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## No. S 641

### STRATEGIC GOODS (CONTROL) ACT 2002

#### STRATEGIC GOODS (CONTROL) ORDER 2024

##### ARRANGEMENT OF PARAGRAPHS

###### Paragraph

1. Citation and commencement
  2. Strategic goods and strategic goods technology
  3. Revocation
- The Schedule
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In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4A(1) of the Strategic Goods (Control) Act 2002, the Minister for Trade and Industry makes the following Order:

#### **Citation and commencement**

1. This Order is the Strategic Goods (Control) Order 2024 and comes into operation on 1 October 2024.

#### **Strategic goods and strategic goods technology**

2. The goods and technology specified in the Schedule are strategic goods and strategic goods technology, respectively, for the purposes of the Act.

#### **Revocation**

3. Revoke the Strategic Goods (Control) Order 2023 (G.N. No. S 541/2023).

### THE SCHEDULE

Paragraph 2

#### PART 1

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

MILITARY GOODS THE EXPORT, TRANSHIPMENT OR BRINGING  
IN TRANSIT OF WHICH, AND TECHNOLOGY THE EXPORT OR  
TRANSMISSION OF WHICH, REQUIRE A PERMIT

*Division 1 — Preliminary Provisions*

*Subdivision 1 — General Notes*

1. Non-controlled goods (including plant) containing one or more controlled components set out in Division 2 are to be considered controlled goods within Division 2, if the controlled components are the principal element of the non-controlled goods and can feasibly be removed or used for other purposes.
2. In determining whether goods are to be considered the principal element of other goods for the purposes of paragraph 1, factors such as the quantity, value and technological know-how involved, and other special circumstances which might establish the goods as the principal element of those other goods, must be weighed.
3. Goods specified in Division 2 include both new and used goods.
4. Chemicals in Division 2 are listed by name and CAS number. Chemicals of the same structural formula (including hydrates) as chemicals listed in Division 2 are to be considered as coming within the descriptions of the second-mentioned chemicals regardless of name or CAS number. CAS numbers are shown in order to assist in identifying whether a particular chemical or mixture is a chemical within Division 2, irrespective of nomenclature. CAS numbers are not intended to be used as unique identifiers, because some forms of the listed chemical have different CAS numbers, and mixtures containing a listed chemical may also have different CAS numbers.
5. Specially formulated pharmaceutical products that contain any item under Category Code ML8 in Division 2 are not treated as coming under that Division.
6. An aircraft is not treated as coming under Category Code ML10 in Division 2, if it has no item listed in that Division and it is not configured for military use.

*Subdivision 2 — Definitions of Words and  
Expressions in this Part*

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

7. In this Part, a word or expression in quotation marks (“ ”) takes the definition set out against it in this paragraph:

“additives” (ML8) means substances used in explosive formulations to improve their properties;

“aircraft” (ML1, ML8, ML10, ML14) means a fixed wing, swivel wing, rotary wing (helicopter), tilt rotor or tilt-wing airborne vehicle;

“automated command and control systems” (ML11) means electronic systems, through which information essential to the effective operation of the grouping, major formation, tactical formation, unit, ship, subunit or weapons under command is entered, processed and transmitted. This is achieved by the use of computer and other specialised hardware designed to support the functions of a military command and control organisation. The main functions of an automated command and control system are the efficient automated collection, accumulation, storage and processing of information; the display of the situation and the circumstances affecting the preparation and conduct of combat operations; operational and tactical calculations for the allocation of resources among force groupings or elements of the operational order of battle or battle deployment according to the mission or stage of the operation; the preparation of data for appreciation of the situation and decision-making at any point during operation or battle; and computer simulation of operations;

“biocatalysts” (ML7, ML22) means ‘enzymes’ for specific chemical or biochemical reactions or other biological compounds which bind to and accelerate the degradation of CW agents;

Technical Note

*‘Enzymes’ means “biocatalysts” for specific chemical or biochemical reactions.*

“biological agents” (ML7) means pathogens or toxins, selected or modified (such as by altering the purity, shelf life, virulence, dissemination characteristics, or resistance to UV radiation) to produce casualties in humans or animals, degrade equipment or damage crops or the environment;

“biopolymers” (ML7) means any of the following biological macromolecules:

- a. Enzymes for specific chemical or biochemical reactions;
- b. ‘Anti-idiotypic antibodies’, ‘monoclonal antibodies’ or ‘polyclonal antibodies’; or

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

- c. Specially designed or specially processed ‘receptors’;

Technical Notes

1. ‘Anti-idiotypic antibodies’ means antibodies which bind to the specific antigen binding sites of other antibodies.
2. ‘Monoclonal antibodies’ means proteins which bind to one antigenic site and are produced by a single clone of cells.
3. ‘Polyclonal antibodies’ means a mixture of proteins which bind to the specific antigen and are produced by more than one clone of cells.
4. ‘Receptors’ means biological macromolecular structures capable of binding ligands, the binding of which affects physiological functions.

“civil aircraft” (ML4, ML10) means an “aircraft” listed by designation in published airworthiness certification lists by civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states” to fly commercial civil internal and external routes or for legitimate civil, private or business use;

“cyber incident response” (ML21) means the process of exchanging necessary information on a cybersecurity incident with individuals or organisations responsible for conducting or coordinating remediation to address the cybersecurity incident;

“development” (All Categories) has the meaning given by the Act;

“digital computer” (ML21) means equipment which can, in the form of one or more discrete variables, perform all of the following:

- a. Accept data;
- b. Store data or instructions in fixed or alterable (writable) storage devices;
- c. Process data by means of a stored sequence of instructions which is modifiable; and
- d. Provide output of data;

Technical Note

*Modifications of a stored sequence of instructions include replacement of fixed storage devices, but not a physical change in wiring or interconnections.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“end-effectors” (ML17) means grippers, ‘active tooling units’ and any other tooling that is attached to the baseplate on the end of a “robot” manipulator arm;

Technical Note

*‘Active tooling units’ means devices for applying motive power, process energy or sensing to a workpiece.*

“energetic materials” (ML8) means substances or mixtures that react chemically to release energy required for their intended application. “Explosives”, “pyrotechnics” and “propellants” are subclasses of energetic materials;

“equivalent standards” (ML6, ML13) means comparable national or international standards recognised by one or more “participating states” and applicable to the relevant entry;

“explosives” (ML8, ML18) means solid, liquid or gaseous substances or mixtures of substances which, in their application as primary, booster, or main charges in warheads, demolition and other applications, are required to detonate;

“expression vectors” (ML7) means carriers (e.g. plasmid and virus) used to introduce genetic material into host cells;

“fibrous or filamentary materials” (ML13) includes the following:

- a. Continuous monofilaments;
- b. Continuous yarns and rovings;
- c. Tapes, fabrics, random mats and braids;
- d. Chopped fibres, staple fibres and coherent fibre blankets;
- e. Whiskers, either monocrystalline or polycrystalline, of any length;
- f. Aromatic polyamide pulp;

“first generation image intensifier tubes” (ML15) means electrostatically focused tubes, employing input and output fibre optic or glass face plates, or multi-alkali photocathodes (S-20 or S-25), but not microchannel plate amplifiers;

“fuel cell” (ML17) means an electrochemical device that converts chemical energy directly into Direct Current (DC) electricity by consuming fuel from an external source;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“laser” (ML9, ML13 ML17, ML19) means an item that produces spatially and temporally coherent light through amplification by stimulated emission of radiation;

“libraries” (parametric technical database) (ML17) means a collection of technical information, reference to which may enhance the performance of relevant systems, equipment or components;

“lighter-than-air vehicles” (ML10) means balloons and ‘airships’ that rely on hot air or on lighter-than-air gases such as helium or hydrogen for their lift;

Technical Note

*‘Airship’ means a power-driven airborne vehicle that is kept buoyant by a body of gas (usually helium, formerly hydrogen) which is lighter than air.*

“nuclear reactor” (ML9, ML17) includes the items within or attached directly to the reactor vessel, the equipment which controls the level of power in the core, and the components which normally contain or come into direct contact with or control the primary coolant of the reactor core;

“participating state” (ML4, ML10) means a state participating in the Wassenaar Arrangement (details of which are set out in <https://www.wassenaar.org>);

“precursors” (ML8) means speciality chemicals used in the manufacture of “explosives”;

“production” (All Categories) has the meaning given by the Act;

“propellants” (ML8, ML18) means substances or mixtures that react chemically to produce large volumes of hot gases at controlled rates to perform mechanical work;

“pyrotechnic(s)” (ML4, ML8) means mixtures of solid or liquid fuels and oxidisers which, when ignited, undergo an energetic chemical reaction at a controlled rate intended to produce specific time delays, or quantities of heat, noise, smoke, visible light or infrared radiation. Pyrophorics are a subclass of “pyrotechnics”, which contain no oxidisers but ignite spontaneously on contact with air;

“required” (ML22), in relation to “technology”, means only that portion of “technology” which is peculiarly responsible for achieving or exceeding the controlled performance levels, characteristics or functions. Such “required” “technology” may be shared by different products;

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“riot control agents” (ML7) means substances which, under the expected conditions of use for riot control purposes, produce rapidly in human sensory irritation or disabling physical effects which disappear within a short time following termination of exposure;

Technical Note

*Tear gases are a subset of “riot control agents”.*

“robot” (ML17) means a manipulation mechanism, which may be of the continuous path or the point-to-point variety, may use sensors, and has all the following characteristics:

- a. It is multifunctional;
- b. It is capable of positioning or orienting material, parts, tools or special devices through variable movements in three-dimensional space;
- c. It incorporates three or more closed or open loop servo-devices which may include stepping motors; and
- d. It has ‘user-accessible programmability’ by means of the teach/playback method or by means of an electronic computer which may be a programmable logic controller, i.e. without mechanical intervention;

Technical Note

*‘User-accessible programmability’ means the facility allowing a user to insert, modify or replace ‘programs’ by means other than:*

- a. *A physical change in wiring or interconnections; or*
- b. *The setting of function controls including entry of parameters;*

Technical Note

*‘Program’ means a sequence of instructions to carry out a process in, or convertible into, a form executable by an electronic computer.*

Note

*“Robot” does not include the following devices:*

- a. *Manipulation mechanisms which are only manually or teleoperator controllable;*
- b. *Fixed sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is mechanically limited by*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*fixed stops, such as pins or cams. The sequence of motions and the selection of paths or angles are not variable or changeable by mechanical, electronic or electrical means;*

- c. Mechanically controlled variable sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is mechanically limited by fixed, but adjustable stops, such as pins or cams. The sequence of motions and the selection of paths or angles are variable within the fixed program pattern. Variations or modifications of the program pattern (e.g. changes of pins or exchanges of cams) in one or more motion axes are accomplished only through mechanical operations;*
- d. Non-servo-controlled variable sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is variable but the sequence proceeds only by the binary signal from mechanically fixed electrical binary devices or adjustable stops;*
- e. Stacker cranes defined as Cartesian coordinate manipulator systems manufactured as an integral part of a vertical array of storage bins and designed to access the contents of those bins for storage or retrieval.*

“satellite navigation system” (ML11) means a system consisting of ground stations, a constellation of satellites, and receivers, that enables receiver locations to be calculated on the basis of signals received from the satellites. It includes Global Navigation Satellite Systems and Regional Navigation Satellite Systems;

“software” (All Categories) means a collection of one or more ‘programs’ or ‘microprograms’ recorded, stored or embodied in any device;

Technical Notes

- 1. ‘Program’ means a sequence of instructions to carry out a process in, or convertible into, a form executable by an electronic computer.*
- 2. ‘Microprogram’ means a sequence of elementary instructions maintained in a special storage, the execution of which is initiated by the introduction of its reference instruction into an instruction register.*



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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“spacecraft” (ML11) means active and passive satellites and space probes;

“space-qualified” (ML19) means designed, manufactured, or qualified through successful testing, for operation at altitudes greater than 100 km above the surface of the Earth;

Note

*A determination that a specific item is “space-qualified” by virtue of testing does not mean that other items in the same production run or model series are “space-qualified” if not individually tested.*

“superconductive” (ML20), in relation to any equipment, means the equipment is made of any material (such as a metal, an alloy or a compound) which can lose all electrical resistance (i.e. it can attain infinite electrical conductivity and carry very large electrical currents without Joule heating);

Technical Note

*The “superconductive” state of a material is individually characterised by a ‘critical temperature’, a critical magnetic field, which is a function of temperature, and a critical current density, which is a function of both magnetic field and temperature.*

Technical Note

*‘Critical temperature’ (sometimes referred to as the transition temperature) of a specific “superconductive” material is the temperature at which the material loses all resistance to the flow of direct electrical current.*

“technology” (All Categories) means information (including information comprised in such documents as specifications, blueprints, plans, manuals, models, diagrams, formulae, tables and designs) that is necessary for the “development”, “production” or ‘use’ of any goods;

Technical Note

*‘Use’ has the meaning given by the Act.*

“unmanned aerial vehicle” (“UAV”) (ML10) means any “aircraft” capable of initiating flight and sustaining controlled flight and navigation without any human presence on board;

“vulnerability disclosure” (ML21) means the process of identifying, reporting or communicating a vulnerability to, or analysing a vulnerability with, individuals or organisations responsible for

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

conducting or coordinating remediation for the purposes of resolving the vulnerability.

8. In paragraph 7, a reference to a Category Code (prefixed with the abbreviation “ML”) in brackets is a reference to that Category Code in Division 2 in which the defined word or expression appears.
9. In this Part, a word or expression enclosed with single quotation marks ( ‘ ’ ) takes the definition set out against it in the Technical Note that follows immediately after the definition in which the word or expression appears.

*Subdivision 3 — Acronyms and Abbreviations used in this Part*

The acronyms and abbreviations used in this Part and set out in the first column have the meanings set out against them in the second column.

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Acronym or Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>
AIP	Air Independent Propulsion
AMPS	Aircraft Missile Protection System
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CW	Chemical Warfare
EMP	Electromagnetic Pulse
NIJ	National Institute of Justice
UV	Ultraviolet

