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INFECTIOUS DISEASES ACT
(CHAPTER 137)

INFECTIOUS DISEASES
(MASS GATHERING TESTING FOR
CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019)
REGULATIONS 2021

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In exercise of the powers conferred by section 73(1) of the Infectious Diseases Act, the Minister for Health makes the following Regulations:

PART 1

PRELIMINARY

Citation and commencement

1. These Regulations are the Infectious Diseases (Mass Gathering Testing for Coronavirus Disease 2019) Regulations 2021 and come into operation on 24 April 2021.

General definitions

2.—(1) In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires —

“approved test” means any of the following tests carried out in Singapore in relation to an individual, the purpose of which is to test for the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual:

- (a) a polymerase chain reaction test;
- (b) an antigen rapid test;

“approved test provider” means a person —

- (a) who has an approval under the Infectious Diseases (Antigen Rapid Test Providers) Regulations 2021 (G.N. No. S 267/2021) to provide, in the course of business at any premises in Singapore, a service involving the carrying on of any approved test for hire or reward; or
- (b) to whom a licence is issued under the Private Hospitals and Medical Clinics Act (Cap. 248) to

carry on any approved test for hire or reward at any premises in Singapore;

“approved vaccine” means a vaccine described in the First Schedule;

“atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2”, for an individual who undergoes an approved test or tests, means a determination by or under the authority of the Director, or by a legally qualified medical practitioner in Singapore, that the individual is neither —

- (a) actively infected with a COVID-19 infection; nor
- (b) a carrier of COVID-19,

despite a report by the approved test provider carrying out the approved test or tests that the individual tests positive for SARS-CoV-2;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“building” includes part of a building;

“celebrant”, in relation to a marriage, has the meaning given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“cleared status” means —

- (a) a cleared status (general) that is current; or
- (b) a cleared status (limited) that is current;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“cleared status certificate” means a certificate granted by the Director under regulation 6(2), (3), (4) or (5) or 7(2) certifying that the individual specified in the certificate has a cleared status according to that regulation;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“cleared status (general)” and “cleared status (limited)” have the respective meanings given by regulations 6 and 7;

“Control Order” means any of the following:

- (a) the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Control Order) Regulations 2020 (G.N. No. S 254/2020);

- (b) the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Performances and Other Activities — Control Order) Regulations 2020 (G.N. No. S 927/2020);
- (c) the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Sporting Events and Activities — Control Order) Regulations 2021 (G.N. No. S 277/2021);
- (d) the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Major Business Events — Control Order) Regulations 2021 (G.N. No. S 278/2021);
- (e) the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Religious Gatherings — Control Order) Regulations 2021 (G.N. No. S 509/2021);

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“current”, for any cleared status, has the meaning given by regulation 8A;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“digital cleared status certificate” means a cleared status certificate granted in a digital form described in regulation 4(1);

“employee”, in relation to a person, includes a volunteer who does work for the person with the knowledge or consent of that person;

“enhanced entry control” means a requirement in any of the Control Orders requiring procedures and protocols to ensure that any individual, without a cleared status, does not enter or remain within a restricted place during a restricted period;

“entrant”, in relation to a restricted place, means an individual who is about to enter or is in the restricted place, regardless of age;

[Deleted by S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

“nuptial event” means —

- (a) a solemnization of a marriage; or
- (b) a wedding;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“occupier”, for a restricted place, has the meaning given by regulation 3;

“reasonable excuse”, in relation to a person doing or omitting to do any act in contravention of any provision in these Regulations that constitutes an offence, includes doing or omitting to do, in good faith and for the purpose of the person complying with or giving effect to —

- (a) any other written law; or
- (b) any order or requirement of —
 - (i) the Government or a public body; or
 - (ii) an individual acting under the authority or direction of the Government or a public body, given in the performance of any function, the exercise of any power or the discharge of any duty of the Government or public body (as the case may be) under law;

“recognised medical practitioner”, for any provision of these Regulations, means a legally qualified medical practitioner in Singapore approved by the Director for the purposes of that provision in these Regulations;

“recognised vaccination provider”, in relation to an approved vaccine, means an individual or a body approved by or accredited with the Government, in relation to the approved vaccine, to administer it for the purposes of these Regulations;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“recovered individual” means an individual who —

- (a) tests positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing (whether before, on or after 24 April 2021) any of the following:
 - (i) a polymerase chain reaction test in Singapore;
 - (ii) a polymerase chain reaction test outside Singapore, and a subsequent serology test in

Singapore that is not attributable to the administration of any vaccine against a COVID-19 infection;

(iii) a serology test in Singapore that is not attributable to the administration of any vaccine against a COVID-19 infection, without having tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test in Singapore;

(b) is diagnosed (whether before, on or after 24 April 2021) as having had a COVID-19 infection; and

(c) is not actively infected with a COVID-19 infection;

“relevant sampling activity” means removing a respiratory specimen from the lining of the oral or nasal passages of an individual where that is being done for the purpose of testing the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual;

“respiratory specimen” includes human biological tissue, saliva or mucus;

“restricted period”, for a restricted place, means the period specified in Part 1 of the Second Schedule opposite the restricted place;

“restricted place” means any place specified or described in Part 1 of the Second Schedule except any premises if also a place of residence;

“solemnization of a marriage” means a ceremony at which a single marriage is solemnized according to proceedings prescribed by written law and without virtual participation, except that where —

(a) those proceedings take place concurrently with or in a manner indistinguishable from an organised gathering made in connection with the celebration of a marriage; or

(b) those proceedings at any premises are followed immediately or without a break by an organised

gathering made in connection with the celebration of the marriage at the same premises (whether or not in the same room or place),

the gathering of individuals at the proceedings in paragraph (a) or (b) must be treated instead as a wedding for the purposes of these Regulations;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“sporting activity” and “sporting event” have the respective meanings given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

“suspended status interval” has the meaning given by regulation 8A(4);

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“uncleared junior” means a child who is below 13 years of age and without a cleared status;

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“vaccinated”, in relation to an approved vaccine, means vaccinated against a COVID-19 infection by a recognised vaccination provider using (whether before, on or after 10 August 2021) the approved vaccine in the way described in the First Schedule;

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

“wedding” means an organised gathering of individuals in connection with the celebration of a single marriage, being a marriage in respect of which no organised gathering has earlier taken place in connection with the celebration of that marriage.

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

[Deleted by S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual is treated as undergoing or having undergone an approved test where an approved test is applied to any respiratory specimen taken from the individual in the course of a relevant sampling activity.

(3) In reckoning a period for the purposes of these Regulations, days must be counted consecutively, whether or not a public holiday.

