
K	Testudinidae (Tortoises	)
1.		Testudinidae spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I. A zero annual export quota has been established for <i>Centrochelys sulcata</i> for specimens removed from the wild and traded for primarily commercial purposes)
2.	Astrochelys radiata	
3.	Astrochelys yniphora	
4.	Chelonoidis niger	
5.	Geochelone platynota	
6.	Gopherus flavomarginatus	
7.	Psammobates geometricus	
8.	Pyxis arachnoides	
9.	Pyxis planicauda	
10.	Testudo kleinmanni	
L	Trionychidae (Softshell	turtles)
1.		Amyda cartilaginea

2.			Apalone ferox (United States of America)
3.			Apalone mutica (United States of America)
4.			Apalone spinifera (Except the subspecies included in Appendix I) (United States of America)
5.	Apalone spinifera atra		
6.		Chitra spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
7.	Chitra chitra		
8.	Chitra vandijki		
9.		Cyclanorbis elegans	
10.		Cyclanorbis senegalensis	
11.		Cycloderma aubryi	
12.		Cycloderma frenatum	
13.		Dogania subplana	
14.		Lissemys ceylonensis	
15.		Lissemys punctata	
16.		Lissemys scutata	
17.		Nilssonia formosa	
18.	Nilssonia gangetica		
19.	Nilssonia hurum		
20.		Nilssonia leithii	
21.	Nilssonia nigricans		
22.		Palea steindachneri	

	23.		Pelochelys spp.	
	24.		Pelodiscus axenaria	
	25.		Pelodiscus maackii	
	26.		Pelodiscus parviformis	
	27.		Rafetus euphraticus	
	28.		Rafetus swinhoei	
	29.		Trionyx triunguis	
			CLASS AMPHIBIA (AMPHIBIANS)	
I		ANURA		
	A	Aromobatidae (Cryptic	forest frogs)	
	1.		Allobates femoralis	
	2.		Allobates hodli	
	3.		Allobates myersi	
	4.		Allobates zaparo	
	5.		Anomaloglossus rufulus	
	В	Bufonidae (Toads)		
	1.	Amietophrynus channingi		
	2.	Amietophrynus superciliaris		
	3.	Altiphrynoides spp.		
	4.	Atelopus zeteki		
	5.	Incilius periglenes		
	6.	Nectophrynoides		
	7	spp.		
	7.	Nimbaphrynoides spp.		
	С	Calyptocephalellidae (C	Chilean toads)	
	1.			Calyptocepha lella gayi (Chile)
	D	Dendrobatidae (Poison	frogs)	
Щ				

1.		Adelphobates spp.
2.		Ameerega spp.
3.		Andinobates spp.
4.		Dendrobates spp.
5.		Epipedobates spp.
6.		Excidobates spp.
7.		Hyloxalus azureiventris
8.		Minyobates spp.
9.		Oophaga spp.
10.		Phyllobates spp.
11.		Ranitomeya spp.
Е	Dicroglossidae (Frogs)	
1.		Euphlyctis hexadactylus
2.		Hoplobatrachus
	TT 1:1 (T) (C)	tigerinus
F	Hylidae (Tree frogs)	
1.		Agalychnis spp.
G	Mantellidae (Mantella 1	frogs)
1.		Mantella spp.
Н	Microhylidae (Tomato	frogs)
1.		Dyscophus antongilii
2.		Dyscophus guineti
3.		Dyscophus insularis
4.		Scaphiophryne boribory
5.		Scaphiophryne gottlebei
6.		Scaphiophryne
		marmorata
7.		Scaphiophryne spinosa
I	Myobatrachidae (Gastri	ic-brooding frogs)
1.		Rheobatrachus spp. (Except Rheobatrachus silus and Rheobatrachus

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

				vitellinus which are not included in the Appendices)	
	J		Telmatobiidae (Andean	water frogs)	
		1.	Telmatobius culeus		
II			CAUDATA		
	A		Ambystomatidae (Axol	otls, mole salamanders)	
		1.		Ambystoma dumerilii	
		2.		Ambystoma mexicanum	
	В		Cryptobranchidae (Gian	nt salamanders)	
		1.	Andrias spp.		
		2.			Cryptobranchus alleganiensis (United States of America)
	С		Hynobiidae (Asiatic sal	lamanders)	
		1.			Hynobius amjiensis (China)
	D		Salamandridae (Newts	and salamanders)	
		1.	Neurergus kaiseri		
		2.		Paramesotriton hongkongensis	
		3.			Salamandra algira (Algeria)
			CLA	ASS ELASMOBRANCHII (SHARKS)	
I			CARCHARHINIFORN	MES	
	A		Carcharhinidae (Requie	em sharks)	
		1.		Carcharhinus falciformis	
		2.		Carcharhinus longimanus	
	В		Sphyrnidae (Hammerhe	ead sharks)	
		1.		Sphyrna lewini	

	2.		Sphyrna mokarran		
	3.		Sphyrna zygaena		
II		LAMNIFORMES	LAMNIFORMES		
A	A	Alopiidae (Thresher	sharks)		
	1.		Alopias spp.		
I	В	Cetorhinidae (Baskin	g sharks)		
	1.		Cetorhinus maximus		
(	C	Lamnidae (Mackerel	sharks)	,	
	1.		Carcharodon carcharias		
	2.		Lamna nasus		
Ш		MYLIOBATIFORMES			
A	A	Myliobatidae (Eagle an	d mobulid rays)		
	1.		Manta spp.		
	2.		Mobula spp.		
I	В	Potamotrygonidae (Fre	shwater stingrays)		
	1.			Paratrygon aiereba (Colombia)	
	2.			Potamotrygon spp. (population of Brazil) (Brazil)	
	3.			Potamotrygon constellata (Colombia)	
	4.			Potamotrygon magdalenae (Colombia)	
	5.			Potamotrygon motoro (Colombia)	
	6.			Potamotrygon orbignyi (Colombia)	