THE SCHEDULE — *continued**Division 2 — List of Military Goods*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML1	<p>Smooth-bore weapons with a calibre of less than 20 mm, other arms and automatic weapons with a calibre of 12.7 mm (calibre 0.5 inches) or less and accessories, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML1 does not apply to the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Firearms specially designed for dummy ammunition and which are incapable of discharging a projectile;</i></li> <li><i>b. Firearms specially designed to launch tethered projectiles having no high explosive charge or communications link, to a range of less than or equal to 500 m;</i></li> <li><i>c. Weapons using non-centre fire cased ammunition and which are not of the fully automatic firing type;</i></li> <li><i>d. 'Deactivated firearms'.</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML1. Note d., a 'deactivated firearm' is a firearm that has been made incapable of firing any projectile by processes. These processes irreversibly modify the essential elements of the firearm. Deactivation of the firearm may be attested by a certificate delivered by a competent authority of the country in which the firearm is deactivated and may be marked on the firearm by a stamp on an essential part.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Rifles and combination guns, handguns, machine, sub-machine and volley guns;</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML1.a. does not apply to the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Rifles and combination guns, manufactured earlier than 1938;</i></li> <li><i>b. Reproductions of rifles and combination guns, the originals of which were manufactured earlier than 1890;</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 335 1135 401"><i>c. Handguns, volley guns and machine guns, manufactured earlier than 1890, and their reproductions;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 420 1135 487"><i>d. Rifles or handguns, specially designed to discharge an inert projectile by compressed air or CO<sub>2</sub>;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 506 1135 643"><i>e. Handguns specially designed for either of the following:</i>  <i>1. Slaughtering of domestic animals; <u>or</u></i>  <i>2. Tranquilising of animals.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 662 1135 938"><b>b. Smooth-bore weapons as follows:</b>  <b>1. Smooth-bore weapons specially designed for military use;</b>  <b>2. Other smooth-bore weapons as follows:</b>  <b>a. Fully automatic type weapons;</b>  <b>b. Semi-automatic or pump-action type weapons;</b></p> <p data-bbox="340 957 1135 1110"><u>Note</u>  <i>Category Code ML1.b.2. does not apply to weapons specially designed to discharge an inert projectile by compressed air or CO<sub>2</sub>.</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 1129 1135 1721"><u>Note</u>  <i>Category Code ML1.b. does not apply to the following:</i>  <i>a. Smooth-bore weapons manufactured earlier than 1938;</i>  <i>b. Reproductions of smooth-bore weapons, the originals of which were manufactured earlier than 1890;</i>  <i>c. Smooth-bore weapons used for hunting or sporting purposes. These weapons must not be specially designed for military use or of the fully automatic firing type;</i>  <i>d. Smooth-bore weapons specially designed for any of the following:</i>  <i>1. Slaughtering of domestic animals;</i>  <i>2. Tranquilising of animals;</i>  <i>3. Seismic testing;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="517 338 969 369">4. <i>Firing of industrial projectiles; or</i></p> <p data-bbox="517 388 1147 418">5. <i>Disrupting Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs).</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 439 427 470"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="553 491 1163 590"><i>For disruptors, see Category Code ML4 and Category Code IA006 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 614 874 645">c. <i>Weapons using caseless ammunition;</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 666 1159 729">d. <i>Accessories designed for arms specified in Category Code ML1.a., ML1.b. or ML1.c., as follows:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 753 901 887" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 753 884 784">1. <i>Detachable cartridge magazines;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 805 901 835">2. <i>Sound suppressors or moderators;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 856 709 887">3. <i>‘Gun-mountings’;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="494 908 676 938"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="494 959 1159 1058"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML1.d.3., a ‘gun-mounting’ is a fixture designed to mount a gun onto a ground vehicle, “aircraft”, vessel or structure.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 1079 1159 1245" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1079 713 1110">4. <i>Flash suppressors;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1130 1159 1161">5. <i>Optical weapon-sights with electronic image processing;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1182 1159 1245">6. <i>Optical weapon-sights specially designed for military use.</i></li> </ol>
ML2	<p data-bbox="366 1321 1159 1487">Smooth-bore weapons with a calibre of 20 mm or more, other weapons or armament with a calibre greater than 12.7 mm (calibre 0.5 inches), projectors specially designed or modified for military use and accessories, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol data-bbox="391 1511 1159 1610" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1511 1159 1610">a. <i>Guns, howitzers, cannon, mortars, anti-tank weapons, projectile launchers, military flame throwers, rifles, recoilless rifles and smooth-bore weapons;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="366 1631 448 1662"><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1131 472"><i>Category Code ML2.a. includes injectors, metering devices, storage tanks and other specially designed components for use with liquid propelling charges for any of the equipment specified in Category Code ML2.a.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 496 417 525"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 548 1131 576"><i>Category Code ML2.a. does not apply to weapons as follows:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 599 1131 1338" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 599 1131 662"><i>a. Rifles, smooth-bore weapons and combination guns, manufactured earlier than 1938;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 685 1131 786"><i>b. Reproductions of rifles, smooth-bore weapons and combination guns, the originals of which were manufactured earlier than 1890;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 809 1131 872"><i>c. Guns, howitzers, cannons and mortars, manufactured earlier than 1890;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 894 1131 995"><i>d. Smooth-bore weapons used for hunting or sporting purposes. These weapons must not be specially designed for military use or of the fully automatic firing type;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1018 1131 1338"><i>e. Smooth-bore weapons specially designed for any of the following:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="487 1100 935 1129"><i>1. Slaughtering of domestic animals;</i></li> <li data-bbox="487 1151 827 1180"><i>2. Tranquilising of animals;</i></li> <li data-bbox="487 1203 713 1231"><i>3. Seismic testing;</i></li> <li data-bbox="487 1254 935 1283"><i>4. Firing of industrial projectiles; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="487 1306 1119 1334"><i>5. Disrupting Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs);</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="344 1361 397 1389"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="522 1412 1131 1513"><i>For disruptors, see Category Code ML4 and Category Code 1A006 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 1536 1131 1671" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1536 1131 1671"><i>f. Hand-held projectile launchers specially designed to launch tethered projectiles having no high explosive charge or communications link, to a range of less than or equal to 500 m.</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Projectors, specially designed or modified for military use, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Smoke canister projectors;</li> <li>2. Gas canister projectors;</li> <li>3. Pyrotechnics projectors;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i> <i>Category Code ML2.b. does not apply to signal pistols.</i></p> <p>c. Accessories specially designed for the weapons specified in Category Code ML2.a., as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Weapon-sights and weapon-sight mounts, specially designed for military use;</li> <li>2. Signature reduction devices;</li> <li>3. Mountings;</li> <li>4. Detachable cartridge magazines;</li> </ol> <p>d. Not used.</p>
ML3	<p>Ammunition and fuze setting devices, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ammunition for weapons specified in Category Code ML1, ML2 or ML12;</li> <li>b. Fuze setting devices specially designed for ammunition specified in Category Code ML3.a.</li> </ol> <p><i>Note 1</i> <i>Specially designed components specified in Category Code ML3 include:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Metal or plastic fabrications such as primer anvils, bullet cups, cartridge links, rotating bands and munitions metal parts;</i></li> <li>b. <i>Safing and arming devices, fuzes, sensors and initiation devices;</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="360 338 1056 371"><i>c. Power supplies with high one-time operational output;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 388 774 420"><i>d. Combustible cases for charges;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 437 1130 508"><i>e. Submunitions including bomblets, minelets and terminally guided projectiles.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 525 417 557"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 575 1087 607"><i>Category Code ML3.a. does not apply to any of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 624 1049 656"><i>a. Ammunition crimped without a projectile (blank star);</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 674 1040 706"><i>b. Dummy ammunition with a pierced powder chamber;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 723 1130 793"><i>c. Other blank and dummy ammunition, not incorporating components designed for live ammunition; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="360 811 1130 881"><i>d. Components specially designed for blank or dummy ammunition, specified in this Note 2.a., b. or c.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 898 417 931"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 948 1130 1018"><i>Category Code ML3.a. does not apply to cartridges specially designed for any of the following purposes:</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1035 529 1068"><i>a. Signalling;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1085 595 1117"><i>b. Bird scaring; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1134 803 1167"><i>c. Lighting of gas flares at oil wells.</i></p>
ML4	<p data-bbox="333 1245 1130 1348">Bombs, torpedoes, rockets, missiles, other explosive devices and charges and related equipment and accessories, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="333 1365 413 1397"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1414 1130 1447"><i>For guidance and navigation equipment, see Category Code ML11.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1464 413 1496"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1513 1130 1584"><i>For Aircraft Missile Protection Systems (AMPS), see Category Code ML4.c.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1601 1130 1704"><i>a. Bombs, torpedoes, grenades, smoke canisters, rockets, mines, missiles, depth charges, demolition-charges, demolition-devices, demolition-kits, “pyrotechnic” devices,</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>cartridges, submunitions therefor and simulators (i.e. equipment simulating the characteristics of any of these items), specially designed for military use;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML4.a. includes:</i></p> <p><i>a. Smoke grenades, fire bombs, incendiary bombs and explosive devices;</i></p> <p><i>b. Missile or rocket nozzles and re-entry vehicle nosetips.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For grenade or canister ammunition for weapons or projectors specified in Category Code ML1 or ML2 and submunitions specifically designed for ammunition, see Category Code ML3.</i></p> <p>b. Equipment having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed for military use; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Specially designed for ‘activities’ relating to either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Items specified in Category Code ML4.a.; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML4.b.2., ‘activities’ applies to handling, launching, laying, controlling, discharging, detonating, activating, powering with one-time operational output, decoying, jamming, sweeping, detecting, disrupting or disposing.</i></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML4.b. includes:</i></p> <p><i>a. Mobile gas liquefying equipment;</i></p> <p><i>b. Buoyant electric conducting cable suitable for sweeping magnetic mines.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1130 472"><i>Category Code ML4.b. does not apply to hand-held devices limited by design solely to the detection of metal objects and incapable of distinguishing between mines and other metal objects.</i></p> <p data-bbox="361 493 942 523">c. Aircraft Missile Protection Systems (AMPS).</p> <p data-bbox="337 548 397 578"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 595 1130 662"><i>Category Code ML4.c. does not apply to AMPS having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 683 1107 714">a. <i>Have either of the following missile warning sensors:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="489 734 1130 852" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="489 734 1130 801">1. <i>Passive sensors having peak response between 100 nm – 400 nm; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="489 822 1096 852">2. <i>Active pulsed Doppler missile warning sensors;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="427 873 982 904">b. <i>Have countermeasures dispensing systems;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 925 1130 1030">c. <i>Have flares, which exhibit both a visible signature and an infrared signature, for acting as decoys for surface-to-air missiles; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1051 1130 1117">d. <i>Installed on “civil aircraft” and having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="489 1138 1130 1740" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="489 1138 1130 1395">1. <i>The AMPS is only operable in a specific “civil aircraft” in which the specific AMPS is installed and for which either of the following has been issued:</i> <ol data-bbox="537 1290 1130 1515" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="537 1290 1130 1395">a. <i>A civil Type Certificate issued by civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states”; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="537 1416 1130 1515">b. <i>An equivalent document recognised by the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO);</i></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="489 1549 1130 1618">2. <i>The AMPS employs protection to prevent unauthorised access to “software”; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="489 1633 1130 1740">3. <i>The AMPS incorporates an active mechanism that forces the system not to function when it is removed from the “civil aircraft” in which it was installed.</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML5	<p>Fire control, surveillance and warning equipment, and related systems, test and alignment and countermeasure equipment, as follows, specially designed for military use, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Weapon-sights, bombing computers, gun laying equipment and weapon control systems;</li> <li>b. Other fire control, surveillance and warning equipment, and related systems, as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Target acquisition, designation, range-finding, surveillance or tracking systems;</li> <li>2. Detection, recognition or identification equipment;</li> <li>3. Data fusion or sensor integration equipment;</li> </ul> </li> <li>c. Countermeasure equipment for items specified in Category Code ML5.a. or ML5.b.;</li> </ul> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML5.c., countermeasure equipment includes detection equipment.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Field test or alignment equipment, specially designed for items specified in Category Code ML5.a., ML5.b. or ML5.c.</li> </ul>
ML6	<p>Ground vehicles and components, as follows:</p> <p><i>N.B.</i></p> <p><i>For guidance and navigation equipment, see Category Code ML11.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ground vehicles and components therefor, specially designed or modified for military use;</li> </ul> <p><i>Note 1</i></p> <p><i>Category Code ML6.a. includes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Tanks and other military armed vehicles and military vehicles fitted with mountings for arms or equipment for</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="465 338 1131 401"><i>mine laying or the launching of munitions specified in Category Code ML4;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 426 696 453"><i>b. Armoured vehicles;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 477 1009 504"><i>c. Amphibious and deep water fording vehicles;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 529 1131 630"><i>d. Recovery vehicles and vehicles for towing or transporting ammunition or weapon systems and associated load handling equipment;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 654 565 681"><i>e. Trailers.</i></p> <p data-bbox="397 706 478 733"><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="397 757 1131 915"><i>Under Category Code ML6.a., modification of a ground vehicle for military use entails a structural, electrical or mechanical change involving one or more components that are specially designed for military use. Such components include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 940 1131 1003"><i>a. Pneumatic tyre casings of a kind specially designed to be bullet-proof;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1028 1131 1090"><i>b. Armoured protection of vital parts (e.g. fuel tanks or vehicle cabs);</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1115 1069 1142"><i>c. Special reinforcements or mountings for weapons;</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1167 686 1193"><i>d. Black-out lighting.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1218 1016 1245"><b>b. Other ground vehicles and components, as follows:</b></p> <p data-bbox="427 1269 1083 1296">1. Vehicles having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="487 1321 1131 1454"><b>a. Manufactured or fitted with materials or components to provide ballistic protection equal to or better than level III (NIJ 0108.01, September 1985), or “equivalent standards”;</b></p> <p data-bbox="487 1479 1131 1612"><b>b. Have a transmission to provide drive to both front and rear wheels simultaneously, including those for vehicles having additional wheels for load bearing purposes whether driven or not;</b></p> <p data-bbox="487 1637 1131 1700"><b>c. Gross Vehicle Weight Rating (GVWR) greater than 4,500 kg; <u>and</u></b></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Designed or modified for off-road use;</p> <p>2. Components having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Specially designed for vehicles specified in Category Code ML6.b.1.; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Providing ballistic protection equal to or better than level III (NIJ 0108.01, September 1985), or “equivalent standards”.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code ML13.a.</i></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML6 does not apply to civil vehicles designed or modified for transporting money or valuables.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML6 does not apply to vehicles that meet all of the following:</i></p> <p>a. <i>Were manufactured before 1946;</i></p> <p>b. <i>Do not have items specified in any part of this Division and manufactured after 1945, except for reproductions of original components or accessories for the vehicle; <u>and</u></i></p> <p>c. <i>Do not incorporate weapons specified in Category Code ML1, ML2 or ML4 unless they are inoperable and incapable of discharging a projectile.</i></p>
ML7	<p>Chemical agents, “biological agents”, “riot control agents”, radioactive materials, related equipment, components and materials, as follows:</p> <p>a. “Biological agents” or radioactive materials selected or modified to increase their effectiveness in producing casualties in humans or animals, degrading equipment or damaging crops or the environment;</p> <p>b. Chemical Warfare (CW) agents, including:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. CW nerve agents:</p> <p>a. O-Alkyl (equal to or less than C<sub>10</sub>, including cycloalkyl) alkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl)-phosphonofluoridates, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Sarin (GB):O-Isopropyl methylphosphonofluoridate (107-44-8);</li> <li>2. Soman (GD):O-Pinacolyl methylphosphonofluoridate (96-64-0);</li> </ol> <p>b. O-Alkyl (equal to or less than C<sub>10</sub>, including cycloalkyl) N,N-dialkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl) phosphoramidocyanidates, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Tabun (GA):O-Ethyl N, N-dimethylphosphoramidocyanidate (77-81-6);</li> </ol> <p>c. O-Alkyl (H or equal to or less than C<sub>10</sub>, including cycloalkyl) S-2-dialkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl)-aminoethyl alkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl) phosphonothiolates and corresponding alkylated and protonated salts, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. VX: O-Ethyl S-2-diisopropylaminoethyl methyl phosphonothiolate (50782-69-9);</li> </ol> <p>2. CW vesicant agents:</p> <p>a. Sulphur mustards, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 2-Chloroethylchloromethylsulphide (2625-76-5);</li> <li>2. Bis(2-chloroethyl) sulphide (505-60-2);</li> <li>3. Bis(2-chloroethylthio) methane (63869-13-6);</li> <li>4. 1,2-bis (2-chloroethylthio) ethane (3563-36-8);</li> <li>5. 1,3-bis (2-chloroethylthio) -n-propane (63905-10-2);</li> <li>6. 1,4-bis (2-chloroethylthio) -n-butane (142868-93-7);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>7. 1,5-bis (2-chloroethylthio) -n-pentane (142868-94-8);</p> <p>8. Bis (2-chloroethylthiomethyl) ether (63918-90-1);</p> <p>9. Bis (2-chloroethylthioethyl) ether (63918-89-8);</p> <p>b. Lewisites, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 2-chlorovinylchloroarsine (541-25-3);</li> <li>2. Tris (2-chlorovinyl) arsine (40334-70-1);</li> <li>3. Bis (2-chlorovinyl) chloroarsine (40334-69-8);</li> </ol> <p>c. Nitrogen mustards, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. HN1: bis (2-chloroethyl) ethylamine (538-07-8);</li> <li>2. HN2: bis (2-chloroethyl) methylamine (51-75-2);</li> <li>3. HN3: tris (2-chloroethyl) amine (555-77-1);</li> </ol> <p>3. CW incapacitating agents, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 3-Quinuclidinyl benzilate (BZ) (6581-06-2);</li> </ol> <p>4. CW defoliants, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Butyl 2-chloro-4-fluorophenoxyacetate (LNF);</li> <li>b. 2,4,5-trichlorophenoxyacetic acid (93-76-5) mixed with 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid (94-75-7) (Agent Orange (39277-47-9));</li> </ol> <p>c. CW binary precursors and key precursors, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Alkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl) Phosphonyl Difluorides, such as: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. DF: Methyl Phosphonyldifluoride (676-99-3);</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. O-Alkyl (H or equal to or less than C<sub>10</sub>, including cycloalkyl) O-2-dialkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl or Isopropyl)-aminoethyl alkyl (Methyl, Ethyl, n-Propyl</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>or Isopropyl) phosphonites and corresponding alkylated and protonated salts, such as:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. QL: O-Ethyl O-2-di-isopropylaminoethyl methylphosphonite (57856-11-8);</li> <li>3. Chlorosarin: O-Isopropyl methylphosphonochloridate (1445-76-7);</li> <li>4. Chlorosoman: O-Pinacolyl methylphosphonochloridate (7040-57-5);</li> </ol> <p>d. “Riot control agents”, active constituent chemicals and combinations thereof, including:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <math>\alpha</math>-Bromobenzeneacetonitrile, (Bromobenzyl cyanide) (CA) (5798-79-8);</li> <li>2. [(2-chlorophenyl) methylene] propanedinitrile, (o-Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) (CS) (2698-41-1);</li> <li>3. 2-Chloro-1-phenylethanone, Phenylacetyl chloride (<math>\omega</math>-chloroacetophenone) (CN) (532-27-4);</li> <li>4. Dibenz-(b,f)-1,4-oxazepine, (CR) (257-07-8);</li> <li>5. 10-Chloro-5,10-dihydrophenarsazine, (Phenarsazine chloride), (Adamsite), (DM) (578-94-9);</li> <li>6. N-Nonanoylmorpholine, (MPA) (5299-64-9);</li> </ol> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML7.d. does not apply to “riot control agents” individually packaged for personal self-defence purposes.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML7.d. does not apply to active constituent chemicals, and combinations thereof, identified and packaged for food production or medical purposes.</i></p> <p>e. Equipment, specially designed or modified for military use, designed or modified for the dissemination of either of the following, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Materials or agents specified in Category Code ML7.a., ML7.b. or ML7.d.; <u>or</u></li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="458 338 1165 401">2. CW agents made up of precursors specified in Category Code ML7.c.;</p> <p data-bbox="397 426 1165 521">f. Protective and decontamination equipment, specially designed or modified for military use, components and chemical mixtures, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 546 1165 921" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 546 1165 641">1. Equipment designed or modified for defence against materials specified in Category Code ML7.a., ML7.b. or ML7.d., and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li data-bbox="458 666 1165 801">2. Equipment designed or modified for decontamination of objects contaminated with materials specified in Category Code ML7.a. or ML7.b., and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li data-bbox="458 826 1165 921">3. Chemical mixtures specially developed or formulated for the decontamination of objects contaminated with materials specified in Category Code ML7.a. or ML7.b.;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="368 946 427 972"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 997 838 1024"><i>Category Code ML7.f.1. includes:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 1049 1165 1163" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1049 1165 1111">a. <i>Air conditioning units specially designed or modified for nuclear, biological or chemical filtration;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1136 727 1163">b. <i>Protective clothing.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="368 1188 427 1214"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1239 1165 1334"><i>For civil gas masks, protective and decontamination equipment, see also Category Code 1A004 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="397 1359 1165 1492">g. Equipment, specially designed or modified for military use, designed or modified for the detection or identification of materials specified in Category Code ML7.a., ML7.b. or ML7.d., and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p data-bbox="368 1517 427 1544"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1568 1165 1631"><i>Category Code ML7.g. does not apply to personal radiation monitoring dosimeters.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 1656 427 1683"><u>N.B.</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1131 401"><i>See also Category Code IA004 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 426 1131 559">h. “Biopolymers” specially designed or processed for the detection or identification of CW agents specified in Category Code ML7.b., and the cultures of specific cells used to produce them;</p> <p data-bbox="360 584 1131 647">i. “Biocatalysts” for the decontamination or degradation of CW agents, and biological systems therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 672 1131 839">1. “Biocatalysts” specially designed for the decontamination or degradation of CW agents specified in Category Code ML7.b., and resulting from directed laboratory selection or genetic manipulation of biological systems;</li> <li data-bbox="427 864 1131 1115">2. Biological systems containing the genetic information specific to the production of “biocatalysts” specified in Category Code ML7.i.1., as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="485 984 787 1014">a. “Expression vectors”;</li> <li data-bbox="485 1039 623 1070">b. Viruses;</li> <li data-bbox="485 1094 729 1125">c. Cultures of cells.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="333 1140 417 1170"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1188 1131 1218"><i>Category Codes ML7.b. and ML7.d. do not apply to the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 1243 774 1273">a. Cyanogen chloride (506-77-4);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1298 743 1328">b. Hydrocyanic acid (74-90-8);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1353 666 1384">c. Chlorine (7782-50-5);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1408 891 1439">d. Carbonyl chloride (phosgene) (75-44-5);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1464 1079 1494">e. Diphosgene (trichloromethyl-chloroformate) (503-38-8);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1519 514 1549">f. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="360 1574 1131 1626">g. Xylyl bromide, <i>ortho</i>: (89-92-9), <i>meta</i>: (620-13-3), <i>para</i>: (104-81-4);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1650 729 1681">h. Benzyl bromide (100-39-0);</li> <li data-bbox="360 1705 706 1736">i. Benzyl iodide (620-05-3);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML8	<p data-bbox="387 338 878 681"> <i>j. Bromo acetone (598-31-2);</i>  <i>k. Cyanogen bromide (506-68-3);</i>  <i>l. Bromo methylethylketone (816-40-0);</i>  <i>m. Chloro acetone (78-95-5);</i>  <i>n. Ethyl iodoacetate (623-48-3);</i>  <i>o. Iodo acetone (3019-04-3);</i>  <i>p. Chloropicrin (76-06-2).</i> </p> <p data-bbox="364 700 448 733"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 752 1167 852"> <i>The cultures of cells and biological systems specified in Category Codes ML7.h. and ML7.i.2. are exclusive and these sub-items do not apply to cells or biological systems for civil purposes, such as:</i> </p> <p data-bbox="387 872 1167 991"> <i>a. agricultural, pharmaceutical, medical, veterinary, environmental or waste management purposes; <u>or</u></i>  <i>b. in the food industry.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="249 1062 1049 1094">“Energetic materials” and related substances, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="364 1113 448 1146"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1165 1167 1228"> <i>See also Category Code 1C011 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="364 1247 448 1279"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1298 1167 1361"> <i>For charges and devices, see Category Code ML4 and Category Code 1A008 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="364 1380 427 1412"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1431 1167 1608"> <i>Any substance listed in the sub-items under Category Code ML8 is treated as coming within the description of that substance even when utilised in an application other than that indicated. (e.g. TAGN is predominantly used as an explosive but can also be used either as a fuel or an oxidiser.)</i> </p> <p data-bbox="364 1627 561 1660"><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. For the purpose of Category Code ML8, excluding Category Code ML8.c.11. or ML8.c.12., ‘mixture’ refers to a composition of two or more substances with at least one substance being listed in the sub-items under this Category Code.</p> <p>2. For the purpose of Category Code ML8, particle size is the mean particle diameter on a weight or volume basis. International or equivalent national standards will be used in sampling and determining particle size.</p> <p>a. “Explosives” as follows, and ‘mixtures’ thereof:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ADNBF (aminodinitrobenzofuroxan or 7-amino-4,6-dinitrobenzofurazane-1-oxide) (97096-78-1);</li> <li>2. BNCP (cis-bis (5-nitrotetrazolato) tetra amine-cobalt (III) perchlorate) (117412-28-9);</li> <li>3. CL-14 (diamino dinitrobenzofuroxan or 5,7-diamino-4,6-dinitrobenzofurazane-1-oxide) (117907-74-1);</li> <li>4. CL-20 (HNIW or Hexanitrohexaazaisowurtzitane) (135285-90-4); chlathrates of CL-20 (see also Category Codes ML8.g.3. and g.4. for its “precursors”);</li> <li>5. CP (2-(5-cyanotetrazolato) penta amine-cobalt (III) perchlorate) (70247-32-4);</li> <li>6. DADE (1,1-diamino-2,2-dinitroethylene, FOX-7) (145250-81-3);</li> <li>7. DATB (diaminotrinitrobenzene) (1630-08-6);</li> <li>8. DDFP (1,4-dinitrodifurazanopiperazine);</li> <li>9. DDPO (2,6-diamino-3,5-dinitropyrazine-1-oxide, PZO) (194486-77-6);</li> <li>10. DIPAM (3,3'-diamino-2,2',4,4',6,6'-hexanitrobiphenyl or dipicramide) (17215-44-0);</li> <li>11. DNGU (DINGU or dinitroglycoluril) (55510-04-8);</li> <li>12. Furazans as follows:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. DAAOF (DAAF, DAAFox, or diaminoazoxyfurazan);</p> <p>b. DAAzF (diaminoazofurazan) (78644-90-3);</p> <p>13. HMX and derivatives (see also Category Code ML8.g.5. for its “precursors”), as follows:</p> <p>a. HMX (Cyclotetramethylenetetranitramine, octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazine, 1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetraza-cyclooctane, octogen or octogene) (2691-41-0);</p> <p>b. Difluoroaminated analogs of HMX;</p> <p>c. K-55 (2,4,6,8-tetranitro-2,4,6,8-tetraazabicyclo [3,3,0]-octanone-3, tetranitrosemiglycouril or keto-bicyclic HMX) (130256-72-3);</p> <p>14. HNAD (hexanitroadamantane) (143850-71-9);</p> <p>15. HNS (hexanitrostilbene) (20062-22-0);</p> <p>16. Imidazoles as follows:</p> <p>a. BNNII (Octahydro-2,5-bis(nitroimino)imidazo [4,5-d]imidazole);</p> <p>b. DNI (2,4-dinitroimidazole) (5213-49-0);</p> <p>c. FDIA (1-fluoro-2,4-dinitroimidazole);</p> <p>d. NTDNIA (N-(2-nitrotriazolo)-2,4-dinitroimidazole);</p> <p>e. PTIA (1-picryl-2,4,5-trinitroimidazole);</p> <p>17. NTNMH (1-(2-nitrotriazolo)-2-dinitromethylene hydrazine);</p> <p>18. NTO (ONTA or 3-nitro-1,2,4-triazol-5-one) (932-64-9);</p> <p>19. Polynitrocubanes with more than four nitro groups;</p> <p>20. PYX (2,6-Bis(picrylamino)-3,5-dinitropyridine) (38082-89-2);</p> <p>21. RDX and derivatives, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. RDX (cyclotrimethylenetrinitramine, cyclonite, T4, hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine, 1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triaza-cyclohexane, hexogen or hexogene) (121-82-4);</p> <p>b. Keto-RDX (K-6 or 2,4,6-trinitro-2,4,6-triazacyclohexanone) (115029-35-1);</p> <p>22. TAGN (triaminoguanidinenitrate) (4000-16-2);</p> <p>23. TATB (triaminotrinitrobenzene) (3058-38-6) (see also Category Code ML8.g.7. for its “precursors”);</p> <p>24. TEDDZ (3,3,7,7-tetrabis(difluoroamine) octahydro-1,5-dinitro-1,5-diazocine);</p> <p>25. Tetrazoles as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a. NTAT (nitrotriazol aminotetrazole);</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b. NTNT (1-N-(2-nitrotriazolo)-4-nitrotetrazole);</p> <p>26. Tetryl (trinitrophenylmethylnitramine) (479-45-8);</p> <p>27. TNAD (1,4,5,8-tetranitro-1,4,5,8-tetraazadecalin) (135877-16-6) (see also Category Code ML8.g.6. for its “precursors”);</p> <p>28. TNAZ (1,3,3-trinitroazetidine) (97645-24-4) (see also Category Code ML8.g.2. for its “precursors”);</p> <p>29. TNGU (SORGUYL or tetranitroglycoluril) (55510-03-7);</p> <p>30. TNP (1,4,5,8-tetranitro-pyridazino[4,5-d]pyridazine) (229176-04-9);</p> <p>31. Triazines as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a. DNAM (2-oxy-4,6-dinitroamino-s-triazine) (19899-80-0);</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b. NNHT (2-nitroimino-5-nitro-hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine) (130400-13-4);</p> <p>32. Triazoles as follows:</p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 5-azido-2-nitrotriazole;</li> <li>b. ADHTDN (4-amino-3,5-dihydrazino-1,2,4-triazole dinitramide) (1614-08-0);</li> <li>c. ADNT (1-amino-3,5-dinitro-1,2,4-triazole);</li> <li>d. BDNTA ((bis-dinitrotriazole)amine);</li> <li>e. DBT (3,3'-dinitro-5,5-bi-1,2,4-triazole) (30003-46-4);</li> <li>f. DNBT (dinitrobistriazole) (70890-46-9);</li> <li>g. Not used;</li> <li>h. NTDNT (1-N-(2-nitrotriazolo) 3,5-dinitrotriazole);</li> <li>i. PDNT (1-picryl-3,5-dinitrotriazole);</li> <li>j. TACOT (tetranitrobenzotriazolobenzotriazole) (25243-36-1);</li> </ul> <p>33. “Explosives” not listed elsewhere in Category Code ML8.a. and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Detonation velocity exceeding 8,700 m/s, at maximum density; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Detonation pressure exceeding 34 GPa (340 kbar);</li> </ul> <p>34. Not used;</p> <p>35. DNAN (2,4-dinitroanisole) (119-27-7);</p> <p>36. TEX (4,10-Dinitro-2,6,8,12-tetraoxa-4,10-diazaisowurtzitane);</p> <p>37. GUDN (Guanylurea dinitramide) FOX-12 (217464-38-5);</p> <p>38. Tetrazines as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. BTAT (Bis(2,2,2-trinitroethyl)-3,6-diaminotetrazine);</li> <li>b. LAX-112 (3,6-diamino-1,2,4,5-tetrazine-1,4-dioxide);</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>39. Energetic ionic materials melting between 343 K (70 °C) and 373 K (100 °C) and with detonation velocity exceeding 6,800 m/s or detonation pressure exceeding 18 GPa (180 kbar);</p> <p>40. BTNEN (Bis(2,2,2-trinitroethyl)-nitramine) (19836-28-3);</p> <p>41. FTDO (5,6-(3',4'-furazano)-1,2,3,4-tetrazine-1,3-dioxide);</p> <p>42. EDNA (Ethylenedinitramine) (505-71-5);</p> <p>43. TKX-50 (Dihydroxylammonium 5,5'-bistetrazole-1,1'-diolate);</p>
	<p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.a. includes 'explosive co-crystals'.</i></p>
	<p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML8.a. Note, an 'explosive co-crystal' is a solid material consisting of an ordered three-dimensional arrangement of two or more explosive molecules, where at least one is specified in Category Code ML8.a.</i></p> <p>b. "Propellants" as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Any solid "propellant" with a theoretical specific impulse (under standard conditions) of more than: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 240 s for non-metallised, non-halogenised "propellant";</li> <li>b. 250 s for non-metallised, halogenised "propellant"; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. 260 s for metallised "propellant";</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Not used;</li> <li>3. "Propellants" having a force constant of more than 1,200 kJ/kg;</li> <li>4. "Propellants" that can sustain a steady-state linear burning rate of more than 38 mm/s under standard</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>conditions (as measured in the form of an inhibited single strand) of 6.89 MPa (68.9 bar) pressure and 294 K (21 °C);</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. Elastomer Modified Cast Double Base (EMCDB) “propellants” with extensibility at maximum stress of more than 5% at 233 K (-40 °C);</li> <li>6. Any “propellant” containing substances specified in Category Code ML8.a.;</li> <li>7. “Propellants”, not specified elsewhere in any part of this Division, specially designed for military use;</li> </ol> <p>c. “Pyrotechnics”, fuels and related substances, as follows, and ‘mixtures’ thereof:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Aircraft” fuels specially formulated for military purposes;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.c.1. does not apply to the following “aircraft” fuels: JP-4, JP-5, and JP-8.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>“Aircraft” fuels specified in Category Code ML8.c.1. are finished products, not their constituents.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Alane (aluminium hydride) (7784-21-6);</li> <li>3. Boranes, as follows, and their derivatives: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Carboranes;</li> <li>b. Borane homologues, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Decaborane (14) (17702-41-9);</li> <li>2. Pentaborane (9) (19624-22-7);</li> <li>3. Pentaborane (11) (18433-84-6);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Hydrazine and derivatives, as follows (see also Category Codes ML8.d.8. and d.9. for oxidising hydrazine derivatives):</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="487 338 1132 559">           a. Hydrazine (302-01-2) in concentrations of 70% or more;            b. Monomethyl hydrazine (60-34-4);            c. Symmetrical dimethyl hydrazine (540-73-8);            d. Unsymmetrical dimethyl hydrazine (57-14-7);         </p> <p data-bbox="340 578 400 611"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="465 630 1132 700"><i>Category Code ML8.c.4.a. does not apply to hydrazine ‘mixtures’ specially formulated for corrosion control.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 719 1132 1410">           5. Metal fuels, fuel ‘mixtures’ or “pyrotechnic” ‘mixtures’, in particle form whether spherical, atomised, spheroidal, flaked or ground, manufactured from material consisting of 99% or more of either of the following:           <ol data-bbox="487 872 1132 1410" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="487 872 1132 991">a. Metals as follows and ‘mixtures’ thereof:               <ol data-bbox="538 925 1132 1115" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="538 925 1132 991">1. Beryllium (7440-41-7) in particle sizes of less than 60 µm;</li> <li data-bbox="538 1011 1132 1115">2. Iron powder (7439-89-6) with particle size of 3 µm or less produced by reduction of iron oxide with hydrogen; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="487 1134 1132 1410">b. ‘Mixtures’ containing either of the following:               <ol data-bbox="538 1188 1132 1410" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="538 1188 1132 1283">1. Zirconium (7440-67-7), magnesium (7439-95-4) or alloys of these in particle sizes of less than 60 µm; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="538 1302 1132 1410">2. Boron (7440-42-8) or boron carbide (12069-32-8) fuels of 85% purity or higher and particle sizes of less than 60 µm;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </p> <p data-bbox="340 1429 422 1462"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="465 1481 1132 1614"><i>Category Code ML8.c.5. applies to “explosives” and fuels, whether or not the metals or alloys are encapsulated in aluminium, magnesium, zirconium, or beryllium.</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 1633 422 1666"><u>Note 2</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="494 338 1165 510"><i>Category Code ML8.c.5.b. only applies to metal fuels in particle form when they are mixed with other substances to form a ‘mixture’ formulated for military purposes such as liquid “propellant” slurries, solid “propellants”, or “pyrotechnic” ‘mixtures’.</i></p> <p data-bbox="370 529 454 561"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="494 580 1165 681"><i>Category Code ML8.c.5.b.2. does not apply to boron and boron carbide enriched with boron-10 (20% or more of total boron-10 content).</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 700 1165 839">6. Military materials, containing thickeners for hydrocarbon fuels, specially formulated for use in flame throwers or incendiary munitions, such as metal stearates (e.g. octal (637-12-7)) or palmitates;</li> <li data-bbox="458 858 1165 929">7. Perchlorates, chlorates and chromates, composited with powdered metal or other high energy fuel components;</li> <li data-bbox="458 948 1165 1081">8. Spherical or spheroidal aluminium powder (7429-90-5) with a particle size of 60 µm or less and manufactured from material with an aluminium content of 99% or more;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1100 1165 1170">9. Titanium subhydride (TiH<sub>n</sub>) of stoichiometry equivalent to n = 0.65-1.68;</li> <li data-bbox="444 1190 1165 1570">10. Liquid high energy density fuels not specified in Category Code ML8.c.1., as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="518 1277 1165 1378">a. Mixed fuels, that incorporate both solid and liquid fuels (e.g. boron slurry), having a mass-based energy density of 40 MJ/kg or greater;</li> <li data-bbox="518 1397 1165 1570">b. Other high energy density fuels and fuel additives (e.g. cubane, ionic solutions, JP-7, JP-10), having a volume-based energy density of 37.5 GJ per cubic metre or greater, measured at 293 K (20 °C) and one atmosphere (101.325 kPa) pressure;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="370 1589 434 1622"><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="522 338 1130 439"><i>Category Code ML8.c.10.b. does not apply to fossil refined fuels or biofuels, or fuels for engines certified for use in civil aviation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="415 462 1089 493">11. “Pyrotechnic” and pyrophoric materials, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="489 515 1130 616">a. “Pyrotechnic” or pyrophoric materials specifically formulated to enhance or control the production of radiated energy in any part of the IR spectrum;</p> <p data-bbox="489 639 1130 769">b. Mixtures of magnesium, polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) and a vinylidene difluoride-hexafluoropropylene copolymer (e.g. MTV);</p> <p data-bbox="415 792 1130 892">12. Fuel mixtures, “pyrotechnic” mixtures or “energetic materials”, not specified elsewhere in Category Code ML8, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="489 915 1130 978">a. Containing greater than 0.5% of particles of any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="538 1001 760 1287" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Aluminium;</li> <li>2. Beryllium;</li> <li>3. Boron;</li> <li>4. Zirconium;</li> <li>5. Magnesium; <u>or</u></li> <li>6. Titanium;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="489 1309 1130 1372">b. Particles specified in Category Code ML8.c.12.a. with a size less than 200 nm in any direction; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="489 1395 1130 1458">c. Particles specified in Category Code ML8.c.12.a. with a metal content of 60% or greater;</p> <p data-bbox="465 1481 522 1511"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="465 1534 1009 1565"><i>Category Code ML8.c.12. includes thermites.</i></p> <p data-bbox="361 1587 935 1618">d. Oxidisers as follows, and ‘mixtures’ thereof:</p> <ol data-bbox="428 1641 1130 1723" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ADN (ammonium dinitramide or SR 12) (140456-78-6);</li> <li>2. AP (ammonium perchlorate) (7790-98-9);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Compounds composed of fluorine and any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Other halogens;</li> <li>b. Oxygen; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Nitrogen;</li> </ul> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.d.3. does not apply to chlorine trifluoride (7790-91-2).</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.d.3. does not apply to nitrogen trifluoride (7783-54-2) in its gaseous state.</i></p> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.d.3. does not apply to iodine pentafluoride (7783-66-6).</i></p> <p>4. DNAD (1,3-dinitro-1,3-diazetidine) (78246-06-7);</p> <p>5. HAN (hydroxylammonium nitrate) (13465-08-2);</p> <p>6. HAP (hydroxylammonium perchlorate) (15588-62-2);</p> <p>7. HNF (hydrazinium nitroformate) (20773-28-8);</p> <p>8. Hydrazine nitrate (37836-27-4);</p> <p>9. Hydrazine perchlorate (27978-54-7);</p> <p>10. Liquid oxidisers comprised of or containing inhibited red fuming nitric acid (IRFNA) (8007-58-7);</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.d.10. does not apply to non-inhibited fuming nitric acid.</i></p> <p>e. Binders, plasticisers, monomers and polymers, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. AMMO (azidomethylmethyloxetane and its polymers) (90683-29-7) (see also Category Code ML8.g.1. for its “precursors”);</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 338 1131 439">2. BAMO (3,3-bis(azidomethyl)oxetane and its polymers) (17607-20-4) (see also Category Code ML8.g.1. for its “precursors”);</li> <li data-bbox="427 458 1131 491">3. BDNPA (bis (2,2-dinitropropyl)acetal) (5108-69-0);</li> <li data-bbox="427 510 1131 542">4. BDNPF (bis (2,2-dinitropropyl)formal) (5917-61-3);</li> <li data-bbox="427 561 1131 624">5. BTTN (butanetrioltrinitrate) (6659-60-5) (see also Category Code ML8.g.8. for its “precursors”);</li> <li data-bbox="427 643 1131 1011">6. Energetic monomers, plasticisers or polymers, specially formulated for military use and containing any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="487 773 686 805">a. Nitro groups;</li> <li data-bbox="487 824 697 856">b. Azido groups;</li> <li data-bbox="487 875 705 908">c. Nitrate groups;</li> <li data-bbox="487 927 744 959">d. Nitraza groups; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="487 978 798 1011">e. Difluoroamino groups;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="427 1030 1131 1092">7. FAMAO (3-difluoroaminomethyl-3-azidomethyl oxetane) and its polymers;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1111 1131 1174">8. FEFO (bis-(2-fluoro-2,2-dinitroethyl) formal) (17003-79-1);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1193 1131 1256">9. FPF-1 (poly-2,2,3,3,4,4-hexafluoropentane-1,5-diol formal) (376-90-9);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1275 1131 1338">10. FPF-3 (poly-2,4,4,5,5,6,6-heptafluoro-2-trifluoromethyl-3-oxaheptane-1,7-diol formal);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1357 1131 1420">11. GAP (glycidylazide polymer) (143178-24-9) and its derivatives;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1439 1131 1616">12. HTPB (hydroxyl terminated polybutadiene) with a hydroxyl functionality equal to or greater than 2.2 and less or equal to 2.4, a hydroxyl value of less than 0.77 meq/g, and a viscosity at 30 °C of less than 47 poise (69102-90-5);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1635 1131 1698">13. Alcohol functionalised poly(epichlorohydrin) with a molecular weight of less than 10,000, as follows:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Poly(epichlorohydrindiol);</p> <p>b. Poly(epichlorohydrintriol);</p> <p>14. NENAs (nitroethylnitramine compounds) (17096-47-8, 85068-73-1, 82486-83-7, 82486-82-6 and 85954-06-9);</p> <p>15. PGN (poly-GLYN, polyglycidynitrate or poly(nitratomethyl oxirane)) (27814-48-8);</p> <p>16. Poly-NIMMO (poly(nitratomethylmethyloxetane), poly-NMMO or (poly(3-Nitratomethyl-3-methyloxetane))) (84051-81-0);</p> <p>17. Polynitroorthocarbonates;</p> <p>18. TVOPA (1,2,3-tris[1,2-bis(difluoroamino)ethoxy] propane or tris vinoxyl propane adduct) (53159-39-0);</p> <p>19. 4,5 diazidomethyl-2-methyl-1,2,3-triazole (iso-DAMTR);</p> <p>20. PNO (Poly(3-nitrato oxetane));</p> <p>21. TMETN (Trimethylolethane trinitrate) (3032-55-1);</p> <p>f. "Additives" as follows:</p> <p>1. Basic copper salicylate (62320-94-9);</p> <p>2. BHEGA (bis-(2-hydroxyethyl) glycolamide) (17409-41-5);</p> <p>3. BNO (butadienenitrileoxide);</p> <p>4. Ferrocene derivatives, as follows:</p> <p>a. Butacene (125856-62-4);</p> <p>b. Catocene (2,2-bis-ethylferrocenyl propane) (37206-42-1);</p> <p>c. Ferrocene carboxylic acids and ferrocene carboxylic acid esters;</p> <p>d. n-butyl-ferrocene (31904-29-7);</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>e. Other adducted polymer ferrocene derivatives not specified elsewhere in Category Code ML8.f.4.;</p> <p>f. Ethyl ferrocene (1273-89-8);</p> <p>g. Propyl ferrocene;</p> <p>h. Pentyl ferrocene (1274-00-6);</p> <p>i. Dicyclopentyl ferrocene;</p> <p>j. Dicyclohexyl ferrocene;</p> <p>k. Diethyl ferrocene (1273-97-8);</p> <p>l. Dipropyl ferrocene;</p> <p>m. Dibutyl ferrocene (1274-08-4);</p> <p>n. Dihexyl ferrocene (93894-59-8);</p> <p>o. Acetyl ferrocene (1271-55-2)/1,1'-diacetyl ferrocene (1273-94-5);</p> <p>5. Lead beta-resorcylate (20936-32-7) or copper beta-resorcylate (70983-44-7);</p> <p>6. Lead citrate (14450-60-3);</p> <p>7. Lead-copper chelates of beta-resorcylate or salicylates (68411-07-4);</p> <p>8. Lead maleate (19136-34-6);</p> <p>9. Lead salicylate (15748-73-9);</p> <p>10. Lead stannate (12036-31-6);</p> <p>11. MAPO (tris-1-(2-methyl)aziridinyl phosphine oxide) (57-39-6); BOBBA 8 (bis(2-methyl aziridinyl) 2-(2-hydroxypropanoxy) propylamino phosphine oxide); and other MAPO derivatives;</p> <p>12. Methyl BAPO (bis(2-methyl aziridinyl) methylamino phosphine oxide) (85068-72-0);</p> <p>13. N-methyl-p-nitroaniline (100-15-2);</p> <p>14. 3-Nitraza-1,5-pentane diisocyanate (7406-61-9);</p> <p>15. Organo-metallic coupling agents as follows:</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Neopentyl[diallyl]oxy, tri[diocetyl] phosphato-titanate (103850-22-2); also known as titanium IV, 2,2[bis 2-propenolato-methyl, butanolato, tris (diocetyl) phosphato] (110438-25-0); or LICA 12 (103850-22-2);</p> <p>b. Titanium IV, [(2-propenolato-1) methyl, n-propanolatomethyl] butanolato-1, tris[diocetyl] pyrophosphate or KR3538;</p> <p>c. Titanium IV, [(2-propenolato-1)methyl, n-propanolatomethyl] butanolato-1, tris(diocetyl) phosphate;</p> <p>16. Polycyanodifluoroaminoethyleneoxide;</p> <p>17. Bonding agents as follows:</p> <p>a. 1,1R,1S-trimesoyl-tris(2-ethylaziridine) (HX-868, BITA) (7722-73-8);</p> <p>b. Polyfunctional aziridine amides with isophthalic, trimesic, isocyanuric or trimethyladipic backbone also having a 2-methyl or 2-ethyl aziridine group;</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code ML8.f.17.b. includes:</i></p> <p>a. 1,1 <i>H</i>-Isophthaloyl-bis(2-methylaziridine) (HX-752) (7652-64-4);</p> <p>b. 2,4,6-tris(2-ethyl-1-aziridinyl)-1,3,5-triazine (HX-874) (18924-91-9);</p> <p>c. 1,1'-trimethyladipoyl-bis(2-ethylaziridine) (HX-877) (71463-62-2).</p> <p>18. Propyleneimine (2-methylaziridine) (75-55-8);</p> <p>19. Superfine iron oxide (Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) (1317-60-8) with a specific surface area more than 250 m<sup>2</sup>/g and an average particle size of 3 nm or less;</p> <p>20. TEPAN (tetraethylenepentaamineacrylonitrile) (68412-45-3); cyanoethylated polyamines and their salts;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>21. TEPANOL (tetraethylenepentaamineacrylonitrileglycidol) (68412-46-4); cyanoethylated polyamines adducted with glycidol and their salts;</p> <p>22. TPB (triphenyl bismuth) (603-33-8);</p> <p>23. TEPB (Tris (ethoxyphenyl) bismuth) (90591-48-3);</p> <p>g. “Precursors” as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>The references in Category Code ML8.g. are specified “energetic materials” manufactured from these substances.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. BCMO (3,3-bis(chloromethyl)oxetane) (78-71-7) (see also Category Codes ML8.e.1. and e.2.);</li> <li>2. Dinitroazetidine-t-butyl salt (125735-38-8) (see also Category Code ML8.a.28.);</li> <li>3. Hexaazaisowurtzitane derivatives including HBIW (hexabenzylhexaazaisowurtzitane) (124782-15-6) (see also Category Code ML8.a.4.) and TAIW (tetraacetyldibenzylhexaazaisowurtzitane) (182763-60-6) (see also Category Code ML8.a.4.);</li> <li>4. Not used;</li> <li>5. TAT (1,3,5,7 tetraacetyl-1,3,5,7,-tetraaza cyclo-octane) (41378-98-7) (see also Category Code ML8.a.13.);</li> <li>6. 1,4,5,8-tetraazadecalin (5409-42-7) (see also Category Code ML8.a.27.);</li> <li>7. 1,3,5-trichlorobenzene (108-70-3) (see also Category Code ML8.a.23.);</li> <li>8. 1,2,4-trihydroxybutane (1,2,4-butanetriol) (3068-00-6) (see also Category Code ML8.e.5.);</li> <li>9. DADN (1,5-diacetyl-3,7-dinitro-1, 3, 5, 7-tetraaza-cyclooctane) (see also Category Code ML8.a.13.);</li> </ol> <p>h. ‘Reactive material’ powders and shapes, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. Powders of any of the following materials, with a particle size less than 250 µm in any direction and not specified elsewhere in Category Code ML8:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Aluminium;</li> <li>b. Niobium;</li> <li>c. Boron;</li> <li>d. Zirconium;</li> <li>e. Magnesium;</li> <li>f. Titanium;</li> <li>g. Tantalum;</li> <li>h. Tungsten;</li> <li>i. Molybdenum; <u>or</u></li> <li>j. Hafnium;</li> </ul> <p>2. Shapes, not specified in Category Code ML3, ML4, ML12 or ML16, fabricated from powders specified in Category Code ML8.h.1.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML8.h.:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Reactive materials' are designed to produce an exothermic reaction only at high shear rates and for use as liners or casings in warheads.</li> <li>2. 'Reactive material' powders are produced by, for example, a high energy ball milling process.</li> <li>3. 'Reactive material' shapes are produced by, for example, selective laser sintering.</li> </ul> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p>Category Code ML8 does not apply to the following substances unless they are compounded or mixed with the "energetic material" specified in Category Code ML8.a. or powdered metals specified in Category Code ML8.c.:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ammonium picrate (131-74-8);</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>b. Black powder;</i></p> <p><i>c. Hexanitrodiphenylamine (131-73-7);</i></p> <p><i>d. Difluoroamine (10405-27-3);</i></p> <p><i>e. Nitrostarch (9056-38-6);</i></p> <p><i>f. Potassium nitrate (7757-79-1);</i></p> <p><i>g. Tetranitronaphthalene;</i></p> <p><i>h. Trinitroanisol;</i></p> <p><i>i. Trinitronaphthalene;</i></p> <p><i>j. Trinitroxylene;</i></p> <p><i>k. N-pyrrolidinone; 1-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone (872-50-4);</i></p> <p><i>l. Dioctylmaleate (142-16-5);</i></p> <p><i>m. Ethylhexylacrylate (103-11-7);</i></p> <p><i>n. Triethylaluminium (TEA) (97-93-8), trimethylaluminium (TMA) (75-24-1), and other pyrophoric metal alkyls and aryls of lithium, sodium, magnesium, zinc or boron;</i></p> <p><i>o. Nitrocellulose (9004-70-0);</i></p> <p><i>p. Nitroglycerin (or glyceroltrinitrate, trinitroglycerine) (NG) (55-63-0);</i></p> <p><i>q. 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene (TNT) (118-96-7);</i></p> <p><i>r. Ethylenediaminedinitrate (EDDN) (20829-66-7);</i></p> <p><i>s. Pentaerythritoltetranitrate (PETN) (78-11-5);</i></p> <p><i>t. Lead azide (13424-46-9), normal lead styphnate (15245-44-0) and basic lead styphnate (12403-82-6), and primary explosives or priming compositions containing azides or azide complexes;</i></p> <p><i>u. Triethyleneglycoldinitrate (TEGDN) (111-22-8);</i></p> <p><i>v. 2,4,6-trinitroresorcinol (styphnic acid) (82-71-3);</i></p> <p><i>w. Diethyldiphenylurea (85-98-3); dimethyldiphenylurea (611-92-7); methylethyldiphenylurea; [Centralites];</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p>x. <i>N,N</i>-diphenylurea (<i>unsymmetrical diphenylurea</i>) (603-54-3);</p> <p>y. <i>Methyl-N,N</i>-diphenylurea (<i>methyl unsymmetrical diphenylurea</i>) (13114-72-2);</p> <p>z. <i>Ethyl-N,N</i>-diphenylurea (<i>ethyl unsymmetrical diphenylurea</i>) (64544-71-4);</p> <p>aa. 2-Nitrodiphenylamine (2-NDPA) (119-75-5);</p> <p>bb. 4-Nitrodiphenylamine (4-NDPA) (836-30-6);</p> <p>cc. 2,2-dinitropropanol (918-52-5);</p> <p>dd. Nitroguanidine (556-88-7) (<i>see Category Code 1C011.d. in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule</i>).</p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p>Category Code ML8 does not apply to ammonium perchlorate (Category Code ML8.d.2.), NTO (Category Code ML8.a.18.) or catocene (Category Code ML8.f.4.b.), and meeting all of the following:</p> <p>a. Specially shaped and formulated for civil-use gas generation devices;</p> <p>b. Compounded or mixed, with non-active thermoset binders or plasticisers, and having a mass of less than 250 g;</p> <p>c. Having a maximum of 80% ammonium perchlorate (Category Code ML8.d.2.) in mass of active material;</p> <p>d. Having less than or equal to 4 g of NTO (Category Code ML8.a.18.); <u>and</u></p> <p>e. Having less than or equal to 1 g of catocene (Category Code ML8.f.4.b.).</p>
ML9	<p>Vessels of war (surface or underwater), special naval equipment, accessories, components and other surface vessels, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p>For guidance and navigation equipment, see Category Code ML11.</p> <p>a. Vessels and components, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. Vessels (surface or underwater) specially designed or modified for military use, regardless of current state of repair or operating condition, and whether or not they contain weapon delivery systems or armour, and hulls or parts of hulls for such vessels, and components therefor specially designed for military use;</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code ML9.a.1. includes vehicles specially designed or modified for the delivery of divers.</i></p> <p>2. Surface vessels, not specified in Category Code ML9.a.1., having any of the following, fixed or integrated into the vessel:</p> <p>a. Automatic weapons specified in Category Code ML1, or weapons specified in Category Code ML2, ML4, ML12 or ML19, or ‘mountings’ or hard points for weapons having a calibre of 12.7 mm or greater;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.a.2.a., ‘mountings’ refers to weapon mounts or structural strengthening for the purpose of installing weapons.</i></p> <p>b. Fire control systems specified in Category Code ML5;</p> <p>c. Having both of the following:</p> <p>1. ‘Chemical, Biological, Radiological and Nuclear (CBRN) protection’; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. ‘Pre-wet or wash down system’ designed for decontamination purposes; <u>or</u></p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.a.2.c.2., ‘pre-wet or wash down system’ is a seawater spray system capable of</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="602 338 1167 407"><i>simultaneously wetting the exterior superstructure and decks of a vessel.</i></p> <p data-bbox="517 426 1167 525">d. Active weapon countermeasure systems specified in Category Code ML4.b., ML5.c. or ML11.a. and having any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="569 548 1167 944" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="569 548 844 578">1. ‘CBRN protection’;</li> <li data-bbox="569 597 1167 666">2. Hull and superstructure, specially designed to reduce the radar cross section;</li> <li data-bbox="569 685 1167 856">3. Thermal signature reduction devices, (e.g. an exhaust gas cooling system), excluding those specially designed to increase overall power plant efficiency or to reduce the environmental impact; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="569 875 1167 944">4. A degaussing system designed to reduce the magnetic signature of the whole vessel;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="602 963 787 993"><i><u>Technical Note</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="602 1012 1167 1252"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.a.2., ‘CBRN protection’ is a self-contained interior space containing features such as over-pressurisation, isolation of ventilation systems, limited ventilation openings with CBRN filters and limited personnel access points incorporating air-locks.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1271 1167 1370">b. Engines and propulsion systems, as follows, specially designed for military use, and components therefor specially designed for military use:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 1393 1167 1725" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1393 1096 1424">1. Diesel engines specially designed for submarines;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1443 1167 1511">2. Electric motors specially designed for submarines and having all of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="517 1534 1167 1725" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="517 1534 1147 1565">a. Power output of more than 0.75 MW (1,000 hp);</li> <li data-bbox="517 1584 758 1614">b. Quick reversing;</li> <li data-bbox="517 1633 784 1664">c. Liquid cooled; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="517 1683 758 1713">d. Totally enclosed;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Diesel engines having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Power output of 37.3 kW (50 hp) or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. ‘Non-magnetic’ content in excess of 75% of total mass;</li> </ul> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.b.3., ‘non-magnetic’ means the relative permeability is less than 2.</i></p> <p>4. ‘Air Independent Propulsion’ (AIP) systems specially designed for submarines;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML9.b.4. does not apply to nuclear power.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.b.4., ‘AIP’ allows a submerged submarine to operate its propulsion system, without access to atmospheric oxygen, for a longer time than the batteries would have otherwise allowed.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See Category Code ML9.h. for nuclear power propulsion equipment.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Underwater detection devices, specially designed for military use, controls therefor and components therefor specially designed for military use;</li> <li>d. Anti-submarine nets and anti-torpedo nets, specially designed for military use;</li> <li>e. Not used;</li> <li>f. Hull penetrators and connectors, specially designed for military use, that enable interaction with equipment external to a vessel, and components therefor specially designed for military use;</li> </ul>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="368 338 448 369"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 390 1162 662"><i>Category Code ML9.f. includes connectors for vessels which are of the single-conductor, multi-conductor, coaxial or waveguide type, and hull penetrators for vessels, both of which are capable of remaining impervious to leakage from without and of retaining required characteristics at marine depths exceeding 100 m; and fibre-optic connectors and optical hull penetrators, specially designed for “laser” beam transmission, regardless of depth.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 683 508 714"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 734 1162 801"><i>Category Code ML9.f. does not apply to ordinary propulsive shaft and hydrodynamic control-rod hull penetrators.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 822 1162 921">g. Silent bearings having any of the following, components therefor and equipment containing those bearings, specially designed for military use:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 942 870 1077" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 942 838 972">1. Gas or magnetic suspension;</li> <li data-bbox="458 993 838 1024">2. Active signature controls; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="458 1045 870 1075">3. Vibration suppression controls;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 1098 1162 1233">h. Nuclear power generating equipment or propulsion equipment, specially designed for vessels specified in Category Code ML9.a. and components therefor specially designed or ‘modified’ for military use.</p> <p data-bbox="427 1254 610 1285"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1306 1162 1473"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML9.h., ‘modified’ means any structural, electrical, mechanical, or other change that provides a non-military item with military capabilities equivalent to an item which is specially designed for military use.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1494 485 1525"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1546 1056 1576"><i>Category Code ML9.h. includes “nuclear reactors”.</i></p>
ML10	<p data-bbox="368 1648 1162 1715">“Aircraft”, “lighter-than-air vehicles”, “unmanned aerial vehicles” (“UAVs”), aero-engines and “aircraft” equipment, related</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>equipment and components, as follows, specially designed or modified for military use:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For guidance and navigation equipment, see Category Code ML11.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Manned “aircraft” and “lighter-than-air vehicles”, and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li>b. Not used;</li> <li>c. Unmanned “aircraft” and “lighter-than-air vehicles”, and related equipment, as follows, and specially designed components therefor: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “UAVs”, Remotely Piloted Air Vehicles (RPVs), autonomous programmable vehicles and unmanned “lighter-than-air vehicles”;</li> <li>2. Launchers, recovery equipment and ground support equipment;</li> <li>3. Equipment designed for command or control;</li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Propulsion aero-engines and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li>e. Airborne refuelling equipment specially designed or modified for either of the following, and specially designed components therefor: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Aircraft” specified in Category Code ML10.a.; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Unmanned “aircraft” specified in Category Code ML10.c.;</li> </ol> </li> <li>f. Ground equipment specially designed for “aircraft” specified in Category Code ML10.a. or aero-engines specified in Category Code ML10.d.;</li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML10.f. includes pressure refuelling equipment and equipment designed to facilitate operations in confined areas, including equipment located on board a ship.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 512 369"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 388 938 418"><i>Category Code ML10.f. does not apply to:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 439 606 470"><i>a. Towbars;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 491 830 521"><i>b. Protective mats and covers;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 542 853 573"><i>c. Ladders, steps and platforms;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 594 1002 624"><i>d. Chocks, lashings and tie-down equipment.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="391 645 1166 778">g. Aircrew life support equipment, aircrew safety equipment and other devices for emergency escape, not specified in Category Code ML10.a., designed for “aircraft” specified in Category Code ML10.a.;</p> <p data-bbox="368 799 427 830"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 851 1166 953"><i>Category Code ML10.g. does not include aircrew helmets that do not incorporate, or have mountings or fittings for, equipment specified in any part of this Division.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 974 427 1005"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1026 982 1056"><i>For helmets, see also Category Code ML13.c.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1077 1166 1488">h. Parachutes, paragliders and related equipment, as follows, and specially designed components therefor: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1165 1166 1226">1. Parachutes not specified elsewhere in any part of this Division;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1247 637 1277">2. Paragliders;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1298 1166 1401">3. Equipment specially designed for high altitude parachutists (e.g. suits, special helmets, breathing systems, navigation equipment);</li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="391 1422 1166 1488">i. Controlled opening equipment or automatic piloting systems, designed for parachuted loads.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="368 1509 448 1540"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="368 1561 1166 1696"><i>Category Code ML10.a. does not apply to “aircraft” and “lighter-than-air vehicles” or variants of those “aircraft”, specially designed for military use and which are all of the following:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="360 338 700 369"><i>a. Not a combat “aircraft”;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 388 1130 491"><i>b. Not configured for military use and not fitted with equipment or attachments specially designed or modified for military use; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="360 510 1130 578"><i>c. Certified for civil use by civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 597 417 628"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 647 852 677"><i>Category Code ML10.d. does not apply to:</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 696 1130 837"><i>a. Aero-engines designed or modified for military use which have been certified by civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states” for use in “civil aircraft”, or specially designed components therefor;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 856 1130 925"><i>b. Reciprocating engines or specially designed components therefor, except those specially designed for “UAVs”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 944 417 974"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 993 1130 1165"><i>For the purposes of Category Codes ML10.a. and ML10.d., specially designed components and related equipment for non-military “aircraft” or aero-engines modified for military use apply only to those military components and to military related equipment required for the modification to military use.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1184 417 1214"><u>Note 4</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1233 1130 1374"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML10.a., military use includes: combat, military reconnaissance, assault, military training, logistics support, and transporting and airdropping troops or military equipment.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1393 417 1424"><u>Note 5</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1443 1130 1511"><i>Category Code ML10.a. does not apply to “aircraft” or “lighter-than-air vehicles” that meet all of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1530 848 1561"><i>a. Were first manufactured before 1946;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1580 1130 1721"><i>b. Do not incorporate items specified in any part of this Division, unless the items are required to meet safety or airworthiness standards of civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states”; <u>and</u></i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML11	<p data-bbox="391 338 1167 439"><i>c. Do not incorporate weapons specified in any part of this Division, unless inoperable and incapable of being returned to operation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 458 448 491"><u>Note 6</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 510 1167 578"><i>Category Code ML10.d. does not apply to propulsion aero-engines that were first manufactured before 1946.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 649 1167 717">Electronic equipment, “spacecraft” and components, not specified elsewhere in any part of this Division, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 736 1167 805">a. Electronic equipment specially designed for military use and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p data-bbox="364 824 427 856"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 873 834 906"><i>Category Code ML11.a. includes:</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 925 1167 1201">a. <i>Electronic countermeasure and electronic counter-countermeasure equipment (i.e. equipment designed to introduce extraneous or erroneous signals into radar or radio communication receivers or otherwise hinder the reception, operation or effectiveness of adversary electronic receivers including their countermeasure equipment), including jamming and counter-jamming equipment;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1220 771 1252">b. <i>Frequency agile tubes;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1271 1167 1410">c. <i>Electronic systems or equipment, designed either for surveillance and monitoring of the electromagnetic spectrum for military intelligence or security purposes or for counteracting such surveillance and monitoring;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1429 1167 1568">d. <i>Underwater countermeasures, including acoustic and magnetic jamming and decoy, equipment designed to introduce extraneous or erroneous signals into sonar receivers;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1587 1167 1688">e. <i>Data processing security equipment, data security equipment and transmission and signalling line security equipment, using cryptographic functionality;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>f. Identification, authentication and keyloader equipment and key management, manufacturing and distribution equipment;</i></p> <p><i>g. Guidance and navigation equipment;</i></p> <p><i>h. Digital troposcatter-radio communications transmission equipment;</i></p> <p><i>i. Digital demodulators specially designed for signals intelligence;</i></p> <p><i>j. “Automated Command and Control Systems”.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For “software” associated with military “Software” Defined Radio (SDR), see Category Code ML21.</i></p> <p>b. Jamming equipment designed or modified to hinder the reception, operation or effectiveness of positioning, navigation or timing services provided by “satellite navigation systems”, and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p>c. “Spacecraft” specially designed or modified for military use, and “spacecraft” components specially designed for military use.</p>
ML12	<p>High velocity kinetic energy weapon systems and related equipment, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p>a. Kinetic energy weapon systems specially designed for destruction or effecting mission-abort of a target;</p> <p>b. Specially designed test and evaluation facilities and test models, including diagnostic instrumentation and targets, for dynamic testing of kinetic energy projectiles and systems.</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For weapon systems using sub-calibre ammunition or employing solely chemical propulsion, and ammunition therefor, see Category Codes ML1 to ML4.</i></p> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>Category Code ML12 includes the following when specially designed for kinetic energy weapon systems:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Launch propulsion systems capable of accelerating masses larger than 0.1 g to velocities in excess of 1.6 km/s, in single or rapid fire modes;</i></li> <li><i>b. Prime power generation, electric armour, energy storage (e.g. high energy storage capacitors), thermal management, conditioning, switching or fuel-handling equipment; and electrical interfaces between power supply, gun and other turret electric drive functions;</i></li> </ul> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 3A001.e.2. in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule for high energy storage capacitors.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>c. Target acquisition, tracking, fire control or damage assessment systems;</i></li> <li><i>d. Homing seeker, guidance or divert propulsion (lateral acceleration) systems for projectiles.</i></li> </ul> <p><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML12 applies to weapon systems using any of the following methods of propulsion:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Electromagnetic;</i></li> <li><i>b. Electrothermal;</i></li> <li><i>c. Plasma;</i></li> <li><i>d. Light gas; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>e. Chemical (when used in combination with any of the above).</i></li> </ul>
ML13	<p>Armoured or protective equipment, constructions, components and accessories, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Metallic or non-metallic armoured plate, having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Manufactured to comply with a military standard or specification; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 763 369">2. Suitable for military use;</p> <p data-bbox="337 390 391 420"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="397 441 1059 472"><i>For body armour plates, see Category Code ML13.d.2.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 493 1131 626">b. Constructions of metallic or non-metallic materials, or combinations thereof, specially designed to provide ballistic protection for military systems, and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p data-bbox="360 647 1131 712">c. Helmets and specially designed components and accessories therefor, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 733 1131 972" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 733 1131 801">1. Helmets manufactured according to military standards or specifications, or comparable national standards;</li> <li data-bbox="427 822 1131 891">2. Shells, liners, or comfort pads, specially designed for helmets specified in Category Code ML13.c.1.;</li> <li data-bbox="427 912 1131 972">3. Add-on ballistic protection elements, specially designed for helmets specified in Category Code ML13.c.1.;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 993 391 1024"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="397 1045 1131 1110"><i>For other military helmet components or accessories, see the relevant Category Code in this Division.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1130 1131 1195">d. Body armour or protective garments, and components therefor, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1216 1131 1353" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1216 1131 1353">1. Soft body armour or protective garments, manufactured to military standards or specifications, or to their equivalents, and specially designed components therefor;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 1374 391 1405"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="465 1426 1131 1528"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML13.d.1., military standards or specifications include, at a minimum, specifications for fragmentation protection.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 1549 1131 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1549 1131 1652">2. Hard body armour plates providing ballistic protection equal to or greater than level III (NIJ 0101.06, July 2008), or “equivalent standards”.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 1673 413 1704"><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML14	<p data-bbox="364 338 1159 405"><i>Category Code ML13.b. includes materials specially designed to form explosive reactive armour or to construct military shelters.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 426 447 455"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 476 1166 542"><i>Category Code ML13.c. does not apply to helmets that meet all of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 563 935 592"><i>a. Were first manufactured before 1970; and</i></li> <li data-bbox="391 613 1159 679"><i>b. Are neither designed or modified to accept, nor equipped with items specified in this Division.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="364 700 447 729"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 750 1159 852"><i>Category Codes ML13.c. and ML13.d. do not apply to helmets, body armour or protective garments, when accompanying their user for the user's own personal protection.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 873 447 902"><u>Note 4</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 923 1159 1026"><i>The only helmets specially designed for bomb disposal personnel that are specified in Category Code ML13.c. are those specially designed for military use.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1047 447 1075"><u>Note 5</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1096 1132 1125"><i>Category Code ML13.d.1. does not apply to protective eyewear.</i></p> <p data-bbox="424 1146 481 1174"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="424 1195 1159 1224"><i>For "laser" protective eyewear, see Category Code ML17.o.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1245 447 1273"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1294 1159 1361"><i>See also Category Code 1A005 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1382 447 1410"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1431 1159 1534"><i>For "fibrous or filamentary materials" used in the manufacture of body armour and helmets, see Category Code 1C010 in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="243 1608 1159 1675"><i>'Specialised equipment for military training' or for simulating military scenarios, simulators specially designed for training in the</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>use of any firearm or weapon specified in Category Code ML1 or ML2, and specially designed components and accessories therefor.</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML14 includes image generating and interactive environment systems for simulators, when specially designed or modified for military use.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML14 does not apply to equipment specially designed for training in the use of hunting or sporting weapons.</i></p> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>‘Specialised equipment for military training’ includes military types of attack trainers, operational flight trainers, radar target trainers, radar target generators, gunnery training devices, anti-submarine warfare trainers, flight simulators (including human-rated centrifuges for pilot/astronaut training), radar trainers, instrument flight trainers, navigation trainers, missile launch trainers, target equipment, drone “aircraft”, armament trainers, pilotless “aircraft” trainers, mobile training units and training equipment for ground military operations.</i></p>
ML15	<p>Imaging or countermeasure equipment, as follows, specially designed for military use, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Recorders and image processing equipment;</li> <li>b. Cameras, photographic equipment and film processing equipment;</li> <li>c. Image intensifier equipment;</li> <li>d. Infrared or thermal imaging equipment;</li> <li>e. Imaging radar sensor equipment;</li> <li>f. Countermeasure or counter-countermeasure equipment, for the equipment specified in Category Codes ML15.a. to ML15.e.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>Category Code ML15.f. includes equipment designed to degrade the operation or effectiveness of military imaging systems or to minimise such degrading effects.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML15 does not apply to “first generation image intensifier tubes” or equipment specially designed to incorporate “first generation image intensifier tubes”.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For weapon-sights incorporating “first generation image intensifier tubes”, see Category Codes ML1, ML2 and ML5.a.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 6A002.a.2, 6A002.b. and 6A003.b. in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p>
ML16	<p>Forgings, castings and other unfinished products, specially designed for items specified in Category Code ML1 to ML4, ML6, ML9, ML10, ML12 or ML19.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML16 applies to unfinished products when they are identifiable by material composition, geometry or function.</i></p>
ML17	<p>Miscellaneous equipment, materials and “libraries”, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p>a. Diving and underwater swimming apparatus, specially designed or modified for military use, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Self-contained diving rebreathers, closed or semi-closed circuit;</li> <li>2. Underwater swimming apparatus specially designed for use with the diving apparatus specified in Category Code ML17.a.1.;</li> </ol> <p><u>N.B.</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1137 401"><i>See also Category Code 8A002.q. in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 426 1116 455">b. Construction equipment specially designed for military use;</li> <li data-bbox="360 477 1130 540">c. Fittings, coatings and treatments, for signature suppression, specially designed for military use;</li> <li data-bbox="360 563 1130 626">d. Field engineer equipment specially designed for use in a combat zone;</li> <li data-bbox="360 649 1130 1043">e. “Robots”, “robot” controllers and “robot” “end-effectors”, having any of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 738 892 767">1. Specially designed for military use;</li> <li data-bbox="427 790 1130 959">2. Incorporating means of protecting hydraulic lines against externally induced punctures caused by ballistic fragments (e.g. incorporating self-sealing lines) and designed to use hydraulic fluids with flash points higher than 839 K (566 °C); <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="427 982 1130 1043">3. Specially designed or rated for operating in an ‘Electromagnetic Pulse’ (‘EMP’) environment;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="341 1068 521 1096"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 1119 1130 1252"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML17.e.3., ‘EMP’ does not refer to unintentional interference caused by electromagnetic radiation from nearby equipment (e.g. machinery, appliances or electronics) or lightning.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 1275 1130 1372">f. “Libraries” specially designed or modified for military use with systems, equipment or components, specified in this Division;</li> <li data-bbox="360 1395 1130 1528">g. Nuclear power generating equipment or propulsion equipment, not specified elsewhere in this Division, specially designed for military use and components therefor specially designed or ‘modified’ for military use;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="397 1551 455 1580"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 1603 1040 1631"><i>Category Code ML17.g. includes “nuclear reactors”.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>h. Equipment and material, coated or treated for signature suppression, specially designed for military use, not specified elsewhere in this Division;</p> <p>i. Simulators specially designed for military “nuclear reactors”;</p> <p>j. Mobile repair shops specially designed or ‘modified’ to service military equipment;</p> <p>k. Field generators specially designed or ‘modified’ for military use;</p> <p>l. ISO intermodal containers or demountable vehicle bodies (i.e. swap bodies), specially designed or ‘modified’ for military use;</p> <p>m. Ferries, not specified elsewhere in this Division, bridges and pontoons, specially designed for military use;</p> <p>n. Test models specially designed for the “development” of items specified in Category Code ML4, ML6, ML9 or ML10;</p> <p>o. “Laser” protection equipment (e.g. eye or sensor protection) specially designed for military use;</p> <p>p. “Fuel cells”, not specified elsewhere in this Division, specially designed or ‘modified’ for military use.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. <i>Not used.</i></p> <p>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code ML17, ‘modified’ means any structural, electrical, mechanical, or other change that provides a non-military item with military capabilities equivalent to an item which is specially designed for military use.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML18	<p data-bbox="333 335 1130 401">‘Production’ equipment, environmental test facilities and components, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="360 420 1130 677" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 420 1130 525">a. Equipment specially designed or modified for the ‘production’ of items specified in this Division, and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li data-bbox="360 544 1130 677">b. Environmental test facilities specially designed for the certification, qualification or testing of items specified in this Division, and specially designed equipment therefor, not specified elsewhere.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="333 696 518 731"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 750 1130 820"><i>For the purpose of Category Code ML18, the term ‘production’ includes design, examination, manufacture, testing and checking.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 839 395 873"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 892 1130 963"><i>Category Codes ML18.a. and ML18.b. include the following equipment:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="360 982 1130 1740" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 982 655 1016">a. <i>Continuous nitrators;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1035 1130 1325">b. <i>Centrifugal testing apparatus or equipment, having any of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1115 1130 1186">1. <i>Driven by a motor or motors having a total rated horsepower of more than 298 kW (400 hp);</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1205 1130 1239">2. <i>Capable of carrying a payload of 113 kg or more; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1258 1130 1325">3. <i>Capable of exerting a centrifugal acceleration of 8 g or more on a payload of 91 kg or more;</i></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="360 1344 655 1378">c. <i>Dehydration presses;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1397 1130 1467">d. <i>Screw extruders specially designed or modified for military “explosive” extrusion;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1487 1103 1521">e. <i>Cutting machines for the sizing of extruded “propellants”;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1540 1130 1610">f. <i>Sweetie barrels (tumblers) 1.85 m or more in diameter and having over 227 kg product capacity;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1629 915 1664">g. <i>Continuous mixers for solid “propellants”;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1683 1130 1740">h. <i>Fluid energy mills for grinding or milling the ingredients of military “explosives”;</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML19	<p data-bbox="395 338 1163 405"><i>i. Equipment to achieve both sphericity and uniform particle size in metal powder listed in Category Code ML8.c.8.;</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 426 1163 493"><i>j. Convection current converters for the conversion of materials listed in Category Code ML8.c.3.</i></p> <p data-bbox="366 563 1163 662">Directed Energy Weapon (DEW) systems, related or countermeasure equipment and test models, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="395 683 1163 750">a. “Laser” systems specially designed for destruction or effecting mission-abort of a target;</p> <p data-bbox="395 771 1163 837">b. Particle beam systems capable of destruction or effecting mission-abort of a target;</p> <p data-bbox="395 858 1163 925">c. High power Radio Frequency (RF) systems capable of destruction or effecting mission-abort of a target;</p> <p data-bbox="395 946 1163 1047">d. Equipment specially designed for the detection or identification of, or defence against, systems specified in Category Codes ML19.a. to ML19.c.;</p> <p data-bbox="395 1068 1163 1134">e. Physical test models for the systems, equipment and components, specified in Category Code ML19;</p> <p data-bbox="395 1155 1163 1256">f. “Laser” systems specially designed to cause permanent blindness to unenhanced vision, i.e. to the naked eye or to the eye with corrective eyesight devices.</p> <p data-bbox="366 1277 447 1306"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="366 1327 1163 1393"><i>DEW systems specified in Category Code ML19 include systems whose capability is derived from the controlled application of:</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 1414 1163 1481">a. “Lasers” of sufficient power to effect destruction similar to the manner of conventional ammunition;</p> <p data-bbox="395 1502 1163 1568">b. Particle accelerators which project a charged or neutral particle beam with destructive power;</p> <p data-bbox="395 1589 1163 1690">c. High pulsed power or high average power Radio Frequency (RF) beam transmitters, which produce fields sufficiently intense to disable electronic circuitry at a distant target.</p> <p data-bbox="366 1711 447 1740"><u>Note 2</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>Category Code ML19 includes the following when specially designed for DEW systems:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Prime power generation, energy storage, switching, power conditioning or fuel-handling equipment;</i></li> <li><i>b. Target acquisition or tracking systems;</i></li> <li><i>c. Systems capable of assessing target damage, destruction or mission-abort;</i></li> <li><i>d. Beam-handling, propagation or pointing equipment;</i></li> <li><i>e. Equipment with rapid beam slew capability for rapid multiple target operations;</i></li> <li><i>f. Adaptive optics and phase conjugators;</i></li> <li><i>g. Current injectors for negative hydrogen ion beams;</i></li> <li><i>h. “Space-qualified” accelerator components;</i></li> <li><i>i. Negative ion beam funnelling equipment;</i></li> <li><i>j. Equipment for controlling and slewing a high energy ion beam;</i></li> <li><i>k. “Space-qualified” foils for neutralising negative hydrogen isotope beams.</i></li> </ul>
ML20	<p>Cryogenic and “superconductive” equipment, as follows, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Equipment specially designed or configured to be installed in a vehicle for military ground, marine, airborne or space applications, capable of operating while in motion and of producing or maintaining temperatures below 103 K (-170 °C);</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML20.a. includes mobile systems incorporating or employing accessories or components manufactured from non-metallic or non-electrical conductive materials, such as plastics or epoxy-impregnated materials.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML21	<p data-bbox="391 338 1167 510">b. “Superconductive” electrical equipment (rotating machinery or transformers) specially designed or configured to be installed in a vehicle for military ground, marine, airborne or space applications and capable of operating while in motion.</p> <p data-bbox="368 529 427 561"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 580 1167 752"><i>Category Code ML20.b. does not apply to direct-current hybrid homopolar generators that have single-pole normal metal armatures which rotate in a magnetic field produced by superconducting windings, provided those windings are the only superconducting components in the generator.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 820 642 852">“Software” as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 872 1167 1740"> a. “Software” specially designed or modified for any of the following: <ol data-bbox="458 961 1167 1201" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 961 1167 1030">1. “Development”, “production”, operation or maintenance of equipment specified in this Division;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1043 1167 1111">2. “Development” or “production” of materials specified in this Division; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="458 1125 1167 1201">3. “Development”, “production”, operation or maintenance of “software” specified in this Division;</li> </ol> b. Specific “software”, other than that specified in Category Code ML21.a., as follows: <ol data-bbox="458 1309 1167 1740" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1309 1167 1410">1. “Software” specially designed for military use and specially designed for modelling, simulating or evaluating military weapon systems;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1424 1167 1525">2. “Software” specially designed for military use and specially designed for modelling or simulating military operational scenarios;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1538 1167 1606">3. “Software” for determining the effects of conventional, nuclear, chemical or biological weapons;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1620 1167 1740">4. “Software” specially designed for military use and specially designed for Command, Communications, Control and Intelligence (C<sup>3</sup>I) or Command,</li> </ol> </p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
ML22	<p>Communications, Control, Computer and Intelligence (C<sup>4</sup>I) applications;</p> <p>5. “Software” specially designed or modified for the conduct of military offensive cyber operations;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML21.b.5. includes “software” designed to destroy, damage, degrade or disrupt systems, equipment or “software”, specified in this Division, cyber reconnaissance and cyber command and control “software”, therefor.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML21.b.5. does not apply to “vulnerability disclosure” or to “cyber incident response”, limited to non-military defensive cybersecurity readiness or response.</i></p> <p>c. “Software”, not specified in Category Code ML21.a. or ML21.b., specially designed or modified to enable equipment not specified in this Division to perform the military functions of equipment specified in this Division.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See systems, equipment or components specified in this Division for general purpose “digital computers” with installed “software” specified in Category Code ML21.c.</i></p> <p>“Technology” as follows:</p> <p>a. “Technology”, other than specified in Category Code ML22.b., which is “required” for the “development”, “production”, operation, installation, maintenance (checking), repair, overhaul or refurbishing of items specified in this Division;</p> <p>b. “Technology” as follows:</p> <p>1. “Technology” “required” for the design of, the assembly of components into, and the operation, maintenance and repair of, complete production installations for items</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>specified in this Division, even if the components of such production installations are not specified;</p> <p>2. “Technology” “required” for the “development” and “production” of small arms, even if used to produce reproductions of antique small arms;</p> <p>3. Not used;</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See Category Code ML22.a. for “technology” previously specified in Category Code ML22.b.3.</i></p> <p>4. Not used;</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See Category Code ML22.a. for “technology” previously specified in Category Code ML22.b.4.</i></p> <p>5. “Technology” “required” exclusively for the incorporation of “biocatalysts”, specified in Category Code ML7.i.1., into military carrier substances or military material.</p> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>“Technology” “required” for the “development”, “production”, operation, installation, maintenance (checking), repair, overhaul or refurbishing of items specified in this Division is considered to fall within Category Code ML22 even when applicable to any goods which are not specified in this Division.</i></p> <p><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code ML22 does not include “technology” for magnetic induction for continuous propulsion of civil transport devices.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

