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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE BILLS SUPPLEMENT

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Constitution of the Republic of Singapore (Amendment) Bill

Bill No. 29/2021.

Read the first time on 4 October 2021.

A BILL

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An Act to amend the Constitution of the Republic of Singapore.

Be it enacted by the President with the advice and consent of the Parliament of Singapore, as follows:

Short title and commencement

1. This Act is the Constitution of the Republic of Singapore (Amendment) Act 2021 and comes into operation on a date that the President appoints by notification in the *Gazette*.

5 Amendment of Article 2

2. Article 2(1) of the Constitution of the Republic of Singapore (called in this Act the Constitution) is amended by inserting, immediately after the definition of "high judicial office", the following definition:

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""Judicial Service Commission" means the Judicial Service Commission constituted under this Constitution;".

Amendment of Article 22

3. Article 22(1) of the Constitution is amended by deleting paragraph (*fa*) and substituting the following paragraphs:

- "(*fa*) a member of the Judicial Service Commission (other than the President and the Vice-President of that Commission) and a member of a personnel board established under Article 1111;
 - (*fb*) a member of the Legal Service Commission (other than the President and the Vice-President of that Commission) and a member of a personnel board established under Article 111Q;".

Repeal and re-enactment of Article 96

4. Article 96 of the Constitution is repealed and the following Article substituted therefor:

"Qualifications of Supreme Court Judges

96. A person is qualified for appointment as a Supreme Court Judge if the person has for an aggregate period of 10 or more years been one or more of the following:

(*a*) a qualified person within the meaning of section 2 of the Legal Profession Act;

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- (b) an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service;
- (c) an officer in the Singapore Legal Service.".

New Chapter 1 heading of Part IX

5. The Constitution is amended by inserting, immediately above Article 102, the following Chapter heading:

"Chapter 1 — General provisions".

Amendment of Article 102

- 6. Article 102 of the Constitution is amended
 - (*a*) by inserting, immediately after paragraph (*b*) of clause (1), the following paragraph:

"(ba) the Singapore Judicial Service;"; and

(b) by deleting clause (2).

Repeal and re-enactment of Article 103

7. Article 103 of the Constitution is repealed and the following Article substituted therefor:

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"Interpretation of this Part

103.—(1) Subject to clause (2), in this Part, unless the context otherwise requires —

"appointed member" means —

- (a) in Chapter 3 a member of the Judicial
 Service Commission appointed under
 Article 111B(2)(c); and
- (b) in Chapter 4 a member of the Legal Service Commission appointed under Article 111J(2)(c);

"award" means any pension, gratuity or other similar allowance;

"Commission" means —

(a) in Chapter 2 — the Public Service Commission;

	(b) in Chapter 3 — the Judicial Service Commission;
	(c) in Chapter 4 — the Legal Service Commission; and
5	(d) in Chapter 5 — the Public Service Commission, the Judicial Service Commission or the Legal Service Commission;
	"public office" does not include the following offices, and "public officer" has a corresponding meaning:
10	(a) any high judicial office;
	(b) the office of Attorney-General or Deputy Attorney-General;
15	(c) the office of member of the Public Service Commission, the Judicial Service Commission or the Legal Service Commission;
	(<i>d</i>) the office of any police officer below the rank of Inspector;
	(e) any office the remuneration of the holder of which is calculated on a daily rate;
20	"public service" does not include service otherwise than in a civil capacity.
	(2) The definitions of "public office", "public officer" and "public service" in clause (1) do not apply for the purposes of Articles 112, 114 and 115.".
25 A	Amendment of Article 104

8. Article 104 of the Constitution is amended —

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(*a*) by renumbering the Article as clause (1) of that Article, and by inserting immediately thereafter the following clauses:

"(2) Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Constitution, the qualifications for appointments and conditions of service of persons in the public services

may be regulated by law and, subject to the provisions of any such law, by the President.

(3) The promotion of public officers is to be based on official qualifications, experience and merit.

(4) A public officer must not be dismissed or reduced in rank under this Part without being given a reasonable opportunity to be heard.

