



**THE STATUTES OF THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE**

**MEDICINES (ADVERTISEMENT AND SALE) ACT**

**(CHAPTER 177)**

**(Original Enactment: Ordinance 19 of 1955)**

**REVISED EDITION 1985**

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# Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Act\*

## ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS

### Section

1. Short title
  2. Interpretation
  3. Prohibition of advertisements relating to certain diseases
  4. Prohibition of advertisements relating to medical skill or service
  5. Prohibition of advertisements relating to abortion
  6. Provisions as to offences under sections 3, 4 and 5
  7. Disclosure of composition of medicines
  8. Jurisdiction
  9. Exemption
- The Schedule — Diseases and conditions
- 

An Act to prohibit certain advertisements relating to medical matters  
and to regulate the sale of substances recommended as a medicine.

[26th June 1956]

### **Short title**

1. This Act may be cited as the Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Act.

### **Interpretation**

2. In this Act, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context —

“advertisement” includes any notice, circular, pamphlet, label, wrapper or other document, any announcement made orally or by any means of producing or transmitting light or sound and any other form of advertising;

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\*This Act is to be repealed on the coming into operation of section 76(1) of the Medicines Act (Cap. 176).

“Poisons List” means the Poisons List in the Schedule to the Poisons Act [Cap. 234];

“proprietary designation”, in relation to the sale of an article consisting of or comprising a substance recommended as a medicine, means a word or words used or proposed to be used in connection with the sale of articles consisting of or comprising the substance for the purpose of indicating that they are the goods of a particular person by virtue of manufacture, selection, certification, dealing with or offering for sale; and “proprietor”, in relation to such a designation, means the person whose goods are indicated or intended to be indicated as aforesaid by the designation;

“public hospital” includes any public clinic, public dispensary or other public institution for the reception of the sick whether as in-patients or outpatients;

“substance” includes a preparation;

“substance recommended as a medicine”, in relation to the sale of an article consisting of or comprising a substance so recommended, means a substance which is referred to —

- (a) on the article, or on any wrapper or container in which the article is sold, or on any label affixed to, or in any document enclosed in, the article or such a wrapper or container;
- (b) in any placard or other document exhibited at the place where the article is sold; or
- (c) in any advertisement published after the passing of this Act by or on behalf of the manufacturer of the article, or the person carrying on the business in the course of which the article was sold, or, in a case where the article was sold under a proprietary designation, the proprietor of the designation,

in terms which are calculated to lead to the use of the substance for the prevention or treatment of any ailment, infirmity or injury affecting the human body, not being terms which give a definite indication that the substance is intended

to be used as, or as part of, a food or drink, and not as, or as part of, a medicine;

“word” includes a letter and a numeral.

### **Prohibition of advertisements relating to certain diseases**

3.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall take part in the publication of any advertisement referring to any article or articles of any description in terms which are calculated to lead to the use of that article or articles of that description as a medicine, appliance or remedy for the purpose of treatment of human beings for any of the diseases and conditions set out in the Schedule:

Provided that this subsection shall not apply to any advertisement published by the Government or any public authority, or by the governing body of a public hospital or by any person authorised to publish the advertisement by the Minister.

(2) In any proceedings for a contravention of subsection (1), it shall be a defence for the person charged to prove that the advertisement to which the proceedings relate was published only so far as was reasonably necessary to bring it to the notice of persons of the following classes or of one or some of them:

- (a) members of a local or public authority;
  - (b) members of the governing body of a public hospital;
  - (c) registered medical practitioners;
  - (d) registered dentists;
  - (e) registered nurses and midwives;
  - (f) registered pharmacists and holders of licences to sell poisons set out in the Schedule to the Poisons Act [Cap. 234];
- [Act 9/1999 wef 01/04/1999]*
- (g) persons undergoing training with a view to becoming registered medical practitioners, registered dentists, registered nurses or registered pharmacists.

(3) The Minister may, by notification in the *Gazette*, add to, vary or amend the Schedule.