## PART 2

DUAL-USE GOODS THE EXPORT, TRANSHIPMENT OR  
BRINGING IN TRANSIT OF WHICH, AND TECHNOLOGY  
THE EXPORT OR TRANSMISSION OF WHICH, REQUIRE A PERMIT*Division 1 — Preliminary Provisions**Subdivision 1 — General Notes*

1. Non-controlled goods (including plant) containing one or more controlled components set out in Division 2 are considered to be controlled goods within Division 2, if the controlled components are the principal element of the non-controlled goods and can feasibly be removed or used for other purposes.
2. In determining whether goods are to be considered the principal element of other goods for the purposes of paragraph 1, factors such as the quantity, value and technological know-how involved, and other special circumstances which might establish the goods as the principal element of the other goods, must be weighed.
3. Goods specified in Division 2 include both new and used goods.
4. Chemicals in Division 2 are listed by name and CAS number. Chemicals of the same structural formula (including hydrates, isotopically-labelled forms or all possible stereoisomers) as chemicals listed in Division 2 are to be considered as coming within the descriptions of the second-mentioned chemicals regardless of name or CAS number. CAS numbers are shown in order to assist in identifying whether a particular chemical or mixture is a chemical within Division 2, irrespective of nomenclature. CAS numbers are not intended to be used as unique identifiers, because some forms of the listed chemical have different CAS numbers, and mixtures containing a listed chemical may also have different CAS numbers.

*Subdivision 2 — Nuclear Technology Note (NTN)*

*(To be read in conjunction with section E of Category 0.)*

5. “Technology” for the “development”, “production” or “use” of goods specified in Category 0 is considered to be “technology” under section E of that Category even when applicable to goods not so specified.

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*Subdivision 3 — General Technology Note (GTN)*

*(To be read in conjunction with section E of Categories 1 to 9.)*

6. “Technology” under section E of Categories 1 to 9 is “technology” which is “required” for the “development”, “production” or “use” of goods specified in those Categories.

“Technology” for the “development”, “production” or “use” of goods specified in Categories 1 to 9 is considered to be “technology” under section E of those Categories even when applicable to goods not so specified.

*Subdivision 4 — Nuclear Software Note (NSN)*

7. Category 0 of Division 2 does not include “software” which is the minimum necessary “object code” for the installation, operation, maintenance (checking) or repair of those items whose export has been authorised.

Note

*Paragraph 7 does not extend to “software” specified in Category 5, Part 2 (“Information Security”).*

*Subdivision 5 — General Software Note (GSN)*

8. Categories 1 to 9 of Division 2 do not include “software” which is either of the following:
- a. Software generally available to the public by being:
    1. Sold from stock at retail selling points, without restriction, by means of:
      - a. Over-the-counter transactions;
      - b. Mail order transactions;
      - c. Electronic transactions; or
      - d. Telephone order transactions; and
    2. Designed for installation by the user without further substantial support by the supplier; or

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

- b. The minimum necessary “object code” for the installation, operation, maintenance (checking) or repair of those items whose export has been authorised.

Note

*Paragraph 8 does not extend to “software” specified in Category 5, Part 2 (“Information Security”).*

*Subdivision 6 — General “Information Security” Note (GISN)*

9. “Information security” items or functions, even if they are components, “software” or functions of other items, are treated as coming within Category 5, Part 2.

*Subdivision 7 — Definitions of Words and Expressions in this Part*

10. In this Part, a word or expression in quotation marks (“ ”) takes the definition set out against it in this paragraph:

“accuracy” (Categories 2, 3, 6, 7, 8), usually measured in terms of inaccuracy, means the maximum deviation, positive or negative, of an indicated value from an accepted standard or true value;

“active flight control systems” (Category 7) means systems that function to prevent undesirable “aircraft” and missile motions or structural loads by autonomously processing outputs from multiple sensors and then providing the necessary preventive commands to effect automatic control;

“active pixel” (Category 6) means a minimum (single) element of the solid state array which has a photoelectric transfer function when exposed to light (electromagnetic) radiation;

“Adjusted Peak Performance” (“APP”) (Category 4) means an adjusted peak rate at which “digital computers” perform 64-bit or larger floating-point additions and multiplications, and is expressed in Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT) with units of  $10^{12}$  adjusted Floating-Point Operations (FPO) per second;

N.B.

*See Category 4, Technical Note.*

“aircraft” (Categories 1, 6, 7, 9) means a fixed wing, swivel wing, rotary wing (helicopter), tilt rotor or tilt-wing airborne vehicle;

N.B.

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*See also “civil aircraft”.*

“airship” (Category 9) means a power-driven airborne vehicle that is kept buoyant by a body of gas (usually helium, formerly hydrogen) which is lighter than air;

“all compensations available” (Category 2) means after all feasible measures available to the manufacturer to minimise all systematic positioning errors for the particular machine-tool model or measuring errors for the particular Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM) are considered;

“allocated by the ITU” (Categories 3, 5) means the allocation of frequency bands according to the current edition of the ITU Radio Regulations for primary, permitted and secondary services;

Note

*Additional and alternative allocations are not included.*

“angle random walk” (Category 7) means the angular error build-up with time that is due to white noise in angular rate (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001);

“angular position deviation” (Category 2) means the maximum difference between angular position and the actual, very accurately measured angular position after the workpiece mount of the table has been turned out of its initial position;

“APP” (Category 4) is equivalent to “Adjusted Peak Performance”;

“asymmetric algorithm” (Category 5) means a cryptographic algorithm using different, mathematically-related keys for encryption and decryption;

Note

*A common use of “asymmetric algorithms” is key management.*

“authentication” (Category 5) means verifying the identity of a user, process or device, often as a prerequisite to allowing access to resources in an information system. This includes verifying the origin or content of a message or other information, and all aspects of access control where there is no encryption of files or text except as directly related to the protection of passwords, Personal Identification Numbers (PINs) or similar data to prevent unauthorised access;

“average output power” (Category 6) means the total “laser” output energy, in joules, divided by the period over which a series of consecutive pulses is emitted, in seconds. For a series of uniformly spaced pulses it is equal to the

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

total “laser” output energy in a single pulse, in joules, multiplied by the pulse frequency of the “laser”, in Hertz;

“basic gate propagation delay time” (Category 3) means the propagation delay time value corresponding to the basic gate used in a “monolithic integrated circuit”. For a ‘family’ of “monolithic integrated circuits”, this may be specified either as the propagation delay time per typical gate within the given ‘family’ or as the typical propagation delay time per gate within the given ‘family’;

Note 1

*“Basic gate propagation delay time” is not to be confused with the input or output delay time of a complex “monolithic integrated circuit”.*

Note 2

*‘Family’ consists of all integrated circuits to which all of the following are applied as their manufacturing methodology and specifications except their respective functions:*

- a. The common hardware and software architecture;*
- b. The common design and process technology; and*
- c. The common basic characteristics.*

“bias” (accelerometer) (Category 7) means the average over a specified time of accelerometer output, measured at specified operating conditions, that has no correlation with input acceleration or rotation. “Bias” (accelerometer) is expressed in g or in metres per second squared (g or m/s<sup>2</sup>). (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001) (Micro g equals  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  g);

“bias” (gyro) (Category 7) means the average over a specified time of gyro output, measured at specified operating conditions, that has no correlation with input rotation or acceleration. “Bias” (gyro) is typically expressed in degrees per hour (degrees/hr). (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001);

“biological agents” (Category 1) means pathogens or toxins, selected or modified (such as altering the purity, shelf life, virulence, dissemination characteristics, or resistance to UV radiation) to produce casualties in humans or animals, degrade equipment or damage crops or the environment;

“camming” (Category 2) means axial displacement in one revolution of the main spindle measured in a plane perpendicular to the spindle faceplate, at a



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

point next to the circumference of the spindle faceplate (Ref. ISO 230-1:1986, paragraph 5.63);

“CEP” (Category 7) means “Circular Error Probable” — In a circular normal distribution, the radius of the circle containing 50% of the individual measurements being made, or the radius of the circle within which there is a 50% probability of being located;

“chemical laser” (Category 6) means a “laser” in which the excited species is produced by the output energy from a chemical reaction;

“chemical mixture” (Category 1) means a solid, liquid or gaseous product made up of two or more components which do not react together under the conditions under which the mixture is stored;

“circulation-controlled anti-torque or circulation-controlled direction control systems” (Category 7) means systems that use air blown over aerodynamic surfaces to increase or control the forces generated by the surfaces;

“civil aircraft” (Categories 1, 3, 4, 7) means an “aircraft” listed by designation in published airworthiness certification lists by the civil aviation authorities of a “participating state” to fly commercial civil internal and external routes or for legitimate civil, private or business use;

*N.B.*

*See also “aircraft”.*

“communications channel controller” (Category 4) means the physical interface which controls the flow of synchronous or asynchronous digital information. It is an assembly that can be integrated into computer or telecommunications equipment to provide communications access;

“compensation systems” (Category 6) means systems which consist of the primary scalar sensor, one or more reference sensors (e.g. vector “magnetometers”) together with software that permit reduction of the rigid body rotation noise of the platform;

“composite” (Categories 1, 2, 6, 8, 9) means a “matrix” and an additional phase or additional phases consisting of particles, whiskers, fibres or any combination thereof, present for a specific purpose or purposes;

“III/V compounds” (Categories 3, 6) means polycrystalline or binary or complex monocrystalline products consisting of elements of groups IIIA and VA of Mendeleev’s periodic classification table (e.g. gallium arsenide, gallium-aluminium arsenide, indium phosphide);

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“contouring control” (Category 2) means two or more “numerically controlled” motions operating in accordance with instructions that specify the next required position and the required feed rates to that position. These feed rates are varied in relation to each other so that a desired contour is generated (Ref. ISO/DIS 2806-1980);

“critical temperature” (Categories 1, 3, 5) (sometimes referred to as the transition temperature) of a specific “superconductive” material means the temperature at which the material loses all resistance to the flow of direct electrical current;

“cryptographic activation” (Category 5) means any technique that specifically activates or enables cryptographic capability of an item, by means of a mechanism implemented by the manufacturer of the item, where this mechanism is uniquely bound to either of the following:

- a. A single instance of the item; or
- b. One customer, for multiple instances of the item;

Technical Notes

1. “Cryptographic activation” techniques and mechanisms may be implemented as hardware, “software” or “technology”.
2. Mechanisms for “cryptographic activation” can, for example, be serial number-based licence keys or authentication instruments such as digitally signed certificates.

“cryptography” (Category 5) means the discipline which embodies principles, means and methods for the transformation of data in order to hide its information content, prevent its undetected modification or prevent its unauthorised use. “Cryptography” is limited to the transformation of information using one or more ‘secret parameters’ (e.g. crypto variables) or associated key management;

Note 1

“Cryptography” does not include ‘fixed’ data compression or coding techniques.

Note 2

“Cryptography” includes decryption.

Technical Notes

1. ‘Secret parameter’ means a constant or key kept from the knowledge of others or shared only within a group.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

2. *'Fixed'* means the coding or compression algorithm cannot accept externally supplied parameters (e.g. cryptographic or key variables) and cannot be modified by the user.

“CW laser” (Category 6) means a “laser” that produces a nominally constant output energy for greater than 0.25 s;

“cyber incident response” (Category 4) means the process of exchanging necessary information on a cybersecurity incident with individuals or organisations responsible for conducting or coordinating remediation to address the cybersecurity incident;

“Data-Based Referenced Navigation” (“DBRN”) (Category 7) Systems means systems which use various sources of previously measured geo-mapping data integrated to provide accurate navigation information under dynamic conditions. Data sources include bathymetric maps, stellar maps, gravity maps, magnetic maps or 3-D digital terrain maps;

“depleted uranium” (Category 0) means uranium depleted in the isotope 235 below that occurring in nature;

“development” (GTN, NTN, All Categories) has the meaning given by the Act;

“diffusion bonding” (Categories 1, 2) means a solid state joining of at least two separate pieces of metals into a single piece with a joint strength equivalent to that of the weakest material, wherein the principal mechanism is interdiffusion of atoms across the interface;

“digital computer” (Categories 4, 5) means equipment which can, in the form of one or more discrete variables, perform all of the following:

- a. Accept data;
- b. Store data or instructions in fixed or alterable (writable) storage devices;
- c. Process data by means of a stored sequence of instructions which is modifiable; and
- d. Provide output of data;

*Note*

*Modifications of a stored sequence of instructions include replacement of fixed storage devices, but not a physical change in wiring or interconnections.*

“digital transfer rate” (Category 5) means the total bit rate of the information that is directly transferred on any type of medium;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*N.B.

See also “total digital transfer rate”.

“drift rate” (gyro) (Category 7) means the component of gyro output that is functionally independent of input rotation. It is expressed as an angular rate. (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001);

“effective gramme” (Categories 0, 1) of “special fissile material” means:

- a. For plutonium isotopes and uranium-233, the isotope weight in grammes;
- b. For uranium enriched 1% or greater in the isotope uranium-235, the element weight in grammes multiplied by the square of its enrichment expressed as a decimal weight fraction;
- c. For uranium enriched below 1% in the isotope uranium-235, the element weight in grammes multiplied by 0.0001;

“electronic assembly” (Categories 2, 3, 4) means a number of electronic components (i.e. ‘circuit elements’, ‘discrete components’, integrated circuits, etc.) connected together to perform one or more specific functions, replaceable as an entity and normally capable of being disassembled;

Technical Note 1

*‘Circuit element’ means a single active or passive functional part of an electronic circuit, such as one diode, one transistor, one resistor, one capacitor, etc.*

Technical Note 2

*‘Discrete component’ means a separately packaged ‘circuit element’ with its own external connections.*

“end-effectors” (Category 2) means grippers, ‘active tooling units’ and any other tooling that is attached to the baseplate on the end of a “robot” manipulator arm;

Technical Note

*‘Active tooling unit’ means a device for applying motive power, process energy or sensing to the workpiece.*

“energetic materials” (Category 1) means substances or mixtures that react chemically to release energy required for their intended application. “Explosives”, ‘pyrotechnics’ and ‘propellants’ are subclasses of energetic materials;

Technical Note 1

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*‘Pyrotechnics’ means mixtures of solid or liquid fuels and oxidisers which, when ignited, undergo an energetic chemical reaction at a controlled rate intended to produce specific time delays, or quantities of heat, noise, smoke, visible light or infrared radiation. Pyrophorics are a subclass of ‘pyrotechnics’, which contain no oxidisers but ignite spontaneously on contact with air.*

*Technical Note 2*

*‘Propellants’ means substances or mixtures that react chemically to produce large volumes of hot gases at controlled rates to perform mechanical work.*

“equivalent density” (Category 6) means the mass of an optic per unit optical area projected onto the optical surface;

“equivalent standards” (Category 1) means comparable national or international standards recognised by one or more “participating states” and applicable to the relevant entry;

“explosives” (Category 1) means solid, liquid or gaseous substances or mixtures of substances which, in their application as primary, booster, or main charges in warheads, demolition and other applications, are required to detonate;

“fibrous or filamentary materials” (Categories 0, 1, 2, 8, 9) includes the following:

- a. Continuous “monofilaments”;
- b. Continuous “yarns” and “rovings”;
- c. “Tapes”, fabrics, random mats and braids;
- d. Chopped fibres, staple fibres and coherent fibre blankets;
- e. Whiskers, either monocrystalline or polycrystalline, of any length;
- f. Aromatic polyamide pulp;

“film type integrated circuit” (Category 3) means an array of ‘circuit elements’ and metallic interconnections formed by deposition of a thick or thin film on an insulating “substrate”;

*Technical Note*

*‘Circuit element’ means a single active or passive functional part of an electronic circuit, such as one diode, one transistor, one resistor, one capacitor, etc.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“fly-by-light system” (Category 7) means a primary digital flight control system employing feedback to control the “aircraft” during flight, where the commands to the effectors or actuators are optical signals;

“fly-by-wire system” (Category 7) means a primary digital flight control system employing feedback to control the “aircraft” during flight, where the commands to the effectors or actuators are electrical signals;

“focal plane array” (Category 6) means a linear or two-dimensional planar layer, or combination of planar layers, of individual detector elements, with or without readout electronics, which work in the focal plane;

*Note*

*“Focal plane array” does not include a stack of single detector elements or any two, three or four element detectors provided time delay and integration is not performed within the element.*

“fractional bandwidth” (Categories 3, 5) means the “instantaneous bandwidth” divided by the centre frequency, expressed as a percentage;

“frequency hopping” (Categories 5, 6) means a form of “spread spectrum” in which the transmission frequency of a single communication channel is made to change by a random or pseudo-random sequence of discrete steps;

“frequency switching time” (Category 3) means the time (i.e. delay) taken by a signal when switched from an initial specified output frequency, to arrive at or within either of the following:

- a.  $\pm 100$  Hz of a final specified output frequency of less than 1 GHz; or
- b.  $\pm 0.1$  part per million of a final specified output frequency equal to or greater than 1 GHz;

“fuel cell” (Category 8) means an electrochemical device that converts chemical energy directly into Direct Current (DC) electricity by consuming fuel from an external source;

“Full Authority Digital Engine Control System” or “FADEC System” (Category 9) means a digital electronic control system for a gas turbine engine that is able to autonomously control the engine throughout its whole operating range from demanded engine start until demanded engine shut-down, in both normal and fault conditions;

“fusible” (Category 1) means capable of being cross-linked or polymerised further (cured) by the use of heat, radiation, catalysts, etc., or that can be melted without pyrolysis (charring);

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“Gate-All-Around Field-Effect Transistor” or “GAAFET” (Category 3) means a device having a single or multiple semiconductor conduction channel element(s) with a common gate structure that surrounds and controls current in all of the semiconductor conduction channel elements;

N.B.

*“Gate-All-Around Field-Effect Transistor” includes nanosheet or nanowire field-effect and surrounding gate transistors and other “GAAFET” semiconductor channel element structures.*

“guidance set” (Category 7) means systems that integrate the process of measuring and computing a vehicle’s position and velocity (i.e. navigation) with that of computing and sending commands to the vehicle’s flight control systems to correct the trajectory;

“hard selectors” (Category 5) means data or set of data, related to an individual (e.g. family name, given name, e-mail, street address, phone number or group affiliations);

“hybrid integrated circuit” (Category 3) means any combination of integrated circuit or circuits, or integrated circuit with ‘circuit elements’ or ‘discrete components’ connected together to perform one or more specific functions, and having all of the following characteristics:

- a. Containing at least one unencapsulated device;
- b. Connected together using typical IC production methods;
- c. Replaceable as an entity; and
- d. Not normally capable of being disassembled;

Technical Note 1

*‘Circuit element’ means a single active or passive functional part of an electronic circuit, such as one diode, one transistor, one resistor, one capacitor, etc.*

Technical Note 2

*‘Discrete component’ means a separately packaged ‘circuit element’ with its own external connections.*

“image enhancement” (Category 4) means the processing of externally derived information-bearing images by algorithms such as time compression, filtering, extraction, selection, correlation, convolution or transformations between domains (e.g. Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) or Walsh transform). This does not include algorithms using only linear or

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

rotational transformation of a single image, such as translation, feature extraction, registration or false colouration;

“immunotoxin” (Category 1) means a conjugate of one cell specific monoclonal antibody and a “toxin” or “sub-unit of toxin”, that selectively affects diseased cells;

“information security” (GSN, GISN, Category 5) means all the means and functions ensuring the accessibility, confidentiality or integrity of information or communications, excluding the means and functions intended to safeguard against malfunctions. “Information security” includes “cryptography”, “cryptographic activation”, ‘cryptanalysis’, protection against compromising emanations and computer security;

Technical Note

*‘Cryptanalysis’ means analysis of a cryptographic system or its inputs and outputs to derive confidential variables or sensitive data, including clear text.*

“instantaneous bandwidth” (Categories 3, 5) means the bandwidth over which output power remains constant within 3 dB without adjustment of other operating parameters;

“insulation” (Category 9) means insulation that is applied to the components of a rocket motor, i.e. the case, nozzle, inlets, case closures, and includes cured or semi-cured compounded rubber sheet stock containing an insulating or refractory material. It may also be incorporated as stress relief boots or flaps;

“interior lining” (Category 9) means interior lining that is suited for the bond interface between the solid propellant and the case or insulating liner, and is usually a liquid polymer based dispersion of refractory or insulating materials, e.g. carbon filled hydroxyl terminated polybutadiene (HTPB) or other polymer with added curing agents sprayed or screeded over a case interior;

“interleaved Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC)” (Category 3) means devices that have multiple ADC units that sample the same analogue input at different times such that when the outputs are aggregated, the analogue input has been effectively sampled and converted at a higher sampling rate;

“intrinsic magnetic gradiometer” (Category 6) means a single magnetic field gradient sensing element and associated electronics the output of which is a measure of magnetic field gradient;

N.B.



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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*See also “magnetic gradiometer”.*

“intrusion software” (Category 4, 5) means “software” specially designed or modified to avoid detection by ‘monitoring tools’, or to defeat ‘protective countermeasures’, of a computer or network-capable device, and performing either of the following:

- a. The extraction of data or information, from a computer or network-capable device, or the modification of system or user data; or
- b. The modification of the standard execution path of a program or process in order to allow the execution of externally provided instructions;

Note 1

*“Intrusion software” does not include any of the following:*

- a. *Hypervisors, debuggers or Software Reverse Engineering (SRE) tools;*
- b. *Digital Rights Management (DRM) “software”; or*
- c. *“Software” designed to be installed by manufacturers, administrators or users, for the purpose of asset tracking or recovery.*

Note 2

*Network-capable devices include mobile devices and smart meters.*

Technical Notes

1. *‘Monitoring tools’ means “software” or hardware devices, that monitor system behaviours or processes running on a device. This includes antivirus (AV) products, end point security products, Personal Security Products (PSP), Intrusion Detection Systems (IDS), Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPS) or firewalls.*
2. *‘Protective countermeasures’ means techniques designed to ensure the safe execution of code, such as Data Execution Prevention (DEP), Address Space Layout Randomisation (ASLR) or sandboxing.*

“isolated live cultures” (Category 1) includes live cultures in dormant form and in dried preparations;

“isostatic presses” (Category 2) means equipment capable of pressurising a closed cavity through various media (e.g. gas, liquid, solid particles, etc.) to

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

create equal pressure in all directions within the cavity upon a workpiece or material;

“laser” (Categories 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9) means an item that produces spatially and temporally coherent light through amplification by stimulated emission of radiation;

*N.B.*

*See also:*

- “*Chemical laser*”;
- “*CW laser*”;
- “*Pulsed laser*”;
- “*Super High Power Laser*”.

“libraries” (Category 1) (parametric technical database) means a collection of technical information, reference to which may enhance the performance of relevant systems, equipment or components;

“lighter-than-air vehicles” (Category 9) means balloons and “airships” that rely on hot air or other lighter-than-air gases such as helium or hydrogen for their lift;

“linearity” (Category 2) (usually measured in terms of non-linearity) means the maximum deviation of the actual characteristic (average of upscale and downscale readings), positive or negative, from a straight line so positioned as to equalise and minimise the maximum deviations;

“local area network” (Categories 4, 5) means a data communication system having both of the following characteristics:

- a. Allows an arbitrary number of independent ‘data devices’ to communicate directly with each other; and
- b. Is confined to a geographical area of moderate size (e.g. office building, plant, campus, warehouse);

*Technical Note*

*‘Data device’ means equipment capable of transmitting or receiving sequences of digital information.*

“magnetic gradiometers” (Category 6) means instruments designed to detect the spatial variation of magnetic fields from sources external to the instrument. They consist of multiple “magnetometers” and associated electronics the output of which is a measure of magnetic field gradient;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*N.B.

See also “intrinsic magnetic gradiometer”.

“magnetometers” (Category 6) means instruments designed to detect magnetic fields from sources external to the instrument. They consist of a single magnetic field sensing element and associated electronics the output of which is a measure of the magnetic field;

“materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>” (Category 0) means copper, copper alloys, stainless steel, aluminium, aluminium oxide, aluminium alloys, nickel or alloys containing 60% or more nickel by weight and fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers;

“matrix” (Categories 1, 2, 8, 9) means a substantially continuous phase that fills the space between particles, whiskers or fibres;

“measurement uncertainty” (Category 2) means the characteristic parameter which specifies in what range around the output value the correct value of the measurable variable lies with a confidence level of 95%. It includes the uncorrected systematic deviations, the uncorrected backlash and the random deviations (Ref. ISO 10360-2);

“microcomputer microcircuit” (Category 3) means a “monolithic integrated circuit” or “multichip integrated circuit” containing an Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) capable of executing general purpose instructions from an internal storage, on data contained in the internal storage;

Note

*The internal storage may be augmented by an external storage.*

“microprocessor microcircuit” (Category 3) means a “monolithic integrated circuit” or “multichip integrated circuit” containing an Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) capable of executing a series of general purpose instructions from an external storage;

Note 1

*“Microprocessor microcircuit” normally does not contain integral user-accessible storage, although storage present on-the-chip may be used in performing its logic function.*

Note 2

*“Microprocessor microcircuit” includes chip sets which are designed to operate together to provide the function of a “microprocessor microcircuit”.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“microorganisms” (Category 2) means bacteria, viruses, mycoplasmas, rickettsiae, chlamydiae or fungi, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material including living material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures;

“missiles” (Categories 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 9) means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems, capable of delivering at least 500 kg payload to a range of at least 300 km;

“monofilament” (Category 1) or filament means the smallest increment of fibre, usually several micrometres in diameter;

“monolithic integrated circuit” (Category 3) means a combination of passive or active ‘circuit elements’ or both which:

- a. Are formed by means of diffusion processes, implantation processes or deposition processes in or on a single semiconducting piece of material, a so-called chip;
- b. Can be considered as indivisibly associated; and
- c. Perform the function or functions of a circuit;

*Technical Note*

*‘Circuit element’ means a single active or passive functional part of an electronic circuit, such as one diode, one transistor, one resistor or one capacitor, etc.*

“Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit” (“MMIC”) (Categories 3, 5) means a “monolithic integrated circuit” that operates at microwave or millimeter wave frequencies;

“monospectral imaging sensors” (Category 6) means sensors capable of acquisition of imaging data from one discrete spectral band;

“multichip integrated circuit” (Category 3) means two or more “monolithic integrated circuits” bonded to a common “substrate”;

“multiple channel Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC)” (Category 3) means devices that integrate more than one ADC, designed so that each ADC has a separate analogue input;

“multispectral imaging sensors” (Category 6) means sensors capable of simultaneous or serial acquisition of imaging data from two or more discrete spectral bands. Sensors having more than twenty discrete spectral bands are sometimes referred to as hyperspectral imaging sensors;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“natural uranium” (Category 0) means uranium containing the mixtures of isotopes occurring in nature;

“network access controller” (Category 4) means a physical interface to a distributed switching network. It uses a common medium which operates throughout at the same “digital transfer rate” using arbitration (e.g. token or carrier sense) for transmission. Independently from any other, it selects data packets or data groups (e.g. Ref. IEEE 802) addressed to it. It is an assembly that can be integrated into computer or telecommunications equipment to provide communications access;

“nuclear reactor” (Category 0) means a complete reactor capable of operation so as to maintain a controlled self-sustaining fission chain reaction. A “nuclear reactor” includes all the items within or attached directly to the reactor vessel, the equipment which controls the level of power in the core, and the components which normally contain, come into direct contact with or control the primary coolant of the reactor core;

“numerical control” (Category 2) means the automatic control of a process performed by a device that makes use of numeric data usually introduced as the operation is in progress (Ref. ISO 2382:2015);

“object code” (GSN, NSN) means an equipment executable form of a convenient expression of one or more processes (“source code” or source language) which has been compiled by programming system;

“Operations, Administration or Maintenance” (“OAM”) (Category 5) means performing one or more of the following tasks:

- a. Establishing or managing any of the following:
  1. Accounts or privileges of users or administrators;
  2. Settings of an item; or
  3. Authentication data in support of the tasks described in paragraph a.1. or a.2.;
- b. Monitoring or managing the operating condition or performance of an item; or
- c. Managing logs or audit data in support of any of the tasks described in paragraph a. or b.;

Note

*“OAM” does not include either of the following tasks or their associated key management functions:*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

- a. *Provisioning or upgrading any cryptographic functionality that is not directly related to establishing or managing authentication data in support of the tasks described in paragraph a.1. or a.2. above; or*
- b. *Performing any cryptographic functionality on the forwarding or data plane of an item.*

“optical integrated circuit” (Category 3) means a “monolithic integrated circuit” or a “hybrid integrated circuit”, containing one or more parts designed to function as a photosensor or photoemitter or to perform an optical or an electro-optical function or functions;

“optical switching” (Category 5) means the routing of or switching of signals in optical form without conversion to electrical signals;

“overall current density” (Category 3) means the total number of ampere-turns in the coil (i.e. the sum of the number of turns multiplied by the maximum current carried by each turn) divided by the total cross-section of the coil (comprising the superconducting filaments, the metallic matrix in which the superconducting filaments are embedded, the encapsulating material, any cooling channels, etc.);

“participating state” (Categories 7, 9) means a state participating in the Wassenaar Arrangement (details of which are set out in <https://www.wassenaar.org>);

“peak power” (Category 6) means the highest power attained in the “pulse duration”;

“personal area network” (Category 5) means a data communication system having both of the following characteristics:

- a. Allows an arbitrary number of independent or interconnected ‘data devices’ to communicate directly with each other; and
- b. Is confined to the communication between devices within the immediate physical vicinity of an individual person or device controller (e.g. single room, office, or automobile);

Technical Note 1

*‘Data device’ means equipment capable of transmitting or receiving sequences of digital information.*

Technical Note 2

*The “local area network” extends beyond the geographical area of the “personal area network”.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“previously separated” (Category 1) means the application of any process intended to increase the concentration of the controlled isotope;

“principal element” (Category 4), as it applies in Category 4, is an element the replacement value of which is more than 35% of the total value of the system of which it is an element. Element value is the price paid for the element by the manufacturer of the system, or by the system integrator. Total value is the normal international selling price to unrelated parties at the point of manufacture or consolidation of shipment;

“production” (GTN, NTN, All Categories) has the meaning given by the Act;

“production equipment” (Categories 1, 7, 9) means tooling, templates, jigs, mandrels, moulds, dies, fixtures, alignment mechanisms, test equipment, other machinery and components therefor, limited to those specially designed or modified for “development” or for one or more phases of “production”;

“production facilities” (Categories 7, 9) means “production equipment” and specially designed software therefor integrated into installations for “development” or for one or more phases of “production”;

“program” (Categories 1, 7) means a sequence of instructions to carry out a process in, or convertible into, a form executable by an electronic computer;

“pulse compression” (Category 6) means the coding and processing of a radar signal pulse of long time duration to one of short time duration, while maintaining the benefits of high pulse energy;

“pulse duration” (Category 6) means the duration of a “laser” pulse, or the time between the half-power points on the leading edge and trailing edge of an individual pulse;

“pulsed laser” (Category 6) means a “laser” having a “pulse duration” that is less than or equal to 0.25 s;

“quantum cryptography” (Category 5) means a family of techniques for the establishment of shared key for “cryptography” by measuring the quantum-mechanical properties of a physical system (including those physical properties explicitly governed by quantum optics, quantum field theory or quantum electrodynamics);

“radar frequency agility” (Category 6) means any technique which changes, in a pseudo-random sequence, the carrier frequency of a pulsed

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

radar transmitter between pulses or between groups of pulses by an amount equal to or larger than the pulse bandwidth;

“radar spread spectrum” (Category 6) means any modulation technique for spreading energy originating from a signal with a relatively narrow frequency band, over a much wider band of frequencies, by using random or pseudo-random coding;

“radiant sensitivity” (Category 6) means Radiant sensitivity (mA/W) =  $0.807 \times (\text{wavelength in nm} \times \text{Quantum Efficiency (QE)})$ ;

Technical Note

*QE is usually expressed as a percentage; however, for the purpose of this formula, QE is expressed as a decimal number less than one, e.g. 78% is 0.78.*

“real-time processing” (Category 6) means the processing of data by a computer system providing a required level of service, as a function of available resources, within a guaranteed response time, regardless of the load of the system, when stimulated by an external event;

“repeatability” (Category 7) means the closeness of agreement among repeated measurements of the same variable under the same operating conditions when changes in conditions or non-operating periods occur between measurements (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001 (one sigma standard deviation));

“required” (GTN, Categories 3, 5, 6, 7, 9), in relation to “technology”, refers to only that portion of “technology” which is peculiarly responsible for achieving or extending the controlled performance levels, characteristics or functions. Such “required” “technology” may be shared by different goods;

“riot control agents” (Category 1) means substances which, under the expected conditions of use for riot control purposes, produce rapidly in human sensory irritation or disabling physical effects which disappear within a short time following termination of exposure;

Technical Note

*Tear gases are a subset of “riot control agents”.*

“robot” (Categories 2, 8) means a manipulation mechanism, which may be of the continuous path or the point-to-point variety, may use sensors, and has all the following characteristics:

- a. It is multifunctional;



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

- b. It is capable of positioning or orienting material, parts, tools or special devices through variable movements in three-dimensional space;
- c. It incorporates three or more closed or open loop servo-devices which may include stepping motors; and
- d. It has a “user-accessible programmability” by means of the teach/playback method or by means of an electronic computer which may be a programmable logic controller, i.e. without mechanical intervention;

Note

*“Robot” does not include the following devices:*

- a. *Manipulation mechanisms which are only manually or teleoperator controllable;*
- b. *Fixed sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is mechanically limited by fixed stops, such as pins or cams. The sequence of motions and the selection of paths or angles are not variable or changeable by mechanical, electronic or electrical means;*
- c. *Mechanically controlled variable sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is mechanically limited by fixed, but adjustable stops, such as pins or cams. The sequence of motions and the selection of paths or angles are variable within the fixed program pattern. Variations or modifications of the program pattern (e.g. changes of pins or exchanges of cams) in one or more motion axes are accomplished only through mechanical operations;*
- d. *Non-servo-controlled variable sequence manipulation mechanisms which are automated moving devices, operating according to mechanically fixed programmed motions. The program is variable but the sequence proceeds only by the binary signal from mechanically fixed electrical binary devices or adjustable stops;*
- e. *Stacker cranes defined as Cartesian coordinate manipulator systems manufactured as an integral part of a vertical array of storage bins and designed to access the contents of those bins for storage or retrieval.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“roving” (Category 1) means a bundle (typically 12-120) of approximately parallel ‘strands’;

Technical Note

*‘Strand’ means a bundle of “monofilaments” (typically over 200) arranged approximately parallel to each other.*

“run-out” (Category 2) (out-of-true running) means radial displacement in one revolution of the main spindle measured in a plane perpendicular to the spindle axis at a point on the external or internal revolving surface to be tested (Ref. ISO 230-1:1986, paragraph 5.61);

“sample rate” (Category 3), in the case of an Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC) that is not an oversampling ADC, means the maximum number of samples that are measured at the analogue input over a period of 1 s. For an oversampling ADC, the “sample rate” is taken to be its output word rate. “Sample rate” may also be referred to as sampling rate (usually specified in Mega Samples Per Second (MSPS) or Giga Samples Per Second (GSPS)) or conversion rate (usually specified in Hertz (Hz));

“satellite navigation system” (Categories 5, 7) means a system consisting of ground stations, a constellation of satellites, and receivers, that enables receiver locations to be calculated on the basis of signals received from the satellites. It includes Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) and Regional Navigation Satellite Systems (RNSS);

“scale factor” (gyro or accelerometer) (Category 7) means the ratio of change in output to a change in the input intended to be measured. “Scale factor” is generally evaluated as the slope of the straight line that can be fitted by the method of least squares to input-output data obtained by varying the input cyclically over the input range;

“signal analysers” (Category 3) means apparatus capable of measuring and displaying basic properties of the single-frequency components of multi-frequency signals;

“signal processing” (Categories 3, 4, 5, 6) means the processing of externally derived information-bearing signals by algorithms such as time compression, filtering, extraction, selection, correlation, convolution or transformations between domains (e.g. Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) or Walsh transform);

“software” (GSN, All Categories) means a collection of one or more “programs” or ‘microprograms’ recorded, stored or embodied in any device;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*Technical Note

*‘Microprogram’ means a sequence of elementary instructions maintained in a special storage, the execution of which is initiated by the introduction of its reference instruction into an instruction register.*

“source code” (or source language) (Categories 6, 7, 9) means a convenient expression of one or more processes which may be turned by a programming system into equipment executable form (“object code” (or object language));

“spacecraft” (Category 9) means active and passive satellites and space probes;

“spacecraft bus” (Category 9) means equipment that provides the support infrastructure of the “spacecraft” and location for the “spacecraft payload”;

“spacecraft payload” (Category 9) means equipment, attached to the “spacecraft bus”, designed to perform a mission in space (e.g. communications, observation, science);

“space-qualified” (Categories 3, 6, 7) means designed, manufactured or qualified through successful testing, for operation at altitudes greater than 100 km above the surface of the Earth;

Note

*A determination that a specific item is “space-qualified” by virtue of testing does not mean that other items in the same production run or model series are “space-qualified” if not individually tested.*

“special fissile material” (Category 0) means plutonium-239, uranium-233, ‘uranium enriched in the isotopes 235 or 233’, and any material containing the foregoing;

Technical Note

*‘uranium enriched in the isotopes 235 or 233’ means uranium containing the isotopes 235 or 233, or both, in an amount such that the abundance ratio of the sum of these isotopes to the isotope 238 is more than the ratio of the isotope 235 to the isotope 238 occurring in nature (isotopic ratio 0.71%).*

“specific modulus” (Categories 0, 1, 9) means Young’s modulus in pascals, equivalent to  $\text{N/m}^2$  divided by specific weight in  $\text{N/m}^3$ , measured at a temperature of  $(296 \pm 2)$  K ( $(23 \pm 2)$  °C) and a relative humidity of  $(50 \pm 5)\%$ ;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“specific tensile strength” (Categories 0, 1, 9) means Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) in pascals, equivalent to  $\text{N/m}^2$  divided by specific weight in  $\text{N/m}^3$ , measured at a temperature of  $(296 \pm 2)$  K ( $(23 \pm 2)$  °C) and a relative humidity of  $(50 \pm 5)\%$ ;

“spinning mass gyros” (Category 7) means gyros which use a continually rotating mass to sense angular motion;

“spread spectrum” (Category 5) means the technique whereby energy in a relatively narrow-band communication channel is spread over a much wider energy spectrum;

“spread spectrum” radar (Category 6) — see “radar spread spectrum”;

“stability” (Category 7) means the standard deviation (1 sigma) of the variation of a particular parameter from its calibrated value measured under stable temperature conditions. It can be expressed as a function of time;

“steady state mode” (Category 9) defines engine operation conditions, where the engine parameters, such as thrust/power, revolution per minute and others, have no appreciable fluctuations, when the ambient air temperature and pressure at the engine inlet are constant;

“sub-orbital craft” (Category 9) means a craft having an enclosure designed for the transport of people or cargo which is designed to:

- a. Operate above the stratosphere;
- b. Perform a non-orbital trajectory; and
- c. Land back on Earth with the people or cargo intact;

“substrate” (Category 3) means a sheet of base material with or without an interconnection pattern and on which or within which ‘discrete components’ or integrated circuits or both can be located;

Technical Note 1

*‘Discrete component’ means a separately packaged ‘circuit element’ with its own external connections.*

Technical Note 2

*‘Circuit element’ means a single active or passive functional part of an electronic circuit, such as one diode, one transistor, one resistor or one capacitor, etc.*

“substrate blanks” (Categories 3, 6) means monolithic compounds with dimensions suitable for the production of optical elements such as mirrors or optical windows;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“sub-unit of toxin” (Category 1) means a structurally and functionally discrete component of a whole “toxin”;

“superalloys” (Categories 2, 9) means nickel-, cobalt- or iron-base alloys having a stress rupture life greater than 1,000 hours at 400 MPa and an ultimate tensile strength greater than 850 MPa, at 922 K (649 °C) or higher;

“superconductive” (Categories 1, 3, 5, 6, 8) means materials, i.e. metals, alloys or compounds, which can lose all electrical resistance, i.e. which can attain infinite electrical conductivity and carry very large electrical currents without Joule heating;

Note

*The “superconductive” state of a material is individually characterised by a “critical temperature”, a critical magnetic field, which is a function of temperature, and a critical current density which is, however, a function of both magnetic field and temperature.*

“Super High Power Laser” (“SHPL”) (Category 6) means a “laser” capable of delivering (the total or any portion of) the output energy exceeding 1 kJ within 50 ms or having an average or CW power exceeding 20 kW;

“superplastic forming” (Categories 1, 2) means a deformation process using heat for metals that are normally characterised by low values of elongation (less than 20%) at the breaking point as determined at room temperature by conventional tensile strength testing, in order to achieve elongations during processing which are at least 2 times those values;

“symmetric algorithm” (Category 5) means a cryptographic algorithm using an identical key for both encryption and decryption;

Note

*A common use of “symmetric algorithms” is to safeguard confidentiality of data.*

“tape” (Category 1) means a material constructed of interlaced or unidirectional “monofilaments”, ‘strands’, “rovings”, “tows”, “yarns”, etc., usually pre-impregnated with resin;

Technical Note

*‘Strand’ is a bundle of “monofilaments” (typically over 200) arranged approximately parallel to each other.*

“technology” (GTN, NTN, All Categories) means information (including information comprised in such documents as specifications, blueprints,

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

plans, manuals, models, diagrams, formulae, tables and designs) that is necessary for the “development”, “production” or “use” of any goods;

“three-dimensional integrated circuit” (Category 3) means a collection of semiconductor dies or active device layers, integrated together, and having through semiconductor via connections passing completely through an ‘interposer’, substrate, die or layer to establish interconnections between the device layers;

Technical Note

*‘Interposer’ is an interface that enables electrical connections.*

“tilting spindle” (Category 2) means a tool-holding spindle which alters, during the machining process, the angular position of its centre line with respect to any other axis;

“time constant” (Category 6) means the time taken from the application of a light stimulus for the current increment to reach a value of  $1-1/e$  times the final value (i.e. 63% of the final value);

“time-to-steady-state registration” (Category 6) (also referred to as the gravimeter’s response time) means the time over which the disturbing effects of platform induced accelerations (high frequency noise) are reduced;

“tip shroud” (Category 9) means a stationary ring component (solid or segmented) attached to the inner surface of the engine turbine casing or a feature at the outer tip of the turbine blade, which primarily provides a gas seal between the stationary and rotating components;

“total control of flight” (Category 7) means an automated control of “aircraft” state variables and flight path to meet mission objectives responding to real-time changes in data regarding objectives, hazards or other “aircraft”;

“total digital transfer rate” (Category 5) means the number of bits, including line coding, overhead and so forth per unit time passing between corresponding equipment in a digital transmission system;

N.B.