(5) Subject to Article 110D, an officer in any of the services mentioned in Article 102(1)(b), (ba), (c) and (d) must not be dismissed or reduced in rank by an authority subordinate to that which, at the time of the dismissal or reduction, has power to appoint an officer of that service of equal rank."; and

(b) by deleting the Article heading and substituting the following Article heading:

"Provisions about public service".

New Chapter 2 heading of Part IX

9. The Constitution is amended by inserting, immediately above Article 105, the following Chapter heading:

"Chapter 2 — The Public Service Commission".

Amendment of Article 108

10. Article 108(2) of the Constitution is amended by deleting the words "prescribed by the President" in paragraph (*b*) and substituting the words "determined by the President".

Amendment of Article 110

11. Article 110 of the Constitution is amended —

- (a) by inserting, immediately after the words "public officers" in clause (1), the words "(but not officers in the Singapore Judicial Service or the Singapore Legal Service)";
- (b) by deleting clauses (2), (3) and (4); and

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(c) by deleting the Article heading and substituting the following Article heading:

"Functions".

Amendment of Article 110D

⁵ **12.** Article 110D of the Constitution is amended —

- (a) by deleting the words "Article 110(1) and (4)" in clause (3)(a) and substituting the words "Articles 104(5) and 110(1)"; and
- (b) by deleting the words "these Commissions" in clause (8) and substituting the words "the Commission".

Repeal of Articles 111 and 111AA

13. Articles 111 and 111AA of the Constitution are repealed.

New Chapters 3 and 4 of Part IX

14. The Constitution is amended by inserting, immediately afterArticle 111A, the following Chapters:

"Chapter 3 — The Judicial Service Commission

Judicial Service Commission

111B.—(1) A Judicial Service Commission is established.

- (2) The Commission consists of
 - (a) the Chief Justice (as President);
 - (b) the Chairman of the Public Service Commission (as Vice-President); and
 - (c) the following other members:
 - (i) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Chief Justice;
 - (ii) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Chairman of the Public Service Commission;

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- (iii) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister.
- (3) For the purposes of clause (2)(c)
 - (a) the President may, acting in the President's discretion, refuse to make an appointment if the President does not concur with the advice tendered; and

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- (b) the President must not appoint 2 members under clause (2)(c)(i), (ii) or (iii) unless at least one of them has for an aggregate period of 10 or more years been one or more of the following:
 - (i) a qualified person within the meaning of section 2(1) of the Legal Profession Act;
 - (ii) an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service;
 - (iii) an officer in the Singapore Legal Service.

(4) Before assuming the duties of his or her office, an ¹⁵ appointed member must take and subscribe before a Supreme Court Judge the appropriate Oath for the due execution of his or her office in the form set out in the First Schedule.

Disqualification for appointment to Commission

111C. A person must not be appointed as a member under 20 Article 111B(2)(*c*) if the person is, and ceases to be an appointed member if the person becomes —

- (*a*) a public officer;
- (b) an employee of any corporation incorporated by or under the provisions of any law for the time being in force in Singapore other than the Companies Act or any corresponding previous written law;
- (c) a Member of Parliament or a duly nominated candidate for election as such Member;
- (*d*) a member of any trade union or of any body or ³⁰ association affiliated to a trade union; or
- (e) the holder of any office in any political association.

Tenure of office of appointed members

111D.—(1) Subject to this Article and Article 111C, an appointed member —

- (*a*) is to hold office for the period (which must not be shorter than 3 years or longer than 5 years) specified by the President in appointing the appointed member; and
- (b) is eligible for reappointment.

(2) An appointed member may at any time resign his or her office by writing under his or her hand addressed to the President.

(3) If the Prime Minister, or the President of the Commission after consulting the Prime Minister, represents to the President that an appointed member ought to be removed from office for —

- (a) inability to discharge the functions of the appointed member's office; or
- (b) misbehaviour,

the President must —

- (c) refer that representation to a tribunal consisting of 2 Supreme Court Judges nominated for that purpose by the Chief Justice, if the President, acting in the President's discretion, concurs with that representation; and
- (d) remove the appointed member from office by writing under the President's hand if the tribunal so recommends.