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

		7.			Potamotrygon schroederi (Colombia)
		8.			Potamotrygon scobina (Colombia)
		9.			Potamotrygon yepezi (Colombia)
IV			ORECTOLOBIFORMI	ES	
	A		Rhincodontidae (Whale	e sharks)	
		1.		Rhincodon typus	
V			PRISTIFORMES		
	A		Pristidae (Sawfishes)		
		1.	Pristidae spp.		
			C	LASS ACTINOPTERI (FISHES)	
I			ACIPENSERIFORME	S	
		1.		<b>ACIPENSERIFORMES spp.</b> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	A		Acipenseridae (Sturgeo	ns)	
		1.	Acipenser brevirostrum		
		2.	Acipenser sturio		
II			ANGUILLIFORMES		
	A		Anguillidae (Freshwate		
		1.		Anguilla anguilla	
III			CYPRINIFORMES		
	A		Catostomidae (Cui-ui)		
		1.	Chasmistes cujus		
	В		Cyprinidae (Carps)		
		1.		Caecobarbus geertsii	
		2.	Probarbus jullieni		

IV			OSTEOGLOSSIFORM	MES	
	A		Arapaimidae (Arapaim	as)	
		1.		Arapaima gigas	
	В		Osteoglossidae (Bonyto	ongue)	
		1.	Scleropages formosus		
		2.	Scleropages inscriptus		
V			PERCIFORMES		
	A		Labridae (Wrasses)		
		1.		Cheilinus undulatus	
	В		Pomacanthidae (Angel	fishes)	
		1.		Holacanthus clarionensis	
	С		Sciaenidae (Totoaba)		
		1.	Totoaba macdonaldi		
VI			SILURIFORMES		
	A		Pangasiidae (Pangasid	catfish)	
		1.	Pangasianodon gigas		
	В		Loricariidae (Amoured	catfishes)	
		1.			Hypancistrus zebra (Brazil)
VII			SYNGNATHIFORME	S	
	A		Syngnathidae (Pipefish	es, seahorses)	
		1.		Hippocampus spp.	
	CLASS DIPNEUSTI (LUNGFISHES)				
I			CERATODONTIFORMES		
	A		Neoceratodontidae (Au	stralian lungfishes)	
		1.		Neoceratodus forsteri	

	CLASS COELACANTHI (COELACANTHS)							
I			COELACANTHIFORM	COELACANTHIFORMES				
	A		Latimeriidae (Coelacan	ths)				
		1.	Latimeria spp.					
			PHY	LUM ECHINODERMATA	A			
				ASS HOLOTHUROIDEA (SEA CUCUMBERS)				
I			ASPIDOCHIROTIDA					
	A		Stichopodidae (Sea cuc	umbers)				
		1.			Isostichopus fuscus (Ecuador)			
			PH	YLUM ARTHROPODA				
				CLASS ARACHNIDA DRPIONS AND SPIDERS	)			
I			ARANEAE					
	A		Theraphosidae (Red-kn	eed tarantulas, tarantulas)				
		1.		Aphonopelma albiceps				
		2.		Aphonopelma pallidum				
		3.		Brachypelma spp.				
II			SCORPIONES					
	A		Scorpionidae (Scorpion	s)				
		1.		Pandinus dictator				
		2.		Pandinus gambiensis				
		3.		Pandinus imperator				
		4.		Pandinus roeseli				
	CLASS INSECTA (INSECTS)							
I			COLEOPTERA					
	A		Lucanidae (Stag beetles	5)				
		1.			Colophon spp. (South Africa)			

В	Scarabaeidae (Scarab beetles)		
1.		Dynastes satanas	
П	LEPIDOPTERA		
A	Nymphalidae (Brush-fo	ooted butterflies)	
1.			Agrias amydon boliviensis (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
2.			Morpho godartii lachaumei (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
3.			Prepona praeneste buckleyana (Plurinational State of Bolivia)
В	Papilionidae (Birdwing	butterflies, swallowtail but	terflies)
1.		Atrophaneura jophon	
2.		Atrophaneura pandiyana	
3.		Bhutanitis spp.	
4.		Ornithoptera spp. (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
5.	Ornithoptera alexandrae		
6.	Papilio chikae		
7.	Papilio homerus		
8.		Papilio hospiton	
9.		Parnassius apollo	
10.		Teinopalpus spp.	
11.		Trogonoptera spp.	
12.		Troides spp.	
	I	PHYLUM ANNELIDA	

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

			Cl	LASS HIRUDINOIDEA (LEECHES)	
I			ARHYNCHOBDELLIDA		
	A		Hirudinidae (Medicinal	leeches)	
		1.		Hirudo medicinalis	
		2.		Hirudo verbana	
			P	HYLUM MOLLUSCA	
			(C)	CLASS BIVALVIA LAMS AND MUSSELS)	
I			MYTILOIDA		
	A		Mytilidae (Marine mus	sels)	
		1.		Lithophaga lithophaga	
II			UNIONOIDA		
	A		Unionidae (Freshwater	mussels, pearly mussels)	
		1.	Conradilla caelata		
		2.		Cyprogenia aberti	
		3.	Dromus dromas		
		4.	Epioblasma curtisi		
		5.	Epioblasma florentina		
		6.	Epioblasma sampsonii		
		7.	Epioblasma sulcata perobliqua		
		8.	Epioblasma torulosa gubernaculum		
		9.		Epioblasma torulosa rangiana	
	1	0.	Epioblasma torulosa torulosa		
	1	1.	Epioblasma turgidula		