*See also “digital transfer rate”.*

“tow” (Category 1) means a bundle of “monofilaments”, usually approximately parallel to each other;

“toxins” (Categories 1, 2) means toxins in the form of deliberately isolated preparations or mixtures, no matter how produced, other than toxins present

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

as contaminants of other materials such as pathological specimens, crops, foodstuffs or seed stocks of “microorganisms”;

“tunable” (Category 6) means the ability of a “laser” to produce a continuous output at all wavelengths over a range of several “laser” transitions. A line selectable “laser” produces discrete wavelengths within one “laser” transition and is not considered “tunable”;

“Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) (Category 2) means the smaller of values  $R_{\uparrow}$  and  $R_{\downarrow}$  (forward and backward), as defined by 3.21 of Ref. ISO 230-2:2014 or national equivalents, of an individual machine tool axis;

“unmanned aerial vehicle” (“UAV”) (Category 9) means any aircraft capable of initiating flight and sustaining controlled flight and navigation without any human presence on board;

“use” (GTN, NTN, All Categories) has the meaning given by the Act;

“user-accessible programmability” (Category 6) means the facility allowing a user to insert, modify or replace “programs” by means other than:

- a. A physical change in wiring or interconnections; or
- b. The setting of function controls including entry of parameters;

“vaccine” (Category 1) means a medicinal product in a pharmaceutical formulation licensed by, or having marketing or clinical trial authorisation from, the regulatory authorities of either the country of manufacture or of use, which is intended to stimulate a protective immunological response in humans or animals in order to prevent disease in those to whom or to which it is administered;

“vacuum electronic devices” (Category 3) means electronic devices based on the interaction of an electron beam with an electromagnetic wave propagating in a vacuum circuit or interacting with radio-frequency vacuum cavity resonators. “Vacuum electronic devices” include klystrons, travelling-wave tubes, and their derivatives;

“vulnerability disclosure” (Category 4) means the process of identifying, reporting or communicating a vulnerability to, or analysing a vulnerability with, individuals or organisations responsible for conducting or coordinating remediation for the purpose of resolving the vulnerability;

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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

“yarn” (Category 1) means a bundle of twisted ‘strands’.

*Technical Note*

*‘Strand’ means a bundle of “monofilaments” (typically over 200) arranged approximately parallel to each other.*

11. In this Part, a word or expression enclosed with single quotation marks ( ‘ ’ ) takes the definition set out against it in the Technical Note that follows immediately after the provision in which the word or expression appears.

*Subdivision 8 — Acronyms and Abbreviations used in this Part*

The acronyms and abbreviations used in this Part and set out in the first column have the meanings set out against them in the second column.

<i>First column</i>	<i>Second column</i>
<i>Acronym or Abbreviation</i>	<i>Meaning</i>
ABEC	Annular Bearing Engineers Committee
ABMA	American Bearing Manufacturers Association
ADC	Analogue-to-Digital Converter
AGMA	American Gear Manufacturers Association
AHRS	Attitude and Heading Reference Systems
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
ALE	Atomic Layer Epitaxy
ALU	Arithmetic Logic Unit
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
APP	Adjusted Peak Performance
APU	Auxiliary Power Unit
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
ATC	Air Traffic Control
BJT	Bipolar Junction Transistors
BPP	Beam Parameter Product
BSC	Base Station Controller



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

CAD	Computer-Aided-Design
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CCD	Charge Coupled Device
CDU	Control and Display Unit
CEP	Circular Error Probable
CMM	Coordinate Measuring Machine
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CNTD	Controlled Nucleation Thermal Deposition
CPLD	Complex Programmable Logic Device
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CVD	Chemical Vapour Deposition
CW	Chemical Warfare
CW (for lasers)	Continuous Wave
DAC	Digital-to-Analogue Converter
DANL	Displayed Average Noise Level
DBRN	Data-Based Referenced Navigation
DDS	Direct Digital Synthesiser
DMA	Dynamic Mechanical Analysis
DME	Distance Measuring Equipment
DMOSFET	Diffused Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor
DS	Directionally Solidified
EB	Exploding Bridge
EB-PVD	Electron Beam Physical Vapour Deposition
EBW	Exploding Bridge Wire
ECAD	Electronic Computer-Aided Design
ECM	Electro-Chemical Machining
EDM	Electrical Discharge Machines
EFI	Exploding Foil Initiators

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
EMP	Electromagnetic Pulse
ENOB	Effective Number of Bits
ERF	Electrorheological Finishing
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
ERP	Effective Radiated Power
ETO	Emitter Turn-Off Thyristor
ETT	Electrical Triggering Thyristor
EUV	Extreme Ultraviolet
FADEC	Full Authority Digital Engine Control
FFT	Fast Fourier Transform
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
FPIC	Field Programmable Interconnect
FPLA	Field Programmable Logic Array
FPO	Floating-Point Operation
FWHM	Full-Width Half-Maximum
GAAFET	Gate-All-Around Field-Effect Transistor
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
GPS	Global Positioning System
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
GTO	Gate Turn-off Thyristor
HBT	Hetero-Bipolar Transistors
HDMI	High-Definition Multimedia Interface
HEMT	High Electron Mobility Transistor
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organisation
IEC	International Electro-technical Commission
IED	Improvised Explosive Device
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers
IFOV	Instantaneous-Field-Of-View

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

IGBT	Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor
IGCT	Integrated Gate Commutated Thyristor
IHO	International Hydrographic Organisation
ILS	Instrument Landing System
IMU	Inertial Measurement Unit
INS	Inertial Navigation System
IP	Internet Protocol
IRS	Inertial Reference System
IRU	Inertial Reference Unit
ISA	International Standard Atmosphere
ISAR	Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar
ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation
ITU	International Telecommunication Union
JT	Joule-Thomson
LIDAR	Light Detection and Ranging
LIDT	Laser Induced Damage Threshold
LOA	Length Overall
LRU	Line Replaceable Unit
LTT	Light Triggering Thyristor
MLS	Microwave Landing Systems
MMIC	Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit
MOCVD	Metal Organic Chemical Vapour Deposition
MOSFET	Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor
MPM	Microwave Power Module
MRF	Magnetorheological Finishing
MRF	Minimum Resolvable Feature size
MRI	Magnetic Resonance Imaging
MTBF	Mean-Time-Between-Failures
MTTF	Mean-Time-To-Failure

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

NA	Numerical Aperture
NDT	Non-Destructive Test
NEQ	Net Explosive Quantity
NIJ	National Institute of Justice
OAM	Operations, Administration or Maintenance
OSI	Open Systems Interconnection
PAI	Polyamide-imides
PAR	Precision Approach Radar
PCL	Passive Coherent Location
PDK	Process Design Kit
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PMR	Private Mobile Radio
PVD	Physical Vapour Deposition
ppm	parts per million
QAM	Quadrature-Amplitude-Modulation
QE	Quantum Efficiency
RAP	Reactive Atom Plasmas
RF	Radio Frequency
rms	root mean square
RNC	Radio Network Controller
RNSS	Regional Navigation Satellite System
ROIC	Read-out Integrated Circuit
S-FIL	Step and Flash Imprint Lithography
SAR	Synthetic Aperture Radar
SAS	Synthetic Aperture Sonar
SC	Single Crystal
SCR	Silicon Controlled Rectifier
SFDR	Spurious Free Dynamic Range
SHPL	Super High Power Laser

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

SLAR	Sidelooking Airborne Radar
SOI	Silicon-On-Insulator
SQUID	Superconducting Quantum Interference Device
SRA	Shop Replaceable Assembly
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
SSB	Single Sideband
SSR	Secondary Surveillance Radar
SSS	Side Scan Sonar
TIR	Total Indicated Reading
TVR	Transmitting Voltage Response
u	Atomic mass unit
UPR	Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability
UTS	Ultimate Tensile Strength
UV	Ultraviolet
VJFET	Vertical Junction Field Effect Transistor
VOR	Very High Frequency Omni-directional Range
WHO	World Health Organisation
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*Division 2 — *List of Dual-Use Goods*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 0 — NUCLEAR MATERIALS, FACILITIES, AND EQUIPMENT</b>	
<b>0A</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
0A001	<p>“Nuclear reactors” and specially designed or prepared equipment and components therefor, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Nuclear reactors”;</li> <li>b. Metal vessels, or major shop-fabricated parts therefor, including the reactor vessel head for a reactor pressure vessel, specially designed or prepared to contain the core of a “nuclear reactor”;</li> <li>c. Manipulative equipment specially designed or prepared for inserting or removing fuel in a “nuclear reactor”;</li> <li>d. Control rods specially designed or prepared for the control of the fission process in a “nuclear reactor”, support or suspension structures therefor, rod drive mechanisms and rod guide tubes;</li> <li>e. Pressure tubes specially designed or prepared to contain both fuel elements and the primary coolant in a “nuclear reactor”;</li> <li>f. Zirconium metal tubes or zirconium alloy tubes (or assemblies of tubes) specially designed or prepared for use as fuel cladding in a “nuclear reactor”, and in quantities exceeding 10 kg;</li> </ul> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For zirconium pressure tubes, see Category Code 0A001.e. and for calandria tubes, see Category Code 0A001.h.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>g. Coolant pumps or circulators specially designed or prepared for circulating the primary coolant of “nuclear reactors”;</li> <li>h. ‘Nuclear reactor internals’ specially designed or prepared for use in a “nuclear reactor”, including support columns for the core, fuel channels, calandria tubes, thermal shields, baffles, core grid plates, and diffuser plates;</li> </ul> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="411 338 1167 544"><i>In Category Code 0A001.h., ‘nuclear reactor internals’ means any major structure within a reactor vessel which has one or more functions such as supporting the core, maintaining fuel alignment, directing primary coolant flow, providing radiation shields for the reactor vessel, and guiding in-core instrumentation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="380 567 749 595">i. Heat exchangers as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="444 616 1167 805" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="444 616 1167 715">1. Steam generators specially designed or prepared for the primary, or intermediate, coolant circuit of a “nuclear reactor”;</li> <li data-bbox="444 738 1167 805">2. Other heat exchangers specially designed or prepared for use in the primary coolant circuit of a “nuclear reactor”;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="368 826 427 854"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 875 1167 974"><i>Category Code 0A001.i. does not include heat exchangers for the supporting systems of the reactor; e.g. the emergency cooling system or the decay heat cooling system.</i></p> <p data-bbox="380 995 1167 1094">j. Neutron detectors specially designed or prepared for determining neutron flux levels within the core of a “nuclear reactor”;</p> <p data-bbox="373 1115 1167 1214">k. ‘External thermal shields’ specially designed or prepared for use in a “nuclear reactor” for the reduction of heat loss and also for the containment vessel protection.</p> <p data-bbox="368 1235 552 1264"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1285 1167 1424"><i>In Category Code 0A001.k., ‘external thermal shields’ means major structures placed over the reactor vessel which reduce heat loss from the reactor and reduce temperature within the containment vessel.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>0B</b>  0B001	<p data-bbox="337 338 895 369"><b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b></p> <p data-bbox="337 392 1131 491">Plant for the separation of isotopes of “natural uranium”, “depleted uranium” or “special fissile materials”, and specially designed or prepared equipment and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="337 514 1131 613">a. Plant specially designed for separating isotopes of “natural uranium”, “depleted uranium”, or “special fissile materials”, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="413 635 1022 1077" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Gas centrifuge separation plant;</li> <li>2. Gaseous diffusion separation plant;</li> <li>3. Aerodynamic separation plant;</li> <li>4. Chemical exchange separation plant;</li> <li>5. Ion-exchange separation plant;</li> <li>6. Atomic vapour “laser” isotope separation plant;</li> <li>7. Molecular “laser” isotope separation plant;</li> <li>8. Plasma separation plant;</li> <li>9. Electromagnetic separation plant;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 1100 1131 1199">b. Gas centrifuges and assemblies and components, specially designed or prepared for gas centrifuge separation process, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="381 1222 561 1252"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 1271 1131 1340"><i>In Category Code 0B001.b., ‘high strength-to-density ratio material’ means any of the following:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="413 1363 1131 1633" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Maraging steel capable of an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 1.95 GPa or more;</i></li> <li>b. <i>Aluminium alloys capable of an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 0.46 GPa or more; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>c. <i>“Fibrous or filamentary materials” with a “specific modulus” of more than <math>3.18 \times 10^6</math> m and a “specific tensile strength” greater than <math>7.62 \times 10^4</math> m.</i></li> </ol> <ol data-bbox="413 1656 776 1738" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Gas centrifuges;</li> <li>2. Complete rotor assemblies;</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 338 1162 439">3. Rotor tube cylinders with a wall thickness of 12 mm or less, a diameter of between 75 mm and 650 mm, made from ‘high strength-to-density ratio materials’;</li> <li data-bbox="440 462 1162 630">4. Rings or bellows with a wall thickness of 3 mm or less and a diameter of between 75 mm and 650 mm and designed to give local support to a rotor tube or to join a number together, made from ‘high strength-to-density ratio materials’;</li> <li data-bbox="440 653 1162 753">5. Baffles of between 75 mm and 650 mm diameter for mounting inside a rotor tube, made from ‘high strength-to-density ratio materials’;</li> <li data-bbox="440 776 1162 877">6. Top or bottom caps of between 75 mm and 650 mm diameter to fit the ends of a rotor tube, made from ‘high strength-to-density ratio materials’;</li> <li data-bbox="440 900 1162 1239">7. Magnetic suspension bearings as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 948 1162 1153">a. Bearing assemblies consisting of an annular magnet suspended within a housing made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>” containing a damping medium and having the magnet coupling with a pole piece or second magnet fitted to the top cap of the rotor;</li> <li data-bbox="494 1176 1162 1239">b. Active magnetic bearings specially designed or prepared for use with gas centrifuges;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="440 1262 1162 1325">8. Specially prepared bearings comprising a pivot-cup assembly mounted on a damper;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1348 1162 1448">9. Molecular pumps comprised of cylinders having internally machined or extruded helical grooves and internally machined bores;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1471 1162 1601">10. Ring-shaped motor stators for multiphase AC hysteresis (or reluctance) motors for synchronous operation within a vacuum at a frequency of 600 Hz or more and a power of 40 VA or more;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1624 1162 1725">11. Centrifuge housing/recipients to contain the rotor tube assembly of a gas centrifuge, consisting of a rigid cylinder of wall thickness up to 30 mm with precision machined</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>ends that are parallel to each other and perpendicular to the cylinder's longitudinal axis to within 0.05 degree or less;</p> <p>12. Scoops consisting of specially designed or prepared tubes for the extraction of UF<sub>6</sub> gas from within the rotor tube by a Pitot tube action and capable of being fixed to the central gas extraction system;</p> <p>13. Frequency changers (converters or inverters) specially designed or prepared to supply motor stators for gas centrifuge enrichment, having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A multiphase frequency output of 600 Hz or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. High stability (with frequency control better than 0.2%);</li> </ol> <p>14. Shut-off and control valves, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Shut-off valves specially designed or prepared to act on the feed, product or tails UF<sub>6</sub> gaseous streams of an individual gas centrifuge;</li> <li>b. Bellows-sealed valves, shut-off or control, made of or protected by "materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>", with an inside diameter of 10 mm to 160 mm, specially designed or prepared for use in main or auxiliary systems of gas centrifuge enrichment plants;</li> </ol> <p>c. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for gaseous diffusion separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Gaseous diffusion barriers made of porous metallic, polymer or ceramic "materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>" with a pore size of 10 nm to 100 nm, a thickness of 5 mm or less, and, for tubular forms, a diameter of 25 mm or less;</li> <li>2. Gaseous diffuser housings made of or protected by "materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>";</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Compressors or gas blowers with a suction volume capacity of 1 m<sup>3</sup>/min or more of UF<sub>6</sub>, with a discharge pressure up to 500 kPa, and having a pressure ratio of 10:1 or less, and made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</p> <p>4. Rotary shaft seals for compressors or blowers specified in Category Code 0B001.c.3. and designed for a buffer gas in-leakage rate of less than 1,000 cm<sup>3</sup>/min;</p> <p>5. Heat exchangers made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”, and designed for a leakage pressure rate of less than 10 Pa per hour under a pressure differential of 100 kPa;</p> <p>6. Bellows-sealed valves, manual or automated, shut-off or control, made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</p> <p>d. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for aerodynamic separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Separation nozzles consisting of slit-shaped, curved channels having a radius of curvature less than 1 mm, resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>, and having a knife-edge contained within the nozzle which separates the gas flowing through the nozzle into two streams;</li> <li>2. Cylindrical or conical tubes, (vortex tubes), made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>” and with one or more tangential inlets;</li> <li>3. Compressors or gas blowers made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”, and rotary shaft seals therefor;</li> <li>4. Heat exchangers made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</li> <li>5. Separation element housings, made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>” to contain vortex tubes or separation nozzles;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>6. Bellows-sealed valves, manual or automated, shut-off or control, made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”, with a diameter of 40 mm or more;</p> <p>7. Process systems for separating UF<sub>6</sub> from carrier gas (hydrogen or helium) to 1 parts per million (ppm) UF<sub>6</sub> content or less, including:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cryogenic heat exchangers and cryoseparators capable of temperatures of 153 K (-120 °C) or less;</li> <li>b. Cryogenic refrigeration units capable of temperatures of 153 K (-120 °C) or less;</li> <li>c. Separation nozzle or vortex tube units for the separation of UF<sub>6</sub> from carrier gas;</li> <li>d. UF<sub>6</sub> cold traps capable of freezing out UF<sub>6</sub>;</li> </ol> <p>e. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for chemical exchange separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fast-exchange liquid-liquid pulse columns with stage residence time of 30 s or less and resistant to concentrated hydrochloric acid (e.g. made of or protected by suitable plastic materials such as fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers or glass);</li> <li>2. Fast-exchange liquid-liquid centrifugal contactors with stage residence time of 30 s or less and resistant to concentrated hydrochloric acid (e.g. made of or protected by suitable plastic materials such as fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers or glass);</li> <li>3. Electrochemical reduction cells resistant to concentrated hydrochloric acid solutions, for reduction of uranium from one valence state to another;</li> <li>4. Electrochemical reduction cells feed equipment to take U<sup>+4</sup> from the organic stream and, for those parts in contact with the process stream, made of or protected by suitable materials (e.g. glass, fluorocarbon polymers, polyphenyl sulphate, polyether sulfone and resin-impregnated graphite);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>5. Feed preparation systems for producing high purity uranium chloride solution consisting of dissolution, solvent extraction and/or ion exchange equipment for purification and electrolytic cells for reducing the uranium <math>U^{+6}</math> or <math>U^{+4}</math> to <math>U^{+3}</math>;</p> <p>6. Uranium oxidation systems for oxidation of <math>U^{+3}</math> to <math>U^{+4}</math>;</p> <p>f. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for ion-exchange separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fast reacting ion-exchange resins, pellicular or porous macro-reticulated resins in which the active chemical exchange groups are limited to a coating on the surface of an inactive porous support structure, and other composite structures in any suitable form, including particles or fibres, with diameters of 0.2 mm or less, resistant to concentrated hydrochloric acid and designed to have an exchange rate half-time of less than 10 s and capable of operating at temperatures in the range of 373 K (100 °C) to 473 K (200 °C);</li> <li>2. Ion exchange columns (cylindrical) with a diameter greater than 1,000 mm, made of or protected by materials resistant to concentrated hydrochloric acid (e.g. titanium or fluorocarbon plastics) and capable of operating at temperatures in the range of 373 K (100 °C) to 473 K (200 °C) and pressures above 0.7 MPa;</li> <li>3. Ion exchange reflux systems (chemical or electrochemical oxidation or reduction systems) for regeneration of the chemical reducing or oxidising agents used in ion exchange enrichment cascades;</li> </ol> <p>g. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for laser-based separation processes using atomic vapour laser isotope separation, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Uranium metal vaporisation systems designed to achieve a delivered power of 1 kW or more on the target for use in laser enrichment;</li> <li>2. Liquid or vapour uranium metal handling systems specially designed or prepared for handling molten</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>uranium, molten uranium alloys or uranium metal vapour for use in laser enrichment, and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2A225.</i></p> <p>3. Product and tails collector assemblies for collecting uranium metal in liquid or solid form, made of or protected by materials resistant to the heat and corrosion of uranium metal vapour or liquid, such as yttria-coated graphite or tantalum;</p> <p>4. Separator module housings (cylindrical or rectangular vessels) for containing the uranium metal vapour source, the electron beam gun and the product and tails collectors;</p> <p>5. “Lasers” or “laser” systems specially designed or prepared for the separation of uranium isotopes with a spectrum frequency stabilisation for operation over extended periods of time;</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 6A005 and 6A205.</i></p> <p>h. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for laser-based separation processes using molecular laser isotope separation, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Supersonic expansion nozzles for cooling mixtures of UF<sub>6</sub> and carrier gas to 150 K (-123 °C) or less and made from “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</li> <li>2. Product or tails collector components or devices specially designed or prepared for collecting uranium material or uranium tails material following illumination with laser light, made of “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</li> <li>3. Compressors made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”, and rotary shaft seals therefor;</li> <li>4. Equipment for fluorinating UF<sub>5</sub> (solid) to UF<sub>6</sub> (gas);</li> <li>5. Process systems for separating UF<sub>6</sub> from carrier gas (e.g. nitrogen, argon or other gas) including:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Cryogenic heat exchangers and cryoseparators capable of temperatures of 153 K (-120 °C) or less;</p> <p>b. Cryogenic refrigeration units capable of temperatures of 153 K (-120 °C) or less;</p> <p>c. UF<sub>6</sub> cold traps capable of freezing out UF<sub>6</sub>;</p> <p>6. “Lasers” or “laser” systems specially designed or prepared for the separation of uranium isotopes with a spectrum frequency stabilisation for operation over extended periods of time;</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 6A005 and 6A205.</i></p> <p>i. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for plasma separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Microwave power sources and antennae for producing or accelerating ions, with an output frequency greater than 30 GHz and mean power output greater than 50 kW;</li> <li>2. Radio Frequency (RF) ion excitation coils for frequencies of more than 100 kHz and capable of handling more than 40 kW mean power;</li> <li>3. Uranium plasma generation systems;</li> <li>4. Not used;</li> <li>5. Product and tails collector assemblies for uranium metal in solid form, made of or protected by materials resistant to the heat and corrosion of uranium vapour such as yttria-coated graphite or tantalum;</li> <li>6. Separator module housings (cylindrical) for containing the uranium plasma source, Radio Frequency (RF) drive coil and the product and tails collectors and made of a suitable non-magnetic material (e.g. stainless steel);</li> </ol> <p>j. Equipment and components, specially designed or prepared for electromagnetic separation process, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ion sources, single or multiple, consisting of a vapour source, ioniser, and beam accelerator made of suitable</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>non-magnetic materials (e.g. graphite, stainless steel, or copper) and capable of providing a total ion beam current of 50 mA or greater;</p> <p>2. Ion collector plates for collection of enriched or depleted uranium ion beams, consisting of two or more slits and pockets and made of suitable non-magnetic materials (e.g. graphite or stainless steel);</p> <p>3. Vacuum housings for uranium electromagnetic separators made of non-magnetic materials (e.g. stainless steel) and designed to operate at pressures of 0.1 Pa or lower;</p> <p>4. Magnet pole pieces with a diameter greater than 2 m;</p> <p>5. High voltage power supplies for ion sources, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capable of continuous operation;</li> <li>b. Output voltage of 20,000 V or greater;</li> <li>c. Output current of 1 A or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. Voltage regulation of better than 0.01% over a period of 8 hours;</li> </ul> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 3A227.</i></p> <p>6. Magnet power supplies (high power, direct current) having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capable of continuous operation with a current output of 500 A or greater at a voltage of 100 V or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Current or voltage regulation better than 0.01% over a period of 8 hours.</li> </ul> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 3A226.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
0B002	<p>Specially designed or prepared auxiliary systems, equipment and components, as follows, for isotope separation plant specified in Category Code 0B001, made of or protected by “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Feed autoclaves, ovens or systems used for passing UF<sub>6</sub> to the enrichment process;</li> <li>b. Desublimers or cold traps, used to remove UF<sub>6</sub> from the enrichment process for subsequent transfer upon heating;</li> <li>c. Product and tails stations for transferring UF<sub>6</sub> into containers;</li> <li>d. Liquefaction or solidification stations used to remove UF<sub>6</sub> from the enrichment process by compressing, cooling and converting UF<sub>6</sub> to a liquid or solid form;</li> <li>e. Piping systems and header systems specially designed or prepared for handling UF<sub>6</sub> within gaseous diffusion, centrifuge or aerodynamic cascades;</li> <li>f. Vacuum systems and pumps, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Vacuum manifolds, vacuum headers or vacuum pumps having a suction capacity of 5 m<sup>3</sup>/minute or more;</li> <li>2. Vacuum pumps specially designed for use in UF<sub>6</sub>-bearing atmospheres made of, or protected by, “materials resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub>”;</li> <li>3. Vacuum systems consisting of vacuum manifolds, vacuum headers and vacuum pumps, and designed for service in UF<sub>6</sub>-bearing atmospheres;</li> </ol> </li> <li>g. UF<sub>6</sub> mass spectrometers/ion sources capable of taking on-line samples from UF<sub>6</sub> gas streams and having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Capable of measuring ions of 320 atomic mass units or greater and having a resolution of better than 1 part in 320;</li> <li>2. Ion sources constructed of or protected by nickel, nickel-copper alloys with a nickel content of 60% or more by weight, or nickel-chrome alloys;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Electron bombardment ionisation sources; <u>and</u></p> <p>4. Having a collector system suitable for isotopic analysis.</p>
0B003	<p>Plant for the conversion of uranium and equipment specially designed or prepared therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Systems for the conversion of uranium ore concentrates to <math>\text{UO}_3</math>;</li> <li>b. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UO}_3</math> to <math>\text{UF}_6</math>;</li> <li>c. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UO}_3</math> to <math>\text{UO}_2</math>;</li> <li>d. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UO}_2</math> to <math>\text{UF}_4</math>;</li> <li>e. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UF}_4</math> to <math>\text{UF}_6</math>;</li> <li>f. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UF}_4</math> to uranium metal;</li> <li>g. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UF}_6</math> to <math>\text{UO}_2</math>;</li> <li>h. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UF}_6</math> to <math>\text{UF}_4</math>;</li> <li>i. Systems for the conversion of <math>\text{UO}_2</math> to <math>\text{UCl}_4</math>.</li> </ol>
0B004	<p>Plant for the production or concentration of heavy water, deuterium and deuterium compounds and specially designed or prepared equipment and components therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Plant for the production of heavy water, deuterium or deuterium compounds, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Water-hydrogen sulphide exchange plants;</li> <li>2. Ammonia-hydrogen exchange plants;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Equipment and components, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Water-hydrogen sulphide exchange towers with diameters of 1.5 m or more, capable of operating at pressures greater than or equal to 2 MPa;</li> <li>2. Single stage, low head (i.e. 0.2 MPa) centrifugal blowers or compressors for hydrogen sulphide gas circulation (i.e. gas containing more than 70% by weight of hydrogen sulphide, <math>\text{H}_2\text{S}</math>) with a throughput capacity greater than or</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>equal to 56 m<sup>3</sup>/s when operating at pressures greater than or equal to 1.8 MPa suction and having seals designed for wet H<sub>2</sub>S service;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 462 1167 595">3. Ammonia-hydrogen exchange towers greater than or equal to 35 m in height with diameters of 1.5 m to 2.5 m capable of operating at pressures greater than 15 MPa;</li> <li data-bbox="440 618 1167 752">4. Tower internals, including stage contactors, and stage pumps, including those which are submersible, for heavy water production utilising the ammonia-hydrogen exchange process;</li> <li data-bbox="440 774 1167 872">5. Ammonia crackers with operating pressures greater than or equal to 3 MPa for heavy water production utilising the ammonia-hydrogen exchange process;</li> <li data-bbox="440 894 1167 991">6. Infrared absorption analysers capable of on-line hydrogen/deuterium ratio analysis where deuterium concentrations are equal to or greater than 90% by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1014 1167 1111">7. Catalytic burners for the conversion of enriched deuterium gas into heavy water utilising the ammonia-hydrogen exchange process;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1134 1167 1231">8. Complete heavy water upgrade systems, or columns therefor, for the upgrade of heavy water to reactor-grade deuterium concentration;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1254 1167 1389">9. Ammonia synthesis converters or synthesis units specially designed or prepared for heavy water production utilising the ammonia-hydrogen exchange process.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
0B005	<p>Plant specially designed for the fabrication of “nuclear reactor” fuel elements and specially designed or prepared equipment therefor.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Specially designed or prepared equipment for the fabrication of “nuclear reactor” fuel elements includes equipment which:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Normally comes into direct contact with or directly processes or controls the production flow of nuclear materials;</i></li> <li><i>b. Seals the nuclear materials within the cladding;</i></li> <li><i>c. Checks the integrity of the cladding or the seal;</i></li> <li><i>d. Checks the finish treatment of the sealed fuel; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>e. Is used for assembling reactor elements.</i></li> </ol>
0B006	<p>Plant for the reprocessing of irradiated “nuclear reactor” fuel elements, and specially designed or prepared equipment and components therefor.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 0B006 includes:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Plant for the reprocessing of irradiated “nuclear reactor” fuel elements including equipment and components which normally come into direct contact with and directly control the irradiated fuel and the major nuclear material and fission product processing streams;</i></li> <li><i>b. Fuel element decladding equipment and chopping or shredding machines, i.e. remotely operated equipment to cut, chop or shear irradiated “nuclear reactor” fuel assemblies, bundles or rods;</i></li> <li><i>c. Dissolver vessels or dissolvers employing mechanical devices specially designed or prepared for the dissolution of irradiated “nuclear reactor” fuel, which are capable of withstanding hot, highly corrosive liquids, and which can be remotely loaded, operated and maintained;</i></li> <li><i>d. Solvent extractors, such as packed or pulsed columns, mixer settlers or centrifugal contactors, resistant to the corrosive</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>effects of nitric acid and specially designed or prepared for use in a plant for the reprocessing of irradiated “natural uranium”, “depleted uranium” or “special fissile materials”;</i></p> <p><i>e. Holding or storage vessels specially designed to be critically safe and resistant to the corrosive effects of nitric acid;</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Holding or storage vessels may have the following features:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. Walls or internal structures with a boron equivalent (calculated for all constituent elements as defined in the note to Category Code 0C004) of at least 2%;</i></li> <li><i>2. A maximum diameter of 175 mm for cylindrical vessels; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>3. A maximum width of 75 mm for either a slab or annular vessel.</i></li> </ol> <p><i>f. Neutron measurement systems specially designed or prepared for integration and use with automated process control systems in a plant for the reprocessing of irradiated “natural uranium”, “depleted uranium” or “special fissile materials”.</i></p>
0B007	<p>Plant for the conversion of plutonium and equipment specially designed or prepared therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Systems for the conversion of plutonium nitrate to oxide;</li> <li>b. Systems for plutonium metal production.</li> </ol>
<b>0C</b>	<b>Materials</b>
0C001	<p>“Natural uranium” or “depleted uranium” or thorium in the form of metal, alloy, chemical compound or concentrate and any other material containing one or more of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 0C001 does not include the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Four grammes or less of “natural uranium” or “depleted uranium” when contained in a sensing component in instruments;</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>b. “Depleted uranium” specially fabricated for the following civil non-nuclear applications:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. Shielding;</i></li> <li><i>2. Packaging;</i></li> <li><i>3. Ballasts having a mass not greater than 100 kg;</i></li> <li><i>4. Counter-weights having a mass not greater than 100 kg;</i></li> </ol> <p><i>c. Alloys containing less than 5% thorium;</i></p> <p><i>d. Ceramic products containing thorium, which have been manufactured for non-nuclear use.</i></p>
0C002	<p>“Special fissile materials”.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 0C002 does not include four “effective grammes” or less when contained in a sensing component in instruments.</i></p>
0C003	<p>Deuterium, heavy water (deuterium oxide) and other compounds of deuterium, and mixtures and solutions containing deuterium, in which the isotopic ratio of deuterium to hydrogen exceeds 1:5,000.</p>
0C004	<p>Graphite having a purity level of better than 5 parts per million (ppm) ‘boron equivalent’ and with a density greater than 1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> for use in a “nuclear reactor”, in quantities exceeding 1 kg.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1C107.</i></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 0C004, whether or not the exports of graphite meeting the above specifications are for “nuclear reactor” use is determined, at or before the time of export, by the competent authorities of the country in which the exporter is established. Category Code 0C004 does not include</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>graphite having a purity level better than 5 ppm (parts per million) boron equivalent and with a density greater than 1.50 g/cm<sup>3</sup> not for use in a “nuclear reactor”.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 0C004, ‘boron equivalent’ (BE) means the sum of BE<sub>Z</sub> for impurities (excluding BE<sub>carbon</sub> since carbon is not considered an impurity) including boron, where:</i></p> <p><i>BE<sub>Z</sub> (ppm) = CF × concentration of element Z in ppm;</i></p> <p><i>where CF is the conversion factor = <math>\frac{\sigma_Z \times A_B}{\sigma_B \times A_Z}</math></i></p> <p><i>and <math>\sigma_B</math> and <math>\sigma_Z</math> are the thermal neutron capture cross sections (in barns) for naturally occurring boron and element Z respectively; and <math>A_B</math> and <math>A_Z</math> are the atomic masses of naturally occurring boron and element Z respectively.</i></p>
0C005	<p>Specially prepared compounds or powders for the manufacture of gaseous diffusion barriers, resistant to corrosion by UF<sub>6</sub> (e.g. nickel or alloy containing 60% by weight or more of nickel, aluminium oxide and fully fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers), having a purity of 99.9% by weight or more and a particle size less than 10 µm measured by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) B330 standard and a high degree of particle size uniformity.</p>
<b>0D</b>	<b>Software</b>
0D001	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of goods specified in this Category.</p>
<b>0E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
0E001	<p>“Technology” (according to the Nuclear Technology Note) for the “development”, “production” or “use” of goods specified in this Category.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 1 — SPECIAL MATERIALS AND RELATED EQUIPMENT</b>	
<b>1A</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
1A001	<p>Components made from fluorinated compounds, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Seals, gaskets, sealants or fuel bladders, specially designed for “aircraft” or aerospace use, made from more than 50% by weight of any of the materials specified in Category Code 1C009.b. or 1C009.c.;</li> <li>b. Not used;</li> <li>c. Not used.</li> </ol>
1A002	<p>“Composite” structures or laminates, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 1A202, 9A010 and 9A110.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Made from either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An organic “matrix” and “fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010.c. or 1C010.d.; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Prepregs or preforms specified in Category Code 1C010.e.;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Made from a metal or carbon “matrix”, and either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A “specific modulus” exceeding <math>10.15 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A “specific tensile strength” exceeding <math>17.7 \times 10^4</math> m; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Materials specified in Category Code 1C010.c.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A002 does not include “composite” structures or laminates made from epoxy resin impregnated carbon “fibrous or</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>filamentary materials” for the repair of “civil aircraft” structures or laminates, having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. An area not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup>;</i></li> <li><i>b. A length not exceeding 2.5 m; <u>and</u></i></li> <li><i>c. A width exceeding 15 mm.</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A002 does not include semi-finished items, specially designed for purely civilian applications, as follows:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Sporting goods;</i></li> <li><i>b. Automotive industry;</i></li> <li><i>c. Machine tool industry;</i></li> <li><i>d. Medical applications.</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A002.b.1. does not include semi-finished items containing a maximum of two dimensions of interwoven filaments and specially designed for applications, as follows:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Metal heat-treatment furnaces for tempering metals;</i></li> <li><i>b. Silicon boule production equipment.</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Note 4</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A002 does not include finished items specially designed for a specific application.</i></p> <p><u>Note 5</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A002.b.1. does not include mechanically chopped, milled, or cut carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” 25.0 mm or less in length.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1A003	<p>Manufactures of non-“fusible” aromatic polyimides in film, sheet, tape or ribbon form having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A thickness exceeding 0.254 mm; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Coated or laminated with carbon, graphite, metals or magnetic substances.</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A003 does not include manufactures when coated or laminated with copper and designed for the production of electronic printed circuit boards.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For “fusible” aromatic polyimides in any form, see Category Code 1C008.a.3.</i></p>
1A004	<p>Protective and detection equipment and components not specially designed for military use, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, and Category Codes 2B351 and 2B352.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Full face masks, filter canisters and decontamination equipment therefor, designed or modified for defence against any of the following, and specially designed components therefor:</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A004.a. includes Powered Air Purifying Respirators (PAPR) that are designed or modified for defence against agents or materials, specified in Category Code 1A004.a.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1A004.a.:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Full face masks are also known as gas masks.</li> <li>2. Filter canisters include filter cartridges.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Biological agents”;</li> <li>2. ‘Radioactive materials’;</li> <li>3. Chemical Warfare (CW) agents; <u>or</u></li> <li>4. “Riot control agents”, including: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <math>\alpha</math>-Bromobenzeneacetonitrile, (Bromobenzyl cyanide) (CA) (5798-79-8);</li> <li>b. [(2-Chlorophenyl) methylene] propanedinitrile, (o-Chlorobenzylidenemalononitrile) (CS) (2698-41-1);</li> <li>c. 2-Chloro-1-phenylethanone, Phenylacetyl chloride (<math>\omega</math>-chloroacetophenone) (CN) (532-27-4);</li> <li>d. Dibenz-(b,f)-1,4-oxazepine (CR) (257-07-8);</li> <li>e. 10-Chloro-5,10-dihydrophenarsazine, (Phenarsazine chloride), (Adamsite), (DM) (578-94-9);</li> <li>f. N-Nonanoylmorpholine, (MPA) (5299-64-9);</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Protective suits, gloves and shoes, specially designed or modified for defence against any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Biological agents”;</li> <li>2. ‘Radioactive materials’; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Chemical Warfare (CW) agents;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Detection systems, specially designed or modified for detection or identification of any of the following, and specially designed components therefor: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Biological agents”;</li> <li>2. ‘Radioactive materials’; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Chemical Warfare (CW) agents;</li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Electronic equipment designed for automatically detecting or identifying the presence of “explosives” residues and utilising ‘trace detection’ techniques (e.g. surface acoustic wave, ion</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1132 405">mobility spectrometry, differential mobility spectrometry, mass spectrometry).</p> <p data-bbox="337 424 518 453"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 477 1132 576"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1A004.d., ‘trace detection’ is defined as the capability to detect less than 1 parts per million (ppm) vapour, or 1 mg solid or liquid.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 595 417 624"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 649 1132 715"><i>Category Code 1A004.d. does not include equipment specially designed for laboratory use.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 734 417 763"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 788 1132 854"><i>Category Code 1A004.d. does not include non-contact walk-through security portals.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 873 391 902"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="337 927 821 955"><i>Category Code 1A004 does not include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 980 911 1009"><i>a. Personal radiation monitoring dosimeters;</i></li> <li data-bbox="360 1033 1132 1132"><i>b. Occupational health or safety equipment limited by design or function to protect against hazards specific to residential safety or civil industries, including:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1151 561 1180"><i>1. Mining;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1205 602 1233"><i>2. Quarrying;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1258 615 1287"><i>3. Agriculture;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1311 669 1340"><i>4. Pharmaceutical;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1365 575 1393"><i>5. Medical;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1418 602 1447"><i>6. Veterinary;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1471 655 1500"><i>7. Environmental;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1525 709 1553"><i>8. Waste management;</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 1578 642 1606"><i>9. Food industry.</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="337 1626 532 1654"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 1679 1132 1734"><i>1. Category Code 1A004 includes equipment and components that have been identified, successfully tested to national</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1A005	<p><i>standards or otherwise proven effective, for the detection of or defence against ‘radioactive materials’, “biological agents”, Chemical Warfare (CW) agents, ‘simulants’ or “riot control agents”, even if such equipment or components are used in civil industries such as mining, quarrying, agriculture, pharmaceuticals, medical, veterinary, environmental, waste management or the food industry.</i></p> <p>2. <i>‘Simulant’ is a substance or material that is used in place of toxic agent (chemical or biological) in training, research, testing or evaluation.</i></p> <p>3. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 1A004, ‘radioactive materials’ are those selected or modified to increase their effectiveness in producing casualties in humans or animals, degrading equipment or damaging crops or the environment.</i></p> <p>Body armour and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p>a. <i>Soft body armour not manufactured to military standards or specifications, or to their equivalents, and specially designed components therefor;</i></p> <p>b. <i>Hard body armour plates providing ballistic protection equal to or less than level IIIA (NIJ 0101.06, July 2008), or “equivalent standards”.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For “fibrous or filamentary materials” used in the manufacture of body armour, see Category Code 1C010.</i></p> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1A005 does not include body armour when accompanying its user for the user’s own personal protection.</i></p> <p><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="333 338 1134 439"><i>Category Code 1A005 does not include body armour designed to provide frontal protection only from both fragment and blast from non-military explosive devices.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 458 417 491"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 510 1134 578"><i>Category Code 1A005 does not include body armour designed to provide protection only from knife, spike, needle or blunt trauma.</i></p>
1A006	<p data-bbox="333 1410 1134 1511">Equipment, specially designed or modified for the disposal of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs), as follows, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="333 1530 391 1563"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1582 892 1614"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 1633 740 1666">a. Remotely operated vehicles;</li> <li data-bbox="360 1685 552 1717">b. ‘Disruptors’.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="333 1736 521 1768"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="395 1787 1134 1163"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1A006.b., ‘disruptors’ are devices specially designed for the purpose of preventing the operation of an explosive device by projecting a liquid, solid or frangible projectile.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1182 395 1214"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1233 1134 1302"><i>Category Code 1A006 does not include equipment when accompanying its operator.</i></p>
1A007	<p data-bbox="333 1747 1134 1848">Equipment and devices, specially designed to initiate charges and devices containing “energetic materials”, by electrical means, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="333 1867 391 1900"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1924 1134 1904"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, and Category Codes 3A229 and 3A232.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 2012 1134 1904">a. Explosive detonator firing sets designed to drive explosive detonators specified in Category Code 1A007.b.;</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Electrically driven explosive detonators as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Exploding Bridge (EB);</li> <li>2. Exploding Bridge Wire (EBW);</li> <li>3. Slapper;</li> <li>4. Exploding Foil Initiators (EFI).</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The word <i>initiator</i> or <i>igniter</i> is sometimes used in place of the word <i>detonator</i>.</li> <li>2. For the purpose of Category Code 1A007.b., the detonators of concern all utilise a small electrical conductor (bridge, bridge wire, or foil) that explosively vaporises when a fast, high-current electrical pulse is passed through it. In non-slapper types, the exploding conductor starts a chemical detonation in a contacting high explosive material such as PETN (pentaerythritoltetranitrate). In slapper detonators, the explosive vaporisation of the electrical conductor drives a flyer or slapper across a gap, and the impact of the slapper on an explosive starts a chemical detonation. The slapper in some designs is driven by magnetic force. The term <i>exploding foil detonator</i> may refer to either an EB or a slapper-type detonator.</li> </ol>
1A008	<p>Charges, devices and components, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. ‘Shaped charges’ having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Net Explosive Quantity (NEQ) greater than 90 g; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Outer casing diameter equal to or greater than 75 mm;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Linear shaped cutting charges having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An explosive load greater than 40 g/m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. A width of 10 mm or more;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Detonating cord with explosive core load greater than 64 g/m;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Cutters, other than those specified in Category Code 1A008.b., and severing tools, having a Net Explosive Quantity (NEQ) greater than 3.5 kg.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1A008.a., ‘shaped charges’ are explosive charges shaped to focus the effects of the explosive blast.</i></p>
1A102	Resaturated pyrolised carbon-carbon components designed for space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.
1A202	<p>Composite structures, other than those specified in Category Code 1A002, in the form of tubes and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A010 and 9A110.</i></p> <p>a. An inside diameter of between 75 mm and 400 mm; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Made with any of the “fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010.a. or 1C010.b. or 1C210.a. or with carbon prepreg materials specified in Category Code 1C210.c.</p>
1A225	Platinised catalysts specially designed or prepared for promoting the hydrogen isotope exchange reaction between hydrogen and water for the recovery of tritium from heavy water or for the production of heavy water.
1A226	<p>Specialised packings which may be used in separating heavy water from ordinary water, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Made of phosphor bronze mesh chemically treated to improve wettability; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Designed to be used in vacuum distillation towers.</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1A227	<p>High-density (lead glass or other) radiation shielding windows, having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed frames therefor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A ‘cold area’ greater than 0.09 m<sup>2</sup>;</li> <li>b. A density greater than 3 g/cm<sup>3</sup>; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. A thickness of 100 mm or greater.</li> </ul> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1A227, ‘cold area’ means the viewing area of the window exposed to the lowest level of radiation in the design application.</i></p>
<b>1B</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b>
1B001	<p>Equipment for the production or inspection of “composite” structures or laminates specified in Category Code 1A002 or “fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010, as follows, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 1B101 and 1B201.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Filament winding machines, of which the motions for positioning, wrapping and winding fibres are coordinated and programmed in three or more ‘primary servo positioning’ axes, specially designed for the manufacture of “composite” structures or laminates, from “fibrous or filamentary materials”;</li> <li>b. ‘Tape-laying machines’, of which the motions for positioning and laying tape are coordinated and programmed in five or more ‘primary servo positioning’ axes, specially designed for the manufacture of “composite” airframe or ‘missile’ structures;</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="395 335 1130 401"><i>In Category Code 1B001.b., ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 420 518 453"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="395 472 1130 643"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1B001.b., ‘tape-laying machines’ have the ability to lay one or more ‘filament bands’ limited to widths greater than 25.4 mm and less than or equal to 304.8 mm, and to cut and restart individual ‘filament band’ courses during the laying process.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 662 1130 801">c. Multidirectional, multidimensional weaving machines or interlacing machines, including adapters and modification kits, specially designed or modified for weaving, interlacing or braiding fibres, for “composite” structures;</p> <p data-bbox="337 820 518 852"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="395 872 1130 938"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1B001.c., the technique of interlacing includes knitting.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 957 1130 1732">d. Equipment specially designed or adapted for the production of reinforcement fibres, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1043 1130 1481" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipment for converting polymeric fibres (e.g. polyacrylonitrile, rayon, pitch or polycarbosilane) into carbon fibres or silicon carbide fibres, including special equipment to strain the fibre during heating;</li> <li>2. Equipment for the Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) of elements or compounds, on heated filamentary substrates, to manufacture silicon carbide fibres;</li> <li>3. Equipment for the wet-spinning of refractory ceramics (e.g. aluminium oxide);</li> <li>4. Equipment for converting aluminium containing precursor fibres into alumina fibres by heat treatment;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="360 1500 1130 1566">e. Equipment for producing prepregs specified in Category Code 1C010.e. by the hot melt method;</p> <p data-bbox="360 1586 1130 1732">f. Non-destructive inspection equipment specially designed for “composite” materials, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1671 1130 1732" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. X-ray tomography systems for three-dimensional defect inspection;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. Numerically controlled ultrasonic testing machines of which the motions for positioning transmitters or receivers are simultaneously coordinated and programmed in four or more axes to follow the three-dimensional contours of the component under inspection;</p> <p>g. ‘Tow-placement machines’, of which the motions for positioning and laying tows are coordinated and programmed in two or more ‘primary servo positioning’ axes, specially designed for the manufacture of “composite” airframe or ‘missile’ structures.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1B001.g., ‘tow-placement machines’ have the ability to place one or more ‘filament bands’ having widths less than or equal to 25.4 mm, and to cut and restart individual ‘filament band’ courses during the placement process.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 1B001, ‘primary servo positioning’ axes control, under computer “program” direction, the position of the end-effector (i.e. head) in space relative to the workpiece at the correct orientation and direction to achieve the desired process.</i></p> <p>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 1B001, a ‘filament band’ is a single continuous width of fully or partially resin-impregnated tape, tow or fibre. Fully or partially resin-impregnated ‘filament bands’ include those coated with dry powder that tacks upon heating.</i></p>
1B002	<p>Equipment designed to produce metal alloy powder or particulate materials, and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Specially designed to avoid contamination; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Specially designed for use in one of the processes specified in Category Code 1C002.c.2.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<i>See also Category Code 1B102.</i>
1B003	<p>Tools, dies, moulds or fixtures, for “superplastic forming” or “diffusion bonding” titanium, aluminium or their alloys, specially designed for the manufacture of any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Airframe or aerospace structures;</li> <li>b. “Aircraft” or aerospace engines; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Specially designed components for structures specified in Category Code 1B003.a. or for engines specified in Category Code 1B003.b.</li> </ol>
1B101	<p>Equipment, other than that specified in Category Code 1B001, for the “production” of structural composites as follows; and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1B201.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Components and accessories specified in Category Code 1B101 include moulds, mandrels, dies, fixtures and tooling for the preform pressing, curing, casting, sintering or bonding of composite structures, laminates and manufactures thereof.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Filament winding machines or fibre placement machines, of which the motions for positioning, wrapping and winding fibres can be coordinated and programmed in three or more axes, designed to fabricate composite structures or laminates from “fibrous or filamentary materials”, and coordinating and programming controls;</li> <li>b. Tape-laying machines of which the motions for positioning and laying tape and sheets can be coordinated and programmed in two or more axes, designed for the manufacture of composite airframe and “missile” structures;</li> <li>c. Equipment designed or modified for the “production” of “fibrous or filamentary materials” as follows:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipment for converting polymeric fibres (e.g. polyacrylonitrile, rayon or polycarbosilane) including special provision to strain the fibre during heating;</li> <li>2. Equipment for the vapour deposition of elements or compounds on heated filament substrates;</li> <li>3. Equipment for the wet-spinning of refractory ceramics (e.g. aluminium oxide);</li> <li>d. Equipment designed or modified for special fibre surface treatment or for producing prepregs and preforms specified in Category Code 9C110.</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 1B101.d. includes rollers, tension stretchers, coating equipment, cutting equipment and clicker dies.</i></p>
1B102	<p>Metal powder “production equipment”, other than that specified in Category Code 1B002, and components, as follows:</p> <p><i>N.B.</i></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1B115.b.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Metal powder “production equipment” usable for the “production”, in a controlled environment, of spherical, spheroidal or atomised materials specified in Category Code 1C011.a., 1C011.b., 1C111.a.1., 1C111.a.2. or in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>b. Specially designed components for “production equipment” specified in Category Code 1B002 or 1B102.a.</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 1B102 includes:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Plasma generators (high frequency arc-jet) usable for obtaining sputtered or spherical metallic powders with organisation of the process in an argon-water environment;</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="360 338 1134 439"><i>b. Electrobust equipment usable for obtaining sputtered or spherical metallic powders with organisation of the process in an argon-water environment;</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 458 1134 559"><i>c. Equipment usable for the “production” of spherical aluminium powders by powdering a melt in an inert medium (e.g. nitrogen).</i></p>
1B115	<p data-bbox="333 1626 1134 1683">Equipment, other than that specified in Category Code 1B002 or 1B102, for the production of propellant and propellant constituents, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="360 1702 1134 1835"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="360 1702 1134 1803">a. “Production equipment” for the “production”, handling or acceptance testing of liquid propellants or propellant constituents specified in Category Code 1C011.a., 1C011.b., 1C111 or in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li data-bbox="360 1822 1134 1835">b. “Production equipment” for the “production”, handling, mixing, curing, casting, pressing, machining, extruding or acceptance testing of solid propellants or propellant constituents specified in Category Code 1C011.a., 1C011.b., 1C111 or in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</li> </ul> </p> <p data-bbox="333 1100 1134 1283"> <u>Note</u>  <i>Category Code 1B115.b. does not include batch mixers, continuous mixers or fluid energy mills. For batch mixers, continuous mixers and fluid energy mills, see Category Codes 1B117, 1B118 and 1B119.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="333 1302 1134 1416"> <u>Note 1</u>  <i>For equipment specially designed for the production of military goods, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="333 1435 1134 1549"> <u>Note 2</u>  <i>Category Code 1B115 does not include equipment for the “production”, handling and acceptance testing of boron carbide.</i> </p>
1B116	<p data-bbox="333 1736 1134 1736">Specially designed nozzles for producing pyrolytically derived materials formed on a mould, mandrel or other substrate from precursor gases which decompose in the 1,573 K (1,300 °C) to</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	3,173 K (2,900 °C) temperature range at pressures of 130 Pa to 20 kPa.
1B117	<p>Batch mixers having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed or modified for mixing under vacuum in the range of zero to 13.326 kPa;</li> <li>b. Capable of controlling the temperature of the mixing chamber;</li> <li>c. A total volumetric capacity of 110 litres or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. At least one ‘mixing/kneading shaft’ mounted off centre.</li> </ul> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1B117.d., ‘mixing/kneading shaft’ does not refer to deagglomerators or knife-spindles.</i></p>
1B118	<p>Continuous mixers having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed or modified for mixing under vacuum in the range of zero to 13.326 kPa;</li> <li>b. Capable of controlling the temperature of the mixing chamber; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Two or more mixing/kneading shafts; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A single rotating and oscillating shaft with kneading teeth/pins; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Kneading teeth/pins inside the casing of the mixing chamber.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>
1B119	Fluid energy mills usable for grinding or milling substances specified in Category Code 1C011.a., 1C011.b., 1C111 or in