Terms of service of appointed members, etc.

111E.—(1) An appointed member is to be paid allowances as may, from time to time, be determined, and those allowances are charged on the Consolidated Fund.

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(2) Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the terms of service of an appointed member are —

- (*a*) to be prescribed in regulations made by the President and published in the *Gazette*; or
- (*b*) to be determined by the President insofar as they are 5 not determined by or under any such law.

(3) The terms of service of an appointed member must not be altered to his or her disadvantage during his or her continuance in office.

(4) For the purposes of clause (3), insofar as the terms of ¹⁰ service of an appointed member depend upon his or her option, any terms that he or she opts for is taken to be more advantageous to him or her than any for which he or she might have opted.

Functions

111F.—(1) Subject to clause (2), the Commission —

- (a) has jurisdiction over all officers in the Singapore Judicial Service; and
- (b) has the following functions and powers in relation to those officers:
 - (i) appointment;
 - (ii) confirmation;
 - (iii) emplacement on the permanent establishment;
 - (iv) promotion;
 - (v) transfer;
 - (vi) disciplinary control;
 - (vii) dismissal.

(2) The Commission and the Legal Service Commission may jointly make regulations to —

(a) prescribe one or more posts; and

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- (b) provide, in relation to officers in the Singapore Judicial Service holding a prescribed post, that all or any aspect of the Commission's functions and powers in relation to those officers are to be exercised by the Legal Service Commission instead of the Commission.

Procedure

111G. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Commission may regulate its own procedure and make rules for that purpose.

Secretary to Commission

111H.—(1) There is to be a Secretary to the Commission, who —

- (a) must be a person who is a public officer; and
- (b) is to be appointed by the President in accordance with the advice of the Commission.

(2) Subject to any instructions by the President of the Commission, the Secretary to the Commission is responsible for —

- (*a*) arranging the business for, and keeping the minutes of, the meetings of the Commission; and
- (b) conveying the decisions of the Commission to the appropriate person or authority.

(3) The President of the Commission may, from time to time, direct the Secretary to the Commission to perform any other function.

Personnel boards

111I.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Article, the Commission may make regulations to —

(*a*) establish one or more personnel boards (including specifying the procedure to be followed by a personnel board); and

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(b) delegate all or any of its functions and powers to a personnel board, whether with or without conditions,

and a personnel board so established may exercise the delegated functions and powers under the direction and control of the Commission.

(2) The Commission must not delegate —

- (*a*) any of its functions or powers relating to disciplinary control or dismissal;
- (b) any of its functions or powers relating to officers in the Singapore Judicial Service of or above the threshold grade (including the power to appoint or promote an officer to that grade); and
- (c) any function or power in relation to officers in the Singapore Legal Service holding a post prescribed by regulations made under Article 111N(2), if that ¹⁵ function or power could not have been delegated by the Legal Service Commission under Article 111Q.
- (3) For the purposes of clause (2)(b)
 - (a) the President may, on the advice of the Prime Minister and by notification in the *Gazette*, designate a ²⁰ threshold grade in the Singapore Judicial Service; and
 - (b) the Prime Minister must consult the President of the Commission before advising the President under paragraph (a).

(4) A personnel board must consist of at least 3 members.

(5) A member of a personnel board is to be appointed by the President if the President, acting in the President's discretion, concurs with the advice of the Commission.

(6) Only the following persons may be appointed as members of a personnel board:

- (a) a member of the Commission;
- (b) a Supreme Court Judge, a Judicial Commissioner or a Senior Judge;

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(c) an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service.

Chapter 4 — The Legal Service Commission

Legal Service Commission

111J.—(1) A Legal Service Commission is established.