Meaning of “occupier” of restricted place

3.—(1) Subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), a person is, for the purposes of these Regulations, an occupier of a restricted place during a restricted period if the person has —

- (a) the charge, management or control of the restricted place, either on the person’s own account or as agent of another person, during that period; or
- (b) the use temporarily or otherwise of the restricted place during that period.

(2) If different parts of a restricted place are occupied by different persons, then for the purposes of these Regulations, a person is an occupier of a part of the restricted place during a restricted period if the person has —

- (a) the charge, management or control of that part of the restricted place, either on the person’s own account or as agent of another person, during that period; or
- (b) the use temporarily or otherwise of that part of the restricted place, during that period.

(3) If a restricted place or a part of a restricted place is used for a nuptial event relating to a marriage, then for the purposes of these Regulations, a person is an occupier of the restricted place or part of the restricted place when so used if the person is any person (whether or not for reward and whether jointly or otherwise) who procures for, or supplies to, any party to the marriage, the restricted place or the part of a restricted place and any goods and services for the celebration arrangements in connection with the holding of the nuptial event.

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

(4) However, a person is not an occupier of any restricted place or part of a restricted place by reason only of being a lodger of the restricted place or part thereof.

Digital certificates and automated decision making, etc.

4.—(1) To avoid doubt, a cleared status certificate may be granted under these Regulations in a digital form, consisting of evidence of the grant of the certificate (using information about the individual to whom the certificate relates) that is displayed on a mobile communication device or other electronic device.

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations, any decision, assessment or certification which may be made or granted by the Director under any provision in these Regulations may also be made or granted —

- (a) by a public officer or other individual acting under the authority of the Director; or
- (b) by a computer for whose operation the Director or a public officer mentioned in sub-paragraph (a) is responsible.

Exception for discharging public duties

5. These Regulations do not apply to prevent or restrict —

- (a) the Government or any public body doing or omitting to do anything in the performance of any function, the exercise of any power or the discharge of any duty of the Government or public body (as the case may be) under law; or
- (b) any individual acting under the authority or direction of the Government or any public body in the performance of any function, the exercise of any power or the discharge of any duty of the Government or public body (as the case may be) under law.

PART 2**CLEARED STATUS AND NEGATIVE RESULTS****Meaning of “cleared status (general)”**

6.—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual is treated as having a cleared status (general) only if he or she is and to

the extent certified by the Director under this regulation as having a cleared status (general).

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(2) Where the Director or a recognised medical practitioner is satisfied that an individual is a recovered individual, the Director or recognised medical practitioner (as the case may be) may grant a certificate stating that the individual has a cleared status (general) for a period —

- (a) for a recovered individual who was never vaccinated against a COVID-19 infection before he or she was diagnosed as having the COVID-19 infection —
 - (i) starting the date the recovered individual first tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test (whether before, on or after 24 April 2021); and
 - (ii) ending on (and including) the 270th day after the date in sub-paragraph (i); or

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

- (b) for a recovered individual who is diagnosed as having a COVID-19 infection after a certificate under this paragraph had been granted in respect of the individual, and who was never vaccinated against a COVID-19 infection, the period falling after the grant of the certificate —
 - (i) starting the date the recovered individual first tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test leading to the diagnosis of the individual having that infection; and
 - (ii) ending on (and including) the 270th day after the date in sub-paragraph (i).

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(3) Where the Director is satisfied that —

- (a) an individual is a recovered individual;

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- (b) the individual is vaccinated against a COVID-19 infection by the administration of any approved vaccine by a recognised vaccination provider; and
 - (c) 14 days or more have elapsed after the day the individual was so vaccinated,

the Director may grant a certificate stating that an individual has a cleared status (general) for a period that starts and ends as stated opposite the approved vaccine in the First Schedule.

(4) In addition, where the Director is satisfied that —

- (a) the individual (who is not a recovered individual) is vaccinated against a COVID-19 infection by the administration of any approved vaccine by a recognised vaccination provider; and
- (b) 14 days or more have elapsed after the day the individual was so vaccinated,

the Director may grant a certificate stating that an individual has a cleared status (general) for a period that starts and ends as stated opposite the approved vaccine in the First Schedule.

(5) Despite paragraph (2), (3) or (4), where an individual is diagnosed as having a COVID-19 infection, after he or she is —

- (a) vaccinated against the COVID-19 infection; and
- (b) granted a certificate under paragraph (3) or (4),

then the Director or a recognised medical practitioner may, where satisfied that the individual is a recovered individual after that infection or any later infection, grant a certificate stating that the individual has a cleared status (general) for the period —

- (c) starting the date the recovered individual first tested positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test leading to the diagnosis of the individual having the last infection he or she recovered from; and
- (d) ending on (and including) —
 - (i) the 270th day after the date in sub-paragraph (c); or

- (ii) the day the period referred to in and applicable to the individual under paragraph (3) or (4) would have ended if the individual had not been diagnosed as having a COVID-19 infection,

whichever day is later.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(6) The Director may cancel any certificate granted under this regulation stating that an individual has a cleared status (general) if —

- (a) before the end of the period specified in paragraph (2), or referred to in paragraph (3), (4) or (5), as the case may be, and applicable to the individual —
 - (i) the individual undergoes an approved test that is a polymerase chain reaction test; and
 - (ii) the individual’s test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual and that is not an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or
- (b) the Director is satisfied that it is the interest of the health and safety of the individual to do so.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(7) To avoid doubt, the period in paragraph (3), (4) or (5) may be a period before 24 April 2021.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

Meaning of “cleared status (limited)”

7.—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual is treated as having a cleared status (limited) only if he or she is and to the extent certified in accordance with this regulation as having a cleared status (limited).

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(2) Where the Director or a recognised medical practitioner is satisfied that an individual (who is not a recovered individual) —

- (a) has registered, in person, with an approved test provider to undergo any approved test or tests;
- (b) undergoes the approved test or tests; and

(c) has met one of the following conditions:

- (i) where the individual undergoes an approved test or tests that do not involve any polymerase chain reaction test — the individual's test result is negative for SARS-CoV-2 after undergoing a relevant sampling activity for the antigen rapid test, or the last antigen rapid test if there are more than one;
- (ii) where the individual undergoes an approved test or tests that involve one or more polymerase chain reaction tests — the individual's test result is negative for SARS-CoV-2 after undergoing a relevant sampling activity for the polymerase chain reaction test, or the last polymerase chain reaction test if there are more than one,

the Director or recognised medical practitioner (as the case may be) may grant a certificate stating that the individual has a cleared status (limited) —

- (d) starting the time the individual registered, in person, with the approved test provider to undergo the approved test the test result of which shows negative for SARS-CoV-2; and
- (e) ending 24 hours after the time in sub-paragraph (d).