**Prohibition of advertisements relating to medical skill or service**

4. No person shall take part in the publication of any advertisement referring to any skill or service relating to the treatment of any ailment, disease, injury, infirmity or condition affecting the human body so as to induce any person to seek the advice of the advertiser or any person referred to in the advertisement in connection with such skill or service.

**Prohibition of advertisements relating to abortion**

5. Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall take part in the publication of any advertisement referring to any skill or service, or to any article or articles of any description, in terms which are calculated to induce any person to seek the advice of the advertiser or any person referred to in the advertisement in connection with such skill or service, or to lead to the use of that article or articles of that description, for procuring miscarriage of women.

**Provisions as to offences under sections 3, 4 and 5**

6.—(1) If any person contravenes section 3, 4 or 5, he shall be guilty of an offence and shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be liable on conviction —

- (a) in the case of a first conviction, to a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both; and
- (b) in the case of a subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 2 years or to both.

(2) Where in any proceedings for a contravention of section 3 or 5 it is proved —

- (a) that an advertisement was published referring to any article or articles of any description, in terms calculated to lead to the use of that article or articles of that description —

- (i) in the case of a contravention of section 3, for the treatment of human beings for any such disease or condition as is mentioned in the Schedule; or
  - (ii) in the case of a contravention of section 5, for procuring the miscarriage of women; and
- (b) that the advertisement also referred to the article or articles in terms calculated to indicate that it or they were manufactured, produced, imported, sold or offered for sale by the person charged,

then, unless the contrary is proved, it shall be presumed for the purpose of those proceedings that that person took part in the publication of the advertisement, but without prejudice to the liability of any other person.

(3) In any proceedings for a contravention of section 3, 4 or 5, it shall be a defence for the person charged to prove —

- (a) that the advertisement to which the proceedings relate was published in such circumstances that he did not know and had no reason to believe that he was taking part in the publication thereof; or
  - (b) that the advertisement was published only in a publication of a technical character intended for circulation mainly amongst persons of the following classes, or of one or some of them:
    - (i) registered medical practitioners;
    - (ii) registered dentists;
    - (iii) registered nurses and midwives;
    - (iv) registered pharmacists and holders of licences to sell poisons set out in the Schedule to the Poisons Act [Cap. 234];
- [Act 9/1999 wef 01/04/1999]*
- (v) persons undergoing training with a view to becoming registered medical practitioners, registered dentists, registered nurses or registered pharmacists.

(4) Where in any proceedings for a contravention of section 4 it is proved that an advertisement was published referring to any skill or service in terms calculated to indicate that such skill or service was provided by the person charged, then, unless the contrary is proved, it shall be presumed for the purpose of these proceedings that the person charged took part in the publication of the advertisement, but without prejudice to the liability of any other person.

### **Disclosure of composition of medicines**

7.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Act, no person shall —

- (a) sell by retail any article consisting of or comprising a substance recommended as a medicine; or
- (b) supply any such article as a sample for the purpose of inducing persons to buy by retail the substances of which it consists or which it comprises,

unless there is written in the English language (as well as in any other language that may be used in addition to the English language) so as to be clearly legible on the article or a label affixed thereto, or, if the article is sold or supplied in a container, on the container or a label affixed thereto, or, if the article is sold or supplied in more than one container, on the inner container or a label affixed thereto —

- (i) the appropriate designation of the substance so recommended, or of each of the active constituents thereof, or of each of the ingredients of which it has been compounded; and
- (ii) in a case where the appropriate designation of each of the active constituents or the ingredients is written, the appropriate quantitative particulars of the constituents or ingredients:

Provided that this subsection shall not apply to any article made up and supplied for the use of a particular person, being an article prescribed by reference to the needs of that person.