- (2) The Commission consists of
 - (a) the Attorney-General (as President);
 - (b) the Chairman of the Public Service Commission (as Vice-President); and
 - (c) the following other members:
 - (i) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Attorney-General;
 - (ii) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Chairman of the Public Service Commission;
 - (iii) up to 2 members appointed by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister.
 - (3) For the purposes of clause (2)(c)
 - (*a*) the President may, acting in the President's discretion, refuse to make an appointment if the President does not concur with the advice tendered; and
 - (b) the President must not appoint 2 members under clause (2)(c)(i), (ii) or (iii) unless at least one of them has for an aggregate period of 10 or more years been one or more of the following:
 - (i) a qualified person within the meaning of section 2(1) of the Legal Profession Act;
 - (ii) an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service;
 - (iii) an officer in the Singapore Legal Service.

(4) Before assuming the duties of his or her office, an appointed member must take and subscribe before a Supreme

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Court Judge the appropriate Oath for the due execution of his or her office in the form set out in the First Schedule.

Disqualification for appointment to Commission

111K. A person must not be appointed as a member under Article 111J(2)(c) if the person is, and ceases to be an appointed 5 member if the person becomes —

- (a) a public officer;
- (b) an employee of any corporation incorporated by or under the provisions of any law for the time being in force in Singapore other than the Companies Act or any corresponding previous written law;
- (c) a Member of Parliament or a duly nominated candidate for election as such Member;
- (*d*) a member of any trade union or of any body or association affiliated to a trade union; or
- (e) the holder of any office in any political association.

Tenure of office of appointed members

111L.—(1) Subject to this Article and Article 111K, an appointed member —

- (a) is to hold office for the period (which must not be shorter than 3 years or longer than 5 years) specified by the President in appointing the appointed member; and
- (b) is eligible for reappointment.

(2) An appointed member may at any time resign his or her ²⁵ office by writing under his or her hand addressed to the President.

(3) If the Prime Minister, or the President of the Commission after consulting the Prime Minister, represents to the President that an appointed member ought to be removed from office for —

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(*a*) inability to discharge the functions of the appointed member's office; or

(b) misbehaviour,

the President must —

- (c) refer that representation to a tribunal consisting of 2 Supreme Court Judges nominated for that purpose by the Chief Justice, if the President, acting in the President's discretion, concurs with that representation; and
- (d) remove the appointed member from office by writing under the President's hand if the tribunal so recommends.

Terms of service of appointed members, etc.

111M.—(1) An appointed member is to be paid allowances as may, from time to time, be determined, and those allowances are charged on the Consolidated Fund.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the terms of service of an appointed member are —

- (*a*) to be prescribed in regulations made by the President and published in the *Gazette*; or
- (b) to be determined by the President insofar as they are not determined by or under any such law.

(3) The terms of service of an appointed member must not be altered to his or her disadvantage during his or her continuance in office.

(4) For the purposes of clause (3), insofar as the terms of service of an appointed member depend upon his or her option, any terms that he or she opts for is taken to be more advantageous to him or her than any for which he or she might have opted.

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Functions

111N.—(1) Subject to clause (2), the Commission —

- (a) has jurisdiction over all officers in the Singapore Legal Service; and
- (b) has the following functions and powers in relation to 5 those officers:
 - (i) appointment;
 - (ii) confirmation;
 - (iii) emplacement on the permanent establishment;
 - (iv) promotion;
 - (v) transfer;
 - (vi) disciplinary control;
 - (vii) dismissal.

(2) The Commission and the Judicial Service Commission may jointly make regulations to —

- (a) prescribe one or more posts; and
- (b) provide, in relation to officers in the Singapore Legal Service holding a prescribed post, that all or any aspect of the Commission's functions and powers in relation to those officers are to be exercised by the Judicial Service Commission instead of the Commission.

Procedure

1110. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Commission may regulate its own procedure and make rules for ²⁵ that purpose.

Secretary to Commission

111P.—(1) There is to be a Secretary to the Commission, who —

(a) must be a person who is a public officer; and

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(b) is to be appointed by the President in accordance with the advice of the Commission.