(3) To avoid doubt, the period in paragraph (2) may be a period before 24 April 2021.

(4) The Director may cancel any certificate granted under this regulation stating that an individual has a cleared status (limited) if —

- (a) before the end of the period specified in and applicable to the individual under paragraph (2)(d) and (e) —
 - (i) the individual undergoes an approved test that is a polymerase chain reaction test; and
 - (ii) the individual's test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual and that is not an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or

- (b) the Director is satisfied that it is the interest of the health and safety of the individual to do so.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

What is negative test result

8.—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations, where an individual undergoes an approved test or tests consisting only of a polymerase chain reaction test or tests, the individual's test result is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2 only if —

- (a) the test result from the sole polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual or the individual's test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

- (b) the test result from the last polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual, after the individual undergoes further polymerase chain reaction tests and the test results of those tests are uncertain or invalid except the last, or the individual's last test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations, where an individual undergoes an approved test or tests consisting only of an antigen rapid test or tests, the individual's test result is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2 only if —

- (a) the antigen rapid test result from the sole antigen rapid test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual; or

- (b) the test result from the last antigen rapid test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual, after the individual undergoes not more than 2 antigen rapid tests and the test result of one of them is uncertain or invalid.

(3) For the purposes of these Regulations, where an individual undergoes a series of approved tests consisting of polymerase chain reaction tests and antigen rapid tests, the individual's test result is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2 only if —

(a) the test results of the first and second antigen rapid tests are each uncertain or invalid, another respiratory specimen from the individual is then subjected to a polymerase chain reaction test, and —

(i) the test result from that polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual or the individual's test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(ii) the test result from the last polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual, after the individual undergoes further polymerase chain reaction tests and the test results of those tests are uncertain or invalid except the last, or the individual's last test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(b) the test result of an antigen rapid test shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual, another respiratory specimen from the individual is then subjected to a polymerase chain reaction test, and —

(i) the test result from that polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual or the individual's test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2; or

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

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- (ii) the test result from the last polymerase chain reaction test the individual undergoes shows no presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual, after the individual undergoes further polymerase chain reaction tests and the test results of those tests are uncertain or invalid except the last, or the individual's last test result shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual but it is an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(4) Despite paragraphs (1), (2) and (3), a result of an antigen rapid test for the presence of SARS-CoV-2 applied to an individual's respiratory specimen must be disregarded for the purposes of these Regulations if —

- (a) the relevant sampling activity taking the respiratory specimen from the individual was not carried out in Singapore by or under the direction of an approved test provider; or
- (b) the approved test was not carried out by or under the direction of an approved test provider.

When is cleared status current

8A.—(1) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual who has a cleared status (general) because he or she is granted a certificate under regulation 6(2) does not have a cleared status (general) that is current —

- (a) after the end of the period specified in and applicable to the individual under regulation 6(2);
- (b) during any suspended status interval, even if that interval lies within the period specified in and applicable to the individual under regulation 6(2); or
- (c) after the certificate under regulation 6(2) is cancelled.

(2) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual who has a cleared status (general) because he or she is granted a certificate

under regulation 6(3), (4) or (5) does not have a cleared status (general) that is current —

- (a) after the end of the period referred to in and applicable to the individual under regulation 6(3), (4) or (5), as the case may be;
- (b) during any suspended status interval, even if that interval lies within the period referred to in and applicable to the individual under regulation 6(3), (4) or (5); or
- (c) after the cancellation of the certificate under regulation 6(3), (4) or (5), as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of these Regulations, an individual who has a cleared status (limited) because he or she is granted a certificate under regulation 7(2), does not have a cleared status (limited) that is current —

- (a) after the end of the period specified in and applicable to the individual under regulation 7(2);
- (b) during any suspended status interval where any part of that interval lies within the period referred to in and applicable to the individual under regulation 7(2); or
- (c) after the certificate under regulation 7(2) is cancelled.

(4) In this regulation, a suspended status interval for an individual granted a certificate under regulation 6(2), (3), (4) or (5) or 7(2), means any of the following periods falling after the grant of that certificate:

- (a) the period that he or she is subject to a movement control measure for any reason other than being actively infected with a COVID-19 infection or being a carrier of COVID-19;
- (b) the period —
 - (i) starting the time (not date) the individual first tests positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test; and

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- (ii) ending on (and including) the day those test results are determined to be an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2;
- (c) the period —
- (i) starting the time (not date) the individual first tests positive for SARS-CoV-2 upon undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test if that is determined not to be an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2;
 - (ii) continuing for the period of isolation under an order under section 15 of the Act given to the individual because of a COVID-19 infection ascertained from the test results in sub-paragraph (i); and
 - (iii) ending on (and including) the 7th day after the last day of the period of isolation mentioned in sub-paragraph (ii);
- (d) the period —
- (i) starting the time (not date) the individual undergoes any approved test that is an antigen rapid test (or the first of 2 such approved tests if there is more than one) carried out by an approved test provider where the test result of the antigen rapid test shows the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in that individual; and
 - (ii) ending the time (not date) the individual's test result after undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test, is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2 or an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2;
- (e) the period —
- (i) starting the time (not date) the individual undergoes any approved test that is an antigen rapid test (or the first of 2 such approved tests if there is more than one) carried out by an approved test provider where the test result of the antigen rapid test is uncertain or invalid; and

(ii) ending the time (not date) the individual's test result —

(A) after undergoing a second antigen rapid test, is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2; or

(B) after undergoing a polymerase chain reaction test, is treated as negative for SARS-CoV-2 or an atypical finding for SARS-CoV-2.

(5) For the purposes of paragraph (4), a movement control measure, in relation to an individual, means a requirement for the individual not to leave a place of accommodation because of —

(a) an order made under regulation 3(1) of the Infectious Diseases (COVID-19 — Stay Orders) Regulations 2020 (G.N. No. S 182/2020);

(b) regulation 3(2) of the Infectious Diseases (COVID-19 — Stay Orders) Regulations 2020; or

(c) an order under section 15 or 17 of the Act.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

PART 3

ENTERING AND REMAINING IN RESTRICTED PLACES

Individual entering or remaining in restricted place

9.—(1) Subject to regulation 13, an individual must not intentionally enter a restricted place during a restricted period of the restricted place if —

(a) the individual does not have a cleared status when entering;
and

(b) the individual —

(i) knows that he or she does not have a cleared status when entering the restricted place during that restricted period; or

- (ii) is reckless as to whether he or she has a cleared status when entering the restricted place during that restricted period.