(2) In subsection (1) —

- (a) “appropriate designation”, in relation to a substance, constituent or ingredient, means —

- (i) in a case where the substance, constituent or ingredient is a poison included in the Poisons List, the name with which the container of the poison is for the time being required to be labelled in pursuance of section 6(2) of the Poisons Act [Cap. 234] and rules 21 and 22 of the Poisons Rules 1957;
- [S 94/57]*
- (ii) in a case where the substance, constituent or ingredient is not such a poison and is described in any of the monographs contained in the edition of the British Pharmacopoeia or the British Pharmaceutical Codex which was last published before the date on which the article was sold or supplied, the description set out at the head of that monograph;
- (iii) in a case where the substance, constituent or ingredient is not such a poison and is not described as in sub-paragraph (ii), the accepted scientific name, or other name descriptive of the true nature, of the substance, constituent or ingredient;
- (b) “appropriate quantitative particulars”, in relation to the active constituents or the ingredients of a substance, means —
- (i) the approximate percentage of each of those constituents or ingredients contained in the substance or the approximate quantity of each of those constituents or ingredients contained in the article sold or supplied; or
- (ii) in a case where that article consists of or comprises a number of separate portions of the substance, either the approximate percentage or quantity aforesaid, or the approximate quantity of each of the constituents or ingredients contained in each portion; and
- (c) “container” includes a wrapper.



(3) If any person sells or supplies an article in contravention of subsections (1) and (2), he shall, subject to the provisions of this Act, be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction —

- (a) in the case of a first conviction, to a fine not exceeding \$1,000; and
- (b) in the case of a subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding \$2,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to both.

(4) It shall be a defence for a person charged with selling such an article in contravention of subsection (1) to prove that the sale was effected at a shop, and that the article consisted wholly either —

- (a) of a substance produced by drying, crushing or comminuting (but not subjecting to any other process) a plant or plants or any part thereof, or of a mixture the sole ingredients whereof are two or more such substances, or of a mixture the sole ingredients whereof are one or more of such substances and water; or
- (b) of a natural mineral water, or an artificial imitation thereof.

### **Jurisdiction**

**8.** Notwithstanding anything in the Criminal Procedure Code [Cap. 68], a District Court or a Magistrate's Court may try any offence under this Act and may impose the full penalties prescribed by this Act.

### **Exemption**

**9.** The Minister may by order exempt any advertisement or class of advertisements from section 4 or 5.

## **THE SCHEDULE**

Sections 3(1) and 6(2)

### **DISEASES AND CONDITIONS**

1. Blindness
2. Cancer

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

3. Cataract
4. Drug addiction
5. Deafness
6. Diabetes
7. Epilepsy or fits
8. Hypertension
9. Insanity
10. Kidney diseases
11. Leprosy
12. Menstrual disorders
13. Paralysis
14. Tuberculosis
15. Sexual function
16. Infertility
17. Impotency
18. Frigidity
19. Conception and pregnancy.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY  
MEDICINES (ADVERTISEMENT AND SALE) ACT\*  
(CHAPTER 177)

This Legislative History is provided for the convenience of users of the Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Act. It is not part of the Act.

**1. Ordinance 19 of 1955 — Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Ordinance 1955**

Date of commencement : 26 June 1956

**2. Act 31 of 1968 — Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) (Amendment) Act 1968**

Date of commencement : 13 December 1968

**3. G. N. No. S 89/1969 — Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Notification 1969**

Date of commencement : 11 April 1969

**4. 1970 Revised Edition — Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Act (Chapter 161)**

Date of operation : 31 May 1971

**5. 1985 Revised Edition — Medicines (Advertisement and Sale) Act**

Date of operation : 30 March 1987

**6. Act 9 of 1999 — Environmental Pollution Control Act 1999**  
(Consequential amendments made to Act by)

Date of First Reading : 20 January 1999  
(Bill No. 2/1999 published on  
21 January 1999)

Date of Second and Third Readings : 11 February 1999

Date of commencement : 1 April 1999

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\*This Act is to be repealed on the coming into operation of section 76(1) of the Medicines Act (Cap. 176).