12.	Epioblasma walkeri			
13.	Fusconaia cuneolus			
14.	Fusconaia edgariana			
15.	Lampsilis higginsii			
16.	Lampsilis orbiculata orbiculata			
17.	Lampsilis satur			
18.	Lampsilis virescens			
19.	Plethobasus cicatricosus			
20.	Plethobasus cooperianus			
21.		Pleurobema clava		
22.	Pleurobema plenum			
23.	Potamilus capax			
24.	Quadrula intermedia			
25.	Quadrula sparsa			
26.	Toxolasma cylindrella			
27.	Unio nickliniana			
28.	Unio tampicoensis tecomatensis			
29.	Villosa trabalis			
Ш	VENEROIDA			
A	Tridacnidae (Giant clan	ns)		
1.		Tridacnidae spp.		
CLASS CEPHALOPODA (SQUIDS, OCTOPUSES, CUTTLEFISH)				

I			NAUTILIDA			
	A		Nautilidae (Nautilus)			
		1.		Nautilidae spp.		
	CLASS GASTROPODA (SNAILS AND CONCHES)					
I			MESOGASTROPODA	<b>L</b>		
	A		Strombidae (True concl	hs)		
		1.		Strombus gigas		
II			STYLOMMATOPHOR	RA		
	A		Achatinellidae (Agate s	snails, oahu tree snails)		
		1.	Achatinella spp.			
	В		Camaenidae (Green tre	e snails)		
		1.		Papustyla pulcherrima		
	С		Cepolidae (Helicoid ter	restrial snails)		
		1.	Polymita spp.			
			]	PHYLUM CNIDARIA		
				CLASS ANTHOZOA LS AND SEA ANEMON	ES)	
I			ANTIPATHARIA (Bla	ck corals)		
		1.		ANTIPATHARIA spp.		
II			GORGONACEAE			
	A		Coralliidae (Red and pi	ink corals)		
		1.			Corallium elatius (China)	
		2.			Corallium japonicum (China)	
		3.			Corallium konjoi (China)	
		4.			Corallium secundum (China)	
Ш			HELIOPORACEA		•	

	A		Helioporidae (Blue cor	als)	
		1.		Helioporidae spp. (Includes only the species Heliopora coerulea. Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
IV			SCLERACTINIA (Stor	ny corals)	
		1.		SCLERACTINIA spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
V			STOLONIFERA		
	A		Tubiporidae (Organ-pip	pe corals)	
		1.		Tubiporidae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
				CLASS HYDROZOA C CORALS AND STINGI	NG MEDUSAE)
I			MILLEPORINA		
	A		Milleporidae (Fire cora	ls)	
		1		Millonovidos ann	
		1.		Milleporidae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
II		1.	STYLASTERINA	(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the	
II	A	1.	STYLASTERINA Stylasteridae (Lace cor	(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
II	A	1.		(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
II	A			(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  als)  Stylasteridae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the	
II	A			(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  als)  Stylasteridae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
II	A			(Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  als)  Stylasteridae spp. (Fossils are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)  PART 2  FLORA (PLANTS)	

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#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

2.	Agave victoriae-reginae <sup>#4</sup>	
3.	Nolina interrata	
4.	Yucca queretaroensis	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

II	AMARYLLIDACEAE (Snowdrops, sternbergias)		
1.		Galanthus spp.#4	
2.		Sternbergia spp.#4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

Ш	ANACARDIACEAE (Cashews)
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1.		Operculicarya decaryi	
2.		Operculicarya hyphaenoides	
3.		Operculicarya pachypus	
IV	APOCYNACEAE (Ele	phant trunks, hoodias)	
1.		Hoodia spp. #9	
2.		Pachypodium spp.#4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
3.	Pachypodium ambongense		
4.	Pachypodium baronii		
5.	Pachypodium decaryi		
6.		Rauvolfia serpentina <sup>#2</sup>	

#2 All parts and derivatives except:

- (a) seeds and pollen; and
- (b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.
- <sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:
  - (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
  - (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
  - (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
  - (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
  - (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
  - (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#9</sup> All parts and derivatives except those bearing a label:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Produced from *Hoodia* spp. material obtained through controlled harvesting and production under the terms of an agreement with the relevant CITES Management Authority of [Botswana under agreement No. BW/xxxxxx] [Namibia under agreement No. NA/xxxxxx] [South Africa under agreement No. ZA/xxxxxx]".

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V	ARALIACEAE (Gins	ARALIACEAE (Ginseng)	
1		Panax ginseng <sup>#3</sup> (Only the population of the Russian Federation; no other population is included in the Appendices)	
2	2.	Panax quinquefolius <sup>#3</sup>	

<sup>#3</sup> Whole and sliced roots and parts of roots, excluding manufactured parts or derivatives, such as powders, pills, extracts, tonics, teas and confectionery.