(2) Subject to any instructions by the President of the Commission, the Secretary to the Commission is responsible for —

- (*a*) arranging the business for, and keeping the minutes of, the meetings of the Commission; and
- (b) conveying the decisions of the Commission to the appropriate person or authority.

(3) The President of the Commission may, from time to time, direct the Secretary to the Commission to perform any other function.

Personnel boards

111Q.—(1) Subject to the provisions of this Article, the Commission may make regulations to —

- (*a*) establish one or more personnel boards (including specifying the procedure to be followed by a personnel board); and
- (b) delegate all or any of its functions and powers to a personnel board, whether with or without conditions,

and a personnel board so established may exercise the delegated functions and powers under the direction and control of the Commission.

- (2) The Commission must not delegate
 - (*a*) any of its functions or powers relating to disciplinary control or dismissal;
 - (b) any of its functions or powers relating to officers in the Singapore Legal Service of or above the threshold grade (including the power to appoint or promote an officer to that grade); and
 - (c) any function or power in relation to officers in the Singapore Judicial Service holding a post prescribed

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by regulations made under Article 111F(2), if that function or power could not have been delegated by the Judicial Service Commission under Article 111I.

- (3) For the purposes of clause (2)(b)
 - (*a*) the President may, on the advice of the Prime Minister and by notification in the *Gazette*, designate a threshold grade in the Singapore Legal Service; and
 - (b) the Prime Minister must consult the President of the Commission before advising the President under paragraph (a).

(4) A personnel board must consist of at least 3 members.

(5) A member of a personnel board is to be appointed by the President if the President, acting in the President's discretion, concurs with the advice of the Commission.

(6) Only the following persons may be appointed as members ¹⁵ of a personnel board:

- (a) a member of the Commission;
- (b) a Deputy Attorney-General;
- (c) an officer in the Singapore Legal Service.".

New Chapter 5 heading of Part IX

15. The Constitution is amended by inserting, immediately above Article 112, the following Chapter heading:

"Chapter 5 — Supplementary Provisions".

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Amendment of Article 112

16. Article 112(1) of the Constitution is amended by deleting the words "any pension, gratuity or other like allowance (referred to in this Article as an award)" and substituting the words "any award".

Amendment of Article 113 5

17. Article 113 of the Constitution is amended —

- (a) by deleting the words "the Public Service Commission or the Legal Service Commission, as the case may be," in clauses (1) and (2) and substituting in each case the words "the relevant Commission";
- (b) by deleting clause (3); and
- (c) by deleting the words "Public Service Commission and Legal Service Commission" in the Article heading and substituting the word "Commissions".

15 Amendment of Article 114

18. Article 114 of the Constitution is amended —

- (a) by deleting the words "pensions, gratuities and other like allowances" in clause (1) and substituting the word "awards"; and
- (b) by deleting the words "any pension, gratuity or other like allowance" in clause (2) and substituting the words "any award".

Amendment of Article 115

19. Article 115(1) of the Constitution is amended by deleting the words "any pension, gratuity or other like allowance" and substituting the words "any award".

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Repeal and re-enactment of Article 119

20. Article 119 of the Constitution is repealed and the following Article substituted therefor:

"Annual reports

119. A Commission must make an annual report on its ⁵ activities to the President and a copy of every annual report must be presented to Parliament.".

Amendment of Article 142

21. Article 142(4) of the Constitution is amended by deleting the words "Government Securities Act (Cap. 121A) and the Local ¹⁰ Treasury Bills Act (Cap. 167)" in paragraph (i) of the definition of "relevant assets" and substituting the words "Government Securities (Debt Market and Investment) Act 1992".

Amendment of Article 144

22. Article 144(3) of the Constitution is amended by deleting 15 paragraph (*d*).

Amendment of Article 148F

23. Article 148F of the Constitution is amended by deleting clause (3) and substituting the following clause:

"(3) It is the duty of the Auditor-General to audit and report on 20 the accounts of —

- (a) all departments and offices of the Government;
- (b) Parliament;
- (c) the Supreme Court and all subordinate courts; and
- (*d*) the Public Service Commission, the Judicial Service ²⁵ Commission and the Legal Service Commission.".