(2) Subject to regulation 13, an individual must not intentionally remain in a restricted place at any time during a restricted period of the restricted place if —

(a) the individual —

- (i) knows that he or she stops having a cleared status while within the restricted place during that restricted period; or
- (ii) is reckless as to whether he or she continues having a cleared status while within the restricted place during that restricted period; and

(b) the individual stops having a cleared status while within the restricted place during that restricted period.

(2A) [*Deleted by S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021*]

(2B) [*Deleted by S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021*]

(3) An individual who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes paragraph (1) or (2) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to both.

[*S 310/2021 wef 08/05/2021*]

[*S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021*]

(4) Without limiting the meaning of “reasonable excuse” in regulation 2(1), a reasonable excuse for contravening this regulation includes entering or remaining in a restricted place during a restricted period of the restricted place in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) the individual did not know or could not reasonably have known that the place is a restricted place;
- (b) the entry or remaining in the restricted place during the restricted period was to comply with a direction given to the individual by or on behalf of a public officer or a public body in exercise of a power under any written law.

Entrant must show proof of cleared status, etc., when asked

10.—(1) Subject to regulation 13, an occupier of a restricted place or any contractor or employee of the occupier authorised for the purposes of this regulation may, before or during a restricted period of the restricted place, and only for the purpose of ensuring compliance with these Regulations, ask an entrant to the restricted place —

(a) to state the entrant’s name and his or her reason for being in, or about to enter, the restricted place during that restricted period;

(b) to state whether or not the entrant has a cleared status to enter or remain in the restricted place during that restricted period or is an uncleared junior; and

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(c) to provide evidence of the entrant’s cleared status for entering or remaining in the restricted place during that restricted period if the entrant is other than an uncleared junior.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(2) An entrant to a restricted place must not, when asked by the occupier of the restricted premises or any contractor or employee of the occupier authorised under paragraph (1), intentionally refuse —

(a) to state information asked for where that is within the knowledge of that entrant; or

(b) to provide evidence of the entrant’s cleared status for entering or remaining in the restricted place, where that is in the custody or under the control of the entrant.

(3) An individual to whom a digital cleared status certificate is granted who holds, or produces or carries a mobile communication device or other electronic device on which the certificate is displayed for the purpose of complying with a request under paragraph (1)(c) is taken to have provided evidence of the entrant’s cleared status.

(4) However, a digital cleared status certificate is not displayed for the purpose of complying with a request under paragraph (1)(c) by an occupier of a restricted place or any contractor or employee of the

occupier (called the gatekeeper) to provide evidence of the entrant's cleared status if —

- (a) the screen of the mobile communication device or other electronic device on which it is purportedly displayed is unable to be read by the gatekeeper to whom it is displayed due to cracking, dimming, dirt or any other fault, damage or obstruction;
- (b) the entrant fails or refuses to comply with a reasonable request by the gatekeeper to whom it is purported to be displayed to facilitate the reading, copying or scanning of the whole or any part of the digital cleared status certificate; or
- (c) the holder of the digital cleared status certificate refuses to comply with a reasonable direction to refresh the display of the digital cleared status certificate.

(5) To avoid doubt, an individual who displays or purports to display a digital cleared status certificate is not required to give or hand over, to a gatekeeper who is requiring the digital cleared status certificate to be produced, the mobile communication device or other electronic device on which the digital cleared status certificate is displayed or purported to be displayed.

(6) An individual who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes paragraph (2) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$5,000 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 6 months or to both.

Signage requirement for restricted place

11.—(1) An occupier of a restricted place must take all reasonably practicable steps to ensure that the signage requirement is complied with during the restricted period in relation to that restricted place.

(2) The signage requirement in relation to a place, building or premises that is a restricted place means the requirement —

- (a) to display prominently at each point of entry to and exit from the restricted place (including an emergency exit)

during the restricted period of the restricted place, a sign that includes a statement specifying that —

(i) the place, building or premises (as the case may be) is a restricted place and the restricted period of the restricted place;

(ii) entry and remaining within the restricted place during the restricted period is allowed only to individuals with a cleared status or to uncleared juniors from the same household; and

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(iii) entering or remaining within the restricted place during the restricted period when without a cleared status is an offence if the entrant is not a child who is below 13 years of age; and

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(b) to clearly delineate the boundaries of the restricted place by means of markings, fencing, stanchion with barrier rope or tape, signs, walls, windows, partition, screens or other barriers, for the duration of the restricted period of the restricted place.

(3) An occupier of a restricted place who, without reasonable excuse, contravenes paragraph (1) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding \$10,000.

Occupier's rights unaffected

12.—(1) To avoid doubt, this Part does not limit any other right of an occupier of a restricted place to disallow at any time an entrant entering or remaining in the restricted place, whether or not the entrant refused —

(a) to state information asked for under regulation 10(1); or

(b) to provide evidence of the entrant's cleared status for entering or remaining in the restricted place when asked under regulation 10(1).

(2) In addition, this Part does not entitle an entrant to a restricted place to enter or remain in the restricted place without the consent of the occupier of the restricted place.

Regulations 9 and 10 disappplied for certain individuals

13.—(1) Regulations 9 and 10 do not apply to or in relation to an entrant to a restricted place during a restricted period of the restricted place if the entrant enters or remains in the restricted place —

- (a) solely for any of the following purposes:
- (i) to seek a contract of employment or contract for service with the occupier of the restricted place;
 - (ii) to deliver goods or provide services connected to the business, undertaking or work of the occupier carried on at the restricted place;
 - (iii) to work as a contractor or an employee for or with the occupier of the restricted place to provide services in connection with the conduct of a live performance, sporting event, business event or nuptial event (as the case may be) taking place in the restricted place;
[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]
 - (iv) to monitor and ensure the compliance by individuals present at a business event, live performance, sporting event or nuptial event (as the case may be) taking place in the restricted place, with the requirements in any of the Control Orders;
[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]
 - (v) to render help in an emergency at the restricted place;
 - (vi) to execute an order of a court or a direction given by or on behalf of a public officer or a public body in exercise of a power under any written law; or
- (b) in special circumstances connected with a particular live performance, sporting event or business event, where the risk to public health from disapplying regulations 9 and 10 to the entrant or entrants concerned is assessed by the Director as not of a substantial nature.