VI ARAUCARIACEAE (Monkey-puzzle trees)			Monkey-puzzle trees)	
	1.	Araucaria araucana		
VII ASPARA		ASPARAGACEAE (In	GACEAE (Includes ponytail palms)	
	1.		Beaucarnea spp.	
VIII		BERBERIDACEAE (May-apple)		
	1.		Podophyllum hexandrum <sup>#2</sup>	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

IX	BROMELIACEAE (Air plants, bromelias)		
1.		Tillandsia harrisii <sup>#4</sup>	
2.		Tillandsia kammii <sup>#4</sup>	
3.		Tillandsia xerographica <sup>#4</sup>	

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds and pollen; and

<sup>(</sup>b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

#4 All parts and derivatives, except:

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

X	CACTACEAE (Cacti)	
1.		CACTACEAE spp. 9 #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I and except <i>Pereskia</i> spp., <i>Pereskiopsis</i> spp. and <i>Quiabentia</i> spp.)
2.	Ariocarpus spp.	
3.	Astrophytum asterias	
4.	Aztekium ritteri	
5.	Coryphantha werdermannii	
6.	Discocactus spp.	
7.	Echinocereus ferreirianus ssp. lindsayi	
8.	Echinocereus schmollii	
9.	Escobaria minima	
10.	Escobaria sneedii	
11.	Mammillaria pectinifera	

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

	(includes <b>ssp.</b> solisioides)
12.	Melocactus conoideus
13.	Melocactus deinacanthus
14.	Melocactus glaucescens
15.	Melocactus paucispinus
16.	Obregonia denegrii
17.	Pachycereus militaris
18.	Pediocactus bradyi
19.	Pediocactus knowltonii
20.	Pediocactus paradinei
21.	Pediocactus peeblesianus
22.	Pediocactus sileri
23.	Pelecyphora spp.
24.	Sclerocactus blainei
25.	Sclerocactus brevihamatus ssp. tobuschii
26.	Sclerocactus brevispinus
27.	Sclerocactus cloverae
28.	Sclerocactus erectocentrus
29.	Sclerocactus glaucus

30.	Sclerocactus mariposensis	
31.	Sclerocactus mesae-verdae	
32.	Sclerocactus nyensis	
33.	Sclerocactus papyracanthus	
34.	Sclerocactus pubispinus	
35.	Sclerocactus sileri	
36.	Sclerocactus wetlandicus	
37.	Sclerocactus wrightiae	
38.	Strombocactus spp.	
39.	Turbinicarpus spp.	
40.	Uebelmannia spp.	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.
- <sup>9</sup> Artificially propagated specimens of the following hybrids and/or cultivars are not subject to the provisions of the Convention:
  - Hatiora x graeseri
  - Schlumbergera x buckleyi
  - Schlumbergera russelliana x Schlumbergera truncata

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#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

- Schlumbergera orssichiana x Schlumbergera truncata
- Schlumbergera opuntioides x Schlumbergera truncata
- Schlumbergera truncata (cultivars)
- Cactaceae spp. colour mutants grafted on the following grafting stocks: Harrisia 'Jusbertii', Hylocereus trigonus or Hylocereus undatus
- Opuntia microdasys (cultivars).

XI CARYOCARACEAE (Ajo)		(Ajo)	
1.		Caryocar costaricense#4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XII	COMPOSITAE (Asteraceae) (Kuth)		
1.	Saussurea costus		
XIII	CUCURBITACEAE (Melons, gourds, cucurbits)		
1.		Zygosicyos pubescens	
2.		Zygosicyos tripartitus	
XIV	CUPRESSACEAE (Alerce, cypresses)		
1.	Fitzroya cupressoides		
2.	Pilgerodendron uviferum		

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#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

XV	CYATHEACEAE (Tree-ferns)		
1.		Cyathea spp.#4	

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XVI	CYCADACEAE (Cycads)		
1.		CYCADACEAE spp.#4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Cycas beddomei		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

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## Endangered Species (Import and Export)

#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

XVII	DICKSONIACEAE (Tree-ferns)	
1.	Cibotium barometz#4	
2.	Dicksonia spp. (Only the populations of the Americas; no other population is included in the Appendices)	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

(b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers:

(c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;

(d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;

(e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and

(f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XVIII	DIDIEREACEAE (Alluaudias, didiereas)		
1.		DIDIEREACEAE spp. #4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

(b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;

(c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;

 (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;

(e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and

(f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XIX		DIOSCOREACEAE (Elephant's foot, kniss)		
	1.		Dioscorea deltoidea#4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XX	DROSERACEAE (Venus' flytrap)		
1.		Dionaea muscipula#4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXI	EBENACEAE (Ebonie	s)	
		Diospyros spp. #5 (Populations of Madagascar)	

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

XXII	EUPHORBIACEAE (S	Spurges)	
1.		Euphorbia spp. #4  (Succulent species only except Euphorbia misera and the species included in Appendix I. Artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of Euphorbia trigona, artificially propagated specimens of crested, fan-shaped or colour mutants of Euphorbia lactea, when grafted on artificially propagated root stock of Euphorbia neriifolia, and artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of Euphorbia 'Milii' when they are traded in shipments of 100 or more plants and readily recognizable as artificially propagated specimens, are not subject to the provisions of the Convention)	
2.	Euphorbia ambovombensis		
3.	Euphorbia capsaintemariensis		
4.	Euphorbia cremersii (Includes the forma viridifolia		