Amendment of First Schedule

24. Item 5 of the First Schedule to the Constitution is deleted and the following item substituted therefor:

"5. Oath for due execution of Office of Chairman or other Member of Public Service Commission, or Appointed Member of Judicial Service Commission or Legal Service Commission

I,, having been appointed to be *the Chairman/a Member of the *Public Service Commission/Judicial Service Commission/Legal Service Commission do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will freely and without fear or favour, affection or ill will, give my counsel and advice in connection with all matters that may be referred to the *Public Service Commission/Judicial Service Commission/Legal Service Commission and that I will not, directly or indirectly, reveal any such matters to any unauthorised person or otherwise than in the course of duty.

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*Delete where inapplicable.".

Miscellaneous amendment

25. The Constitution is amended by deleting the words "Public Service Commission" wherever they appear in the following provisions and substituting in each case the word "Commission":

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Article 105(3) to (8)

Article 106(1)

Article 107(1) and (2)

Article 108(1) to (4)

Article 109(1) and (2)

Article 110(1)

Article 110D(1), (2)(b), (3), (4), (7)(d) and (8)

Article 111A(2).
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Transitional provisions for existing officers

30 **26.**—(1) On the appointed date —

(a) a judicial branch officer becomes an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service under the same conditions of

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service as those applicable to the officer immediately before that date; and

(b) a legal branch officer continues to be an officer in the Singapore Legal Service under the same conditions of service as those applicable to the officer immediately before that date.

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- (2) In relation to a judicial branch officer
 - (*a*) any proceeding or matter (whether disciplinary or otherwise) pending before the existing Commission or an existing personnel board immediately before the appointed date may, from that date, be continued and disposed of by the Judicial Service Commission; and
 - (b) any decision of an existing personnel board may be appealed to the Judicial Service Commission within the time and in the manner prescribed under Article 111AA(5)
 15 of the Constitution in force immediately before the appointed date.

(3) The functions of the Judicial Service Commission in subsection (2)(a) may be delegated in accordance with Article 1111 of the Constitution as inserted by section 14.

(4) In relation to a legal branch officer —

- (*a*) any proceeding or matter (whether disciplinary or otherwise) pending before the existing Commission or an existing personnel board immediately before the appointed date may, from that date, be continued and disposed of by the reconstituted Legal Service Commission; and
- (b) any decision of an existing personnel board may be appealed to the reconstituted Legal Service Commission within the time and in the manner prescribed under Article 111AA(5) of the Constitution in force immediately before the appointed date.

(5) The functions of the reconstituted Legal Service Commission in subsection (4)(a) may be delegated in accordance with Article 111Q of the Constitution as inserted by section 14.

- (6) In this section
 - "appointed date" means the date of commencement of the provisions of this Act (except sections 21 and 22);
 - "existing Commission" means the Legal Service Commission constituted under Article 111 of the Constitution in force immediately before the appointed date;
 - "existing officer" means a person who is an officer of the Singapore Legal Service immediately before the appointed date;
- "existing personnel board" means a personnel board constituted under Article 111AA of the Constitution in force immediately before the appointed date;
 - "judicial branch officer" means an existing officer who is holding a post in the Supreme Court or a subordinate court immediately before the appointed date;
 - "Judicial Service Commission" means the Judicial Service Commission constituted under Article 111B of the Constitution as inserted by section 14;
 - "legal branch officer" means an existing officer who is not holding a post in the Supreme Court or a subordinate court immediately before the appointed date;
 - "reconstituted Legal Service Commission" means the Legal Service Commission constituted under Article 111J of the Constitution as inserted by section 14.

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EXPLANATORY STATEMENT

This Bill seeks to amend the Constitution of the Republic of Singapore for the following purposes:

- (a) to restructure the Singapore Legal Service;
- (b) to make consequential amendments because of the Government Borrowing (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill.

Clause 1 relates to the short title and commencement.