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, and specially designed components therefor.
1B201	<p>Filament winding machines, other than those specified in Category Code 1B001 or 1B101, and related equipment, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Filament winding machines having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having motions for positioning, wrapping, and winding fibres coordinated and programmed in two or more axes;</li> <li>2. Specially designed to fabricate composite structures or laminates from “fibrous or filamentary materials”; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Capable of winding cylindrical tubes with an internal diameter between 75 mm and 650 mm and lengths of 300 mm or greater;</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Coordinating and programming controls for the filament winding machines specified in Category Code 1B201.a.;</li> <li>c. Precision mandrels for the filament winding machines specified in Category Code 1B201.a.</li> </ul>
1B225	Electrolytic cells for fluorine production with an output capacity greater than 250 g of fluorine per hour.
1B226	<p>Electromagnetic isotope separators designed for, or equipped with, single or multiple ion sources capable of providing a total ion beam current of 50 mA or greater.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1B226 includes separators:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Capable of enriching stable isotopes;</i></li> <li>b. <i>With the ion sources and collectors both in the magnetic field and those configurations in which they are external to the field.</i></li> </ul>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1B228	<p>Hydrogen-cryogenic distillation columns having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed for operation with internal temperatures of 35 K (-238 °C) or less;</li> <li>b. Designed for operation at an internal pressure of 0.5 MPa to 5 MPa;</li> <li>c. Constructed of either:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stainless steel of the Society of Automotive Engineers International (SAE) 300 series with low sulphur content and with an austenitic ASTM (or equivalent standard) grain size number of 5 or greater; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Equivalent materials which are both cryogenic and hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>)-compatible; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. With internal diameters of 30 cm or greater and ‘effective lengths’ of 4 m or greater.</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1B228, ‘effective length’ means the active height of packing material in a packed-type column, or the active height of internal contactor plates in a plate-type column.</i></p>
1B230	<p>Pumps capable of circulating solutions of concentrated or dilute potassium amide catalyst in liquid ammonia (KNH<sub>2</sub>/NH<sub>3</sub>), having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Airtight (i.e. hermetically sealed);</li> <li>b. A capacity greater than 8.5 m<sup>3</sup>/h; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Either of the following characteristics:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For concentrated potassium amide solutions (1% or greater), an operating pressure of 1.5 MPa to 60 MPa; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. For dilute potassium amide solutions (less than 1%), an operating pressure of 20 MPa to 60 MPa.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
1B231	<p>Tritium facilities or plants, and equipment therefor, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1B232	<p>a. Facilities or plants for the production, recovery, extraction, concentration, or handling of tritium;</p> <p>b. Equipment for tritium facilities or plants, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hydrogen or helium refrigeration units capable of cooling to 23 K (-250 °C) or less, with heat removal capacity greater than 150 W;</li> <li>2. Hydrogen isotope storage or hydrogen isotope purification systems using metal hydrides as the storage or purification medium.</li> </ol> <p>Turboexpanders or turboexpander-compressor sets having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed for operation with an outlet temperature of 35 K (-238 °C) or less; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Designed for a throughput of hydrogen gas of 1,000 kg/h or greater.</li> </ol>
1B233	<p>Lithium isotope separation facilities or plants, and systems and equipment therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Facilities or plants for the separation of lithium isotopes;</li> <li>b. Equipment for the separation of lithium isotopes based on the lithium-mercury amalgam process, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Packed liquid-liquid exchange columns specially designed for lithium amalgams;</li> <li>2. Mercury or lithium amalgam pumps;</li> <li>3. Lithium amalgam electrolysis cells;</li> <li>4. Evaporators for concentrated lithium hydroxide solution;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Ion exchange systems specially designed for lithium isotope separation, and specially designed components therefor;</li> <li>d. Chemical exchange systems (employing crown ethers, cryptands, or lariat ethers), specially designed for lithium</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1B234	<p>isotope separation, and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p>High explosive containment vessels, chambers, containers and other similar containment devices designed for the testing of high explosives or explosive devices and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed to fully contain an explosion equivalent to 2 kg of trinitrotoluene (TNT) or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Having design elements or features enabling real-time or delayed transfer of diagnostic or measurement information.</li> </ol>
1B235	<p>Target assemblies and components for the production of tritium as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Target assemblies made of or containing lithium enriched in the lithium-6 isotope specially designed for the production of tritium through irradiation, including insertion in a nuclear reactor;</li> <li>b. Components specially designed for the target assemblies specified in Category Code 1B235.a.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Components specially designed for target assemblies for the production of tritium may include lithium pellets, tritium getters, and specially-coated cladding.</i></p>
1C	<p><b>Materials</b></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Unless provision to the contrary is made, the words ‘metals’ and ‘alloys’ in Category Codes 1C001 to 1C012 cover crude and semi-fabricated forms, as follows:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>Crude forms, in relation to materials, means anodes, balls, bars (including notched bars and wire bars), billets, blocks, blooms, brickets, cakes, cathodes, crystals, cubes, dice, grains, granules, ingots, lumps, pellets, pigs, powder, rondelles, shot, slabs, slugs, sponge, sticks;</i></p> <p><i>Semi-fabricated forms, in relation to materials, means either of the following:</i></p> <p><i>a. Wrought or worked materials fabricated by rolling, drawing, extruding, forging, impact extruding, pressing, graining, atomising, and grinding, i.e.: angles, channels, circles, discs, dust, flakes, foils and leaf, forging, plate, powder, pressings and stampings, ribbons, rings, rods (including bare welding rods, wire rods, and rolled wire), sections, shapes, sheets, strip, pipe and tubes (including tube rounds, squares, and hollows), drawn or extruded wire; <u>or</u></i></p> <p><i>b. Cast material produced by casting in sand, die, metal, plaster or other types of moulds, including high pressure castings, sintered forms, and forms made by powder metallurgy, whether or not coated, plated, drilled or punched.</i></p> <p><i>Category 1C includes non-listed forms of those materials which are purportedly finished products but are in reality crude forms or semi-fabricated forms.</i></p>
1C001	<p>Materials specially designed for absorbing electromagnetic radiation, or intrinsically conductive polymers, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1C101.</i></p> <p><i>a. Materials for absorbing frequencies exceeding <math>2 \times 10^8</math> Hz but less than <math>3 \times 10^{12}</math> Hz;</i></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C001.a. does not include:</i></p> <p><i>a. Hair type absorbers, constructed of natural or synthetic fibres, with non-magnetic loading to provide absorption;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="458 335 1166 439"><i>b. Absorbers having no magnetic loss and whose incident surface is non-planar in shape, including pyramids, cones, wedges and convoluted surfaces;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 458 1166 525"><i>c. Planar absorbers, having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="518 544 969 576"><i>1. Made from either of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="565 595 1166 872"><i>a. Plastic foam materials (flexible or non-flexible) with carbon-loading, or organic materials, including binders, providing more than 5% echo compared with metal over a bandwidth exceeding <math>\pm 15\%</math> of the centre frequency of the incident energy, and not capable of withstanding temperatures exceeding 450 K (177 °C); <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="565 891 1166 1100"><i>b. Ceramic materials providing more than 20% echo compared with metal over a bandwidth exceeding <math>\pm 15\%</math> of the centre frequency of the incident energy, and not capable of withstanding temperatures exceeding 800 K (527 °C);</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1119 555 1151"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="552 1170 1166 1372"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C001.a. Note 1.c.1., absorption test samples for Category Code 1C001.a. Note 1.c.1. should be a square at least 5 wavelengths of the centre frequency on a side and positioned in the far field of the radiating element.</i></p> <p data-bbox="518 1391 1096 1424"><i>2. Tensile strength less than <math>7 \times 10^6</math> N/m<sup>2</sup>; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="518 1443 1123 1475"><i>3. Compressive strength less than <math>14 \times 10^6</math> N/m<sup>2</sup>;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1494 1166 1561"><i>d. Planar absorbers made of sintered ferrite, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="518 1580 1002 1612"><i>1. A specific gravity exceeding 4.4; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="518 1631 1166 1698"><i>2. A maximum operating temperature of 548 K (275 °C) or less;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 1131 439"><i>e. Planar absorbers having no magnetic loss and fabricated from ‘open-cell foam’ plastic material with a density of 0.15 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or less.</i></p> <p data-bbox="462 458 646 491"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="462 510 1131 645"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C001.a. Note 1.e., ‘open-cell foams’ are flexible and porous materials, having an inner structure open to the atmosphere. ‘Open-cell foams’ are also known as reticulated foams.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 668 420 700"><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="395 719 1131 820"><i>Nothing in Note 1 to Category Code 1C001.a. releases magnetic materials to provide absorption when contained in paint.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 839 1131 974"><i>b. Materials not transparent to visible light and specially designed for absorbing near-infrared radiation having a wavelength exceeding 810 nm but less than 2,000 nm (frequencies exceeding 150 THz but less than 370 THz);</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 993 458 1026"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="395 1045 1131 1146"><i>Category Code 1C001.b. does not include materials, specially designed or formulated for either of the following applications:</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1165 870 1252"> <i>a. “Laser” marking of polymers; <u>or</u></i>  <i>b. “Laser” welding of polymers.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="360 1271 1131 1408"><i>c. Intrinsically conductive polymeric materials with a ‘bulk electrical conductivity’ exceeding 10,000 S/m (Siemens per metre) or a ‘sheet (surface) resistivity’ of less than 100 ohms/square, based on any of the following polymers:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 1428 807 1666" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1428 610 1460">1. Polyaniline;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1479 614 1511">2. Polypyrrole;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1530 646 1563">3. Polythiophene;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1582 807 1614">4. Poly phenylene-vinylene; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="427 1633 771 1666">5. Poly thienylene-vinylene.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 1685 400 1717"><u><i>Note</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C002	<p data-bbox="424 335 1161 401"><i>Category Code 1C001.c. does not include materials in a liquid form.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 420 552 453"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="424 472 1161 573"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C001.c., ‘bulk electrical conductivity’ and ‘sheet (surface) resistivity’ should be determined using ASTM D-257 or national equivalents.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 643 1161 675">Metal alloys, metal alloy powder and alloyed materials, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="368 694 417 727"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="368 746 749 778"><i>See also Category Code 1C202.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 797 424 830"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="368 849 1161 950"><i>Category Code 1C002 does not include metal alloys, metal alloy powder and alloyed materials, specially formulated for coating purposes.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 969 552 1001"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="368 1020 1161 1121"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C002, metal alloys are those containing a higher percentage by weight of the stated metal than of any other element.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1142 713 1174">a. Aluminides, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 1193 1161 1416" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1193 1161 1294">1. Nickel aluminides containing a minimum of 15% by weight of aluminium, a maximum of 38% by weight of aluminium and at least one additional alloying element;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1313 1161 1416">2. Titanium aluminides containing 10% by weight or more of aluminium and at least one additional alloying element;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 1435 1161 1504">b. Metal alloys, as follows, made from the powder or particulate material specified in Category Code 1C002.c.:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 1523 1161 1675" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1523 1161 1675">1. Nickel alloys having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="518 1610 1161 1675" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="518 1610 1161 1675">a. A ‘stress-rupture life’ of 10,000 hours or longer at 923 K (650 °C) at a stress of 676 MPa; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. A ‘low cycle fatigue life’ of 10,000 cycles or more at 823 K (550 °C) at a maximum stress of 1,095 MPa;</p> <p>2. Niobium alloys having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A ‘stress-rupture life’ of 10,000 hours or longer at 1,073 K (800 °C) at a stress of 400 MPa; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A ‘low cycle fatigue life’ of 10,000 cycles or more at 973 K (700 °C) at a maximum stress of 700 MPa;</p> <p>3. Titanium alloys having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A ‘stress-rupture life’ of 10,000 hours or longer at 723 K (450 °C) at a stress of 200 MPa; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A ‘low cycle fatigue life’ of 10,000 cycles or more at 723 K (450 °C) at a maximum stress of 400 MPa;</p> <p>4. Aluminium alloys having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A tensile strength of 240 MPa or more at 473 K (200 °C); <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A tensile strength of 415 MPa or more at 298 K (25 °C);</p> <p>5. Magnesium alloys having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A tensile strength of 345 MPa or more; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. A corrosion rate of less than 1 mm/year in 3% sodium chloride aqueous solution measured in accordance with ASTM standard G-31 or national equivalents;</p> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code IC002.b.:</i></p> <p>1. ‘Stress-rupture life’ should be measured in accordance with ASTM standard E-139 or national equivalents.</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="517 335 1166 649">2. 'Low cycle fatigue life' should be measured in accordance with ASTM Standard E-606 'Recommended Practice for Constant-Amplitude Low-Cycle Fatigue Testing' or national equivalents. Testing should be axial with an average stress ratio equal to 1 and a stress-concentration factor (<math>K_t</math>) equal to 1. The average stress ratio is defined as maximum stress minus minimum stress divided by maximum stress.</p> <p data-bbox="393 668 1166 734">c. Metal alloy powder or particulate material, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="458 753 1166 786">1. Made from any of the following composition systems:</p> <p data-bbox="370 805 552 837"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="491 856 1166 923"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C002.c.1., X in the following equals one or more alloying elements.</i></p> <p data-bbox="517 942 1166 1115">a. Nickel alloys (Ni-Al-X, Ni-X-Al) qualified for turbine engine parts or components, i.e. with less than 3 non-metallic particles (introduced during the manufacturing process) larger than 100 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> in <math>10^9</math> alloy particles;</p> <p data-bbox="517 1134 1166 1201">b. Niobium alloys (Nb-Al-X or Nb-X-Al, Nb-Si-X or Nb-X-Si, Nb-Ti-X or Nb-X-Ti);</p> <p data-bbox="517 1220 1016 1252">c. Titanium alloys (Ti-Al-X or Ti-X-Al);</p> <p data-bbox="517 1271 1166 1338">d. Aluminium alloys (Al-Mg-X or Al-X-Mg, Al-Zn-X or Al-X-Zn, Al-Fe-X or Al-X-Fe); <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="517 1357 1079 1389">e. Magnesium alloys (Mg-Al-X or Mg-X-Al);</p> <p data-bbox="458 1408 1166 1475">2. Made in a controlled environment by any of the following processes:</p> <p data-bbox="517 1494 827 1527">a. 'Vacuum atomisation';</p> <p data-bbox="517 1546 776 1578">b. 'Gas atomisation';</p> <p data-bbox="517 1597 811 1629">c. 'Rotary atomisation';</p> <p data-bbox="517 1648 776 1681">d. 'Splat quenching';</p> <p data-bbox="517 1700 989 1732">e. 'Melt spinning' and 'comminution';</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>f. 'Melt extraction' and 'comminution';</p> <p>g. 'Mechanical alloying'; <u>or</u></p> <p>h. 'Plasma atomisation'; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. Capable of forming materials specified in Category Code 1C002.a. or 1C002.b.;</p> <p>d. Alloyed materials having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Made from any of the composition systems specified in Category Code 1C002.c.1.;</li> <li>2. In the form of uncomminuted flakes, ribbons or thin rods; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Produced in a controlled environment by any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 'Splat quenching';</li> <li>b. 'Melt spinning'; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. 'Melt extraction'.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C002:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Vacuum atomisation' is a process to reduce a molten stream of metal to droplets of a diameter of 500 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or less by the rapid evolution of a dissolved gas upon exposure to a vacuum.</li> <li>2. 'Gas atomisation' is a process to reduce a molten stream of metal alloy to droplets of 500 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> diameter or less by a high pressure gas stream.</li> <li>3. 'Rotary atomisation' is a process to reduce a stream or pool of molten metal to droplets to a diameter of 500 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or less by centrifugal force.</li> <li>4. 'Splat quenching' is a process to 'solidify rapidly' a molten metal stream impinging upon a chilled block, forming a flake-like product.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>5. 'Melt spinning' is a process to 'solidify rapidly' a molten metal stream impinging upon a rotating chilled block, forming a flake, ribbon or rod-like product.</p> <p>6. 'Comminution' is a process to reduce a material to particles by crushing or grinding.</p> <p>7. 'Melt extraction' is a process to 'solidify rapidly' and extract a ribbon-like alloy product by the insertion of a short segment of a rotating chilled block into a bath of a molten metal alloy.</p> <p>8. 'Mechanical alloying' is an alloying process resulting from the bonding, fracturing and rebonding of elemental and master alloy powders by mechanical impact. Non-metallic particles may be incorporated in the alloy by addition of the appropriate powders.</p> <p>9. 'Plasma atomisation' is a process to reduce a molten stream or solid metal to droplets of 500 µm diameter or less, using plasma torches in an inert gas environment.</p> <p>10. For the purpose of Category Code 1C002 Technical Notes, 'solidify rapidly' is a process involving the solidification of molten material at cooling rates exceeding 1,000 K/s.</p>
1C003	<p>Magnetic metals, of all types and of whatever form, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Initial relative permeability of 120,000 or more and a thickness of 0.05 mm or less;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C003.a., measurement of initial relative permeability must be performed on fully annealed materials.</i></p> <p>b. Magnetostrictive alloys having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. A saturation magnetostriction of more than <math>5 \times 10^{-4}</math>; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. A magnetomechanical coupling factor (k) of more than 0.8; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Amorphous or ‘nanocrystalline’ alloy strips, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A composition having a minimum of 75% by weight of iron, cobalt or nickel;</li> <li>2. A saturation magnetic induction (<math>B_s</math>) of 1.6 T or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Either of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A strip thickness of 0.02 mm or less; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. An electrical resistivity of <math>2 \times 10^{-4}</math> ohm cm or more.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C003.c., ‘nanocrystalline’ materials in Category Code 1C003.c. are those materials having a crystal grain size of 50 nm or less, as determined by X-ray diffraction.</i></p>
1C004	<p>Uranium titanium alloys or tungsten alloys with a “matrix” based on iron, nickel or copper, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A density exceeding 17.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup>;</li> <li>b. An elastic limit exceeding 880 MPa;</li> <li>c. An Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) exceeding 1,270 MPa; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. An elongation exceeding 8%.</li> </ol>
1C005	<p>“Superconductive” “composite” conductors in lengths exceeding 100 m or with a mass exceeding 100 g, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Superconductive” “composite” conductors containing one or more niobium-titanium ‘filaments’, having both of the following characteristics:</li> </ol>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Embedded in a “matrix” other than a copper or copper-based mixed “matrix”; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Having a cross-section area less than <math>0.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mm}^2</math> (6 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> in diameter for circular ‘filaments’);</li> </ol> <p>b. “Superconductive” “composite” conductors consisting of one or more “superconductive” ‘filaments’ other than niobium-titanium, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A “critical temperature” at zero magnetic induction exceeding 9.85 K (-263.31 °C); <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Remaining in the “superconductive” state at a temperature of 4.2 K (-268.96 °C) when exposed to a magnetic field oriented in any direction perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of conductor and corresponding to a magnetic induction of 12 T with critical current density exceeding 1,750 A/mm<sup>2</sup> on overall cross-section of the conductor;</li> </ol> <p>c. “Superconductive” “composite” conductors consisting of one or more “superconductive” ‘filaments’ which remain “superconductive” above 115 K (-158.16 °C).</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C005, ‘filaments’ may be in wire, cylinder, film, tape or ribbon form.</i></p>
1C006	<p>Fluids and lubricating materials, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Not used;</li> <li>b. Lubricating materials containing, as their principal ingredients, phenylene or alkylphenylene ethers or thio-ethers, or their mixtures, containing more than two ether or thio-ether functions or mixtures thereof;</li> <li>c. Damping or flotation fluids having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Purity exceeding 99.8%;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. Containing less than 25 particles of 200 µm or larger in size per 100 ml; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. Made from at least 85% of any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dibromotetrafluoroethane (25497-30-7, 124-73-2, 27336-23-8);</li> <li>b. Polychlorotrifluoroethylene (oily and waxy modifications only); <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Polybromotrifluoroethylene;</li> </ul> <p>d. Fluorocarbon fluids designed for electronic cooling and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Containing 85% by weight or more of any of the following, or mixtures thereof: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monomeric forms of perfluoropolyalkylether-triazines or perfluoroaliphatic-ethers;</li> <li>b. Perfluoroalkylamines;</li> <li>c. Perfluorocycloalkanes; <u>or</u></li> <li>d. Perfluoroalkanes;</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Density at 298 K (25 °C) of 1.5 g/ml or more;</li> <li>3. In a liquid state at 273 K (0 °C); <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Containing 60% or more by weight of fluorine.</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C006.d. does not include materials specified and packaged as medical products.</i></p>
1C007	<p>Ceramic powders, ceramic-“matrix” “composite” materials and ‘precursor materials’, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1C107.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ceramic powders of titanium diboride (TiB<sub>2</sub>) (12045-63-5) having total metallic impurities, excluding intentional</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>additions, of less than 5,000 parts per million (ppm), an average particle size equal to or less than 5 µm and no more than 10% of the particles larger than 10 µm;</p> <p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. Ceramic-“matrix” “composite” materials as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ceramic-ceramic “composite” materials with a glass or oxide-“matrix” and reinforced with either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Continuous fibres made from either of the following materials: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (1344-28-1); <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Si-C-N; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C007.c.1.a. does not include “composites” containing fibres with a tensile strength of less than 700 MPa at 1,273 K (1,000 °C) or tensile creep resistance of more than 1% creep strain at 100 MPa load and 1,273 K (1,000 °C) for 100 hours.</i></p> </li> <li>b. Fibres having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Made from any of the following materials: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Si-N;</li> <li>b. Si-C;</li> <li>c. Si-Al-O-N; <u>or</u></li> <li>d. Si-O-N; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Having a “specific tensile strength” exceeding <math>12.7 \times 10^3</math> m;</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Ceramic “matrix” “composite” materials, with a “matrix” formed of carbides or nitrides of silicon, zirconium or boron;</li> </ol> <p>d. Not used;</p> </li></ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>e. ‘Precursor materials’ specially designed for the “production” of materials specified in Category Code 1C007.c., as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Polydiorganosilanes;</li> <li>2. Polysilazanes;</li> <li>3. Polycarbosilazanes;</li> </ol> <p>f. Not used.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C007, ‘precursor materials’ are special purpose polymeric or metallo-organic materials used for the “production” of silicon carbide, silicon nitride, or ceramics with silicon, carbon and nitrogen.</i></p>
1C008	<p>Non-fluorinated polymeric substances as follows:</p> <p>a. Imides, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bismaleimides;</li> <li>2. Aromatic Polyamide-imides (PAI) having a ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ exceeding 563 K (290 °C);</li> <li>3. Aromatic polyimides having a ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ exceeding 505 K (232 °C);</li> <li>4. Aromatic polyetherimides having a ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ exceeding 563 K (290 °C);</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C008.a. includes substances in liquid or solid “fusible” form, including resin, powder, pellet, film, sheet, tape or ribbon.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For non-“fusible” aromatic polyimides in film, sheet, tape or ribbon form, see Category Code 1A003.</i></p> <p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. Not used;</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Polyarylene ketones;</p> <p>e. Polyarylene sulphides, where the arylene group is biphenylene, triphenylene or combinations thereof;</p> <p>f. Polybiphenylenethersulphone having a ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ exceeding 563 K (290 °C).</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purposes of Category Code 1C008.a.2. thermoplastic materials, Category Code 1C008.a.4. materials and 1C008.f. materials, the ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ is determined using the method described in Ref. ISO 11357-2:1999 or national equivalents.</p> <p>2. For the purposes of Category Code 1C008.a.2. thermosetting materials and Category Code 1C008.a.3. materials, the ‘glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>)’ is determined using the 3-point bend method described in ASTM D 7028-07 or equivalent national standard. The test is to be performed using a dry test specimen which has attained a minimum of 90% degree of cure as specified by ASTM E 2160-04 or equivalent national standard, and was cured using the combination of standard and post-cure processes that yield the highest <math>T_g</math>.</p>
1C009	<p>Unprocessed fluorinated compounds as follows:</p> <p>a. Not used;</p> <p>b. Fluorinated polyimides containing 10% by weight or more of combined fluorine;</p> <p>c. Fluorinated phosphazene elastomers containing 30% by weight or more of combined fluorine.</p>
1C010	<p>“Fibrous or filamentary materials”, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p>See also Category Codes 1C210 and 9C110.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. For the purpose of calculating “specific tensile strength”, “specific modulus” or specific weight of “fibrous or filamentary materials” in Category Code 1C010.a., 1C010.b., 1C010.c. or 1C010.e.1.b., the tensile strength and modulus should be determined by using Method A described in Ref. ISO 10618:2004 or national equivalents.</p> <p>2. For the purpose of assessing the “specific tensile strength”, “specific modulus” or specific weight of non-unidirectional “fibrous or filamentary materials” (e.g. fabrics, random mats or braids) in Category Code 1C010, this is to be based on the mechanical properties of the constituent unidirectional monofilaments (e.g. monofilaments, yarns, rovings or tows) prior to processing into the non-unidirectional “fibrous or filamentary materials”.</p> <p>a. Organic “fibrous or filamentary materials”, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Specific modulus” exceeding <math>12.7 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. “Specific tensile strength” exceeding <math>23.5 \times 10^4</math> m;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C010.a. does not include polyethylene.</i></p> <p>b. Carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials”, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Specific modulus” exceeding <math>14.65 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. “Specific tensile strength” exceeding <math>26.82 \times 10^4</math> m;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C010.b. does not include:</i></p> <p>a. “Fibrous or filamentary materials”, for the repair of “civil aircraft” structures or laminates, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An area not exceeding <math>1 \text{ m}^2</math>;</li> <li>2. A length not exceeding 2.5 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. A width exceeding 15 mm;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="458 335 1165 401"><i>b. Mechanically chopped, milled or cut carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” 25 mm or less in length.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 420 1165 487"><i>c. Inorganic “fibrous or filamentary materials”, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 506 1165 868" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 506 1165 535"><i>1. Having either of the following characteristics:</i> <ol data-bbox="518 554 1165 782" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="518 554 1165 658"><i>a. Composed of 50% or more by weight of silicon dioxide and having a “specific modulus” exceeding <math>2.54 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="518 677 1165 782"><i>b. Not specified in Category Code 1C010.c.1.a. and having a “specific modulus” exceeding <math>5.6 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>and</u></i></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="458 801 1165 868"><i>2. Melting, softening, decomposition or sublimation point exceeding 1,922 K (1,649 °C) in an inert environment;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="370 887 424 915"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="424 934 942 963"><i>Category Code 1C010.c. does not include:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 982 1165 1353" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 982 1165 1125"><i>a. Discontinuous, multiphase, polycrystalline alumina fibres in chopped fibre or random mat form, containing 3% by weight or more of silica, with a “specific modulus” of less than <math>10 \times 10^6</math> m;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1144 1016 1172"><i>b. Molybdenum and molybdenum alloy fibres;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1191 653 1220"><i>c. Boron fibres;</i></li> <li data-bbox="458 1239 1165 1353"><i>d. Discontinuous ceramic fibres with a melting, softening, decomposition or sublimation point lower than 2,043 K (1,770 °C) in an inert environment.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 1372 1165 1439"><i>d. “Fibrous or filamentary materials”, having either of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 1458 1165 1658" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1458 1165 1487"><i>1. Composed of either of the following:</i> <ol data-bbox="518 1506 1165 1658" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="518 1506 1165 1582"><i>a. Polyetherimides specified in Category Code 1C008.a.; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="518 1601 1165 1658"><i>b. Materials specified in Category Codes 1C008.d. to 1C008.f.; <u>or</u></i></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 1131 472">2. Composed of materials specified in Category Code 1C010.d.1.a. or 1C010.d.1.b. and ‘commingled’ with other fibres specified in Category Code 1C010.a., 1C010.b. or 1C010.c.;</p> <p data-bbox="465 491 646 521"><i><u>Technical Note</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="465 544 1131 715"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C010.d.2., ‘commingled’ is filament to filament blending of thermoplastic fibres and reinforcement fibres in order to produce a fibre reinforcement “matrix” mix in total fibre form.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 738 1131 910">e. Fully or partially resin-impregnated or pitch-impregnated “fibrous or filamentary materials” (prepregs), metal or carbon-coated “fibrous or filamentary materials” (preforms) or ‘carbon fibre preforms’, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 929 1131 1726" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 929 838 959">1. Having either of the following: <ol data-bbox="489 978 1131 1340" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="489 978 1131 1043">a. Inorganic “fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010.c.; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="489 1062 1131 1340">b. Organic or carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials”, having both of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="538 1188 1131 1340" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="538 1188 1131 1252">1. “Specific modulus” exceeding <math>10.15 \times 10^6</math> m; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="538 1271 1131 1340">2. “Specific tensile strength” exceeding <math>17.7 \times 10^4</math> m; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="427 1359 991 1389">2. Having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="489 1408 1131 1726" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="489 1408 1131 1473">a. Resin or pitch specified in Category Code 1C008 or 1C009.b.;</li> <li data-bbox="489 1492 1131 1595">b. ‘Dynamic Mechanical Analysis glass transition temperature (DMA <math>T_g</math>)’ equal to or exceeding 453 K (180 °C) and having a phenolic resin; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="489 1614 1131 1726">c. ‘Dynamic Mechanical Analysis glass transition temperature (DMA <math>T_g</math>)’ equal to or exceeding 505 K (232 °C) and having a resin or pitch, not</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>specified in Category Code 1C008 or 1C009.b., and not being a phenolic resin.</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Metal or carbon-coated “fibrous or filamentary materials” (preforms) or ‘carbon fibre preforms’, not impregnated with resin or pitch, are specified by “fibrous or filamentary materials” in Category Code 1C010.a., 1C010.b. or 1C010.c.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C010.e. does not include:</i></p> <p><i>a. Epoxy resin “matrix” impregnated carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” (prepregs) for the repair of “civil aircraft” structures or laminates, having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. An area not exceeding 1 m<sup>2</sup>;</i></li> <li><i>2. A length not exceeding 2.5 m; <u>and</u></i></li> <li><i>3. A width exceeding 15 mm;</i></li> </ol> <p><i>b. Fully or partially resin-impregnated or pitch-impregnated mechanically chopped, milled or cut carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” 25 mm or less in length when using a resin or pitch other than those specified in Category Code 1C008 or 1C009.b.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. For the purposes of Category Code 1C010.e. and Note 1, ‘carbon fibre preforms’ are an ordered arrangement of uncoated or coated fibres intended to constitute a framework of a part before the “matrix” is introduced to form a “composite”.</i></li> <li><i>2. For the purpose of Category Code 1C010.e.2. materials, ‘Dynamic Mechanical Analysis glass transition temperature (DMA T<sub>g</sub>)’ for materials specified in Category Code 1C010.e. is determined using the method described in ASTM D 7028-07, or equivalent national standard, on a dry test specimen. In the case of thermoset materials, degree of cure of a dry test</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C011	<p data-bbox="462 338 1132 405"><i>specimen shall be a minimum of 90% as defined by ASTM E 2160-04 or equivalent national standard.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 472 760 504">Metals and compounds, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="333 525 391 557"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="333 576 1132 643"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule and Category Code 1C111.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 662 1132 801">a. Metals in particle sizes of less than 60 µm whether spherical, atomised, spheroidal, flaked or ground, manufactured from material consisting of 99% or more of zirconium, magnesium and alloys thereof;</p> <p data-bbox="333 820 521 852"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="393 872 1132 972"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C011.a., the natural content of hafnium in the zirconium (typically 2% to 7%) is counted with the zirconium.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 991 391 1024"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="393 1043 1132 1144"><i>Category Code 1C011.a. includes metals or alloys listed therein whether or not they are encapsulated in aluminium, magnesium, zirconium or beryllium.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1163 1132 1367">b. Boron or boron alloys, with a particle size of 60 µm or less, as follows;</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1252 1132 1367" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1252 1038 1285">1. Boron with a purity of 85% by weight or more;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1304 1132 1367">2. Boron alloys with a boron content of 85% by weight or more;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="393 1386 451 1418"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="393 1437 1132 1538"><i>Category Code 1C011.b. includes metals or alloys listed therein whether or not they are encapsulated in aluminium, magnesium, zirconium or beryllium.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1557 753 1589">c. Guanidine nitrate (506-93-4);</p> <p data-bbox="360 1608 794 1641">d. Nitroguanidine (NQ) (556-88-7).</p> <p data-bbox="333 1660 391 1692"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
1C012	<p data-bbox="424 335 1159 439"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule for metal powders mixed with other substances to form a mixture formulated for military purposes.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 506 619 535">Materials as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="364 559 548 588"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 611 1159 677"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 1C012, these materials are typically used for nuclear heat sources.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 696 1159 763">a. Plutonium in any form with a plutonium isotopic assay of plutonium-238 of more than 50% by weight;</p> <p data-bbox="424 782 485 811"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="424 833 942 862"><i>Category Code 1C012.a. does not include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 887 1103 915"><i>a. Shipments with a plutonium content of 1 g or less;</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 938 1159 1005"><i>b. Shipments of 3 “effective grammes” or less when contained in a sensing component in instruments.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1024 1049 1052">b. “Previously separated” neptunium-237 in any form.</p> <p data-bbox="364 1077 424 1106"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="424 1129 1159 1195"><i>Category Code 1C012.b. does not include shipments with a neptunium-237 content of 1 g or less.</i></p>
1C101	<p data-bbox="364 1268 1159 1429">Materials and devices for reduced observables such as radar reflectivity, Ultraviolet (UV)/infrared signatures and acoustic signatures, other than those specified in Category Code 1C001, usable in ‘missiles’, “missile” sub-systems or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a.</p> <p data-bbox="364 1458 444 1487"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1509 753 1538"><i>Category Code 1C101 includes:</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1563 1159 1629"><i>a. Structural materials and coatings specially designed for reduced radar reflectivity;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="360 338 1134 439"><i>b. Coatings, including paints, specially designed for reduced or tailored reflectivity or emissivity in the microwave, infrared or Ultraviolet (UV) regions of the electromagnetic spectrum.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 458 417 491"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 510 1134 578"><i>Category Code 1C101 does not include coatings when specially used for the thermal control of satellites.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 597 516 630"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 649 1134 750"><i>In Category Code 1C101, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>
1C102	Resaturated pyrolised carbon-carbon materials designed for space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.
1C107	<p data-bbox="333 991 1134 1060">Graphite and ceramic materials, other than those specified in Category Code 1C007, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="360 1079 1134 1245">a. Fine grain graphites with a bulk density of 1.72 g/cm<sup>3</sup> or greater, measured at 288 K (15 °C), and having a grain size of 100 µm or less, usable for rocket nozzles and re-entry vehicle nose tips, which can be machined to any of the following products:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1264 1134 1544" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1264 1134 1332">1. Cylinders having a diameter of 120 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1351 1134 1452">2. Tubes having an inner diameter of 65 mm or greater and a wall thickness of 25 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="427 1471 1134 1544">3. Blocks having a size of 120 mm × 120 mm × 50 mm or greater;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="333 1563 391 1595"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="395 1614 780 1646"><i>See also Category Code 0C004.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 1666 1134 1734">b. Pyrolytic or fibrous reinforced graphites, usable for rocket nozzles and re-entry vehicle nose tips usable in “missiles”,</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104;</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 0C004.</i></p> <p>c. Ceramic composite materials (dielectric constant less than 6 at any frequency from 100 MHz to 100 GHz) for use in radomes usable in “missiles”, space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104;</p> <p>d. Bulk machinable silicon-carbide reinforced unfired ceramic, usable for nose tips usable in “missiles”, space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104;</p> <p>e. Reinforced silicon-carbide ceramic composites, usable for nose tips, re-entry vehicles and nozzle flaps usable in “missiles”, space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104;</p> <p>f. Bulk machinable ceramic composite materials consisting of an ‘Ultra High Temperature Ceramic (UHTC)’ matrix with a melting point equal to or greater than 3,000 °C and reinforced with fibres or filaments, usable for missile components (such as nose tips, re-entry vehicles, leading edges, jet vanes, control surfaces or rocket motor throat inserts) in “missiles”, space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or ‘missiles’.</p> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C107.f. does not include ‘Ultra High Temperature Ceramic (UHTC)’ materials in non-composite form.</i></p> <p><u><i>Technical Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1C107.f. ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C111	<p data-bbox="397 338 602 369"><u>Technical Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 388 1053 418">'Ultra High Temperature Ceramics (UHTC)' includes:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 439 790 929" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Titanium diboride (<math>TiB_2</math>);</li> <li>2. Zirconium diboride (<math>ZrB_2</math>);</li> <li>3. Niobium diboride (<math>NbB_2</math>);</li> <li>4. Hafnium diboride (<math>HfB_2</math>);</li> <li>5. Tantalum diboride (<math>TaB_2</math>);</li> <li>6. Titanium carbide (<math>TiC</math>);</li> <li>7. Zirconium carbide (<math>ZrC</math>);</li> <li>8. Niobium carbide (<math>NbC</math>);</li> <li>9. Hafnium carbide (<math>HfC</math>);</li> <li>10. Tantalum carbide (<math>TaC</math>).</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="333 1001 1132 1066">Propellants and constituent chemicals for propellants, other than those specified in Category Code 1C011, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="360 1087 669 1117">a. Propulsive substances:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1138 1132 1378" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Spherical or spheroidal aluminium powder, other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, in particle size of less than 200 <math>\mu m</math> and an aluminium content of 97% by weight or more, if at least 10% of the total weight is made up of particles of less than 63 <math>\mu m</math>, according to Ref. ISO 2591- 1:1988 or national equivalents;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="340 1399 521 1429"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 1450 1132 1515"><i>A particle size of 63 <math>\mu m</math> (Ref. ISO R-565) corresponds to 250 mesh (Tyler) or 230 mesh (ASTM standard E-11).</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 1536 1132 1728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Metal powders, other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, as follows: <ol data-bbox="489 1624 1132 1728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Metal powders of zirconium, beryllium or magnesium, or alloys of these metals, if at least 90% of the total particles by particle volume or</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>weight are made up of particles of less than 60 µm (determined by measurement techniques such as using a sieve, laser diffraction or optical scanning), whether spherical, atomised, spheroidal, flaked or ground, consisting 97% by weight or more of any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Zirconium;</li> <li>2. Beryllium; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Magnesium;</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>The natural content of hafnium in the zirconium (typically 2% to 7%) is counted with the zirconium.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Metal powders of either boron or boron alloys with a boron content of 85% or more by weight, if at least 90% of the total particles by particle volume or weight are made up of particles of less than 60 µm (determined by measurement techniques such as using a sieve, laser diffraction or optical scanning), whether spherical, atomised, spheroidal, flaked or ground;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Codes 1CIIIa.2.a. and 1CIIIa.2.b. include any powder mixture with a multimodal particle distribution (e.g. a mixture of different grain sizes) if one or more modes in the powder mixture are specified in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Oxidiser substances usable in liquid propellant rocket engines as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dinitrogen trioxide (10544-73-7);</li> <li>b. Nitrogen dioxide (10102-44-0)/dinitrogen tetroxide (10544-72-6);</li> <li>c. Dinitrogen pentoxide (10102-03-1);</li> <li>d. Mixed Oxides of Nitrogen (MON);</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="344 338 525 367"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="522 390 1131 700"><i>Mixed Oxides of Nitrogen (MON) are solutions of Nitric Oxide (NO) in Dinitrogen Tetroxide/ Nitrogen Dioxide (N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>/NO<sub>2</sub>) that can be used in missile systems. There are a range of compositions that can be denoted as MON<sub>i</sub> or MON<sub>ij</sub>, where <i>i</i> and <i>j</i> are integers representing the percentage of Nitric Oxide in the mixture (e.g. MON<sub>3</sub> contains 3% Nitric Oxide, MON<sub>25</sub> 25% Nitric Oxide. An upper limit is MON<sub>40</sub>, 40% by weight).</i></p> <p data-bbox="489 721 1131 784">e. See Inhibited Red Fuming Nitric Acid (IRFNA) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</p> <p data-bbox="489 807 1131 940">f. See compounds composed of fluorine and one or more of other halogens, oxygen or nitrogen in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule and Category Code 1C238;</p> <p data-bbox="426 963 865 991">4. Hydrazine derivatives as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="340 1014 395 1043"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="463 1066 1018 1094"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="489 1117 1131 1696">a. Trimethylhydrazine (1741-01-1);  b. Tetramethylhydrazine (6415-12-9);  c. N,N-Diallylhydrazine (5164-11-4);  d. Allylhydrazine (7422-78-8);  e. Ethylene dihydrazine (6068-98-0);  f. Monomethylhydrazine dinitrate;  g. Unsymmetrical dimethylhydrazine nitrate;  h. Hydrazinium azide (14546-44-2);  i. 1,1-Dimethylhydrazinium azide (227955-52-4) /  1,2-Dimethylhydrazinium azide (299177-50-7);  j. Hydrazinium dinitrate (13464-98-7);  k. Diimido oxalic acid dihydrazine (3457-37-2);</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>l. 2-hydroxyethylhydrazine nitrate (HEHN);</p> <p>m. See Hydrazinium perchlorate in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</p> <p>n. Hydrazinium diperchlorate (13812-39-0);</p> <p>o. Methylhydrazine nitrate (MHN) (29674-96-2);</p> <p>p. 1,1-Diethylhydrazine nitrate (DEHN) / 1,2-Diethylhydrazine nitrate (DEHN) (363453-17-2);</p> <p>q. 3,6-Dihydrazino tetrazine nitrate (1,4-dihydrazine nitrate) (DHTN);</p> <p>5. High energy density materials, other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, usable in ‘missiles’ or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a., as follows:</p> <p>a. Mixed fuels that incorporate both solid and liquid fuels, such as boron slurry, having a mass-based energy density of <math>40 \times 10^6</math> J/kg or greater;</p> <p>b. Other high energy density fuels and fuel additives (e.g. cubane, ionic solutions, JP-10) having a volume-based energy density of <math>37.5 \times 10^9</math> J/m<sup>3</sup> or greater, measured at 20 °C and one atmosphere (101.325 kPa) pressure;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C111.a.5.b. does not include fossil refined fuels and biofuels produced from vegetables, including fuels for engines certified for use in civil aviation, unless specially formulated for ‘missiles’ or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1C111.a.5., ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <p>6. Hydrazine replacement fuels as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. 2-Dimethylaminoethylazide (DMAZ) (86147-04-8);</p> <p>b. Polymeric substances:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Carboxy-terminated polybutadiene (including carboxyl-terminated polybutadiene) (CTPB);</li> <li>2. Hydroxy-terminated polybutadiene (including hydroxyl-terminated polybutadiene) (HTPB) (69102-90-5), other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>3. Polybutadiene-acrylic acid (PBAA);</li> <li>4. Polybutadiene-acrylic acid-acrylonitrile (PBAN) (25265-19-4 / 68891-50-9);</li> <li>5. Polytetrahydrofuran polyethylene glycol (TPEG);</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>Polytetrahydrofuran polyethylene glycol (TPEG) is a block co-polymer of poly 1,4-Butanediol (110-63-4) and polyethylene glycol (PEG) (25322-68-3).</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>6. See Polyglycidyl nitrate (PGN or poly-GLYN) (27814-48-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> </ol> <p>c. Other propellant additives and agents:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. See carboranes, decaboranes, pentaboranes and derivatives thereof in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>2. Triethylene glycol dinitrate (TEGDN) (111-22-8);</li> <li>3. 2-Nitrodiphenylamine (119-75-5);</li> <li>4. See Trimethylolethane trinitrate (TMETN) (3032-55-1) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>5. Diethylene glycol dinitrate (DEGDN) (693-21-0);</li> <li>6. Ferrocene derivatives as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. See catocene (37206-42-1) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. See ethyl ferrocene (1273-89-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>c. See n-propyl ferrocene (1273-92-3)/iso-propyl ferrocene (12126-81-7) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>d. See n-butyl ferrocene (31904-29-7) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>e. See pentyl ferrocene (1274-00-6) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>f. See dicyclopentyl ferrocene (125861-17-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>g. See dicyclohexyl ferrocene in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>h. See diethyl ferrocene (1273-97-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>i. See dipropyl ferrocene in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>j. See dibutyl ferrocene (1274-08-4) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>k. See dihexyl ferrocene (93894-59-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>l. See acetyl ferrocene (1271-55-2)/ 1,1'-diacetyl ferrocene (1273-94-5) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>m. See ferrocene carboxylic acids (1271-42-7)/ 1,1'-ferrocenedicarboxylic acid (1293-87-4) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>n. See butacene (125856-62-4) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>o. Other ferrocene derivatives usable as rocket propellant burning rate modifiers, other than those specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p style="text-align: center;"><u>Note</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Category Code 1C111.c.6.o. does not include ferrocene derivatives that contain a six carbon aromatic functional group attached to the ferrocene molecule.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">7. 4,5-diazidomethyl-2-methyl-1,2,3-triazole (iso-DAMTR), other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</p> <p style="text-align: center;">d. ‘Gel propellants’, other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, specifically formulated for use in ‘missiles’.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;">1. <i>In Category Code 1C111.d. a ‘gel propellant’ is a fuel or oxidiser formulation using a gellant such as silicates, kaolin (clay), carbon or any polymeric gellant.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;">2. <i>In Category Code 1C111.d. a ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Note</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>For propellants and constituent chemicals for propellants not specified in Category Code 1C111, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
1C116	<p>Maraging steels, usable in ‘missiles’, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1C216.</i></p> <p>a. An Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS), measured at 293 K (20 °C), equal to or greater than:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 0.9 GPa in the solution annealed stage; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. 1.5 GPa in the precipitation hardened stage; <u>and</u></li> </ol> <p>b. Either of the following forms:</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C117	<p data-bbox="458 335 1166 401">1. Sheet, plate or tubing with a wall or plate thickness equal to or less than 5 mm; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="458 420 1166 525">2. Tubular forms with a wall thickness equal to or less than 50 mm and having an inner diameter equal to or greater than 270 mm.</p> <p data-bbox="364 544 559 573"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="391 592 814 620">1. <i>Maraging steels are iron alloys:</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 639 1166 782">a. <i>Generally characterised by high nickel, very low carbon content and the use of substitutional elements or precipitates to produce strengthening and age-hardening of the alloy; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="458 801 1166 944">b. <i>Subjected to heat treatment cycles to facilitate the martensitic transformation process (solution annealed stage) and subsequently age hardened (precipitation hardened stage).</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 963 1166 1068">2. <i>In Category Code 1C116, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1134 1166 1163">Materials for the fabrication of ‘missiles’ components as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 1182 1166 1287">a. Tungsten and alloys in particulate form with a tungsten content of 97% by weight or more and a particle size of <math>50 \times 10^{-6}</math> m (50 <math>\mu</math>m) or less;</p> <p data-bbox="391 1306 1166 1410">b. Molybdenum and alloys in particulate form with a molybdenum content of 97% by weight or more and a particle size of <math>50 \times 10^{-6}</math> m (50 <math>\mu</math>m) or less;</p> <p data-bbox="391 1429 1166 1496">c. Tungsten materials in solid form having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="458 1515 1029 1544">1. Any of the following material compositions:</p> <p data-bbox="518 1563 1166 1629">a. Tungsten and alloys containing 97% by weight or more of tungsten;</p> <p data-bbox="518 1648 1166 1715">b. Copper infiltrated tungsten containing 80% by weight or more of tungsten; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Silver infiltrated tungsten containing 80% by weight or more of tungsten; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. Able to be machined to any of the following products:</p> <p>a. Cylinders having a diameter of 120 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater;</p> <p>b. Tubes having an inner diameter of 65 mm or greater and a wall thickness of 25 mm or greater and a length of 50 mm or greater; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Blocks having a size of 120 mm by 120 mm by 50 mm or greater.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u>  <i>In Category Code 1C117, 'missile' means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>
1C118	<p>Titanium-stabilised duplex stainless steel (Ti-DSS) having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. Containing 17%-23% by weight of chromium and 4.5%-7% by weight of nickel;</p> <p>2. Having a titanium content of greater than 0.1% by weight; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. A ferritic-austenitic microstructure (also referred to as a two-phase microstructure) of which at least 10% by volume (according to ASTM E-1181-87 or national equivalents) is austenite; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Having any of the following forms:</p> <p>1. Ingots or bars having a size of 100 mm or more in each dimension;</p> <p>2. Sheets having a width of 600 mm or more and a thickness of 3 mm or less; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C202	<p data-bbox="458 335 1166 401">3. Tubes having an outer diameter of 600 mm or more and a wall thickness of 3 mm or less.</p> <p data-bbox="364 468 1166 535">Alloys, other than those specified in Category Code 1C002.b.3. or .b.4., as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 563 1166 630">a. Aluminium alloys having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 649 1166 801" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 649 1166 715">1. ‘Capable of’ an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 460 MPa or more at 293 K (20 °C); <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="458 734 1166 801">2. In the form of tubes or cylindrical solid forms (including forgings) with an outside diameter of more than 75 mm;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 820 1166 849">b. Titanium alloys having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 868 1166 1020" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 868 1166 934">1. ‘Capable of’ an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 900 MPa or more at 293 K (20 °C); <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="458 953 1166 1020">2. In the form of tubes or cylindrical solid forms (including forgings) with an outside diameter of more than 75 mm.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1039 545 1068"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1096 1166 1163"><i>The phrase alloys ‘capable of’ encompasses alloys before or after heat treatment.</i></p>
1C210	<p data-bbox="364 1229 1166 1296">‘Fibrous or filamentary materials’ or prepregs, other than those specified in Category Code 1C010.a., b. or e., as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 1325 1166 1391">a. Carbon or aramid ‘fibrous or filamentary materials’ having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="458 1410 1166 1487" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1410 1166 1439">1. A “specific modulus” of <math>12.7 \times 10^6</math> m or greater; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="458 1458 1166 1487">2. A “specific tensile strength” of <math>23.5 \times 10^4</math> m or greater;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1515 424 1544"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="424 1563 1166 1658"><i>Category Code 1C210.a. does not include aramid ‘fibrous or filamentary materials’ having 0.25% by weight or more of an ester based fibre surface modifier.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Glass ‘fibrous or filamentary materials’ having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A “specific modulus” of <math>3.18 \times 10^6</math> m or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. A “specific tensile strength” of <math>7.62 \times 10^4</math> m or greater;</li> </ol> <p>c. Thermoset resin impregnated continuous “yarns”, “rovings”, “tows” or “tapes” with a width of 15 mm or less (prepregs), made from carbon or glass ‘fibrous or filamentary materials’ specified in Category Code 1C210.a. or b.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>The resin forms the matrix of the composite.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1C210, ‘fibrous or filamentary materials’ are restricted to continuous “monofilaments”, “yarns”, “rovings”, “tows” or “tapes”.</i></p>
1C216	<p>Maraging steel, other than that specified in Category Code 1C116, ‘capable of’ an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 1,950 MPa or more, at 293 K (20 °C).</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C216 does not include forms in which all linear dimensions are 75 mm or less.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>The phrase maraging steel ‘capable of’ encompasses maraging steel before or after heat treatment.</i></p>
1C225	<p>Boron enriched in the boron-10 (<math>^{10}\text{B}</math>) isotope to greater than its natural isotopic abundance, as follows: elemental boron, compounds, mixtures containing boron, manufactures thereof, waste or scrap of any of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1C225, mixtures containing boron include boron loaded materials.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="364 335 548 367"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 386 1159 453"><i>The natural isotopic abundance of boron-10 is approximately 18.5 weight per cent (20 atom per cent).</i></p>
1C226	<p data-bbox="364 525 1159 624">Tungsten, tungsten carbide, and alloys containing more than 90% tungsten by weight, other than that specified in Category Code 1C117, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 643 1159 748">a. In forms with a hollow cylindrical symmetry (including cylinder segments) with an inside diameter between 100 mm and 300 mm; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="391 767 753 799">b. A mass greater than 20 kg.</li> </ul>
	<p data-bbox="364 824 424 856"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 866 1159 932"><i>Category Code 1C226 does not include manufactures specially designed as weights or gamma-ray collimators.</i></p>
1C227	<p data-bbox="364 1014 1009 1043">Calcium having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1062 1159 1129">a. Containing less than 1,000 parts per million (ppm) by weight of metallic impurities other than magnesium; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="391 1148 1159 1214">b. Containing less than 10 parts per million (ppm) by weight of boron.</li> </ul>
1C228	<p data-bbox="364 1287 1049 1315">Magnesium having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1334 1159 1401">a. Containing less than 200 parts per million (ppm) by weight of metallic impurities other than calcium; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="391 1420 1159 1487">b. Containing less than 10 parts per million (ppm) by weight of boron.</li> </ul>
1C229	<p data-bbox="364 1559 1009 1587">Bismuth having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1606 978 1639">a. A purity of 99.99% or greater by weight; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="391 1658 1159 1725">b. Containing less than 10 parts per million (ppm) by weight of silver.</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C230	<p>Beryllium metal, alloys containing more than 50% beryllium by weight, beryllium compounds, manufactures thereof, and waste or scrap of any of the foregoing, other than that specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C230 does not include the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Metal windows for X-ray machines, or for bore-hole logging devices;</i></li> <li><i>b. Oxide shapes in fabricated or semi-fabricated forms specially designed for electronic component parts or as substrates for electronic circuits;</i></li> <li><i>c. Beryl (silicate of beryllium and aluminium) in the form of emeralds or aquamarines.</i></li> </ul>
1C231	<p>Hafnium metal, alloys containing more than 60% hafnium by weight, hafnium compounds containing more than 60% hafnium by weight, manufactures thereof, and waste or scrap of any of the foregoing.</p>
1C232	<p>Helium-3 (<math>^3\text{He}</math>), mixtures containing helium-3, and products or devices containing any of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C232 does not include a product or device containing less than 1 g of helium-3.</i></p>
1C233	<p>Lithium enriched in the lithium-6 (<math>^6\text{Li}</math>) isotope to greater than its natural isotopic abundance, and products or devices containing enriched lithium, as follows: elemental lithium, alloys, compounds,</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>mixtures containing lithium, manufactures thereof, waste or scrap of any of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C233 does not include thermoluminescent dosimeters.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>The natural isotopic abundance of lithium-6 is approximately 6.5 weight per cent (7.5 atom per cent).</i></p>
1C234	<p>Zirconium with a hafnium content of less than 1 part hafnium to 500 parts zirconium by weight, as follows: metal, alloys containing more than 50% zirconium by weight, compounds, manufactures thereof, waste or scrap of any of the foregoing, other than those specified in Category Code 0A001.f.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C234 does not include zirconium in the form of foil having a thickness of 0.1 mm or less.</i></p>
1C235	<p>Tritium, tritium compounds, mixtures containing tritium in which the ratio of tritium to hydrogen atoms exceeds 1 part in 1,000, and products or devices containing any of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C235 does not include a product or device containing less than <math>1.48 \times 10^3</math> GBq (40 Ci) of tritium.</i></p>
1C236	<p>‘Radionuclides’ appropriate for making neutron sources based on alpha-n reaction, other than those specified in Category Codes 0C001 and 1C012.a., in the following forms:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Elemental;</li> <li>b. Compounds having a total activity of 37 GBq/kg (1 Ci/kg) or greater;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Mixtures having a total activity of 37 GBq/kg (1 Ci/kg) or greater;</p> <p>d. Products or devices containing any of the foregoing.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C236 does not include a product or device containing less than 3.7 GBq (100 millicuries) of activity.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 1C236, 'radionuclides' are any of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Actinium-225 (<math>^{225}\text{Ac}</math>)</li> <li>– Actinium-227 (<math>^{227}\text{Ac}</math>)</li> <li>– Californium-253 (<math>^{253}\text{Cf}</math>)</li> <li>– Curium-240 (<math>^{240}\text{Cm}</math>)</li> <li>– Curium-241 (<math>^{241}\text{Cm}</math>)</li> <li>– Curium-242 (<math>^{242}\text{Cm}</math>)</li> <li>– Curium-243 (<math>^{243}\text{Cm}</math>)</li> <li>– Curium-244 (<math>^{244}\text{Cm}</math>)</li> <li>– Einsteinium-253 (<math>^{253}\text{Es}</math>)</li> <li>– Einsteinium-254 (<math>^{254}\text{Es}</math>)</li> <li>– Gadolinium-148 (<math>^{148}\text{Gd}</math>)</li> <li>– Plutonium-236 (<math>^{236}\text{Pu}</math>)</li> <li>– Plutonium-238 (<math>^{238}\text{Pu}</math>)</li> <li>– Polonium-208 (<math>^{208}\text{Po}</math>)</li> <li>– Polonium-209 (<math>^{209}\text{Po}</math>)</li> <li>– Polonium-210 (<math>^{210}\text{Po}</math>)</li> <li>– Radium-223 (<math>^{223}\text{Ra}</math>)</li> <li>– Thorium-227 (<math>^{227}\text{Th}</math>)</li> <li>– Thorium-228 (<math>^{228}\text{Th}</math>)</li> <li>– Uranium-230 (<math>^{230}\text{U}</math>)</li> </ul>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	– Uranium-232 ( $^{232}\text{U}$ )
1C237	Radium-226 ( $^{226}\text{Ra}$ ), radium-226 alloys, radium-226 compounds, mixtures containing radium-226, manufactures thereof, and products or devices containing any of the foregoing.  <u>Note</u> Category Code 1C237 does not include the following: a. Medical applicators; b. A product or device containing less than 0.37 GBq (10 millicuries) of radium-226.
1C238	Chlorine trifluoride ( $\text{ClF}_3$ ).
1C239	High explosives, other than those specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule, or substances or mixtures containing more than 2% by weight thereof, with a crystal density greater than $1.8 \text{ g/cm}^3$ and having a detonation velocity greater than 8,000 m/s.
1C240	Nickel powder and porous nickel metal, other than those specified in Category Code 0C005, as follows: a. Nickel powder having both of the following characteristics: 1. A nickel purity content of 99% or greater by weight; <u>and</u> 2. A mean particle size of less than $10 \mu\text{m}$ measured by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) B330 standard; b. Porous nickel metal produced from materials specified in Category Code 1C240.a.  <u>Note</u> Category Code 1C240 does not include the following: a. Filamentary nickel powders;