#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

	and the var.  rakotozafyi)
5.	Euphorbia cylindrifolia (Includes the ssp. tuberifera)
6.	Euphorbia decaryi (Includes the vars. ampanihyensis, robinsonii and spirosticha)
7.	Euphorbia francoisii
8.	Euphorbia moratii (Includes the vars. antsingiensis, bemarahensis and multiflora)
9.	Euphorbia parvicyathophora
10.	Euphorbia quartziticola
11.	Euphorbia tulearensis

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus *Vanilla* (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

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XXIII	FAGACEAE (Beeches)	)	
1.			Quercus mongolica #5 (Russian Federation)

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

XXIV	FOUQUIERIACEAE (	Ocotillos)	
1.		Fouquieria columnaris#4	
2.	Fouquieria fasciculata		
3.	Fouquieria purpusii		

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXV	GNETACEAE (Gnetun	GNETACEAE (Gnetums)	
1.			Gnetum montanum #1 (Nepal)

<sup>#1</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);

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#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

(b)	seedling or	tissue	cultures	obtained	in	vitro,	in	solid	or	liquid	media,	transported	in	sterile
	containers;													

- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.

XXVI	JUGLANDACEAE (G	avilan)	
1.		Oreomunnea pterocarpa <sup>#4</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXVII	LAURACEAE (Laurel	s)	
1.		Aniba rosaeodora#12	

\*\*12 Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, plywood and extracts. Finished products containing such extracts as ingredients, including fragrances, are not considered to be covered by this annotation.

		LEGUMINOSAE (Fab rosewood, sandalwood)	aceae) (Afrormosia, cristoba)	al, palisander,
Ī	1.		Caesalpinia echinata <sup>#10</sup>	

# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

2.		Dalbergia spp. #15 (except for the species listed in Appendix I)		
3.	Dalbergia nigra			
4.			Dipteryx panamensis (Costa Rica, Nicaragua)	
5.		Guibourtia demeusei <sup>#15</sup>		
6.		Guibourtia pellegriniana <sup>#15</sup>		
7.		Guibourtia tessmannii <sup>#15</sup>		
8.		Pericopsis elata <sup>#5</sup>		
9.		Platymiscium pleiostachyum <sup>#4</sup>		
10.		Pterocarpus erinaceus		
11.		Pterocarpus santalinus <sup>#7</sup>		
12.		Senna meridionalis		

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers:
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#7</sup> Logs, woodchips, powder and extracts.

<sup>#10</sup> Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, including unfinished wood articles used for the fabrication of bows for stringed musical instruments.

<sup>#15</sup> All parts and derivatives are included, except:

- (a) Leaves, flowers, pollen, fruits, and seeds;
- (b) Non-commercial export of a maximum total weight of 10 kg per shipment;
- (c) Parts and derivatives of Dalbergia cochinchinensis, which are covered by Annotation #4;
- (d) Parts and derivatives of *Dalbergia* spp. originating and exported from Mexico, which are covered by Annotation #6.

XXIX	LILIACEAE (Aloes)	
1.		Aloe spp. #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I. Also excludes Aloe vera, also referenced as Aloe barbadensis which is not included in the Appendices)
2.	Aloe albida	
3.	Aloe albiflora	
4.	Aloe alfredii	
5.	Aloe bakeri	
6.	Aloe bellatula	
7.	Aloe calcairophila	
8.	Aloe compressa (Includes the vars. paucituberculata, rugosquamosa and schistophila)	
9.	Aloe delphinensis	
10.	Aloe descoingsii	
11.	Aloe fragilis	
12.	Aloe haworthioides (Includes the var. aurantiaca)	
13.	Aloe helenae	
14.	Aloe laeta (Includes the var. maniaensis)	

15.	Aloe parallelifolia
16.	Aloe parvula
17.	Aloe pillansii
18.	Aloe polyphylla
19.	Aloe rauhii
20.	Aloe suzannae
21.	Aloe versicolor
22.	Aloe vossii

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXX	MAGNOLIACEAE (Magnolias)		
1.			Magnolia liliifera var. obovata #1 (Nepal)

<sup>#1</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.

XXXI	MALVACEAE (Includes baobabs)		
1.		Adansonia grandidieri <sup>#16</sup>	

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm \#16}$  Seeds, fruits, oil and live plants

XXXII	MELIACEAE (Mahoga	anies, West Indian cedar)	
1.			Cedrela fissilis#5 (Plurinational State of Bolivia, Brazil)
2.			Cedrela lilloi <sup>#5</sup> (Plurinational State of Bolivia, Brazil)
3.			Cedrela odorata <sup>#5</sup> (Brazil and the Plurinational State of Bolivia. In addition, the following countries have listed their national populations: Colombia, Guatemala and Peru)
4.		Swietenia humilis <sup>#4</sup>	
5.		Swietenia macrophylla <sup>#6</sup> (Populations of the Neotropics)	
6.		Swietenia mahagoni <sup>#5</sup>	

<sup>\*\*4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

-

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXXIII	NEPENTHACEAE (Pitcher-plants (Old World))	
1.		Nepenthes spp. <sup>#4</sup> (Except the species included in Appendix I)
2.	Nepenthes khasiana	
3.	Nepenthes rajah	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

<sup>#6</sup> Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets and plywood.