PART 1

RESTRUCTURING OF SINGAPORE LEGAL SERVICE

Clauses 2 to 20, 23, 24 and 25 relate to the restructuring of the Singapore Legal Service.

Clause 6(a) amends Article 102(1) to establish a Singapore Judicial Service. Clause 26(1)(a) provides that existing officers in the Singapore Legal Service who are holding posts in the Supreme Court or a subordinate court will become officers in the Singapore Judicial Service.

Clause 14 inserts new Articles 111B to 111Q to establish a Judicial Service Commission and to reconstitute the Legal Service Commission. The key provisions are as follows:

- (a) the Chief Justice and the Chairman of the Public Service Commission will respectively be the President and the Vice-President of the Judicial Service Commission. In addition, the Chief Justice, the Chairman of the Public Service Commission and the Prime Minister may each advise the President to appoint up to 2 members. The President may refuse to make an appointment if the President does not concur with the advice tendered (see the new Article 111B; see also the amendment to Article 22(1) made by clause 3);
- (b) the Attorney-General and the Chairman of the Public Service Commission will respectively be the President and the Vice-President of the reconstituted Legal Service Commission. In addition, the Attorney-General, the Chairman of the Public Service Commission and the Prime Minister may each advise the President to appoint up to 2 members. The President may refuse to make an appointment if the President does not concur with the advice tendered (see the new Article 111J; see also the amendment to Article 22(1) made by clause 3);
- (c) the Judicial Service Commission has jurisdiction over all officers in the Singapore Judicial Service. The reconstituted Legal Service

Commission has jurisdiction over all officers in the Singapore Legal Service (see the new Articles 111F(1)(a) and 111N(1)(a));

- (d) the 2 Commissions may jointly make regulations prescribing one or more posts and providing for one Commission to exercise functions and powers over officers within the jurisdiction of the other Commission if those officers hold a prescribed post (see the new Articles 111F(2) and 111N(2));
- (e) the 2 Commissions may delegate their functions and powers to personnel boards, subject to certain restrictions. Matters relating to disciplinary control or dismissal, or to officers of or above the threshold grade designated by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister, may not be delegated. A member of a personnel board of the Singapore Judicial Service must be a member of the Judicial Service Commission, a Supreme Court Judge, a Judicial Commissioner, a Senior Judge or an officer in the Singapore Judicial Service. A member of a personnel board of the Singapore Legal Service must be a member of the reconstituted Legal Service Commission, a Deputy Attorney-General or an officer in the Singapore Legal Service. Appointments to a personnel board are to be made by the President if the President concurs with the advice tendered by the relevant Commission (see the new Articles 1111 and 111Q; see also the amendment to Article 22(1) made by clause 3).

Clause 26 contains transitional provisions. Existing officers in the Singapore Legal Service will be allocated based on the posts they are holding. Existing officers holding posts in the Supreme Court or a subordinate court will become officers in the Singapore Judicial Service. All other existing officers will remain in the Singapore Legal Service. Pending proceedings relating to existing officers may be continued and disposed of by the Commission for the Service they are allocated to. Existing conditions of service are preserved.

The remaining clauses make related, miscellaneous and consequential amendments.

PART 2

GOVERNMENT BORROWINGS

Clause 21 contains an amendment to the cross-reference in Article 142(4) to the Government Securities Act and the Local Treasury Bills Act. This is because the Government Borrowing (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill will repeal the Local Treasury Bills Act and transfer the borrowing powers in the Local Treasury Bills Act to the Government Securities Act, and rename the latter Act as the Government Securities (Debt Market and Investment) Act 1992. As the Government Borrowing (Miscellaneous Amendments) Bill also seeks to repeal the External Loans Act and the Treasury Deposit Receipts Act, clause 22 contains an amendment to delete the reference to the External Loans Act presently in Article 144(3)(d).

EXPENDITURE OF PUBLIC MONEY

This Bill will involve the Government in extra financial expenditure, the exact amount of which cannot at present be ascertained.