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>b. Single porous nickel sheets with an area of 1,000 cm<sup>2</sup> per sheet or less.</i></p> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C240.b. refers to porous metal formed by compacting and sintering the materials in Category Code 1C240.a. to form a metal material with fine pores interconnected throughout the structure.</i></p>
1C241	<p>Rhenium, and alloys containing 90% by weight or more of rhenium; and alloys of rhenium and tungsten containing 90% by weight or more of any combination of rhenium and tungsten, other than those specified in Category Code 1C226, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. In forms with a hollow cylindrical symmetry (including cylinder segments) with an inside diameter between 100 mm and 300 mm; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. A mass greater than 20 kg.</p>
1C350	<p>Chemicals, which may be used as precursors for toxic chemical agents, as follows, and “chemical mixtures” containing one or more thereof:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule and Category Code 1C450.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Thiodiglycol (111-48-8);</li> <li>2. Phosphorus oxychloride (10025-87-3);</li> <li>3. Dimethyl methylphosphonate (756-79-6);</li> <li>4. See Methyl phosphonyl difluoride (676-99-3) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li>5. Methyl phosphonyl dichloride (676-97-1);</li> <li>6. Dimethyl phosphite (DMP) (868-85-9);</li> <li>7. Phosphorus trichloride (7719-12-2);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	8. Trimethyl phosphite (TMP) (121-45-9);
	9. Thionyl chloride (7719-09-7);
	10. 3-Hydroxy-1-methylpiperidine (3554-74-3);
	11. N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethyl chloride (96-79-7);
	12. N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethane thiol (5842-07-9);
	13. 3-Quinuclidinol (1619-34-7);
	14. Potassium fluoride (7789-23-3);
	15. 2-Chloroethanol (107-07-3);
	16. Dimethylamine (124-40-3);
	17. Diethyl ethylphosphonate (78-38-6);
	18. Diethyl N,N-dimethylphosphoramidate (2404-03-7);
	19. Diethyl phosphite (762-04-9);
	20. Dimethylamine hydrochloride (506-59-2);
	21. Ethyl phosphinyl dichloride (1498-40-4);
	22. Ethyl phosphonyl dichloride (1066-50-8);
	23. See Ethyl phosphonyl difluoride (753-98-0) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;
	24. Hydrogen fluoride (7664-39-3);
	25. Methyl benzilate (76-89-1);
	26. Methyl phosphinyl dichloride (676-83-5);
	27. N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-amino ethanol (96-80-0);
	28. Pinacolyl alcohol (464-07-3);
	29. See O-Ethyl O-2-diisopropylaminoethyl methylphosphonite (QL) (57856-11-8) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;
	30. Triethyl phosphite (122-52-1);
	31. Arsenic trichloride (7784-34-1);
	32. Benzilic acid (76-93-7);
	33. Diethyl methylphosphonite (15715-41-0);

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	34. Dimethyl ethylphosphonate (6163-75-3);
	35. Ethyl phosphinyl difluoride (430-78-4);
	36. Methyl phosphinyl difluoride (753-59-3);
	37. 3-Quinuclidone (3731-38-2);
	38. Phosphorus pentachloride (10026-13-8);
	39. Pinacolone (75-97-8);
	40. Potassium cyanide (151-50-8);
	41. Potassium bifluoride (7789-29-9);
	42. Ammonium hydrogen fluoride or ammonium bifluoride (1341-49-7);
	43. Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4);
	44. Sodium bifluoride (1333-83-1);
	45. Sodium cyanide (143-33-9);
	46. Triethanolamine (102-71-6);
	47. Phosphorus pentasulphide (1314-80-3);
	48. Di-isopropylamine (108-18-9);
	49. Diethylaminoethanol (100-37-8);
	50. Sodium sulphide (1313-82-2);
	51. Sulphur monochloride (10025-67-9);
	52. Sulphur dichloride (10545-99-0);
	53. Triethanolamine hydrochloride (637-39-8);
	54. N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethyl chloride hydrochloride (4261-68-1);
	55. Methylphosphonic acid (993-13-5);
	56. Diethyl methylphosphonate (683-08-9);
	57. N,N-Dimethylaminophosphoryl dichloride (677-43-0);
	58. Triisopropyl phosphite (116-17-6);
	59. Ethyldiethanolamine (139-87-7);

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	60. O,O-Diethyl phosphorothioate (2465-65-8);
	61. O,O-Diethyl phosphorodithioate (298-06-6);
	62. Sodium hexafluorosilicate (16893-85-9);
	63. Methylphosphonothioic dichloride (676-98-2);
	64. Diethylamine (109-89-7);
	65. N,N-Diisopropylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride (41480-75-5);
	66. Methyl dichlorophosphate (677-24-7);
	67. Ethyl dichlorophosphate (1498-51-7);
	68. Methyl difluorophosphate (22382-13-4);
	69. Ethyl difluorophosphate (460-52-6);
	70. Diethyl chlorophosphite (589-57-1);
	71. Methyl chlorofluorophosphate (754-01-8);
	72. Ethyl chlorofluorophosphate (762-77-6);
	73. N,N-Dimethylformamidine (44205-42-7);
	74. N,N-Diethylformamidine (90324-67-7);
	75. N,N-Dipropylformamidine (48044-20-8);
	76. N,N-Diisopropylformamidine (857522-08-8);
	77. N,N-Dimethylacetamidine (2909-14-0);
	78. N,N-Diethylacetamidine (14277-06-6);
	79. N,N-Dipropylacetamidine (1339586-99-0);
	80. N,N-Dimethylpropanamidine (56776-14-8);
	81. N,N-Diethylpropanamidine (84764-73-8);
	82. N,N-Dipropylpropanamidine (1341496-89-6);
	83. N,N-Dimethylbutanamidine (1340437-35-5);
	84. N,N-Diethylbutanamidine (53510-30-8);
	85. N,N-Dipropylbutanamidine (1342422-35-8);

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>86. N,N-Diisopropylbutanamide (1315467-17-4);</p> <p>87. N,N-Dimethylisobutanamide (321881-25-8);</p> <p>88. N,N-Diethylisobutanamide (1342789-47-2);</p> <p>89. N,N-Dipropylisobutanamide (1342700-45-1).</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C350 does not include “chemical mixtures” containing one or more of the chemicals specified in Category Codes 1C350.2., .6., .7., .8., .9., .10., .14., .15., .16., .19., .20., .24., .25., .30., .37., .38., .39., .40., .41., .42., .43., .44., .45., .46., .47., .48., .49., .50., .51., .52., .53., .58., .59., .60., .61., .62., .64., .66., .67., .68., .69., .70., .71., .72., .73., .74., .75., .76., .77., .78., .79., .80., .81., .82., .83., .84., .85., .86., .87., .88. and .89. in which no individually specified chemical constitutes more than 30% by the weight of the mixture.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C350 does not include products identified as consumer goods and packaged for retail sale for personal use or packaged for individual use.</i></p>
1C351	<p>Human and animal pathogens and “toxins”, as follows:</p> <p>a. Viruses, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material including living material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. African horse sickness virus;</li> <li>2. African swine fever virus;</li> <li>3. Andes virus;</li> <li>4. Avian influenza virus, which are: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Uncharacterised; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Defined in Annex I(2) EC Directive 2005/94/EC (OJ L 10, 14.1.2006 p. 16) as having high pathogenicity, as follows:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="569 338 1167 439">1. Type A viruses with an IVPI (intravenous pathogenicity index) in 6-week old chickens of greater than 1.2; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="569 458 1167 700">2. Type A viruses of the subtypes H5 or H7 with genome sequences codified for multiple basic amino acids at the cleavage site of the haemagglutinin molecule similar to that observed for other HPAI viruses, indicating that the haemagglutinin molecule can be cleaved by a host ubiquitous protease;</li> <li data-bbox="458 719 709 752">5. Bluetongue virus;</li> <li data-bbox="458 771 669 803">6. Chapare virus;</li> <li data-bbox="458 822 731 854">7. Chikungunya virus;</li> <li data-bbox="458 873 655 906">8. Choclo virus;</li> <li data-bbox="458 925 991 957">9. Crimean-Congo hemorrhagic fever virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 976 610 1009">10. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1028 790 1060">11. Dobrava-Belgrade virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1079 897 1111">12. Eastern equine encephalitis virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1130 1089 1163">13. Ebolavirus: all members of the Ebolavirus genus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1182 857 1214">14. Foot-and-mouth disease virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1233 673 1266">15. Goatpox virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1285 690 1317">16. Guanarito virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1336 669 1368">17. Hantaan virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1388 935 1420">18. Hendra virus (Equine morbillivirus);</li> <li data-bbox="442 1439 1167 1509">19. Suid herpesvirus 1 (Pseudorabies virus; Aujeszky's disease);</li> <li data-bbox="442 1528 1069 1561">20. Classical swine fever virus (Hog cholera virus);</li> <li data-bbox="442 1580 827 1612">21. Japanese encephalitis virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1631 637 1664">22. Junin virus;</li> <li data-bbox="442 1683 861 1715">23. Kyasanur Forest disease virus;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	24. Laguna Negra virus;
	25. Lassa virus;
	26. Louping ill virus;
	27. Lujo virus;
	28. Lumpy skin disease virus;
	29. Lymphocytic choriomeningitis virus;
	30. Machupo virus;
	31. Marburgvirus: all members of the Marburgvirus genus;
	32. Monkeypox virus (mpox virus);
	33. Murray Valley encephalitis virus;
	34. Newcastle disease virus;
	35. Nipah virus;
	36. Omsk haemorrhagic fever virus;
	37. Oropouche virus;
	38. Peste-des-petits-ruminants virus;
	39. Swine vesicular disease virus;
	40. Powassan virus;
	41. Rabies virus and all other members of the Lyssavirus genus;
	42. Rift Valley fever virus;
	43. Rinderpest virus;
	44. Rocio virus;
	45. Sabia virus;
	46. Seoul virus;
	47. Sheeppox virus;
	48. Sin Nombre virus;
	49. St. Louis encephalitis virus;



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>50. Porcine Teschovirus;</p> <p>51. Tick-borne encephalitis virus (Far Eastern subtype);</p> <p>52. Variola virus;</p> <p>53. Venezuelan equine encephalitis virus;</p> <p>54. Vesicular stomatitis virus;</p> <p>55. Western equine encephalitis virus;</p> <p>56. Yellow fever virus;</p> <p>57. Severe acute respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus (SARS-related coronavirus);</p> <p>58. Reconstructed 1918 influenza virus;</p> <p>59. Middle East respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus (MERS-related coronavirus);</p> <p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. Bacteria, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material including living material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Bacillus anthracis;</li> <li>2. Brucella abortus;</li> <li>3. Brucella melitensis;</li> <li>4. Brucella suis;</li> <li>5. Burkholderia mallei (Pseudomonas mallei);</li> <li>6. Burkholderia pseudomallei (Pseudomonas pseudomallei);</li> <li>7. Chlamydia psittaci (Chlamydophila psittaci);</li> <li>8. Clostridium argentinense (formerly known as Clostridium botulinum Type G), botulinum neurotoxin producing strains;</li> <li>9. Clostridium baratii, botulinum neurotoxin producing strains;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>10. <i>Clostridium botulinum</i>;</p> <p>11. <i>Clostridium butyricum</i>, botulinum neurotoxin producing strains;</p> <p>12. <i>Clostridium perfringens</i> epsilon toxin producing types;</p> <p>13. <i>Coxiella burnetii</i>;</p> <p>14. <i>Francisella tularensis</i>;</p> <p>15. <i>Mycoplasma capricolum</i> subspecies <i>capripneumoniae</i> (strain F38);</p> <p>16. <i>Mycoplasma mycoides</i> subspecies <i>mycoides</i> SC (small colony);</p> <p>17. <i>Rickettsia prowazekii</i>;</p> <p>18. <i>Salmonella enterica</i> subspecies <i>enterica</i> serovar Typhi (<i>Salmonella typhi</i>);</p> <p>19. Shiga toxin producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> (STEC) of serogroups O26, O45, O103, O104, O111, O121, O145, O157, and other shiga toxin producing serogroups;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Shiga toxin producing Escherichia coli (STEC) includes inter alia enterohaemorrhagic E. coli (EHEC), verotoxin producing E. coli (VTEC) or verocytotoxin producing E. coli (VTEC).</i></p> <p>20. <i>Shigella dysenteriae</i>;</p> <p>21. <i>Vibrio cholerae</i>;</p> <p>22. <i>Yersinia pestis</i>;</p> <p>d. “Toxins”, as follows, and “sub-unit of toxins” thereof:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Botulinum toxins;</li> <li>2. <i>Clostridium perfringens</i> alpha, beta 1, beta 2, epsilon and iota toxins;</li> <li>3. Conotoxin;</li> <li>4. Ricin;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>5. Saxitoxin;</p> <p>6. Shiga toxins (shiga-like toxins, verotoxins and verocytotoxins);</p> <p>7. Staphylococcus aureus enterotoxins, hemolysin alpha toxin, and toxic shock syndrome toxin (formerly known as Staphylococcus enterotoxin F);</p> <p>8. Tetrodotoxin;</p> <p>9. Not used;</p> <p>10. Microcystins (Cyanginosins);</p> <p>11. Aflatoxins;</p> <p>12. Abrin;</p> <p>13. Not used;</p> <p>14. Diacetoxyscirpenol;</p> <p>15. T-2 toxin;</p> <p>16. HT-2 toxin;</p> <p>17. Modeccin;</p> <p>18. Volkensin;</p> <p>19. Viscumin (Viscum Album Lectin 1);</p> <p>20. Brevetoxins;</p> <p>21. Gonyautoxins;</p> <p>22. Nodularins;</p> <p>23. Palytoxin;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code IC351.d. does not include botulinum toxins or conotoxins in product form meeting all of the following criteria:</i></p> <p><i>1. Are pharmaceutical formulations designed for human administration in the treatment of medical conditions;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C353	<p data-bbox="427 338 1132 405">2. Are pre-packaged for distribution as medical products; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="427 426 1132 493">3. Are authorised by a state authority to be marketed as medical products.</p> <p data-bbox="361 514 1132 645">e. Fungi, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material including living material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 666 747 750" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Coccidioides immitis</i>;</li> <li>2. <i>Coccidioides posadasii</i>.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="334 771 395 801"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="334 822 1132 889"><i>Category Code 1C351 does not include “vaccines” or “immunotoxins”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="334 959 1132 1026">‘Genetic elements’ and ‘genetically-modified organisms’, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="361 1047 1132 1645" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Any ‘genetically-modified organism’ which contains, or ‘genetic element’ that codes for, any of the following: <ol data-bbox="427 1134 1132 1645" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Any gene, genes, translated product or translated products, specific to any virus specified in Category Code 1C351.a. or 1C354.a.;</li> <li>2. Any gene or genes specific to any bacterium specified in Category Code 1C351.c. or 1C354.b. or fungus specified in Category Code 1C351.e. or 1C354.c., and which is either of the following: <ol data-bbox="485 1410 1132 1563" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. In itself or through its transcribed or translated products represents a significant hazard to human, animal or plant health; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Could ‘endow or enhance pathogenicity’; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Any “toxins” specified in Category Code 1C351.d. or “sub-units of toxins” therefor.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Not used.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p data-bbox="364 335 559 367"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol data-bbox="391 386 1166 1186" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 386 1166 491">1. ‘Genetically-modified organisms’ include organisms in which the nucleic acid sequences have been created or altered by deliberate molecular manipulation.</li> <li data-bbox="391 510 1166 852">2. ‘Genetic elements’ include chromosomes, genomes, plasmids, transposons, vectors and inactivated organisms containing recoverable nucleic acid fragments, whether genetically modified or unmodified, or chemically synthesised in whole or in part. For the purposes of the genetic elements control, nucleic acids from an inactivated organism, virus, or sample are considered recoverable if the inactivation and preparation of the material is intended or known to facilitate isolation, purification, amplification, detection, or identification of nucleic acids.</li> <li data-bbox="391 872 1166 1186">3. ‘Endow or enhance pathogenicity’ is defined as when the insertion or integration of the nucleic acid sequence or sequences are likely to enable or increase a recipient organism’s ability to be used to deliberately cause disease or death. This might include alterations to, inter alia; virulence, transmissibility, stability, route of infection, host range, reproducibility, ability to evade or suppress host immunity, resistance to medical countermeasures, or detectability.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1205 447 1237"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1256 1166 1428">Category Code 1C353 does not include nucleic acid sequences of shiga toxin producing <i>Escherichia coli</i> of serogroups O26, O45, O103, O104, O111, O121, O145, O157, and other shiga toxin producing serogroups, other than those genetic elements coding for shiga toxin, or for its subunits.</p> <p data-bbox="364 1447 447 1479"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1498 991 1530">Category Code 1C353 does not include “vaccines”.</p> <p data-bbox="243 1601 323 1633">1C354</p> <p data-bbox="364 1601 704 1633">Plant pathogens, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="391 1652 1166 1715" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1652 1166 1715">a. Viruses, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material including living</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Andean potato latent virus (Potato Andean latent tymovirus);</li> <li>2. Potato spindle tuber viroid;</li> </ol> <p>b. Bacteria, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Xanthomonas albilineans</i>;</li> <li>2. <i>Xanthomonas citri</i> pv. <i>citri</i> (<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>citri</i>, <i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>citri</i>);</li> <li>3. <i>Xanthomonas oryzae</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i> (<i>Pseudomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>oryzae</i>);</li> <li>4. <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>sepedonicus</i> (<i>Clavibacter sepedonicus</i>, <i>Clavibacter michiganense</i> subsp. <i>sepedonicus</i>, <i>Corynebacterium michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>sepedonicum</i> or <i>Corynebacterium sepedonicum</i>);</li> <li>5. <i>Ralstonia solanacearum</i>, race 3, biovar 2;</li> </ol> <p>c. Fungi, whether natural, enhanced or modified, either in the form of “isolated live cultures” or as material which has been deliberately inoculated or contaminated with such cultures, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Colletotrichum kahawae</i> (<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i> var. <i>virulans</i>);</li> <li>2. <i>Bipolaris oryzae</i> (<i>Cochliobolus miyabeanus</i>, <i>Helminthosporium oryzae</i>);</li> <li>3. <i>Pseudocercospora ulei</i> (<i>Microcyclus ulei</i>, <i>Dothidella ulei</i>);</li> <li>4. <i>Puccinia graminis</i> ssp. <i>graminis</i> var. <i>graminis</i>/<i>Puccinia graminis</i> ssp. <i>graminis</i> var. <i>stakmanii</i> (<i>Puccinia graminis</i> [syn. <i>Puccinia graminis</i> f. sp. <i>tritici</i>]);</li> <li>5. <i>Puccinia striiformis</i> (syn. <i>Puccinia glumarum</i>);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1C450	<p data-bbox="444 335 1165 662">           6. <i>Magnaporthe oryzae</i> (<i>Pyricularia oryzae</i>);            7. <i>Peronosclerospora philippinensis</i> (<i>Peronosclerospora sacchari</i>);            8. <i>Sclerophthora rayssiae</i> var. <i>zeae</i>;            9. <i>Synchytrium endobioticum</i>;            10. <i>Tilletia indica</i>;            11. <i>Thecaphora solani</i>.         </p> <p data-bbox="364 729 1165 795">           Toxic chemicals and toxic chemical precursors, as follows, and “chemical mixtures” containing one or more thereof:         </p> <p data-bbox="364 814 420 847"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="364 866 1165 932"> <i>See also Category Codes 1C350, 1C351.d. and Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i> </p> <p data-bbox="391 952 770 984">           a. Toxic chemicals, as follows:         </p> <ol data-bbox="458 1003 1165 1487" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1003 1165 1106">1. Amiton: O,O-Diethyl S-[2-(diethylamino)ethyl] phosphorothiolate (78-53-5) and corresponding alkylated or protonated salts;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1125 1165 1191">2. PFIB: 1,1,3,3,3-Pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-1-propene (382-21-8);</li> <li data-bbox="458 1210 1165 1277">3. See BZ: 3-Quinuclidinyl benzilate (6581-06-2) in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule;</li> <li data-bbox="458 1296 995 1328">4. Phosgene: Carbonyl dichloride (75-44-5);</li> <li data-bbox="458 1348 868 1380">5. Cyanogen chloride (506-77-4);</li> <li data-bbox="458 1399 848 1431">6. Hydrogen cyanide (74-90-8);</li> <li data-bbox="458 1450 1063 1483">7. Chloropicrin: Trichloronitromethane (76-06-2);</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 1506 891 1538">           b. Toxic chemical precursors, as follows:         </p> <ol data-bbox="458 1557 1165 1728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1557 1165 1728">1. Chemicals, other than those specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule or in Category Code 1C350, containing a phosphorus atom to which is bonded one methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso) group but not further carbon atoms;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="462 338 521 367"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 388 1131 487"><i>Category Code 1C450.b.1. does not include Fonofos: O-Ethyl S-phenyl ethylphosphonothiolothionate (944-22-9).</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 510 1131 609">2. N,N-Dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)] phosphoramidic dihalides, other than N,N-Dimethylaminophosphoryl dichloride;</p> <p data-bbox="462 632 521 660"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 681 1131 748"><i>See Category Code 1C350.57. for N,N-Dimethylaminophosphoryl dichloride.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 771 1131 938">3. Dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)] N,N-dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)]-phosphoramidates, other than Diethyl-N,N-dimethylphosphoramidate which is specified in Category Code 1C350;</p> <p data-bbox="427 961 1131 1163">4. N,N-Dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)] aminoethyl-2-chlorides and corresponding protonated salts, other than N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethyl chloride or N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethyl chloride hydrochloride which are specified in Category Code 1C350;</p> <p data-bbox="427 1186 1131 1353">5. N,N-Dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)] aminoethane-2-ols and corresponding protonated salts, other than N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethanol (96-80-0) and N,N-Diethylaminoethanol (100-37-8) which are specified in Category Code 1C350;</p> <p data-bbox="340 1376 399 1405"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 1428 1131 1494"><i>Category Code 1C450.b.5. does not include the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="485 1517 1131 1584"><i>a. N,N-Dimethylaminoethanol (108-01-0) and corresponding protonated salts;</i></p> <p data-bbox="485 1606 1131 1673"><i>b. Protonated salts of N,N-Diethylaminoethanol (100-37-8).</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>6. N,N-Dialkyl [methyl, ethyl or propyl (normal or iso)] aminoethane-2-thiols and corresponding protonated salts, other than N,N-Diisopropyl-(beta)-aminoethane thiol (5842-07-9) and N,N-Diisopropylaminoethanethiol hydrochloride (41480-75-5) which is specified in Category Code 1C350;</p> <p>7. See Category Code 1C350 for ethyldiethanolamine (139-87-7);</p> <p>8. Methyldiethanolamine (105-59-9).</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C450 does not include “chemical mixtures” containing one or more of the chemicals specified in Category Codes 1C450.a.4., .a.5., .a.6., .a.7. and .b.8. in which no individually specified chemical constitutes more than 30% by weight of the mixture.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1C450 does not include products identified as consumer goods packaged for retail sale for personal use or packaged for individual use.</i></p>
<b>1D</b>	<b>Software</b>
1D001	“Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment specified in Category Codes 1B001 to 1B003.
1D002	“Software” for the “development” of organic “matrix”, metal “matrix” or carbon “matrix” laminates or “composites”.
1D003	“Software” specially designed or modified to enable equipment to perform the functions of equipment specified in Category Code 1A004.c. or 1A004.d.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1D101	“Software” specially designed or modified for the operation or maintenance of goods specified in Category Code 1B101, 1B102, 1B115, 1B117, 1B118 or 1B119.
1D103	“Software” specially designed for analysis of reduced observables such as radar reflectivity, Ultraviolet (UV)/infrared signatures and acoustic signatures.
1D201	“Software” specially designed for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 1B201.
<b>1E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
1E001	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of equipment or materials specified in Category Code 1A002 to 1A005, 1A006.b., 1A007, Category 1B or 1C.
1E002	Other “technology”, as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” for the “development” or “production” of polybenzothiazoles or polybenzoxazoles;</li> <li>b. “Technology” for the “development” or “production” of fluoroelastomer compounds containing at least one vinyl ether monomer;</li> <li>c. “Technology” for the design or “production” of the following ceramic powders or non-“composite” ceramic materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ceramic powders having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Are of any of the following compositions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Single or complex oxides of zirconium and complex oxides of silicon or aluminium;</li> <li>2. Single nitrides of boron (cubic crystalline forms);</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Single or complex carbides of silicon or boron; <u>or</u></p> <p>4. Single or complex nitrides of silicon;</p> <p>b. Have either of the following total metallic impurities (excluding intentional additions):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Less than 1,000 parts per million (ppm) for single oxides or carbides; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Less than 5,000 parts per million (ppm) for complex compounds or single nitrides; <u>and</u></li> </ol> <p>c. Being either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Zirconia (1314-23-4) with an average particle size equal to or less than 1 µm and no more than 10% of the particles larger than 5 µm; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Other ceramic powders with an average particle size equal to or less than 5 µm and no more than 10% of the particles larger than 10 µm;</li> </ol> <p>2. Non-“composite” ceramic materials composed of the materials specified in Category Code 1E002.c.1.;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1E002.c.2. does not include “technology” for abrasives.</i></p> <p>d. Not used;</p> <p>e. “Technology” for the installation, maintenance or repair of materials specified in Category Code 1C001;</p> <p>f. “Technology” for the repair of “composite” structures, laminates or materials specified in Category Code 1A002 or 1C007.c.;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 1E002.f. does not include “technology” for the repair of “civil aircraft” structures using carbon “fibrous or filamentary materials” and epoxy resins, contained in “aircraft” manufacturers’ manuals.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	g. “Libraries” specially designed or modified to enable equipment to perform the functions of equipment specified in Category Code 1A004.c. or 1A004.d.
1E101	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 1A102, 1B001, 1B101, 1B102, 1B115 to 1B119, 1C001, 1C101, 1C107, 1C111, 1C116, 1C117, 1C118, 1D101 or 1D103.
1E102	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of “software” specified in Category Code 1D001, 1D101 or 1D103.
1E103	“Technology” for the regulation of temperature, pressure or atmosphere in autoclaves or hydroclaves, when used for the “production” of “composites” or partially processed “composites”.
1E104	“Technology” for the “production” of pyrolytically derived materials formed on a mould, mandrel or other substrate from precursor gases which decompose in the 1,573 K (1,300 °C) to 3,173 K (2,900 °C) temperature range at pressures of 130 Pa to 20 kPa.  <i>Note</i> <i>Category Code 1E104 includes “technology” for the composition of precursor gases, flow rates and process control schedules and parameters.</i>
1E201	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 1A002, 1A007, 1A202, 1A225 to 1A227, 1B201, 1B225 to 1B235, 1C002.b.3. or .b.4., 1C010.b., 1C202, 1C210, 1C216, 1C225 to 1C241 or 1D201.