(1A) Regulation 9(1) and (2) does not apply to or in relation to an entrant to a restricted place who is an uncleared junior.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

(2) In addition to paragraph (1), the restricted place is used for a live performance, sporting event or business event described in item 2, 4 or 7 of Part 1 of the Second Schedule, regulations 9 and 10 do not apply to or in relation to an entrant to a restricted place during a restricted period of the restricted place if the entrant enters or remains in the restricted place —

- (a) where the restricted place is used for a sporting event, solely as —
 - (i) an athlete or a contestant taking part or competing in a sporting activity at the sporting event that is a spectator sporting event;
 - (ii) an associate of an athlete or a contestant mentioned in sub-paragraph (i);
 - (iii) an official officiating at the sporting event; or
 - (iv) an umpire or a referee umpiring or refereeing the sporting activity played or engaged in at the sporting event;
- (b) where the restricted place is used to stage a live performance, solely as a performer in the live performance or as crew;
- (c) where the restricted place is used for a business event, solely as an individual whose duty is to regulate the interval between meetings, exhibitions or displays at the business event.

Examples of entrants excused from cleared status requirement

Staff deployed by the organiser of a science and technology conference to register delegates, usher delegates to allocated segregation zones or seats, or act as a safe distancing ambassador at the conference.

An official event photographer contracted by the organiser of an office furniture trade show to capture on film the opening ceremony of the trade show.

Examples of entrants not excused from cleared status requirement

A journalist attending a professional competition soccer match to report on the match, even though the journalist may be invited to a media conference organised by the soccer team managers to interview the players at a media conference.

A sales director of a trade show organiser who engages with exhibitors who purchased from the organiser display space during the trade show, to provide customer support to exhibitors.

The best man at a nuptial event who doubles up as one of the photographers at the nuptial event proceedings.

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

(2A) In addition to paragraph (1), where the restricted place is used for a nuptial event connected with a marriage in item 1 or 9 of Part 1 of the Second Schedule, regulations 9 and 10 do not apply to or in relation to an entrant to the restricted place during a restricted period of the restricted place if the entrant enters or remains in the restricted place as the celebrant by whom the marriage is or is to be solemnized.

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

[S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021]

(2B) *[Deleted by S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021]*

(3) In this regulation —

“associate”, in relation to any athlete or contestant taking part or competing in any sporting activity, means an individual who, in one or more of the following capacities, works with or treats one or more such athletes or contestants participating in, preparing for or competing in, the sporting activity:

- (a) an individual who supervises the training or instruction of an athlete or a contestant or who accompanies an athlete or a contestant into or onto the reserved playing area to give advice or assistance during a sporting competition (called in this regulation a coach or trainer);
- (b) an individual who undertakes to represent the interests of an athlete or a contestant in procuring the engagement of the athlete or contestant as a

participant or contestant in a sporting competition, or who directs or controls the sporting activities of any athlete or contestant, such as a manager;

(c) an individual who assists an athlete or a contestant as advised by a coach or trainer and who assists a coach or trainer in the preparation of an athlete or a contestant;

(d) a medical practitioner;

(e) a para-medical practitioner;

“athlete” and “contestant” have the respective meanings given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

“business event” has the meaning given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

“crew”, in relation to a live performance, means an individual who is employed in connection with the staging of a performance other than as a performer in the live performance, whether under a contract of employment by or a contract for service with, any person staging the live performance;

“live performance” has the meaning given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

“official”, in relation to any sporting activity engaged in or played at a sporting event, means an individual who, in one or more of the following capacities, works with one or more athletes or contestants participating or competing in the sporting activity at the sporting event:

(a) an individual who determines the points scored by each athlete or contestant in the sporting event, such as a judge;

(b) an individual who regulates the number and length of rounds, and the interval between rounds, of each round of competition or contests between particular athletes or contestants or particular teams of athletes or contestants, such as a timekeeper;

“participation sporting event” has the meaning given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule;

“performer”, in a live performance, means —

- (a) an actor, a model or a dancer;
- (b) a singer, musician or member of an orchestra;
- (c) an acrobat or a stunt performer; or
- (d) any other individual who contributes in person to the sounds, movements or visual elements (or any combination thereof) of the performance,

and if the performance includes a live performance of a musical work (whether vocal or instrumental), includes the conductor;

“spectator sporting event” has the meaning given by Part 2 of the Second Schedule.

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

[S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021]

[Deleted by S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021]

FIRST SCHEDULE

Regulations 2(1) and 6(3) and (4)

VACCINATION AND APPROVED VACCINES

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>	<i>Third column</i>	<i>Fourth column</i>
<i>Approved vaccine</i>	<i>Vaccination</i>	<i>Start</i>	<i>End</i>
1. Tozinameran (Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 vaccine or Comirnaty COVID-19 vaccine)	(1) Two doses, administered at least 17 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) For recovered individuals, one dose administered after recovery	14th day after the first dose is administered after recovery	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>	<i>Third column</i>	<i>Fourth column</i>
<i>Approved vaccine</i>	<i>Vaccination</i>	<i>Start</i>	<i>End</i>
	from the infection.	from the infection.	
	(3) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2).	14th day after the last dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
2. Moderna COVID-19 vaccine	(1) Two doses, administered at least 24 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) For recovered individuals, one dose administered after recovery from the infection.	14th day after the first dose is administered after recovery from the infection.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(3) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2).	14th day after the last dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>	<i>Third column</i>	<i>Fourth column</i>
<i>Approved vaccine</i>	<i>Vaccination</i>	<i>Start</i>	<i>End</i>
3. Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca COVID-19 vaccine)	(1) Two doses, administered at least 24 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraph (1).	14th day after the last dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
4. Covishield COVID-19 vaccine	(1) Two doses, administered at least 24 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraph (1).	14th day after the last dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
5. Johnson & Joshon's (J&J) Janssen COVID-19 vaccine	(1) One dose.	14th day after the dose is administered.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.

FIRST SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>	<i>Third column</i>	<i>Fourth column</i>
<i>Approved vaccine</i>	<i>Vaccination</i>	<i>Start</i>	<i>End</i>
6. Sinopharm COVID-19 vaccine	(1) Two doses, administered at least 17 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraph (1).	14th day after the first dose is administered after recovery from the infection.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
7. Sinovac-Coronavac COVID-19 vaccine	(1) Two doses, administered at least 13 days apart.	14th day after the second dose is administered in accordance with the second column.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.
	(2) Such number of doses and administered at such intervals as may be specified by the Director, where initial administration is not in accordance with paragraph (1).	14th day after the first dose is administered after recovery from the infection.	365th day (including that day) after the start of the period.