XXXIV	OLEACEAE (Ashes, etc.)		
1.			Fraxinus mandshurica #5 (Russian Federation)

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

XXXV	ORCHIDACEAE (Orc	hids)	
1.		ORCHIDACEAE spp. 10 #4	
	(For all of the following	(Except the species included in Appendix I)	
	Appendix-I species, seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, and transported in sterile containers are not subject to the provisions of the Convention only if the specimens meet the definition of 'artificially propagated' agreed		
2.	by the Conference of the Parties)  Aerangis ellisii		
3.	Dendrobium cruentum		
4.	Laelia jongheana		
5.	Laelia lobata		

## THE SCHEDULE — continued

6.	Paphiopedilum spp.	
7.	Peristeria elata	
8.	Phragmipedium spp.	
9.	Renanthera imschootiana	

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.
- <sup>10</sup> Artificially propagated hybrids of the following genera are not subject to the provisions of the Convention, if conditions, as indicated under (a) and (b), are met: *Cymbidium*, *Dendrobium*, *Phalaenopsis* and *Vanda*:
  - (a) Specimens are readily recognizable as artificially propagated and do not show any signs of having been collected in the wild such as mechanical damage or strong dehydration resulting from collection, irregular growth and heterogeneous size and shape within a taxon and shipment, algae or other epiphyllous organisms adhering to leaves, or damage by insects or other pests; and
    - (b) (i) when shipped in non-flowering state, the specimens must be traded in shipments consisting of individual containers (such as cartons, boxes, crates or individual shelves of CC-containers) each containing 20 or more plants of the same hybrid; the plants within each container must exhibit a high degree of uniformity and healthiness; and the shipment must be accompanied by documentation, such as an invoice, which clearly states the number of plants of each hybrid; or
      - (ii) when shipped in flowering state, with at least one fully open flower per specimen, no minimum number of specimens per shipment is required but specimens must be professionally processed for commercial retail sale, e.g. labelled with printed labels or packaged with printed packages indicating the name of the hybrid and the country of final processing. This should be clearly visible and allow easy verification.

Plants not clearly qualifying for the exemption must be accompanied by appropriate CITES documents.

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

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## THE SCHEDULE — continued

XXXVI	OROBANCHACEAE (Broomrapes)		
1.		Cistanche deserticola#4	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XXXVII	PALMAE (Arecaceae	(Palms)	
1.		Beccariophoenix madagascariensis <sup>#4</sup>	
2.		Dypsis decaryi <sup>#4</sup>	
3.	Dypsis decipiens		
4.		Lemurophoenix halleuxii	
5.			Lodoicea maldivica <sup>#13</sup> (Seychelles)
6.		Marojejya darianii	
7.		Ravenea louvelii	
8.		Ravenea rivularis	
9.		Satranala decussilvae	
10.		Voanioala gerardii	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

#### THE SCHEDULE — continued

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.
- #13 The kernel (also known as 'endosperm', 'pulp' or 'copra') and any derivative thereof.

XXXVIII	PAPAVERACEAE (Poppy)		
1.			Meconopsis regia <sup>#1</sup> (Nepal)

<sup>#1</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.

XXXIX	PASSIFLORACEAE (Passion-flowers)		
1.	Adenia firingalavensis		
2.		Adenia olaboensis	
3.		Adenia subsessilifolia	
XL	PEDALIACEAE (Sesames)		
1.		Uncarina grandidieri	
2.	Uncarina stellulifera		
XLI	PINACEAE (Firs and pines)		

1.	Abies guatemalensis	
2.		Pinus koraiensis <sup>#5</sup> (Russian Federation)

XLII	PODOCARPACEAE (Podocarps)		
1.			Podocarpus neriifolius <sup>#1</sup> (Nepal)
2.	Podocarpus parlatorei		

<sup>#1</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.

XLIII	PORTULACACEAE (Lewisias, portulacas, purslanes)		
1.		Anacampseros spp. #4	
2.		Avonia spp. #4	
3.		Lewisia serrata <sup>#4</sup>	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

<sup>#5</sup> Logs, sawn wood and veneer sheets.

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

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## THE SCHEDULE — continued

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XLIV	PRIMULACEAE (Cyclamens)		
1.		Cyclamen spp. 11 #4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.
- <sup>11</sup> Artificially propagated specimens of cultivars of *Cyclamen persicum* are not subject to the provisions of the Convention. However, the exemption does not apply to such specimens traded as dormant tubers.

XLV	RANUNCULACEAE (Golden seals, yellow adonis, yellow root)		
1.		Adonis vernalis <sup>#2</sup>	
2.		Hydrastis canadensis#8	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

(a) seeds and pollen; and

(b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

#8 Underground parts (i.e. roots, rhizomes): whole, parts and powdered.

XLVI	ROSACEAE (African cherry, stinkwood)		
1.		Prunus africana#4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

XLVII	RUBIACEAE (Ayugue)	
1.	Balmea stormiae	
XLVIII	SANTALACEAE (Sandalwoods)	
1.		Osyris lanceolata <sup>#2</sup> (Populations of Burundi, Ethiopia, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda and the United Republic of Tanzania)

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

- (a) seeds and pollen; and
- (b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

XLIX	SARRACENIACEAE (Pitcher-plants (New World))
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1.		Sarracenia spp. <sup>#4</sup> (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Sarracenia oreophila		
3.	Sarracenia rubra ssp. alabamensis		
4.	Sarracenia rubra ssp. jonesii		

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera *Opuntia* subgenus *Opuntia* and *Selenicereus* (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

L	SCROPHULARIACEAE (Kutki)		
1.		Picrorhiza kurrooa <sup>#2</sup> (Excludes Picrorhiza scrophulariiflora)	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

- (a) seeds and pollen; and
- (b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

LI	STANGERIACEAE (Stangerias)		
1.		Bowenia spp. #4	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

2.	Stangeria eriopus		
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(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

LII	TAXACEAE (Himalayan yew)		
1.		<i>Taxus chinensis</i> and infraspecific taxa of this species #2	
2.		<i>Taxus cuspidata</i> and infraspecific taxa of this species 12 #2	
3.		<i>Taxus fuana</i> and infraspecific taxa of this species #2	
4.		<i>Taxus sumatrana</i> and infraspecific taxa of this species <sup>#2</sup>	
5.		Taxus wallichiana <sup>#2</sup>	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds and pollen; and

<sup>(</sup>b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Artificially propagated hybrids and cultivars of *Taxus cuspidata*, live, in pots or other small containers, each consignment being accompanied by a label or document stating the name of the taxon or taxa and the text 'artificially propagated', are not subject to the provisions of the Convention.