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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*


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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
1E202	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of goods specified in Category Code 1A007, 1A202 or 1A225 to 1A227.
1E203	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of “software” specified in Category Code 1D201.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 2 — MATERIALS PROCESSING</b>	
<b>2A</b>	<p><b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For quiet running bearings, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
2A001	<p>Anti-friction bearings, bearing systems and components, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2A101.</i></p> <p>a. Ball bearings and solid roller bearings, having all tolerances specified by the manufacturer in accordance with Ref. ISO 492 Tolerance Class 4 or Class 2 (or national equivalents), or better, and having both ‘rings’ and ‘rolling elements’, made from monel or beryllium;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2A001.a. does not include tapered roller bearings.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2A001.a.:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. ‘Ring’ is an annular part of a radial rolling bearing incorporating one or more raceways (Ref. ISO 5593:1997).</i></li> <li><i>2. ‘Rolling element’ is a ball or roller which rolls between raceways (Ref. ISO 5593:1997).</i></li> </ol> <p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. Active magnetic bearing systems using any of the following, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Materials with flux densities of 2 T or greater and yield strengths greater than 414 MPa;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	2. All-electromagnetic 3D homopolar bias designs for actuators; <u>or</u> 3. High temperature (450 K (177 °C) and above) position sensors.
2A101	Radial ball bearings, other than those specified in Category Code 2A001, having all tolerances specified in accordance with Ref. ISO 492 Tolerance Class 2 (or ANSI/ABMA Std 20 Tolerance Class ABEC-9 or other national equivalents), or better and having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. An inner ring bore diameter between 12 mm and 50 mm;</li> <li>b. An outer ring outside diameter between 25 mm and 100 mm; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. A width between 10 mm and 20 mm.</li> </ol>
2A225	Crucibles made of materials resistant to liquid actinide metals, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Crucibles having both of the following characteristics:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A volume of between 150 cm<sup>3</sup> and 8,000 cm<sup>3</sup>; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Made of or coated with any of the following materials, or combination of the following materials, having an overall impurity level of 2% or less by weight:                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Calcium fluoride (CaF<sub>2</sub>);</li> <li>b. Calcium zirconate (metazirconate) (CaZrO<sub>3</sub>);</li> <li>c. Cerium sulphide (Ce<sub>2</sub>S<sub>3</sub>);</li> <li>d. Erbium oxide (erbia) (Er<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>);</li> <li>e. Hafnium oxide (hafnia) (HfO<sub>2</sub>);</li> <li>f. Magnesium oxide (MgO);</li> <li>g. Nitrided niobium-titanium-tungsten alloy (approximately 50% Nb, 30% Ti, 20% W);</li> <li>h. Yttrium oxide (yttria) (Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>); <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>i. Zirconium oxide (zirconia) (ZrO<sub>2</sub>);</p> <p>b. Crucibles having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A volume of between 50 cm<sup>3</sup> and 2,000 cm<sup>3</sup>; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Made of or lined with tantalum, having a purity of 99.9% or greater by weight;</li> </ol> <p>c. Crucibles having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A volume of between 50 cm<sup>3</sup> and 2,000 cm<sup>3</sup>;</li> <li>2. Made of or lined with tantalum, having a purity of 98% or greater by weight; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Coated with tantalum carbide, nitride, boride, or any combination thereof.</li> </ol>
2A226	<p>Valves having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A ‘nominal size’ of 5 mm or greater;</li> <li>b. Having a bellows seal; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Wholly made of or lined with aluminium, aluminium alloy, nickel, or nickel alloy containing more than 60% nickel by weight.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For valves with different inlet and outlet diameters, the ‘nominal size’ in Category Code 2A226 refers to the smallest diameter.</i></p>
<b>2B</b>	<p><b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>For the purpose of Category 2B, secondary parallel contouring axes, (e.g. the w-axis on horizontal boring mills or a secondary rotary axis the centre line of which is parallel to the primary rotary axis) are not counted in the total number of contouring axes. Rotary axes need not rotate over 360°. A rotary axis can be driven by a linear device (e.g. a screw or a rack-and-pinion).</i></li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p>2. For the purpose of Category 2B, the number of axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control” is the number of axes along or around which, during processing of the workpiece, simultaneous and interrelated motions are performed between the workpiece and a tool. This does not include any additional axes along or around which other relative movement within the machine are performed such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Wheel-dressing systems in grinding machines;</li> <li>b. Parallel rotary axes designed for mounting of separate workpieces;</li> <li>c. Co-linear rotary axes designed for manipulating the same workpiece by holding it in a chuck from different ends.</li> </ul> <p>3. For the purpose of Category 2B, axis nomenclature must be in accordance with International Standard ISO 841:2001, Industrial automation systems and integration – Numerical control of machines – Coordinate system and motion nomenclature.</p> <p>4. For the purposes of Category Codes 2B001 to 2B009, a “tilting spindle” is counted as a rotary axis.</p> <p>5. For the purpose of Category 2B, stated “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) may be used for each machine tool model as an alternative to individual machine tests and is determined as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Select five machines of a model to be evaluated;</li> <li>b. Measure the linear axis repeatability (<math>R_{\uparrow}</math>, <math>R_{\downarrow}</math>) according to Ref. ISO 230-2:2014 and evaluate “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) for each axis of each of the five machines;</li> <li>c. Determine the arithmetic mean value of the “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (<math>\square UPR</math>) – values for each axis of all five machines together. These arithmetic mean values of “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (<math>\square UPR</math>) become the stated value of each axis for the model (<math>\square UPR_x</math>, <math>\square UPR_y</math>, ...);</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>d. Since the Category 2 list refers to each linear axis there will be as many stated “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) values as there are linear axes;</i></p> <p><i>e. If any axis of a machine model not specified in Category Codes 2B001.a. to 2B001.c. has a stated “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less than the specified “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) of each machine tool model plus 0.7 µm, the builder should be required to reaffirm the accuracy level once every eighteen months.</i></p> <p><i>6. For the purposes of Category Codes 2B001.a. to 2B001.c., measurement uncertainty for the “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) of machine tools, as defined in the International Standard ISO 230-2:2014 or national equivalents, must not be considered.</i></p> <p><i>7. For the purposes of Category Codes 2B001.a. to 2B001.c., the measurement of axes must be made according to test procedures in 5.3.2. of Ref. ISO 230-2:2014. Tests for axes longer than 2 m must be made over 2 m segments. Axes longer than 4 m require multiple tests (e.g. two tests for axes longer than 4 m and up to 8 m, three tests for axes longer than 8 m and up to 12 m), each over 2 m segments and distributed in equal intervals over the axis length. Test segments are equally spaced along the full axis length, with any excess length equally divided at the beginning, in between, and at the end of the test segments. The smallest “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) value of all test segments is to be reported.</i></p>
2B001	<p>Machine tools and any combination thereof, for removing (or cutting) metals, ceramics or “composites”, which, according to the manufacturer’s technical specification, can be equipped with electronic devices for “numerical control”, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B201.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p>Category Code 2B001 does not include special purpose machine tools limited to the manufacture of gears. For such machines, see Category Code 2B003.</p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p>Category Code 2B001 does not include special purpose machine tools limited to the manufacture of any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Crankshafts or camshafts;</li> <li>b. Tools or cutters;</li> <li>c. Extruder worms;</li> <li>d. Engraved or faceted jewellery parts; <u>or</u></li> <li>e. Dental prostheses.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p>A machine tool having at least two of the three turning, milling or grinding capabilities (e.g. a turning machine with milling capability), is treated as coming within those entries in Category Codes 2B001.a., .b. and .c. that are applicable to its capabilities.</p> <p><u>Note 4</u></p> <p>A machine tool having an additive manufacturing capability in addition to a turning, milling or grinding capability is treated as coming within those entries in Category Codes 2B001.a., .b. and .c. that are applicable to its capabilities.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p>For optical finishing machines, see Category Code 2B002.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Machine tools for turning having two or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control” having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 0.9 µm along one or more linear axes with a travel length less than 1 m; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="408 338 1116 472">2. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.1 µm along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 1 m;</p> <p data-bbox="337 496 417 525"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 548 1116 643"><i>Category Code 2B001.a. does not include turning machines specially designed for producing contact lenses, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="408 668 1116 734"><i>a. Machine controller limited to using ophthalmic based “software” for part programming data input; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="408 757 700 786"><i>b. No vacuum chucking.</i></p> <p data-bbox="377 809 458 837"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 860 1116 1060"><i>Category Code 2B001.a. does not include bar machines (Swissturn), limited to machining only bar feed through, if maximum bar diameter is equal to or less than 42 mm and there is no capability of mounting chucks. Machines may have drilling or milling capabilities for machining parts with diameters less than 42 mm.</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 1085 1116 1151">b. Machine tools for milling having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="408 1174 1116 1269">1. Three linear axes plus one rotary axis which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control” having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="458 1294 1116 1389">a. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 0.9 µm along one or more linear axes with a travel length less than 1 m; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="458 1414 1116 1547">b. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.1 µm along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 1 m;</p> <p data-bbox="408 1572 1116 1667">2. Five or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control” having any of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 0.9 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length less than 1 m;</li> <li>b. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.4 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 1 m and less than 4 m; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 6 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 4 m;</li> <li>d. Not used;</li> </ul> <p>3. A “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) for jig boring machines, equal to or less (better) than 1.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes; <u>or</u></p> <p>4. Fly cutting machines having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Spindle “run-out” and “camming” less (better) than 0.0004 mm TIR; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Angular deviation of slide movement (yaw, pitch and roll) less (better) than 2 seconds of arc, TIR over 300 mm of travel;</li> </ul> <p>c. Machine tools for grinding having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Three or four axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Five or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control” having any of the following characteristics:</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length less than 1 m;</p> <p>b. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 1.4 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 1 m and less than 4 m; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) equal to or less (better) than 6 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> along one or more linear axes with a travel length equal to or greater than 4 m;</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B001.c. does not include grinding machines as follows:</i></p> <p>a. <i>Cylindrical external, internal, and external-internal grinding machines, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Limited to cylindrical grinding; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>2. <i>Limited to a maximum workpiece capacity of 150 mm outside diameter or length;</i></li> </ol> <p>b. <i>Machines designed specifically as jig grinders that do not have a z-axis or a w-axis, with a “Unidirectional Positioning Repeatability” (“UPR”) less (better) than 1.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>;</i></p> <p>c. <i>Surface grinders.</i></p> <p>d. <i>Electrical Discharge Machines (EDM) of the non-wire type which have two or more rotary axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”;</i></p> <p>e. <i>Machine tools for removing metals, ceramics or “composites”, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Removing material by means of any of the following:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Water or other liquid jets, including those employing abrasive additives;</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B002	<p>b. Electron beam; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. “Laser” beam; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. At least two rotary axes having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. A positioning “accuracy” of less (better) than 0.003°;</p> <p>f. Deep-hole-drilling machines and turning machines modified for deep-hole-drilling, having a maximum depth-of-bore capability exceeding 5 m.</p> <p>“Numerically controlled” optical finishing machine tools equipped for selective material removal to produce non-spherical optical surfaces having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Finishing the form to less (better) than 1 µm;</p> <p>b. Finishing to a roughness less (better) than 100 nm rms;</p> <p>c. Four or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”; <u>and</u></p> <p>d. Using any of the following processes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Magnetorheological Finishing (‘MRF’);</li> <li>2. Electrorheological Finishing (‘ERF’);</li> <li>3. ‘Energetic particle beam finishing’;</li> <li>4. ‘Inflatable membrane tool finishing’; <u>or</u></li> <li>5. ‘Fluid jet finishing’.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B002:</i></p> <p>a. ‘MRF’ is a material removal process using an abrasive magnetic fluid whose viscosity is controlled by a magnetic field.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. 'ERF' is a removal process using an abrasive fluid whose viscosity is controlled by an electric field.</p> <p>c. 'Energetic particle beam finishing' uses Reactive Atom Plasmas (RAP) or ion-beams to selectively remove material.</p> <p>d. 'Inflatable membrane tool finishing' is a process that uses a pressurised membrane that deforms to contact the workpiece over a small area.</p> <p>e. 'Fluid jet finishing' makes use of a fluid stream for material removal.</p>
2B003	<p>"Numerically controlled" machine tools, specially designed for the shaving, finishing, grinding or honing of hardened (<math>R_c = 40</math> or more) spur, helical and double-helical gears having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A pitch diameter exceeding 1,250 mm;</p> <p>b. A face width of 15% of pitch diameter or larger; <u>and</u></p> <p>c. A finished quality of AGMA 14 or better (equivalent to Ref. ISO 1328 class 3).</p>
2B004	<p>Hot "isostatic presses" having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 2B104 and 2B204.</i></p> <p>a. A controlled thermal environment within the closed cavity and a chamber cavity with an inside diameter of 406 mm or more; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A maximum working pressure exceeding 207 MPa;</li> <li>2. A controlled thermal environment exceeding 1,773 K (1,500 °C); <u>or</u></li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. A facility for hydrocarbon impregnation and removal of resultant gaseous degradation products.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B004, the inside chamber dimension is that of the chamber in which both the working temperature and the working pressure are achieved and does not include fixtures. That dimension will be the smaller of either the inside diameter of the pressure chamber or the inside diameter of the insulated furnace chamber, depending on which of the two chambers is located inside the other.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For specially designed dies, moulds and tooling, see Category Codes 1B003, 9B009 and Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
2B005	<p>Equipment specially designed for the deposition, processing and in-process control of inorganic overlays, coatings and surface modifications, as follows, for substrates specified in column 2, by processes shown in column 1 in the Table following Category Code 2E003.f., and specially designed automated handling, positioning, manipulation and control components therefor:</p> <p>a. Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) production equipment having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B105.</i></p> <p>1. A process modified for one of the following:</p> <p>a. Pulsating CVD;</p> <p>b. Controlled Nucleation Thermal Deposition (CNTD); <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Plasma enhanced or plasma assisted CVD; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. Having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Incorporating high vacuum (equal to or less than 0.01 Pa) rotating seals; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Incorporating <i>in situ</i> coating thickness control;</p> <p>b. Ion implantation production equipment having beam currents of 5 mA or more;</p> <p>c. Electron Beam Physical Vapour Deposition (EB-PVD) production equipment incorporating power systems rated for over 80 kW and having either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A liquid pool level “laser” control system which regulates precisely the ingots feed rate; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A computer controlled rate monitor operating on the principle of photo-luminescence of the ionised atoms in the evaporant stream to control the deposition rate of a coating containing two or more elements;</li> </ol> <p>d. Plasma spraying production equipment having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at reduced pressure controlled atmosphere (equal to or less than 10 kPa measured above and within 300 mm of the gun nozzle exit) in a vacuum chamber capable of evacuation down to 0.01 Pa prior to the spraying process; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Incorporating <i>in situ</i> coating thickness control;</li> </ol> <p>e. Sputter deposition production equipment capable of current densities of 0.1 mA/mm<sup>2</sup> or higher at a deposition rate of 15 µm/h or more;</p> <p>f. Cathodic arc deposition production equipment incorporating a grid of electromagnets for steering control of the arc spot on the cathode;</p> <p>g. Ion plating production equipment capable of the <i>in situ</i> measurement of either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Coating thickness on the substrate and rate control; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Optical characteristics.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B005 does not include Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD), cathodic arc, sputter deposition, ion plating</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B006	<p data-bbox="364 338 1146 401"><i>or ion implantation equipment, specially designed for cutting or machining tools.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 472 1146 535">Dimensional inspection or measuring systems, equipment, position feedback units and “electronic assemblies”, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="373 563 1146 801">a. Computer controlled or “numerical controlled” Coordinate Measuring Machines (CMM), having a three-dimensional (volumetric) maximum permissible error of length measurement (<math>E_{0,MPE}</math>) at any point within the operating range of the machine (i.e. within the length of axes) equal to or less (better) than <math>(1.7 + L/1,000) \mu\text{m}</math> (L is the measured length in mm), according to Ref. ISO 10360-2:2009;</p> <p data-bbox="364 820 548 849"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 872 1146 1077"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B006.a., the <math>E_{0,MPE}</math> of the most accurate configuration of the CMM specified by the manufacturer (e.g. best of the following: probe, stylus length, motion parameters, environment) and with “all compensations available” must be compared to the <math>1.7 + L/1,000 \mu\text{m}</math> threshold.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1100 417 1129"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1151 790 1180"><i>See also Category Code 2B206.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1203 1146 1300">b. Linear displacement measuring instruments or systems, linear position feedback units, and “electronic assemblies”, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="364 1323 424 1351"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1374 1146 1471"><i>Interferometer and optical-encoder measuring systems containing a “laser” are only specified in Category Codes 2B006.b.3. and 2B206.c.</i></p> <p data-bbox="440 1494 1146 1591">1. ‘Non-contact type measuring systems’ with a ‘resolution’ equal to or less (better) than <math>0.2 \mu\text{m}</math> within 0 to 0.2 mm of the ‘measuring range’;</p> <p data-bbox="475 1614 657 1643"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="475 1666 1038 1694"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B006.b.1.:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. 'Non-contact type measuring systems' are designed to measure the distance between the probe and measured object along a single vector, where the probe or measured object is in motion.</p> <p>2. 'Measuring range' means the distance between the minimum and maximum working distance.</p> <p>2. Linear position feedback units specially designed for machine tools and having an overall "accuracy" less (better) than <math>(800 + (600 \times L/1,000))</math> nm (L equals effective length in mm);</p> <p>3. Measuring systems having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Containing a "laser";</li> <li>b. A 'resolution' over their full scale of 0.2 nm or less (better); <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Capable of achieving a "measurement uncertainty" equal to or less (better) than <math>(1.6 + L/2,000)</math> nm (L is the measured length in mm) at any point within a measuring range, when compensated for the refractive index of air and measured over a period of 30 s at a temperature of <math>20 \pm 0.01</math> °C; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>4. "Electronic assemblies" specially designed to provide feedback capability in systems specified in Category Code 2B006.b.3.;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B006.b., 'resolution' is the least increment of a measuring device; on digital instruments, the least significant bit.</i></p> <p>c. Rotary position feedback units specially designed for machine tools or angular displacement measuring instruments, having an angular position "accuracy" equal to or less (better) than 0.9 second of arc;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B007	<p data-bbox="411 338 1149 439"><i>Category Code 2B006.c. does not include optical instruments, such as autocollimators, using collimated light (e.g. “laser” light) to detect angular displacement of a mirror.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 458 1149 559">d. Equipment for measuring surface roughness (including surface defects), by measuring optical scatter with a sensitivity of 0.5 nm or less (better).</p> <p data-bbox="364 578 422 611"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 630 1149 769"><i>Category Code 2B006 includes machine tools, other than those specified in Category Code 2B001, that can be used as measuring machines if they meet or exceed the criteria specified for the measuring machine function.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 839 1149 902">“Robots” having any of the following characteristics and specially designed controllers and “end-effectors” therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="364 921 422 953"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 972 744 1005"><i>See also Category Code 2B207.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1024 1149 1144">a. Not used; b. Specially designed to comply with national safety standards applicable to potentially explosive munitions environments;</p> <p data-bbox="364 1163 422 1195"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1214 1149 1277"><i>Category Code 2B007.b. does not include “robots” specially designed for paint-spraying booths.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1296 1149 1397">c. Specially designed or rated as radiation-hardened to withstand a total radiation dose greater than <math>5 \times 10^3</math> Gy (silicon) without operational degradation; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1416 548 1448"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1467 1149 1568"><i>The term Gy (silicon) refers to the energy in Joules per kilogram absorbed by an unshielded silicon sample when exposed to ionising radiation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1587 1149 1620">d. Specially designed to operate at altitudes exceeding 30,000 m.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B008	<p>‘Compound rotary tables’ and “tilting spindles”, specially designed for machine tools, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Not used;</li> <li>b. Not used;</li> <li>c. ‘Compound rotary tables’ having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed for machine tools for turning, milling or grinding; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Two rotary axes designed to be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”;</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B008.c., a ‘compound rotary table’ is a table allowing the workpiece to rotate and tilt about two non-parallel axes.</i></p> </li> <li>d. “Tilting spindles” having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed for machine tools for turning, milling or grinding; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Designed to be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
2B009	<p>Spin-forming machines and flow-forming machines, which, according to the manufacturer’s technical specification, can be equipped with “numerical control” units or a computer control and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 2B109 and 2B209.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Three or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A roller force more than 60 kN.</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B009, machines combining the function of spin-forming and flow-forming are regarded as flow-forming machines.</i></p>
2B104	<p>“Isostatic presses”, other than those specified in Category Code 2B004, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B204.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maximum working pressure of 69 MPa or greater;</li> <li>b. Designed to achieve and maintain a controlled thermal environment of 873 K (600 °C) or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Possessing a chamber cavity with an inside diameter of 254 mm or greater.</li> </ol>
2B105	<p>Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) furnaces, other than those specified in Category Code 2B005.a., designed or modified for the densification of carbon-carbon composites.</p>
2B109	<p>Flow-forming machines, other than those specified in Category Code 2B009, usable in the “production” of propulsion components and equipment (e.g. motor cases and interstages) for “missiles”, and specially designed components as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B209.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Flow-forming machines having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipped with, or, according to the manufacturer’s technical specification, are capable of being equipped with, “numerical control” units or computer control; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. More than two axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B116	<p data-bbox="341 338 1120 405">b. Specially designed components for flow-forming machines specified in Category Code 2B009 or 2B109.a.</p> <p data-bbox="341 426 516 455"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="341 476 1120 576"><i>Machines combining the function of spin-forming and flow-forming are for the purpose of Category Code 2B109 regarded as flow-forming machines.</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 649 1120 715">Vibration test systems, equipment and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="341 736 1120 906">a. Vibration test systems employing feedback or closed loop techniques and incorporating a digital controller, capable of vibrating a system at an acceleration equal to or greater than 10 g rms between 20 Hz and 2 kHz while imparting forces equal to or greater than 50 kN, measured ‘bare table’;</p> <p data-bbox="341 927 1120 1058">b. Digital controllers, combined with specially designed vibration test software, with a ‘real-time control bandwidth’ greater than 5 kHz designed for use with vibration test systems specified in Category Code 2B116.a.;</p> <p data-bbox="341 1079 516 1108"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 1129 1120 1268"><i>In Category Code 2B116.b., ‘real-time control bandwidth’ means the maximum rate at which a controller can execute complete cycles of sampling, processing data and transmitting control signals.</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 1289 1120 1420">c. Vibration thrusters (shaker units), with or without associated amplifiers, capable of imparting a force equal to or greater than 50 kN, measured ‘bare table’, and usable in vibration test systems specified in Category Code 2B116.a.;</p> <p data-bbox="341 1441 1120 1610">d. Test piece support structures and electronic units designed to combine multiple shaker units in a system capable of providing an effective combined force equal to or greater than 50 kN, measured ‘bare table’, and usable in vibration systems specified in Category Code 2B116.a.</p> <p data-bbox="341 1631 516 1660"><u>Technical Note</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<i>In Category Code 2B116, 'bare table' means a flat table, or surface, with no fixture or fittings.</i>
2B117	Equipment and process controls, other than those specified in Category Code 2B004, 2B005.a., 2B104 or 2B105, designed or modified for densification and pyrolysis of structural composite rocket nozzles and re-entry vehicle nose tips.
2B119	<p>Balancing machines and related equipment, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B219.</i></p> <p>a. Balancing machines having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not capable of balancing rotors/assemblies having a mass greater than 3 kg;</li> <li>2. Capable of balancing rotors/assemblies at speeds greater than 12,500 rpm;</li> <li>3. Capable of correcting unbalance in two planes or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Capable of balancing to a residual specific unbalance of 0.2 g mm per kg of rotor mass;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B119.a. does not include balancing machines designed or modified for dental or other medical equipment.</i></p> <p>b. Indicator heads designed or modified for use with machines specified in Category Code 2B119.a.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Indicator heads are sometimes known as balancing instrumentation.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B120	<p>Motion simulators or rate tables having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Two or more axes;</li> <li>b. Designed or modified to incorporate slip rings or integrated non-contact devices capable of transferring electrical power, signal information, or both; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Having any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For any single axis having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capable of rates of 400 degrees per second or more, or 30 degrees per second or less; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A rate resolution equal to or less than 6 degrees per second and an accuracy equal to or less than 0.6 degree per second;</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Having a worst-case rate stability equal to or better (less) than plus or minus 0.05% averaged over 10 degrees or more; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. A positioning “accuracy” equal to or less (better) than 5 arc second.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B120 does not include rotary tables designed or modified for machine tools or for medical equipment. For machine tool rotary tables, see Category Code 2B008.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Motion simulators or rate tables that satisfy all the characteristics under Category Code 2B120 remain within that Code whether or not slip rings or integrated non-contact devices are fitted on them at time of export.</i></p>
2B121	<p>Positioning tables (equipment capable of precise rotary positioning in any axes), other than those specified in Category Code 2B120, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Two or more axes; <u>and</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. A positioning “accuracy” equal to or less (better) than 5 arc second.</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B121 does not include rotary tables designed or modified for machine tools or for medical equipment. For machine tool rotary tables, see Category Code 2B008.</i></p>
2B122	<p>Centrifuges capable of imparting accelerations greater than 100 g and designed or modified to incorporate slip rings or integrated non-contact devices capable of transferring electrical power, signal information, or both.</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Centrifuges that come within the description in Category Code 2B122 remain within that Code whether or not slip rings or integrated non-contact devices are fitted on them at time of export.</i></p>
2B201	<p>Machine tools and any combination thereof, other than those specified in Category Code 2B001, as follows, for removing or cutting metals, ceramics or “composites”, which, according to the manufacturer’s technical specification, can be equipped with electronic devices for simultaneous “contouring control” in two or more axes:</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>Stated positioning accuracy levels derived under the following procedures from measurements made according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 or national equivalents may be used for each machine tool model if provided to, and accepted by, national authorities instead of individual machine tests. Determination of stated positioning accuracy:</i></p> <p><i>a. Select five machines of a model to be evaluated;</i></p> <p><i>b. Measure the linear axis accuracies according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Determine the accuracy values (<i>A</i>) for each axis of each machine. The method of calculating the accuracy value is described in the Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 standard;</p> <p>d. Determine the average accuracy value of each axis. This average value becomes the stated positioning accuracy of each axis for the model (<math>\hat{A}_x \hat{A}_y \dots</math>);</p> <p>e. Since Category Code 2B201 refers to each linear axis, there will be as many stated positioning accuracy values as there are linear axes;</p> <p>f. If any axis of a machine tool not specified in Category Code 2B201.a., 2B201.b. or 2B201.c. has a stated positioning accuracy of 6 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or better (less) for grinding machines, and 8 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or better (less) for milling and turning machines, both according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988, then the builder should be required to reaffirm the accuracy level once every eighteen months.</p> <p>a. Machine tools for milling having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Positioning accuracies with “all compensations available” equal to or less (better) than 6 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 or national equivalents along any linear axis;</li> <li>2. Two or more contouring rotary axes; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Five or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B201.a. does not include milling machines having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>X-axis travel greater than 2 m; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>b. <i>Overall positioning accuracy on the x-axis more (worse) than 30 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>.</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Machine tools for grinding having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Positioning accuracies with “all compensations available” equal to or less (better) than 4 µm according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 or national equivalents along any linear axis;</li> <li>2. Two or more contouring rotary axes; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Five or more axes which can be coordinated simultaneously for “contouring control”;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B201.b. does not include grinding machines as follows:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Cylindrical external, internal, and external-internal grinding machines having both of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Limited to a maximum workpiece capacity of 150 mm outside diameter or length; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>2. <i>Axes limited to x, z and c;</i></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. <i>Jig grinders that do not have a z-axis or a w-axis with an overall positioning accuracy less (better) than 4 µm according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 or national equivalents.</i></li> </ol> <p>c. Machine tools for turning, that have positioning accuracies with “all compensations available” better (less) than 6 µm according to Ref. ISO 230-2:1988 along any linear axis (overall positioning) for machines capable of machining diameters greater than 35 mm;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B201.c. does not include bar machines (Swissturn), limited to machining only bar feed through, if maximum bar diameter is equal to or less than 42 mm and there is no capability of mounting chucks. Machines may have drilling or milling capabilities, or both for machining parts with diameters less than 42 mm.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
2B204	<p data-bbox="333 338 413 369"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 388 1116 456"><i>Category Code 2B201 does not include special purpose machine tools limited to the manufacture of any of the following parts:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="341 477 460 508"><i>a. Gears;</i></li> <li data-bbox="341 527 693 557"><i>b. Crankshafts or camshafts;</i></li> <li data-bbox="341 578 612 609"><i>c. Tools or cutters; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="341 630 579 660"><i>d. Extruder worms.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="333 681 413 712"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 731 1116 868"><i>A machine tool having at least two of the three turning, milling or grinding capabilities (e.g. a turning machine with milling capability) is treated as coming within those entries in Category Code 2B201.a., .b. or .c. that are applicable to its capabilities.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 889 413 919"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 938 1116 1041"><i>Category Codes 2B201.a.3. and 2B201.b.3. include machines based on a parallel linear kinematic design (e.g. hexapods) that have 5 or more axes, none of which is a rotary axis.</i></p> <p data-bbox="206 1110 290 1140">2B204</p> <p data-bbox="333 1110 1116 1178"><i>“Isostatic presses”, other than those specified in Category Code 2B004 or 2B104, and related equipment, as follows:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="341 1199 1116 1268"><i>a. “Isostatic presses” having both of the following characteristics:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="411 1289 1116 1357"><i>1. Capable of achieving a maximum working pressure of 69 MPa or greater; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="411 1378 1116 1445"><i>2. A chamber cavity with an inside diameter in excess of 152 mm;</i></li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="341 1464 1116 1532"><i>b. Dies, moulds and controls, specially designed for “isostatic presses” specified in Category Code 2B204.a.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="333 1553 512 1584"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1603 1116 1736"><i>In Category Code 2B204, the inside chamber dimension is that of the chamber in which both the working temperature and the working pressure are achieved and does not include fixtures. That dimension will be the smaller of either the inside diameter of the</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B206	<p data-bbox="364 338 1143 439"><i>pressure chamber or the inside diameter of the insulated furnace chamber; depending on which of the two chambers is located inside the other.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 510 1143 573">Dimensional inspection machines, instruments or systems, other than those specified in Category Code 2B006, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="364 597 1143 698">a. Computer controlled or numerically controlled Coordinate Measuring Machines (CMM) having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 719 1143 1252" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 719 1143 991">1. Having only two axes and having a maximum permissible error of length measurement along any axis (one-dimensional), identified as any combination of <math>E_{0x,MPE}</math>, <math>E_{0y,MPE}</math>, or <math>E_{0z,MPE}</math>, equal to or less (better) than <math>4(1.25 + L/1,000) \mu\text{m}</math> (where L is the measured length in mm) at any point within the operating range of the machine (i.e. within the length of the axis), according to Ref. ISO 10360-2:2009; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 1014 1143 1252">2. Three or more axes and having a three-dimensional (volumetric) maximum permissible error of length measurement (<math>E_{0,MPE}</math>) equal to or less (better) than <math>(1.7 + L/800) \mu\text{m}</math> (where L is the measured length in mm) at any point within the operating range of the machine (i.e. within the length of the axis), according to Ref. ISO 10360-2:2009;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1277 548 1309"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1328 1143 1530"><i>The <math>E_{0,MPE}</math> of the most accurate configuration of the CMM specified according to Ref. ISO 10360-2:2009 by the manufacturer (e.g. best of the following: probe, stylus, length, motion parameters, environments) and with all compensations available must be compared to the <math>(1.7 + L/800) \mu\text{m}</math> threshold.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1555 1143 1618">b. Systems for simultaneous linear-angular inspection of hemishells, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1639 1143 1702" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1639 1143 1702">1. “Measurement uncertainty” along any linear axis equal to or less (better) than <math>3.5 \mu\text{m}</math> per 5 mm; <u>and</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. “Angular position deviation” equal to or less than 0.02”;</p> <p>c. ‘Linear displacement’ measuring systems having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B206.c., ‘linear displacement’ means the change of distance between the measuring probe and the measured object.</i></p> <p>1. Containing a “laser”; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. Capable of maintaining, for at least 12 hours, over a temperature range of <math>\pm 1</math> K (<math>\pm 1</math> °C), around a standard temperature and standard pressure, both of the following:</p> <p>a. A ‘resolution’ over their full scale of 0.1 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or better; <u>and</u></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B206.c.2.a, ‘resolution’ is the least increment of a measuring device; on digital instruments, the least significant bit.</i></p> <p>b. With a “measurement uncertainty” equal to or better (less) than <math>(0.2 + L/2,000)</math> <math>\mu\text{m}</math> (L is the measured length in mm);</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B206.c. does not include measuring interferometer systems, without closed or open loop feedback, containing a laser to measure slide movement errors of machine tools, dimensional inspection machines, or similar equipment.</i></p> <p>d. Linear variable differential transformer (LVDT) systems having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B206.d., ‘linear displacement’ means the change of distance between the measuring probe and the measured object.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. Having either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Linearity” equal to or less (better) than 0.1% measured from 0 to the full operating range, for LVDTs with an operating range up to 5 mm; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. “Linearity” equal to or less (better) than 0.1% measured from 0 to 5 mm, for LVDTs with an operating range greater than 5 mm; <u>and</u></li> </ol> <p>2. Drift equal to or better (less) than 0.1% per day at a standard ambient test room temperature <math>\pm 1</math> K (<math>\pm 1</math> °C).</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Machine tools that can be used as measuring machines are included if they meet or exceed the criteria specified for the machine tool function or the measuring machine function.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>A machine specified in Category Code 2B206 is included in that Category Code if it exceeds the specifications stated therein anywhere within its operating range.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>All parameters of measurement values in Category Code 2B206 represent plus/minus i.e. not total band.</i></p>
2B207	<p>“Robots”, “end-effectors” and control units, other than those specified in Category Code 2B007, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Robots” or “end-effectors” specially designed to comply with national safety standards applicable to handling high explosives (e.g. meeting electrical code ratings for high explosives);</li> <li>b. Control units specially designed for any of the “robots” or “end-effectors” specified in Category Code 2B207.a.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B209	<p>Flow forming machines, spin forming machines capable of flow forming functions, other than those specified in Category Code 2B009 or 2B109, and mandrels, as follows:</p> <p>a. Machines having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Three or more rollers (active or guiding); <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Which, according to the manufacturer's technical specification, can be equipped with "numerical control" units or a computer control;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B209.a. includes machines which have only a single roller designed to deform metal plus two auxiliary rollers which support the mandrel, but do not participate directly in the deformation process.</i></p> <p>b. Rotor-forming mandrels designed to form cylindrical rotors of inside diameter between 75 mm and 650 mm.</p>
2B219	<p>Centrifugal multiplane balancing machines, fixed or portable, horizontal or vertical, as follows:</p> <p>a. Centrifugal balancing machines designed for balancing flexible rotors having a length of 600 mm or more and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Swing or journal diameter greater than 75 mm;</li> <li>2. Mass capability of from 0.9 kg to 23 kg; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Capable of balancing speed of revolution greater than 5,000 rpm;</li> </ol> <p>b. Centrifugal balancing machines designed for balancing hollow cylindrical rotor components and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Journal diameter greater than 75 mm;</li> <li>2. Mass capability of from 0.9 kg to 23 kg;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B225	<p>3. A minimum achievable residual specific unbalance equal to or less than 10 g mm/kg per plane; <u>and</u></p> <p>4. Belt drive type.</p> <p>Remote manipulators that can be used to provide remote actions in radiochemical separation operations or hot cells, having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A capability of penetrating 0.6 m or more of hot cell wall (through-the-wall operation); <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A capability of bridging over the top of a hot cell wall with a thickness of 0.6 m or more (over-the-wall operation).</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>Remote manipulators provide translation of human operator actions to a remote operating arm and terminal fixture. They may be of 'master/slave' type or operated by joystick or keypad.</i></p>
2B226	<p>Controlled atmosphere (vacuum or inert gas) induction furnaces, other than those specified in Category Codes 3B001 and 9B001, and power supplies therefor, as follows:</p> <p><i>N.B.</i></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 3B001 and 9B001.</i></p> <p>a. Furnaces having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Capable of operation above 1,123 K (850 °C);</li> <li>2. Induction coils 600 mm or less in diameter; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Designed for power inputs of 5 kW or more;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B226.a. does not include furnaces designed for the processing of semiconductor wafers.</i></p> <p>b. Power supplies, with a specified power output of 5 kW or more, specially designed for furnaces specified in Category Code 2B226.a.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B227	<p>Vacuum or other controlled atmosphere metallurgical melting and casting furnaces and related equipment as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Arc remelt furnaces, arc melt furnaces and arc melt and casting furnaces having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Consumable electrode capacities between 1,000 cm<sup>3</sup> and 20,000 cm<sup>3</sup>; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Capable of operating with melting temperatures above 1,973 K (1,700 °C);</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Electron beam melting furnaces, plasma atomisation furnaces and plasma melting furnaces, having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A power of 50 kW or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Capable of operating with melting temperatures above 1,473 K (1,200 °C);</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Computer control and monitoring systems specially configured for any of the furnaces specified in Category Code 2B227.a. or 2B227.b.;</li> <li>d. Plasma torches specially designed for furnaces specified in Category Code 2B227.b. having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at a power greater than 50 kW; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Capable of operating above 1,473 K (1,200 °C);</li> </ol> </li> <li>e. Electron beam guns specially designed for the furnaces specified in Category Code 2B227.b. operating at a power greater than 50 kW.</li> </ol>
2B228	<p>Rotor fabrication or assembly equipment, rotor straightening equipment, bellows-forming mandrels and dies, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Rotor assembly equipment for assembly of gas centrifuge rotor tube sections, baffles, and end caps;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><i>Category Code 2B228.a. includes precision mandrels, clamps, and shrink fit machines.</i></p> <p>b. Rotor straightening equipment for alignment of gas centrifuge rotor tube sections to a common axis;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Equipment specified in Category Code 2B228.b. normally consists of precision measuring probes linked to a computer that subsequently controls the action of, e.g. pneumatic rams used for aligning the rotor tube sections.</i></p> <p>c. Bellows-forming mandrels and dies for producing single-convolution bellows.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 2B228.c., the bellows have all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p>a. <i>Inside diameter between 75 mm and 650 mm;</i></p> <p>b. <i>Length equal to or greater than 12.7 mm;</i></p> <p>c. <i>Single convolution depth greater than 2 mm; <u>and</u></i></p> <p>d. <i>Made of high-strength aluminium alloys, maraging steel or high strength “fibrous or filamentary materials”.</i></p>
2B230	<p>All types of ‘pressure transducers’ capable of measuring absolute pressures and having all of the following:</p> <p>a. Pressure sensing elements made of or protected by aluminium, aluminium alloy, aluminium oxide (alumina or sapphire), nickel, nickel alloy with more than 60% nickel by weight, or fully fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers;</p> <p>b. Seals, if any, essential for sealing the pressure sensing element, and in direct contact with the process medium, made of or protected by aluminium, aluminium alloy, aluminium oxide (alumina or sapphire), nickel, nickel alloy with more than 60% nickel by weight, or fully fluorinated hydrocarbon polymers; <u>and</u></p> <p>c. Having either of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A full scale of less than 13 kPa and an ‘accuracy’ of better than 1% of full-scale; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A full scale of 13 kPa or greater and an ‘accuracy’ of better than 130 Pa when measured at 13 kPa.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In Category Code 2B230, ‘pressure transducer’ means a device that converts a pressure measurement into a signal.</li> <li>2. For the purpose of Category Code 2B230, ‘accuracy’ includes non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability at ambient temperature.</li> </ol>
2B231	<p>Vacuum pumps having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Input throat size equal to or greater than 380 mm;</li> <li>b. Pumping speed equal to or greater than 15 m<sup>3</sup>/s; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Capable of producing an ultimate vacuum better than 13 mPa.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The pumping speed is determined at the measurement point with nitrogen gas or air.</li> <li>2. The ultimate vacuum is determined at the input of the pump with the input of the pump blocked off.</li> </ol>
2B232	<p>High-velocity gun systems (propellant, gas, coil, electromagnetic, and electrothermal types, and other advanced systems) capable of accelerating projectiles to 1.5 km/s or greater.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
2B233	<p>Bellows-sealed scroll-type compressors and bellows-sealed scroll-type vacuum pumps having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B350	<p data-bbox="364 335 763 367"><i>See also Category Code 2B350.i.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="364 386 1149 868" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="364 386 1126 418">a. Capable of an inlet volume flow rate of 50 m<sup>3</sup>/h or greater;</li> <li data-bbox="364 437 999 470">b. Capable of a pressure ratio of 2:1 or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="364 489 1149 868">c. Having all surfaces that come in contact with the process gas made from any of the following materials: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 578 861 611">1. Aluminium or aluminium alloy;</li> <li data-bbox="440 630 697 662">2. Aluminium oxide;</li> <li data-bbox="440 681 655 714">3. Stainless steel;</li> <li data-bbox="440 733 747 765">4. Nickel or nickel alloy;</li> <li data-bbox="440 784 723 816">5. Phosphor bronze; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 835 673 868">6. Fluoropolymers.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 938 1149 1001">Chemical manufacturing facilities, equipment and components, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="364 1024 1149 1228" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="364 1024 1149 1228">a. Reaction vessels or reactors, with or without agitators, with total internal (geometric) volume greater than 0.1 m<sup>3</sup> (100 litres) and less than 20 m<sup>3</sup> (20,000 litres), where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed or contained are made from any of the following materials: <p data-bbox="408 1250 465 1283"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1302 1149 1365"><i>For prefabricated repair assemblies, see also Category Code 2B350.k.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1388 1149 1450">1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1469 1149 1532">2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li data-bbox="440 1551 1149 1614">3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coating or glass lining);</li> <li data-bbox="440 1633 1149 1666">4. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1685 844 1717">5. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>6. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</p> <p>7. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’; <u>or</u></p> <p>8. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</p> <p>b. Agitators designed for use in reaction vessels or reactors specified in Category Code 2B350.a.; and impellers, blades or shafts designed for such agitators, where all surfaces of the agitator that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed or contained are made from any of the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li>3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>4. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li>5. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> <li>6. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</li> <li>7. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’; <u>or</u></li> <li>8. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> <p>c. Storage tanks, containers or receivers with a total internal (geometric) volume greater than 0.1 m<sup>3</sup> (100 litres) where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed or contained are made from any of the following materials:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For prefabricated repair assemblies, see also Category Code 2B350.k.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>4. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li>5. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> <li>6. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</li> <li>7. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’; <u>or</u></li> <li>8. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> <p>d. Heat exchangers or condensers with a heat transfer surface area greater than 0.15 m<sup>2</sup>, and less than 20 m<sup>2</sup>; and tubes, plates, coils or blocks (cores) designed for such heat exchangers or condensers, where all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed are made from any of the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li>3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>4. Graphite or ‘carbon graphite’;</li> <li>5. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li>6. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> <li>7. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</li> <li>8. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’;</li> <li>9. Silicon carbide;</li> <li>10. Titanium carbide; <u>or</u></li> <li>11. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> <p>e. Distillation or absorption columns of internal diameter greater than 0.1 m; and liquid distributors, vapour distributors or liquid collectors designed for such distillation or absorption columns, where all surfaces that come in direct contact with</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>the chemical(s) being processed are made from any of the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Alloys' with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li>3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>4. Graphite or 'carbon graphite';</li> <li>5. Nickel or 'alloys' with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li>6. Tantalum or tantalum 'alloys';</li> <li>7. Titanium or titanium 'alloys';</li> <li>8. Zirconium or zirconium 'alloys'; <u>or</u></li> <li>9. Niobium (columbium) or niobium 'alloys';</li> </ol> <p>f. Remotely operated filling equipment in which all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed are made from either of the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Alloys' with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Nickel or 'alloys' with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> </ol> <p>g. Valves and components, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Valves, having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A 'nominal size' greater than DN 10 or NPS 3/8; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. All surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being produced, processed, or contained are made from 'corrosion resistant materials';</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Valves, other than those specified in Category Code 2B350.g.1., having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A 'nominal size' equal to or greater than DN 25 or NPS 1 and equal to or less than DN 100 or NPS 4;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Casings (valve bodies) or preformed casing liners;</p> <p>c. A closure element designed to be interchangeable; <u>and</u></p> <p>d. All surfaces of the casing (valve body) or preformed case liner that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being produced, processed, or contained are made from ‘corrosion resistant materials’;</p> <p>3. Components, designed for valves specified in Category Code 2B350.g.1. or 2B350.g.2., in which all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being produced, processed, or contained are made from ‘corrosion resistant materials’, as follows:</p> <p>a. Casings (valve bodies);</p> <p>b. Preformed casing liners;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 2B350.g., ‘corrosion resistant materials’ means any of the following materials:</p> <p>a. Nickel or alloys with more than 40% nickel by weight;</p> <p>b. Alloys with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</p> <p>c. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</p> <p>d. Glass or glass-lined (including vitrified or enamelled coatings);</p> <p>e. Tantalum or tantalum alloys;</p> <p>f. Titanium or titanium alloys;</p> <p>g. Zirconium or zirconium alloys;</p> <p>h. Niobium (columbium) or niobium alloys; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="467 338 857 369"><i>i. Ceramic materials as follows:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="512 388 1120 592" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 388 1120 453">1. Silicon carbide with a purity of 80% or more by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="512 472 1120 536">2. Aluminium oxide (alumina) with a purity of 99.9% or more by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="512 555 874 592">3. Zirconium oxide (zirconia).</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="411 611 1120 675">2. The ‘nominal size’ is defined as the smaller of the inlet and outlet diameters.</p> <p data-bbox="411 694 1120 833">3. Nominal sizes (DN) of valves are in accordance with Ref. ISO 6708:1995. Nominal Pipe Sizes (NPS) are in accordance with Ref. ASME B36.10 or B36.19 or national equivalents.</p> <p data-bbox="344 852 1120 991">h. Multi-walled piping incorporating a leak detection port, in which all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed or contained are made from any of the following materials:</p> <ol data-bbox="411 1011 1120 1563" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="411 1011 1120 1075">1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="411 1094 1120 1159">2. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li data-bbox="411 1178 1120 1243">3. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li data-bbox="411 1262 807 1298">4. Graphite or ‘carbon graphite’;</li> <li data-bbox="411 1317 1120 1353">5. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li data-bbox="411 1372 811 1408">6. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> <li data-bbox="411 1428 803 1464">7. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</li> <li data-bbox="411 1483 874 1519">8. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="411 1538 964 1563">9. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="344 1582 1120 1715">i. Multiple-seal and seal-less pumps, with manufacturer’s specified maximum flow rate greater than 0.6 m<sup>3</sup>/hr, or vacuum pumps with manufacturer’s specified maximum flow rate greater than 5 m<sup>3</sup>/hr (under standard temperature</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>(273 K (0 °C)) and pressure (101.3 kPa) conditions), other than those specified in Category Code 2B233; and casings (pump bodies), preformed casing liners, impellers, rotors or jet pump nozzles designed for such pumps, in which all surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed are made from any of the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Alloys’ with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Ceramics;</li> <li>3. Ferrosilicon (high silicon iron alloys);</li> <li>4. Fluoropolymers (polymeric or elastomeric materials with more than 35% fluorine by weight);</li> <li>5. Glass (including vitrified or enamelled coatings or glass lining);</li> <li>6. Graphite or ‘carbon graphite’;</li> <li>7. Nickel or ‘alloys’ with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> <li>8. Tantalum or tantalum ‘alloys’;</li> <li>9. Titanium or titanium ‘alloys’;</li> <li>10. Zirconium or zirconium ‘alloys’; <u>or</u></li> <li>11. Niobium (columbium) or niobium ‘alloys’;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 2B350.i., the term seal refers to only those seals that come into direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed (or are designed to), and provide a sealing function where a rotary or reciprocating drive shaft passes through a pump body.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>j. Incinerators designed to destroy chemicals specified in Category Code 1C350, having specially designed waste supply systems, special handling facilities and an average combustion chamber temperature greater than 1,273 K (1,000 °C), in which all surfaces in the waste supply system that come into direct contact with the waste products are made from or lined with any of the following materials:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Alloys' with more than 25% nickel and 20% chromium by weight;</li> <li>2. Ceramics; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Nickel or 'alloys' with more than 40% nickel by weight;</li> </ol> <p>k. Prefabricated repair assemblies having metallic surfaces that come in direct contact with the chemical(s) being processed which are made from tantalum or tantalum alloys as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed for mechanical attachment to glass-lined reaction vessels or reactors specified in Category Code 2B350.a.; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Designed for mechanical attachment to glass-lined storage tanks, containers or receivers specified in Category Code 2B350.c.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2B350, the materials used for gaskets, packing, seals, screws, washers or other materials performing a sealing function do not determine the control status, provided that such components are designed to be interchangeable.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 'Carbon graphite' is a composition consisting of amorphous carbon and graphite, in which the graphite content is 8% or more by weight.</li> <li>2. For the listed materials in the above entries, the term 'alloy' when not accompanied by a specific elemental concentration is understood as identifying those alloys where the identified metal is present in a higher percentage by weight than any other element.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2B351	<p>Toxic gas monitors and monitoring systems and their dedicated detecting components, other than those specified in Category Code 1A004, as follows, and detectors, sensor devices, and replaceable sensor cartridges therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed for continuous operation and usable for the detection of Chemical Warfare (CW) agents or chemicals specified in Category Code 1C350, at concentrations of less than 0.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup>; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Designed for the detection of cholinesterase-inhibiting activity.</li> </ol>
2B352	<p>Biological manufacturing and handling equipment, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Containment facilities and related equipment, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Complete containment facilities that meet the criteria for P3 or P4 (BL3, BL4, L3, L4) containment as specified in the WHO Laboratory Biosafety Manual (3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Geneva, 2004);</li> <li>2. Equipment designed for fixed installation in containment facilities specified in Category Code 2B352.a., as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Double-door pass-through decontamination autoclaves;</li> <li>b. Breathing air suit decontamination showers;</li> <li>c. Mechanical-seal or inflatable-seal walkthrough doors;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Fermenters and components as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Fermenters capable of cultivation of “microorganisms” or of live cells for the production of viruses or toxins, without the propagation of aerosols, having a total internal volume of 20 litres or more;</li> <li>2. Components designed for fermenters specified in Category Code 2B352.b.1. as follows:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Cultivation chambers designed to be sterilised or disinfected <i>in situ</i>;</p> <p>b. Cultivation chamber holding devices;</p> <p>c. Process control units capable of simultaneously monitoring and controlling two or more fermentation system parameters (e.g. temperature, pH, nutrients, agitation, dissolved oxygen, air flow, foam control);</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 2B352.b., fermenters include bioreactors, single-use (disposable) bioreactors, chemostats and continuous-flow systems.</p> <p>2. For the purpose of Category Code 2B352.b., cultivation chamber holding devices include single-use cultivation chambers with rigid walls.</p> <p>c. Centrifugal separators, capable of continuous separation without the propagation of aerosols, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Flow rate exceeding 100 litres per hour;</li> <li>2. Components of polished stainless steel or titanium;</li> <li>3. One or more sealing joints within the steam containment area; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Capable of <i>in situ</i> steam sterilisation in a closed state;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Centrifugal separators include decanters.</i></p> <p>d. Cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment and components as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment capable of separation of “microorganisms”, viruses, toxins or cell cultures having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A total filtration area equal to or greater than 1 m<sup>2</sup>; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Capable of being ‘sterilised’ or ‘disinfected’ <i>in situ</i>; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Using disposable or single-use filtration components;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 2B352.d.1.b., ‘sterilised’ denotes the elimination of all viable microbes from the equipment through the use of either physical (e.g. steam) or chemical agents. ‘Disinfected’ denotes a process to reduce the number of microorganisms but not usually of bacterial spores, through the use of chemical agents, without necessarily killing or removing all organisms.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 2B352.d. does not include reverse osmosis and hemodialysis equipment, as specified by the manufacturer.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Cross (tangential) flow filtration components (e.g. modules, elements, cassettes, cartridges, units or plates) with filtration area equal to or greater than 0.2 m<sup>2</sup> for each component and designed for use in cross (tangential) flow filtration equipment specified in Category Code 2B352.d.;</li> </ol> <p>e. Steam, gas or vapour sterilisable freeze drying equipment with a condenser capacity of 10 kg of ice or more in 24 hours and less than 1,000 kg of ice in 24 hours;</p> <p>f. Protective and containment equipment, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Protective full or half suits, or hoods dependent upon a tethered external air supply and operating under positive pressure;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="444 335 1116 439"><i>Category Code 2B352.f.1. does not include suits designed to be worn with self-contained breathing apparatus.</i></p> <p data-bbox="408 458 1116 563">2. Biocontainment chambers, isolators, or biological safety cabinets having all of the following characteristics, for normal operation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 582 1116 649">a. Fully enclosed workspace where the operator is separated from the work by a physical barrier;</li> <li data-bbox="462 668 938 700">b. Able to operate at negative pressure;</li> <li data-bbox="462 719 1116 786">c. Means to safely manipulate items in the workspace; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="462 805 1116 872">d. Supply and exhaust air to and from the workspace is HEPA filtered;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="337 891 417 923"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 942 1116 1115"><i>Category Code 2B352.f.2. includes Class III biosafety cabinets, as described in the latest edition of the WHO Laboratory Biosafety Manual or constructed in accordance with national standards, regulations or guidance.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 1134 417 1167"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1186 1116 1359"><i>Category Code 2B352.f.2. includes any isolator meeting all of the abovementioned characteristics, regardless of its intended use and its designation, except for medical isolators specially designed for barrier nursing or transportation of infected patients.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="341 1378 1116 1445">g. Aerosol inhalation equipment designed for aerosol challenge testing with “microorganisms”, viruses or “toxins” as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="408 1464 1116 1530">1. Whole-body exposure chambers having a capacity of 1 m<sup>3</sup> or more;</li> <li data-bbox="408 1549 1116 1654">2. Nose-only exposure apparatus utilising directed aerosol flow and having capacity for exposure of either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 1673 771 1705">a. 12 or more rodents; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. 2 or more animals other than rodents;</p> <p>3. Closed animal restraint tubes designed for use with nose-only exposure apparatus utilising directed aerosol flow;</p> <p>h. Spray drying equipment capable of drying toxins or pathogenic “microorganisms” having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A water evaporation capacity of <math>\geq 0.4</math> kg/h and <math>\leq 400</math> kg/h;</li> <li>2. The ability to generate a typical mean product particle size of <math>\leq 10</math> <math>\mu\text{m}</math> with existing fittings or by minimal modification of the spray-dryer with atomisation nozzles enabling generation of the required particle size; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Capable of being sterilised or disinfected <i>in situ</i>;</li> </ol> <p>i. Nucleic acid assemblers and synthesisers, which are partly or entirely automated, and designed to generate continuous nucleic acids greater than 1.5 kilobases in length with error rates less than 5% in a single run.</p>
<b>2C</b>	<p><b>Materials</b></p> <p>None.</p>
<b>2D</b> 2D001	<p><b>Software</b></p> <p>“Software”, other than that specified in Category Code 2D002, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development” or “production” of equipment specified in Category Code 2A001 or 2B001 to 2B009;</li> <li>b. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 2A001.c., 2B001 or 2B003 to 2B009.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="331 337 1120 439"><i>Category Code 2D001 does not include part programming “software” that generates “numerical control” codes for machining various parts.</i></p>
2D002	<p data-bbox="331 506 1120 643">“Software” for electronic devices, even when residing in an electronic device or system, enabling such devices or systems to function as a “numerical control” unit, capable of coordinating simultaneously more than four axes for “contouring control”.</p> <p data-bbox="331 662 413 693"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="331 712 1120 814"><i>Category Code 2D002 does not include “software” specially designed or modified for the operation of items not specified in Category 2.</i></p> <p data-bbox="331 833 413 864"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="331 883 1120 1020"><i>Category Code 2D002 does not include “software” for items specified in Category Code 2B002. See Category Codes 2D001 and 2D003 for “software” for items specified in Category Code 2B002.</i></p> <p data-bbox="331 1039 413 1070"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="331 1089 1120 1191"><i>Category Code 2D002 does not include “software” that is exported with, and the minimum necessary for the operation of, items not specified in Category 2.</i></p>
2D003	<p data-bbox="331 1258 1120 1429">“Software”, designed or modified for the operation of equipment specified in Category Code 2B002, that converts optical design, workpiece measurements and material removal functions into “numerical control” commands to achieve the desired workpiece form.</p>
2D101	<p data-bbox="331 1496 1120 1599">“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 2B104, 2B105, 2B109, 2B116, 2B117 or 2B119 to 2B122.</p> <p data-bbox="331 1618 387 1648"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="331 1667 720 1698"><i>See also Category Code 9D004.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2D201	“Software” specially designed for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 2B204, 2B206, 2B207, 2B209, 2B219 or 2B227.
2D202	“Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 2B201.  <i>Note</i> <i>Category Code 2D202 does not include part programming “software” that generates “numerical control” command codes but does not allow direct use of equipment for machining various parts.</i>
2D351	“Software”, other than that specified in Category Code 1D003, specially designed for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 2B351.
2D352	“Software” specially designed for nucleic acid assemblers and synthesisers specified in Category Code 2B352.i., that is capable of designing and building functional genetic elements from digital sequence data.
<b>2E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
2E001	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of equipment or “software” specified in Category 2A, 2B or 2D.  <i>Note</i> <i>Category Code 2E001 includes “technology” for the integration of probe systems into coordinate measurement machines specified in Category Code 2B006.a.</i>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2E002	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “production” of equipment specified in Category 2A or 2B.
2E003	<p>Other “technology” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Not used;</li> <li>b. “Technology” for metal-working manufacturing processes, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Technology” for the design of tools, dies or fixtures specially designed for any of the following processes: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Superplastic forming”;</li> <li>b. “Diffusion bonding”; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. ‘Direct-acting hydraulic pressing’;</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 2E003.b.1.c., ‘direct-acting hydraulic pressing’ is a deformation process which uses a fluid-filled flexible bladder in direct contact with the workpiece.</i></p> </li> <li>2. Not used;</li> </ol> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For “technology” for metal working manufacturing processes for gas turbine engines and components, see Category Code 9E003 and Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> </li> <li>c. “Technology” for the “development” or “production” of hydraulic stretch-forming machines and dies therefor, for the manufacture of airframe structures;</li> <li>d. Not used;</li> <li>e. “Technology” for the “development” of integration “software” for incorporation of expert systems for advanced decision support of shop floor operations into “numerical control” units;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>f. “Technology” for the application of inorganic overlay coatings or inorganic surface modification coatings (specified in column 3 of the Table entitled Deposition Techniques) to non-electronic substrates (specified in column 2 of that Table), by processes specified in column 1 of that Table and defined in the Technical Note.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>The Table entitled Deposition Techniques and Technical Note appear after Category Code 2E301.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>This table should be read to specify the “technology” for a particular Coating Process only when the Resultant Coating in column 3 is in a paragraph directly across from the relevant Substrate under column 2. For example, Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) coating process technical data are included for the application of silicides to carbon-carbon, ceramic and metal “matrix” “composites” substrates, but are not included for the application of silicides to ‘cemented tungsten carbide’ (16), ‘silicon carbide’ (18) substrates. In the second case, the resultant coating is not listed in the paragraph under column 3 directly across from the paragraph under column 2 listing ‘cemented tungsten carbide’ (16), ‘silicon carbide’ (18).</i></p>
2E101	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment or “software” specified in Category Code 2B004, 2B009, 2B104, 2B109, 2B116, 2B119 to 2B122 or 2D101.</p>
2E201	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment or “software” specified in Category Code 2A225, 2A226, 2B001, 2B006, 2B007.b., 2B007.c., 2B008, 2B009, 2B201, 2B204, 2B206, 2B207, 2B209, 2B225 to 2B233, 2D201 or 2D202.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
2E301	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of goods specified in Category Codes 2B350 to 2B352.