[S 590/2021 wef 10/08/2021]

[S 396/2021 wef 24/06/2021]

[S 310/2021 wef 08/05/2021]

SECOND SCHEDULE

Regulations 2(1) and 13(2) and (3)

RESTRICTED PLACES AND RESTRICTED PERIODS**PART 1**

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Restricted Place</i>	<i>Restricted Period</i>
1. A place, building or other premises at which a wedding takes place or is to take place.	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time, or the earliest time if more than one, the wedding is stated will begin in any invitation relating to the wedding; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time, or the latest time if more than one, the wedding is stated will end in any invitation relating to the wedding.</p>
2. A live performance venue at which a live performance is or is to be staged, being a live performance attended or likely to be attended by more than 50 seated audience members at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space in the live performance venue.	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the live performance is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the live performance; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the live performance is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the live performance.</p>
<p>3. A live performance venue at which a live performance is or is to be staged, being a live performance —</p> <p>(a) attended or likely to be attended by 50 or fewer seated audience members at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the live performance is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the live performance; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the live performance is stated will end on any marketing</p>

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Restricted Place</i>	<i>Restricted Period</i>
<p>unenclosed space in the live performance venue; and</p> <p>(b) in respect of which enhanced entry controls are required as part of any alternative arrangement approved under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Live Performances and Other Activities — Control Order) Regulations 2020 in respect of that live performance.</p>	<p>material relating to the live performance.</p>
<p>4. A sports venue at which a spectator sporting event takes place or is to take place, being a sporting event where the total number of spectators present or likely to be present in the sports venue at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space, is more than 50.</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the spectator sporting event is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the spectator sporting event; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the spectator sporting event is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the spectator sporting event.</p>
<p>5. A sports venue at which a spectator sporting event takes place or is to take place, being a spectator sporting event —</p> <p>(a) where the total number of spectators present or likely to be present in the sports venue at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space, is 50 or fewer; and</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the spectator sporting event is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the spectator sporting event; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the spectator sporting event is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the spectator sporting event.</p>

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Restricted Place</i>	<i>Restricted Period</i>
<p>(b) in respect of which enhanced entry controls are required as part of any alternative arrangement approved under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Sporting Events and Activities — Control Order) Regulations 2021 in respect of that sporting event.</p>	
<p>6. A sports venue at which a participation sporting event takes place or is to take place, being a participation sporting event —</p> <p>(a) where the total number of athletes or contestants taking part or likely to take part at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space in the sports venue, is more than 50 but not more than 100; and</p> <p>(b) in respect of which enhanced entry controls are required as part of any alternative arrangement approved under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Sporting Events and Activities — Control Order) Regulations 2021 in respect of that participation sporting event.</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the participation sporting event is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the participation sporting event; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the participation sporting event is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the participation sporting event.</p>
<p>7. A venue at which a business event takes place or is to take place,</p>	<p>The time —</p>

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Restricted Place</i>	<i>Restricted Period</i>
being a business event attended or likely to be attended by more than 50 participants at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space in the venue.	<p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the business event is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the business event; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the business event is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the business event.</p>
<p>8. A venue at which a business event takes place or is to take place, being a business event —</p> <p>(a) attended or likely to be attended by 50 or fewer participants at the same time in a single undivided enclosed or unenclosed space in the venue; and</p> <p>(b) in respect of which enhanced entry controls are required as part of any alternative arrangement approved under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Major Business Events — Control Order) Regulations 2021 in respect of that business event.</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the business event is stated will begin in any marketing material relating to the business event; and</p> <p>(b) ending 60 minutes after the time that the business event is stated will end on any marketing material relating to the business event.</p>
<p>9. A place, building or other premises (other than a place of residence or on board a vessel) at which a solemnization of a marriage takes place or is to take place, being a solemnization to which more than 48 guests are invited to attend.</p>	<p>The time —</p> <p>(a) starting 60 minutes before the time the solemnization of the marriage is stated will begin in any invitation relating to the solemnization; and</p>

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Restricted Place</i>	<i>Restricted Period</i>
	(b) ending 60 minutes after the time the solemnization of the marriage is stated will end in any invitation relating to the solemnization.
10. [<i>Deleted by S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021</i>]	
11. A venue at which a religious gathering takes place or is to take place, being a religious gathering attended or likely to be attended by more than 50 worshippers at the same time in a single undivided space in the venue.	The crowd management period for the religious gathering.

[S 542/2021 wef 22/07/2021]

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

[S 367/2021 wef 14/06/2021]

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

[S 310/2021 wef 08/05/2021]

PART 2

1. In this Schedule, unless the context otherwise requires —

“athlete” means an individual participating in a sporting activity (whether or not in training for competition or otherwise) and where the sporting activity is engaged in or played in or as part of a sporting competition, includes a contestant in the sporting competition;

“audience member”, for a live performance, means an individual who is entitled to be admitted to a live performance venue where the live performance is being or is to be staged for the purpose of attending or watching the live performance or to report on the live performance (such as spectators or patrons who are customers of a person staging the live performance or a live performance hirer) and includes an individual lawfully present in or around a live performance venue who is attending or watching the live performance (such as busking outdoors) but excludes —

(a) any performer and any crew for the live performance; and

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (b) any individual the principal purpose of his or her being in the live performance venue is to provide services in connection with the live performance;

“business event” means a meeting, an exhibition or a display, or a series of meetings, exhibitions or displays or a combination thereof, arranged or held in the course of business —

- (a) to discuss or negotiate matters relating to trade, commerce or finance, professional practice or matters, health, arts, science, technology, industry, economics, industrial relations, security, international affairs, the environment or any other cause or matter, whether or not of a similar kind;
- (b) to temporarily exhibit or display goods of any kind for the purposes of sale or supply to a consumer or otherwise; or
- (c) to promote the trading of goods or the provision of services to a consumer or otherwise,

to which individuals are admitted on payment of a fee or charge, on the basis of their membership of an organisation or after making a contribution, or are admitted free of charge, to attend the meeting, exhibition or display or to enter or remain at the event venue, and in the case of a business event comprising a series of meetings, exhibitions or displays or a combination thereof, includes each meeting, exhibition or display and any opening ceremony or closing ceremony connected with that series;

“celebrant”, in relation to a marriage, means any of the following individuals authorised under written law to solemnize the marriage in Singapore:

- (a) a person issued a licence to solemnize marriages under section 8 of the Women’s Charter;
- (b) the Registrar of Marriages or an Assistant Registrar of Marriages, appointed under section 26 of the Women’s Charter;
- (c) a person specified in section 95(1)(a), (b) or (c) of the Administration of Muslim Law Act (Cap. 3);