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# Endangered Species (Import and Export)

LIII	THYMELAEACEAE (Aquilariaceae) (Agarwood, ramin)		
1.		Aquilaria spp.#14	
2.		Gonystylus spp.#4	
3.		Gyrinops spp.#14	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

- (a) seeds and pollen;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) fruits;
- (d) leaves;
- (e) exhausted agarwood powder, including compressed powder in all shapes; and
- (f) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade, this exemption does not apply to wood chips, beads, prayer beads and carvings.

LIV	TROCHODENDRACEAE (Tetracentraceae) (Tetracentron)		
1.			Tetracentron sinense <sup>#1</sup> (Nepal)

<sup>#1</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

<sup>\*14</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

<sup>(</sup>a) seeds, spores and pollen (including pollinia);

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants; and
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla.

LV	VALERIANACEAE (Himalayan spikenard)		
1.	1	Nardostachys grandiflora <sup>#2</sup>	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

(a) seeds and pollen; and

(b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

LVI		VITACEAE (Grapes)		
	1.		Cyphostemma elephantopus	
	2.		Cyphostemma laza	
	3.		Cyphostemma montagnacii	
LVII		WELWITSCHIACEAE (Welwitschia)		
	1.		Welwitschia mirabilis <sup>#4</sup>	

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

- (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and

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## Endangered Species (Import and Export)

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(f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

LVIII	ZAMIACEAE (Cycads)		
1.		ZAMIACEAE spp. #4 (Except the species included in Appendix I)	
2.	Ceratozamia spp.		
3.	Encephalartos spp.		
4.	Microcycas calocoma		
5.	Zamia restrepoi		

<sup>#4</sup> All parts and derivatives, except:

(a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;

- (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers:
- (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
- (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
- (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
- (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

LIX	ZINGIBERACEAE (Ginger lily, Natal ginger)	
1.		Hedychium philippinense <sup>#4</sup>
2.		Siphonochilus aethiopicus (Populations of Mozambique, South Africa, Swaziland and Zimbabwe)

- #4 All parts and derivatives, except:
  - (a) seeds (including seedpods of Orchidaceae), spores and pollen (including pollinia). The exemption does not apply to seeds from Cactaceae spp. exported from Mexico, and to seeds from Beccariophoenix madagascariensis and Dypsis decaryi exported from Madagascar;
  - (b) seedling or tissue cultures obtained in vitro, in solid or liquid media, transported in sterile containers;
  - (c) cut flowers of artificially propagated plants;
  - (d) fruits, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genus Vanilla (Orchidaceae) and of the family Cactaceae;
  - (e) stems, flowers, and parts and derivatives thereof, of naturalized or artificially propagated plants of the genera Opuntia subgenus Opuntia and Selenicereus (Cactaceae); and
  - (f) finished products of Euphorbia antisyphilitica packaged and ready for retail trade.

LX	ZYGOPHYLLACEAE (Lignum-vitae)		
1.		Bulnesia sarmientoi#11	
2.		Guaiacum spp.#2	

<sup>#2</sup> All parts and derivatives except:

(a) seeds and pollen; and

(b) finished products packaged and ready for retail trade.

<sup>#11</sup> Logs, sawn wood, veneer sheets, plywood, powder and extracts. Finished products containing such extracts as ingredients, including fragrances, are not considered to be covered by this annotation.

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## THE SCHEDULE — continued

[S 563/2017 wef 04/10/2017]
[S 155/2017 wef 04/04/2017]
[S 737/2016 wef 02/01/2017]
[S 103/2016 wef 09/05/2016]
[S 103/2016 wef 10/03/2016]
[S 57/2015 wef 05/02/2015]
[S 776/2014 wef 01/12/2014]
[S 592/2014 wef 14/09/2014]
[S 416/2014 wef 24/06/2014]
[S 1/2014 wef 02/01/2014]
[S 630/2013 wef 01/10/2013]
[S 349/2013 wef 12/06/2013]

## LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

## ENDANGERED SPECIES (IMPORT AND EXPORT) ACT (CHAPTER 92A)

This Legislative History is provided for the convenience of users of the Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act. It is not part of the Act.

1. Act 4 of 1989 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act 1989

Date of First Reading : 16 January 1989

(Bill No. 4/1989 published on

16 January 1989)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 26 January 1989

Date of commencement : 17 March 1989

2. G. N. No. S 21/1990 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 1990

Date of commencement : 18 January 1990

3. 1990 Revised Edition — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act

Date of operation : 15 March 1990

4. G. N. No. S 329/1990 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) (No. 2)
Notification 1990

Date of commencement : 31 August 1990

5. G. N. No. S 41/1992 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 1992

Date of commencement : 15 February 1992

6. G. N. No. S 259/1992 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) (No. 2)

Notification 1992

Date of commencement : 11 June 1992

7. Act 30 of 1992 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) (Amendment)
Act 1992

Date of First Reading : 31 July 1992

(Bill No. 29/1992 published on

1 August 1992)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 14 September 1992

Date of commencement : 20 November 1992

8. G. N. No. S 344/1994 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Second Schedule)

Notification 1994

Date of commencement : 4 November 1994

9. G. N. No. S 49/1995 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 1995

Date of commencement : 16 February 1995

10. G. N. No. S 412/1997 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 1997

Date of commencement : 18 September 1997

11. Act 16 of 2000 — Agri-Food and Veterinary Authority Act 2000 (Consequential amendments made by)

Date of First Reading : 21 February 2000

(Bill No. 11/2000 published on

22 February 2000)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 17 March 2000

Date of commencement : 1 April 2000

12. G. N. No. S 332/2000 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 2000

Date of commencement : 19 July 2000

13. 2000 Revised Edition — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act

Date of operation : 30 December 2000

14. G. N. No. S 512/2001 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedules) Notification 2001

Date of commencement : 2 January 2002

15. G. N. No. S 70/2003 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendmend of First, Second and Third Schedules) Notification 2003

Date of commencement : 13 February 2003

16. G. N. No. S 253/2003 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of First Schedule)

Notification 2003

Date of commencement : 28 May 2003

17. G. N. No. S 481/2003 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of First Schedule) (No. 2)

Nofitication 2003

Date of commencement : 16 October 2003

18. G. N. No. S 23/2005 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of First, Second and Third Schedules) Notification 20051

Date of commencement : 12 January 2005

19. G. N. No. S 593/2005 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of First Schedule)

Notification 2005

Date of commencement : 19 September 2005

20. Act 5 of 2006 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act 2006

Date of First Reading : 21 November 2005

(Bill No. 43/2005 publshed on

22 November 2005)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 17 January 2006

Date of commencement : 1 March 2006

Note: The Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act 2006 repealed and reenacted with amendments the Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Chapter 92A, 2000 Revised Edition).

21. G. N. No. S 290/2006 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2006

Date of commencement : 14 June 2006

22. G. N. No. S 103/2007 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2007

Date of commencement : 4 March 2007

23. G. N. No. S 152/2007 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)

Notification 2007

Date of commencement : 3 May 2007

24. G. N. No. S 477/2007 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 3)

Notification 2007

Date of commencement : 13 September 2007

25. 2008 Revised Edition — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act

Date of operation : 1 January 2008

26. G. N. No. S 64/2008 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2008

Date of commencement : 12 February 2008

27. G. N. No. S 332/2008 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)

Notification 2008

Date of commencement : 1 July 2008

28. G. N. No. S 222/2009 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2009

Date of commencement : 22 May 2009

29. G. N. No. S 312/2010 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2010

Date of commencement : 23 June 2010 (Paragraph 2)

30. G. N. No. S 312/2010 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2010

Date of commencement : 24 June 2010 (Paragraph 3)

31. G. N. No. S 590/2010 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)
Notification 2010

Date of commencement : 14 October 2010

32. Act 15 of 2010 — Criminal Procedure Code 2010

(Consequential amendments made to Act by)

Date of First Reading : 26 April 2010

(Bill No. 11/2010 published on

26 April 2010)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 19 May 2010

Date of commencement : 2 January 2011

33. G.N. No. S 214/2011 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2011

Date of commencement : 27 April 2011

34. G.N. No. S 666/2011 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)
Notification 2011

Date of commencement : 22 December 2011

35. G.N. No. S 139/2012 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2012

Date of commencement : 3 April 2012

36. G.N. No. S 478/2012 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)
Notification 2012

Date of commencement : 25 September 2012

37. G.N. No. S 349/2013 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2013

Date of commencement : 12 June 2013

38. G.N. No. S 630/2013 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)

Notification 2013

Date of commencement : 1 October 2013

39. G. N. No. S 1/2014 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2014

Date of commencement : 2 January 2014

40. G.N. No. S 416/2014 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)
Notification 2014

Date of commencement : 24 June 2014

41. G.N. No. S 592/2014 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 3)
Notification 2014

Date of commencement : 14 September 2014

42. G.N. No. S 776/2014 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 4)
Notification 2014

Date of commencement : 1 December 2014

43. G.N. No. S 57/2015 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2015

Date of commencement

: 5 February 2015

44. G.N. No. S 103/2016 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2016

Date of commencement

: 10 March 2016

45. G.N. No. S 103/2016 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2016

Date of commencement

: 9 May 2016

46. G.N. No. S 595/2016 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)

Notification 2016

Date of commencement

: 21 November 2016

47. G.N. No. S 737/2016 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 3)

Notification 2016

Date of commencement

: 2 January 2017

48. G.N. No. S 155/2017 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) Notification 2017

Date of commencement

: 4 April 2017

49. G.N. No. S 563/2017 — Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act (Amendment of Schedule) (No. 2)
Notification 2017

Date of commencement : 4 October 2017

## COMPARATIVE TABLE

# ENDANGERED SPECIES (IMPORT AND EXPORT) ACT (CHAPTER 92A)

The following provisions in the Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act 2006 (Act 5 of 2006) have been renumbered by the Law Revision Commissioners in this 2008 Revised Edition.

This Comparative Table is provided for the convenience of users. It is not part of the Endangered Species (Import and Export) Act.

2008 Ed.	Act 5 of 2006
Omitted	30
30	31