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

“consumer” means a person —

- (a) who buys or takes on hire or lease, or is a potential buyer or hirer or lessor of, or borrows money for the purpose of buying, any goods otherwise than for resale or letting for hire or leasing, or in the course of or for the purpose of carrying on the person’s business;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (b) who uses, or is a potential user of, or borrows money for the purpose of using, any service rendered for fee or reward, or in the course of or for the purpose of carrying on the person's business;
- (c) who buys, or is the potential buyer of, or borrows money for the purpose of buying, an estate or interest in land or a building otherwise than for the purpose of resale, commercial development, letting or hiring, or in the course of or for the purpose of carrying on the person's business; or
- (d) who becomes a tenant or lessee of, or is a potential tenant or lessee of, any land or building otherwise than for assignment of sub-letting, or in the course of or for the purpose of carrying on the person's business;

“contestant”, in relation to a sporting competition, means an individual who competes, or has been selected to compete, in the sporting competition, either as an individual or as a member of a team;

“crowd management period”, for a religious gathering at a venue, means —

- (a) subject to paragraph (b), the period —
 - (i) starting 60 minutes before the time that the religious gathering is stated will begin daily on any publicity material relating to the religious gathering; and
 - (ii) ending 60 minutes after the time that the religious gathering is stated will end daily on any publicity material relating to the religious gathering; or
- (b) for a religious gathering to mark or commemorate one or more days of religious significance (whether or not also a public holiday) and for which there is no publicity material described in paragraph (a), the period —
 - (i) starting 60 minutes before the first time in the day or each day (as the case may be) the venue is open to worshippers to attend the religious gathering; and
 - (ii) ending 60 minutes after the time in the day or each day (as the case may be) the venue closes admission to worshippers to attend the religious gathering;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“enclosed space” means an area that is substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, whether or not the roof or walls is or are permanent or temporary or open or closed;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

“funeral event” and “funerary memorial event” have the respective meanings given by regulation 2(1) of the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Control Order) Regulations 2020;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“guest”, in relation to a nuptial event, means an individual who is invited to attend the event but excludes any of the following:

- (a) a party to the marriage;
- (b) a celebrant of the marriage;
- (c) a permitted enterprise engaged to organise the nuptial event, or to provide authorised services for the conduct of proceedings in the nuptial event, or for celebration arrangements made in connection with the nuptial event;
- (d) a permitted enterprise worker of a permitted enterprise in paragraph (c) who is at work in relation to the nuptial event;

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

“live performance” means any, or a combination of any, performance as follows by performers in person in a live performance venue in the presence of an audience in the same live performance venue:

- (a) a performance (including an improvisation) of a dramatic work, including such a performance given with the use of puppets;
- (b) a performance (including an improvisation) of a musical work (whether vocal or instrumental) and includes a concert or a series of music-focused performances at a single place;
- (c) the play-reading, poetry-reading or recital, or other reading, recitation or delivery of a literary work, or the recitation or delivery of an improvised literary work;
- (d) a performance of a dance (including a weapon dance);
- (e) a performance of a circus act or a variety act or any similar presentation or show;
- (f) any performance of legerdemain or magic;
- (g) a performance of an expression of folklore;
- (h) a live art performance,

but does not include any of the following:

- (i) any lecture, talk, address, debate or discussion;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (j) any reading, recitation or delivery of a literary work for the purpose of promoting the sale of the literary work;
- (k) any exhibition of animals or a display involving wholly or substantially animals performing;
- (l) any ceremony, rite, sermon, or religious service or celebration lawfully conducted by priests or ministers of religion in premises consecrated or dedicated generally or specifically for the conduct of such ceremony, rite, sermon, or religious service or celebration;
- (m) any exhibition or display of gymnastics, a martial art, any combat sport entertainment or sporting event or sporting competition;
- (n) any activity described in paragraphs (a) to (h) engaged in during the conduct of any lesson, coaching or instruction provided by a person carrying on an education business;

“live performance venue” means any of the following premises to which the public or any class of the public has access (gratuitously or otherwise):

- (a) a theatre, a music hall, a concert hall, an auditorium or a cinema;
- (b) a room or place in which a live performance is or is to be lawfully staged under any Control Order;

“marketing material”, for a business event, live performance or sporting event, means any of the following:

- (a) a ticket for the business event, live performance or sporting event;
- (b) any catalogue or price list of tickets mentioned in paragraph (a);
- (c) any advertisement (online or otherwise) or other publicity material promoting the business event, live performance or sporting event;

“non-worshipper”, in relation to a religious gathering taking place or to take place in a venue, means an individual who is lawfully present in the venue during a crowd management period of the religious gathering —

- (a) to deliver goods or provide services connected with the organising of the religious gathering by the person who is responsible (whether fully or substantially) for the organising of the religious gathering;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (b) to monitor and ensure the compliance by worshippers and any other individuals present during the crowd management period of the religious gathering, with the requirements in any of the Control Orders;
- (c) to execute an order of a court or a direction given by or on behalf of a public officer or a public body in exercise of a power under any written law; or
- (d) to render help in the event of an emergency at the religious gathering;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“participant”, in relation to a business event, means an individual who is entitled to be admitted to a business event venue where the business event is being or is to be held, for any of the following purposes:

- (a) to attend, watch, vote or take part in any other way, in the meetings, exhibitions or displays staged or conducted, or to be staged or conducted, in the venue;
- (b) to preside at or otherwise take charge of proceedings in, or to regulate the number and length of, meetings, exhibitions or displays staged or conducted, or to be staged conducted, at the business event;
- (c) to work in one or more of the following capacities with any individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) during the business event:
 - (i) an individual who accompanies an individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) to promote or give protection, advice or assistance to the latter individual during any meeting, exhibition or display at the business event;
 - (ii) an individual who undertakes to represent the interests of an individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) in procuring the engagement of the latter individual as a speaker, presenter or person presiding at any meeting or discussion at the business event (called a manager);
 - (iii) an individual who assists an individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) as advised by a manager, or who assists the manager in representing the interests of the individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b);
- (d) to report on the business event;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

“participation sporting event” means any of the following arranged or held in the course of business and that is not a spectator sporting event:

- (a) a type of match, game, competition, display or exhibition of any sporting activity;
- (b) a series of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity,

involving the engaging in or playing of one or more sporting activities (whether or not for competition) at a sports venue to which mainly athletes or contestants (but no spectators) are admitted to take part in the sporting activity at the sports venue; and in the case of a sporting event that consists of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity (such as a tournament), includes any opening ceremony, closing ceremony, procession, parade or like activity connected with that series;

“place of worship” means any place —

- (a) that is consecrated or dedicated generally or specifically, or is associated with or regularly used, for the conduct of religious services (such as a mosque, surau, temple, church, cathedral, chapel, sanctuary or synagogue); and
- (b) the use of which as a place of worship is not a breach of planning control under the Planning Act (Cap. 232),

but excludes any place that is the ordinary place of residence of any individual or is part of the common property of any subdivided building used (in whole or part) for residential purposes;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“publicity material”, for a religious gathering, means an advertisement (online or otherwise) or any other publicity material promoting the religious gathering;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“religious gathering” means any gathering of individuals that is for the purpose of allowing worshippers to engage in an act of worship at a religious service, but does not include any of the following gatherings:

- (a) a nuptial event, funeral event or funerary memorial event involving a religious service;
- (b) a gathering of individuals to provide or receive (or both) lessons or teaching based wholly on a religious belief, religious opinion or religious affiliation, or a course of instruction or training to

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

become a member of a religious order or in the duties of a minister of religion;

- (c) a business event (or part thereof) within the meaning of the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Major Business Events — Control Order) Regulations 2021;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“religious service” means a ceremony or rite, or an observance or a worship, sermon or service, based wholly on a religious belief, religious opinion or religious affiliation;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“religious worker” means any of the following individuals:

- (a) a minister of religion, such as an imam or asatizah, a mufti, pastor, bishop, rabbi, priest or reverend;
- (b) a full-time member of a religious order, such as a monk or nun;
- (c) a full-time employee who is assisting any individual mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b) in connection with the conduct of any ceremony or rite or an observance or a worship, sermon or service at a religious gathering, including by preparing food or offerings or playing any musical instrument;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“spectator”, for a sporting event, means an individual who is entitled to be admitted to a sports venue where the sporting event is being or is to be conducted, for the purpose of attending or watching any game or sporting activity played or conducted, or to be played or conducted, in the reserved playing area of that sports venue or to report on the sporting event, and includes such an individual who is about to enter the sports venue or is in the spectators’ area but excludes any of the following:

- (a) any athlete or contestant taking part or competing in the sporting activity at the spectator sporting event;
- (b) any associate of an athlete or a contestant mentioned in paragraph (a);
- (c) any official of the spectator sporting event;
- (d) any individual the principal purpose of his or her being in the sports venue is to provide services in connection with the conduct of the spectator sporting event;

“spectator sporting event” means any of the following arranged or held in the course of business:

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (a) a type of match, game, competition, display or exhibition of any sporting activity;
- (b) a series of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity,

involving engaging in or playing of one or more sporting activities (whether or not for competition) at a sports venue to which spectators are admitted on payment of a fee or charge or after making a donation, or admitted free of charge, to view the playing of the sporting activity at the sports venue or to enter or remain at the sports venue and, in the case of a sporting event that consists of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity (such as a tournament), includes any opening ceremony, closing ceremony, procession, parade or like activity connected with that series;

“sporting activity” means any sport, game, martial art, combat sport entertainment, fitness activity or recreation activity involving primarily the exercise of physical prowess or dexterity, physical strength, physical stamina or mental stamina and to the extent that —

- (a) human beings are the only contestants or participants who engage in or play the sport, game, martial art, combat sport entertainment or activity; or
- (b) it is a sport or game or an activity in which human beings compete or participate in —
 - (i) by riding animals or exercising other skills in relation to animals;
 - (ii) by driving, piloting, crewing any vehicle, vessel, aircraft or other form of transport;
 - (iii) by competing with natural obstacles or natural forces, or by overcoming them; or
 - (iv) by using a computer on a computer monitor, television screen, mobile device or similar medium with electronically recorded data installed in to support an interactive computer game or computer-generated images,

but does not include any of the following:

- (c) any horse racing, harness racing, pony racing and greyhound racing;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (d) any group fitness activity or group recreation activity that is not organised in the course of any business;
- (e) a game of chance, or a game that is presented as involving an element of chance;
- (f) any sport, game, martial art, combat sport, fitness activity or recreation activity engaged in or played during the conduct of any lesson, coaching or instruction of the sporting activity that is provided by a person carrying on an education business;

“sporting competition” includes competitive ballroom dancing;

“sporting event” means any of the following arranged or held in the course of business:

- (a) a type of match, game, competition, display or exhibition of any sporting activity;
- (b) a series of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity,

involving the engaging in or playing of one or more sporting activities (whether or not for competition) at a sports venue to which mainly athletes and no spectators, or spectators, are admitted to take part in the sporting activity, or to attend or watch the sporting activity played or conducted or to report on the sporting event, at the sports venue; and in the case of a sporting event that consists of a series of matches, games, competitions, displays or exhibitions of any sporting activity (such as a tournament), includes each match, game, competition, display or exhibition, any opening ceremony, closing ceremony, procession, parade or like activity connected with that series;

“sports venue”, for any sporting activity, means any purpose-built sports facility, or any other building or place (but not an amusement centre) where —

- (a) the sporting activity is or is to be played or conducted; or
- (b) a sporting event involving that sporting activity is taking or is to take place,

and includes any reserved playing space, the grandstand (if any) and any other spectators’ area and any sporting event facilities;

“ticket”, for a restricted place used other than for a nuptial event, means a ticket issued or offered for sale by a person authorised to make the first

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

supply of tickets entitling the purchaser of such a ticket or a holder thereof to enter the restricted place;

[S 324/2021 wef 16/05/2021]

“unenclosed space” means a single undivided space that is wholly outdoors or is a single undivided space other than an enclosed space;

“venue” —

- (a) in relation to a business event — means an enclosed space or unenclosed space where the business event takes place or is to take place; or
- (b) in relation to a religious gathering — means an enclosed space or unenclosed space where the religious gathering takes place or is to take place, whether or not the space is or is within a place of worship;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“volunteer”, in relation to a religious gathering, means an individual at the religious gathering in person —

(a) who —

- (i) volunteers to assist any religious worker conducting any part of a religious service, the conduct of which is the purpose of the religious gathering; or
- (ii) is otherwise providing voluntary services in connection with the religious gathering, such as singing or playing of musical instruments; and

(b) who is not a worshipper at the same religious gathering;

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

“worshipper”, in relation to a religious gathering, means —

- (a) an individual who attends in person to engage in an act of worship at a religious service, the conduct of which is the purpose of the religious gathering; or
- (b) an individual who has a lawful reason to enter or remain in the place where the religious gathering is held but is not any of the following:
 - (i) an individual in paragraph (a);
 - (ii) a non-worshipper;
 - (iii) a volunteer at the religious gathering;

SECOND SCHEDULE — *continued*

- (iv) a religious worker in pursuit of his or her vocation as a religious worker at the religious gathering, whether or not as an employee of any person.

[S 513/2021 wef 12/07/2021]

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NG HOW YUE
*Permanent Secretary
(Health Development),
Ministry of Health,
Singapore.*

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