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

TABLE – DEPOSITION TECHNIQUES

Notes

1. Bracketed numbers are explained in the Notes that appear after the table.
2. The coating processes under column 1 are further explained in the Technical Notes below.

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
A. Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD)	“Superalloys”	Aluminides for internal passages
	Ceramics (19) and Low-expansion glasses (14)	Silicides Carbides Dielectric layers (15) Diamond Diamond-like carbon (17)
	Carbon-carbon, and Metal “composites”	Ceramic “matrix” Silicides Carbides Refractory metals Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) Aluminides Alloyed aluminides (2) Boron nitride
	Cemented tungsten carbide (16), Silicon carbide (18)	Carbides Tungsten Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15)
	Molybdenum and Molybdenum alloys	Dielectric layers (15)
	Beryllium and Beryllium alloys	Dielectric layers (15) Diamond

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
	Sensor materials (9) window	Diamond-like carbon (17) Dielectric layers (15) Diamond Diamond-like carbon (17)
<p>B. Thermal-Evaporation Physical Vapour Deposition (TE-PVD)</p> <p>B.1 Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD); Electron-Beam (EB-PVD)</p>	<p>“Superalloys”</p> <p>Ceramics (19) and Low-expansion glasses (14)</p> <p>Corrosion resistant steel (7)</p> <p>Carbon-carbon, and Metal “composites” Ceramic “matrix”</p>	<p>Alloyed silicides Alloyed aluminides (2) MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Silicides Aluminides Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Mixtures thereof (4) Silicides Carbides Refractory metals Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) Boron nitride</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
	Cemented tungsten carbide (16), Silicon carbide (18)	Carbides Tungsten Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15)
	Molybdenum and Molybdenum alloys	Dielectric layers (15)
	Beryllium and Beryllium alloys	Dielectric layers (15) Borides Beryllium
	Sensor window materials (9)	Dielectric layers (15)
	Titanium alloys (13)	Borides Nitrides
B.2 Ion assisted resistive heating Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD) (Ion Plating)	Ceramics (19) and Low-expansion glasses (14)	Dielectric layers (15) Diamond-like carbon (17)
	Carbon-carbon, Ceramic and Metal “matrix” “composites”	Dielectric layers (15)
	Cemented tungsten carbide (16), Silicon carbide	Dielectric layers (15)
	Molybdenum and Molybdenum alloys	Dielectric layers (15)
	Beryllium and Beryllium alloys	Dielectric layers (15)
	Sensor window materials (9)	Dielectric layers (15) Diamond-like carbon (17)
B.3 Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD):	Ceramics (19) and Low-expansion glasses (14)	Silicides Dielectric layers (15)

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
<p>“Laser” Vaporisation</p> <p>B.4 Physical Vapour Deposition (PVD): Cathodic Arc Discharge</p>	<p>Carbon-carbon, Ceramic and Metal “matrix” “composites”</p> <p>Cemented tungsten carbide (16), Silicon carbide</p> <p>Molybdenum and Molybdenum alloys</p> <p>Beryllium and Beryllium alloys</p> <p>Sensor window materials (9)</p>	<p>Diamond-like carbon (17)</p> <p>Dielectric layers (15)</p> <p>Dielectric layers (15)</p> <p>Dielectric layers (15)</p> <p>Dielectric layers (15)</p> <p>Dielectric layers (15)</p> <p>Diamond-like carbon (17)</p>
	<p>“Superalloys”</p> <p>Polymers (11) and Organic “matrix” “composites”</p>	<p>Alloyed silicides</p> <p>Alloyed aluminides (2)</p> <p>MCrAlX (5)</p> <p>Borides</p> <p>Carbides</p> <p>Nitrides</p> <p>Diamond-like carbon (17)</p>
<p>C. Pack cementation (See A above for out-of-pack cementation) (10)</p>	<p>Carbon-carbon, Ceramic and Metal “matrix” “composites”</p> <p>Titanium alloys (13)</p> <p>Refractory metals and alloys (8)</p>	<p>Silicides</p> <p>Carbides</p> <p>Mixtures thereof (4)</p> <p>Silicides</p> <p>Aluminides</p> <p>Alloyed aluminides (2)</p> <p>Silicides</p> <p>Oxides</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
D. Plasma spraying	“Superalloys”	MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Mixtures thereof (4) Abradable Nickel-Graphite Abradable materials containing Ni-Cr-Al Abradable Al-Si-Polyester Alloyed aluminides (2)
	Aluminium alloys (6)	MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Silicides Mixtures thereof (4)
	Refractory metals and alloys (8)	Aluminides Silicides Carbides
	Corrosion resistant steel (7)	MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Mixtures thereof (4)
	Titanium alloys (13)	Carbides Aluminides Silicides Alloyed aluminides (2) Abradable Nickel-Graphite Abradable materials containing Ni-Cr-Al Abradable Al-Si-Polyester

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
E. Slurry Deposition	Refractory metals and alloys (8)  Carbon-carbon, Ceramic and Metal “matrix” “composites”	Fused silicides Fused aluminides except for resistance heating elements Silicides Carbides Mixtures thereof (4)
F. Sputter Deposition	“Superalloys”  Ceramics and Low-expansion glasses (14)  Titanium alloys (13)	Alloyed silicides Alloyed aluminides (2) Noble metal modified aluminides (3) MCrAlX (5) Modified zirconia (12) Platinum Mixtures thereof (4) Silicides Platinum Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) Diamond-like carbon (17) Borides Nitrides Oxides Silicides Aluminides Alloyed aluminides (2) Carbides

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
	Carbon-carbon, Ceramic and Metal “matrix” “composites”  Cemented tungsten carbide (16), Silicon carbide (18)  Molybdenum and Molybdenum alloys  Beryllium and Beryllium alloys  Sensor window materials (9)  Refractory metals and alloys (8)	Silicides Carbides Refractory metals Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) Boron nitride Carbides Tungsten Mixtures thereof (4) Dielectric layers (15) Boron nitride Dielectric layers (15) Borides Dielectric layers (15) Beryllium Dielectric layers (15) Diamond-like carbon (17) Aluminides Silicides Oxides Carbides
G. Ion Implantation	High temperature bearing steels  Titanium alloys (13)	Additions of Chromium Tantalum or Niobium (Columbium) Borides Nitrides

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

1. Coating Process (1)	2. Substrate	3. Resultant Coating
	Beryllium and Beryllium alloys Cemented tungsten carbide (16)	Borides Carbides Nitrides



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

## TABLE — DEPOSITION TECHNIQUES — NOTES

1. The term ‘coating process’ includes coating repair and refurbishing as well as original coating.
2. The term ‘alloyed aluminide coating’ includes single or multiple-step coatings in which an element or elements are deposited prior to or during application of the aluminide coating, even if these elements are deposited by another coating process. It does not, however, include the multiple use of single-step pack cementation processes to achieve alloyed aluminides.
3. The term ‘noble metal modified aluminide’ coating includes multiple-step coatings in which the noble metal or noble metals are laid down by some other coating process prior to application of the aluminide coating.
4. The term ‘mixtures thereof’ includes infiltrated material, graded compositions, co-deposits and multilayer deposits and are obtained by one or more of the coating processes specified in the Table.
5. ‘MCrAlX’ refers to a coating alloy where M equals cobalt, iron, nickel or combinations thereof and X equals hafnium, yttrium, silicon, tantalum in any amount or other intentional additions over 0.01% by weight in various proportions and combinations, except:
  - a. CoCrAlY coatings which contain less than 22% by weight of chromium, less than 7% by weight of aluminium and less than 2% by weight of yttrium;
  - b. CoCrAlY coatings which contain 22% to 24% by weight of chromium, 10% to 12% by weight of aluminium and 0.5% to 0.7% by weight of yttrium; or
  - c. NiCrAlY coatings which contain 21% to 23% by weight of chromium, 10% to 12% by weight of aluminium and 0.9% to 1.1% by weight of yttrium.
6. The term ‘aluminium alloys’ refers to alloys having an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 190 MPa or more measured at 293 K (20 °C).
7. The term ‘corrosion resistant steel’ refers to AISI (American Iron and Steel Institute) 300 series or equivalent national standard steels.
8. ‘Refractory metals and alloys’ include the following metals and their alloys: niobium (columbium), molybdenum, tungsten and tantalum.
9. ‘Sensor window materials’ as follows: alumina, silicon, germanium, zinc sulphide, zinc selenide, gallium arsenide, diamond, gallium phosphide,

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

sapphire and the following metal halides: sensor window materials of more than 40 mm diameter for zirconium fluoride and hafnium fluoride.

10. Category 2 does not include “technology” for single-step pack cementation of solid aerofoils.
11. ‘Polymers’, as follows: polyimide, polyester, polysulphide, polycarbonates and polyurethanes.
12. ‘Modified zirconia’ refers to additions of other metal oxides (e.g. calcia, magnesia, yttria, hafnia, rare earth oxides) to zirconia in order to stabilise certain crystallographic phases and phase compositions. Thermal barrier coatings made of zirconia, modified with calcia or magnesia by mixing or fusion, are not included.
13. ‘Titanium alloys’ refers only to aerospace alloys having an Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) of 900 MPa or more measured at 293 K (20 °C).
14. ‘Low-expansion glasses’ refers to glasses which have a coefficient of thermal expansion of  $1 \times 10^{-7} \text{ K}^{-1}$  or less measured at 293 K (20 °C).
15. ‘Dielectric layers’ are coatings constructed of multi-layers of insulator materials in which the interference properties of a design composed of materials of various refractive indices are used to reflect, transmit or absorb various wavelength bands. Dielectric layers refer to more than four dielectric layers or dielectric/metal “composite” layers.
16. ‘Cemented tungsten carbide’ does not include cutting and forming tool materials consisting of tungsten carbide/(cobalt, nickel), titanium carbide/(cobalt, nickel), chromium carbide/nickel-chromium and chromium carbide/nickel.
17. “Technology” for depositing diamond-like carbon on any of the following is not included in Category 2:  

magnetic disk drives and heads, equipment for the manufacture of disposables, valves for faucets, acoustic diaphragms for speakers, engine parts for automobiles, cutting tools, punching-pressing dies, office automation equipment, microphones or medical devices or moulds, for casting or moulding of plastics, manufactured from alloys containing less than 5% beryllium.
18. ‘Silicon carbide’ does not include cutting and forming tool materials.
19. Ceramic substrates, as used in this Table, does not include ceramic materials containing 5% by weight, or greater, of clay or cement content, either as separate constituents or in combination.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

## TABLE — DEPOSITION TECHNIQUES — TECHNICAL NOTE

Processes specified in Column 1 of the Table are defined as follows:

- a. Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) is an overlay coating or surface modification coating process wherein a metal, alloy, “composite”, dielectric or ceramic is deposited upon a heated substrate. Gaseous reactants are decomposed or combined in the vicinity of a substrate resulting in the deposition of the desired elemental, alloy or compound material on the substrate. Energy for this decomposition or chemical reaction process may be provided by the heat of the substrate, a glow discharge plasma, or “laser” irradiation.

Note 1

*CVD includes the following processes: directed gas flow out-of-pack deposition, pulsating CVD, Controlled Nucleation Thermal Deposition (CNTD), plasma enhanced or plasma assisted CVD processes.*

Note 2

*Pack denotes a substrate immersed in a powder mixture.*

Note 3

*The gaseous reactants used in the out-of-pack process are produced using the same basic reactions and parameters as the pack cementation process, except that the substrate to be coated is not in contact with the powder mixture.*

- b. Thermal Evaporation-Physical Vapour Deposition (TE-PVD) is an overlay coating process conducted in a vacuum with a pressure less than 0.1 Pa wherein a source of thermal energy is used to vaporise the coating material. This process results in the condensation, or deposition, of the evaporated species onto appropriately positioned substrates.

The addition of gases to the vacuum chamber during the coating process to synthesise compound coatings is an ordinary modification of the process.

The use of ion or electron beams, or plasma, to activate or assist the coating’s deposition is also a common modification in this technique. The use of monitors to provide in-process measurement of optical characteristics and thickness of coatings can be a feature of these processes.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Specific TE-PVD processes are as follows:

1. Electron Beam PVD uses an electron beam to heat and evaporate the material which forms the coating;
2. Ion Assisted Resistive Heating PVD employs electrically resistive heating sources in combination with impinging ion beam(s) to produce a controlled and uniform flux of evaporated coating species;
3. “Laser” Vaporisation uses either pulsed or Continuous Wave (CW) “laser” beams to vaporise the material which forms the coating;
4. Cathodic Arc Deposition employs a consumable cathode of the material which forms the coating and has an arc discharge established on the surface by a momentary contact of a ground trigger. Controlled motion of arcing erodes the cathode surface creating a highly ionised plasma. The anode can be either a cone attached to the periphery of the cathode, through an insulator, or the chamber. Substrate biasing is used for non line of sight deposition;

Note

*This definition does not include random cathodic arc deposition with non-biased substrates.*

5. Ion Plating is a special modification of a general TE-PVD process in which a plasma or an ion source is used to ionise the species to be deposited, and a negative bias is applied to the substrate in order to facilitate the extraction of the species from the plasma. The introduction of reactive species, evaporation of solids within the process chamber, and the use of monitors to provide in-process measurement of optical characteristics and thicknesses of coatings are ordinary modifications of the process.
- c. Pack Cementation is a surface modification coating or overlay coating process wherein a substrate is immersed in a powder mixture (a pack), that consists of:
1. The metallic powders that are to be deposited (usually aluminium, chromium, silicon or combinations thereof);
  2. An activator (normally a halide salt); and
  3. An inert powder, most frequently alumina.

The substrate and powder mixture is contained within a retort which is heated to between 1,030 K (757 °C) and 1,375 K (1,102 °C) for sufficient time to deposit the coating.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

- d. Plasma Spraying is an overlay coating process wherein a gun (spray torch) which produces and controls a plasma accepts powder or wire coating materials, melts them and propels them towards a substrate, whereon an integrally bonded coating is formed. Plasma spraying constitutes either low pressure plasma spraying or high velocity plasma spraying.

Note 1

*Low pressure means less than ambient atmospheric pressure.*

Note 2

*High velocity refers to nozzle-exit gas velocity exceeding 750 m/s calculated at 293 K (20 °C) at 0.1 MPa.*

- e. Slurry Deposition is a surface modification coating or overlay coating process wherein a metallic or ceramic powder with an organic binder is suspended in a liquid and is applied to a substrate by either spraying, dipping or painting, subsequent air or oven drying, and heat treatment to obtain the desired coating.
- f. Sputter Deposition is an overlay coating process based on a momentum transfer phenomenon, wherein positive ions are accelerated by an electric field towards the surface of a target (coating material). The kinetic energy of the impacting ions is sufficient to cause target surface atoms to be released and deposited on an appropriately positioned substrate.

Note 1

*The Table refers only to triode, magnetron or reactive sputter deposition which is used to increase adhesion of the coating and rate of deposition and to Radio Frequency (RF) augmented sputter deposition used to permit vapourisation of non-metallic coating materials.*

Note 2

*Low-energy ion beams (less than 5 keV) can be used to activate the deposition.*

- g. Ion Implantation is a surface modification coating process in which the element to be alloyed is ionised, accelerated through a potential gradient and implanted into the surface region of the substrate. This includes processes in which ion implantation is performed simultaneously with Electron Beam Physical Vapour Deposition (EB-PVD) or sputter deposition.

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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 3 — ELECTRONICS</b>	
<b>3A</b>	<p><b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Equipment and components described in Category Code 3A001 or 3A002, other than those described in Category Code 3A001.a.3. to 3A001.a.10., 3A001.a.12. to 3A001.a.14., or 3A001.b.12., which are specially designed for or which have the same functional characteristics as other equipment are treated as coming within that description only if that other equipment is included in Division 2 of this Part.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Integrated circuits described in Category Code 3A001.a.3. to 3A001.a.9., or 3A001.a.12. to 3A001.a.14., which are unalterably programmed or designed for a specific function for another equipment are treated as coming within that description only if that other equipment is included in Division 2 of this Part.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>Where it is unclear if the other equipment is included in Division 2 of this Part, then the integrated circuit is treated as falling within Category Codes 3A001.a.3. to 3A001.a.9., and 3A001.a.12. to 3A001.a.14. if it comes within the relevant description therein.</i></p> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.a., 3A001.b., 3A001.d., 3A001.e.4., 3A001.g., 3A001.h. or 3A001.i. includes wafers (finished or unfinished), in which the function has been determined, if it comes within the parameters set out therein.</i></p>
3A001	<p>Electronic items as follows:</p> <p>a. General purpose integrated circuits, as follows:</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Integrated circuits include the following types:</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">– “Monolithic integrated circuits”;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– “Hybrid integrated circuits”;</li> <li>– “Multichip integrated circuits”;</li> <li>– “Film type integrated circuits”, including silicon-on-sapphire integrated circuits;</li> <li>– “Optical integrated circuits”;</li> <li>– “Three-dimensional integrated circuits”;</li> <li>– “Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuits” (“MMICs”).</li> </ul> <p>1. Integrated circuits designed or rated as radiation hardened to withstand any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A total dose of <math>5 \times 10^3</math> Gy (silicon) or higher;</li> <li>b. A dose rate upset of <math>5 \times 10^6</math> Gy (silicon)/s or higher; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. A fluence (integrated flux) of neutrons (1 MeV equivalent) of <math>5 \times 10^{13}</math> n/cm<sup>2</sup> or higher on silicon, or its equivalent for other materials;</li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Category Code 3A001.a.1.c. does not include Metal Insulator Semiconductors (MIS).</i></p> <p>2. “Microprocessor microcircuits”, “microcomputer microcircuits”, microcontroller microcircuits, storage integrated circuits manufactured from a compound semiconductor, Analogue-to-Digital Converters (ADCs), integrated circuits that contain ADCs and store or process the digitised data, Digital-to-Analogue Converters (DACs), electro-optical or “optical integrated circuits” designed for “signal processing”, field programmable logic devices, custom integrated circuits for which either the function is unknown or the control status of the equipment in which the integrated circuit will be used is unknown, Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) processors, Static Random Access Memories (SRAMs), or ‘non-volatile memories’, having any of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Rated for operation at an ambient temperature above 398 K (125 °C);</p> <p>b. Rated for operation at an ambient temperature below 218 K (-55 °C); <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Rated for operation over the entire ambient temperature range from 218 K (-55 °C) to 398 K (125 °C);</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.a.2. does not include integrated circuits designed for civil automobiles or railway train applications.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.2., ‘non-volatile memories’ are memories with data retention over a period of time after a power shutdown.</i></p> <p>3. “Microprocessor microcircuits”, “microcomputer microcircuits” and microcontroller microcircuits, manufactured from a compound semiconductor and operating at a clock frequency exceeding 40 MHz;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.a.3. includes digital signal processors, digital array processors and digital coprocessors.</i></p> <p>4. Not used;</p> <p>5. Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC) and Digital-to-Analogue Converter (DAC) integrated circuits, as follows:</p> <p>a. ADCs having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 3A101.</i></p> <p>1. A resolution of 8 bit or more, but less than 10 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1.3 giga samples per second (GSPS);</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="542 338 1166 439">2. A resolution of 10 bit or more, but less than 12 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 600 mega samples per second (MSPS);</p> <p data-bbox="542 458 1166 559">3. A resolution of 12 bit or more, but less than 14 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 400 mega samples per second (MSPS);</p> <p data-bbox="542 578 1166 679">4. A resolution of 14 bit or more, but less than 16 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 250 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="542 698 1166 799">5. A resolution of 16 bit or more with a “sample rate” greater than 65 mega samples per second (MSPS);</p> <p data-bbox="529 818 583 852"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="529 872 1166 1011"><i>For integrated circuits that contain Analogue-to-Digital Converters (ADCs) and store or process the digitised data, see Category Code 3A001.a.14.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1030 565 1064"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="529 1083 1116 1117"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.5.a.:</i></p> <p data-bbox="542 1136 1166 1199">1. A resolution of <math>n</math> bit corresponds to a quantisation of <math>2^n</math> levels.</p> <p data-bbox="542 1218 1166 1389">2. The resolution of the ADC is the number of bits of the digital output that represents the measured analogue input. Effective Number of Bits (ENOB) is not used to determine the resolution of the ADC.</p> <p data-bbox="542 1408 1166 1509">3. For “multiple channel ADCs”, the “sample rate” is not aggregated and the “sample rate” is the maximum rate of any single channel.</p> <p data-bbox="542 1528 1166 1667">4. For “interleaved ADCs” or for “multiple channel ADCs” that are specified to have an interleaved mode of operation, the “sample rates” are aggregated and the “sample rate” is</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="548 338 1131 401"><i>the maximum combined total rate of all of the interleaved channels.</i></p> <p data-bbox="462 426 1131 489">b. Digital-to-Analogue Converters (DACs) having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="512 512 1131 1325" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 512 1131 611">1. A resolution of 10 bit or more but less than 12 bit with an ‘adjusted update rate’ exceeding 3,500 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="512 634 1131 1325">2. A resolution of 12 bit or more and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="565 725 1131 1325" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 725 1131 1239">a. An ‘adjusted update rate’ exceeding 1,250 mega samples per second (MSPS) but not exceeding 3,500 mega samples per second (MSPS) and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="615 915 1131 1239" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="615 915 1131 1014">1. A settling time less than 9 ns to arrive at or within 0.024% of full scale from a full scale step; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="615 1037 1131 1239">2. A ‘Spurious Free Dynamic Range’ (SFDR) greater than 68 dBc (carrier) when synthesising a full scale analogue signal of 100 MHz or the highest full scale analogue signal frequency specified below 100 MHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="565 1262 1131 1325">b. An ‘adjusted update rate’ exceeding 3,500 mega samples per second (MSPS);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="346 1348 538 1378"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="548 1401 1131 1431"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.5.b.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="565 1454 1131 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1454 1131 1652">1. ‘Spurious Free Dynamic Range’ (SFDR) is defined as the ratio of the rms value of the carrier frequency (maximum signal component) at the input of the DAC to the rms value of the next largest noise or harmonic distortion component at its output.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="592 338 1167 477">2. <i>SFDR is determined directly from the specification table or from the characterisation plots of SFDR versus frequency.</i></p> <p data-bbox="592 496 1167 563">3. <i>A signal is defined to be full scale when its amplitude is greater than -3 dBfs (full scale).</i></p> <p data-bbox="592 582 1167 1534">4. <i>‘Adjusted update rate’ for DACs:</i></p> <p data-bbox="642 634 1167 982">a. <i>For conventional (non-interpolating) DACs, the ‘adjusted update rate’ is the rate at which the digital signal is converted to an analogue signal and the output analogue values are changed by the DAC. For DACs where the interpolation mode may be bypassed (interpolation factor of one), the DAC should be considered as a conventional (non-interpolating) DAC.</i></p> <p data-bbox="642 1001 1167 1239">b. <i>For interpolating DACs (oversampling DACs), the ‘adjusted update rate’ is defined as the DAC update rate divided by the smallest interpolating factor. For interpolating DACs, the ‘adjusted update rate’ may be referred to by different terms including:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="592 1258 814 1290">– <i>input data rate</i></li> <li data-bbox="592 1309 821 1342">– <i>input word rate</i></li> <li data-bbox="592 1361 841 1393">– <i>input sample rate</i></li> <li data-bbox="592 1412 989 1445">– <i>maximum total input bus rate</i></li> <li data-bbox="592 1464 1167 1534">– <i>maximum DAC clock rate for DAC clock input.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="440 1553 1167 1652">6. <i>Electro-optical and “optical integrated circuits”, designed for “signal processing” and having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="491 1671 1069 1704">a. <i>One or more than one internal “laser” diode;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. One or more than one internal light detecting element; <u>and</u></p> <p>c. Optical waveguides;</p> <p>7. Field programmable logic devices having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A maximum number of single-ended digital inputs/outputs of greater than 700; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. An ‘aggregate one-way peak serial transceiver data rate’ of 500 Gb/s or greater;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.a.7. includes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Complex Programmable Logic Devices (CPLDs)</i></li> <li>– <i>Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGAs)</i></li> <li>– <i>Field Programmable Logic Arrays (FPLAs)</i></li> <li>– <i>Field Programmable Interconnects (FPICs)</i></li> </ul> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For integrated circuits having field programmable logic devices that are combined with an Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC), see Category Code 3A001.a.14.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.7.:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Maximum number of digital inputs/outputs in Category Code 3A001.a.7.a. is also referred to as the maximum user inputs/outputs or maximum available inputs/outputs, whether the integrated circuit is packaged or bare die.</i></li> <li>2. <i>‘Aggregate one-way peak serial transceiver data rate’ is the product of the peak serial one-way transceiver data rate times the number of transceivers on the FPGA.</i></li> </ol> <p>8. Not used;</p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>9. Neural network integrated circuits;</p> <p>10. Custom integrated circuits for which the function is unknown, or the control status of the equipment in which the integrated circuits will be used is unknown to the manufacturer, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Have more than 1,500 terminals;</li> <li>b. A typical “basic gate propagation delay time” of less than 0.02 ns; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. An operating frequency exceeding 3 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>11. Digital integrated circuits, other than those described in Category Codes 3A001.a.3. to 3A001.a.10. and 3A001.a.12., based upon any compound semiconductor and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. An equivalent gate count of more than 3,000 (2 input gates); <u>or</u></li> <li>b. A toggle frequency exceeding 1.2 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>12. Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) processors having a rated execution time for an N-point complex FFT of less than <math>(N \log_2 N)/20,480</math> ms, where N is the number of points;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.12., when N is equal to 1,024 points, the formula in Category Code 3A001.a.12. gives an execution time of 500 <math>\mu</math>s.</i></p> <p>13. Direct Digital Synthesiser (DDS) integrated circuits having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A ‘Digital-to-Analogue Converter (DAC) clock frequency’ of 3.5 GHz or more and a DAC resolution of 10 bit or more, but less than 12 bit; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. A ‘DAC clock frequency’ of 1.25 GHz or more and a DAC resolution of 12 bit or more;</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="444 338 1130 439"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.13., the ‘DAC clock frequency’ may be specified as the master clock frequency or the input clock frequency.</i></p> <p data-bbox="400 462 1130 525">14. Integrated circuits that perform or are programmable to perform both of the following:</p> <p data-bbox="465 548 1130 611">a. Analogue-to-digital conversions meeting any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="514 634 1130 1220" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 634 1130 734">1. A resolution of 8 bit or more, but less than 10 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1.3 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li data-bbox="514 757 1130 858">2. A resolution of 10 bit or more, but less than 12 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li data-bbox="514 881 1130 982">3. A resolution of 12 bit or more, but less than 14 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li data-bbox="514 1005 1130 1106">4. A resolution of 14 bit or more, but less than 16 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 400 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="514 1129 1130 1220">5. A resolution of 16 bit or more with a “sample rate” greater than 180 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>and</u></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="465 1243 780 1273">b. Either of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="514 1296 888 1378" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 1296 888 1327">1. Storage of digitised data; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="514 1349 888 1378">2. Processing of digitised data;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="444 1401 525 1431"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1454 1130 1517"><i>For Analogue-to-Digital Converter (ADC) integrated circuits, see Category Code 3A001.a.5.a.</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 1540 525 1570"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1593 1130 1656"><i>For field programmable logic devices, see Category Code 3A001.a.7.</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 1679 639 1709"><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="475 335 1059 369"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.a.14.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="491 388 1166 1024" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="491 388 1166 453">1. <i>A resolution of <math>n</math> bit corresponds to a quantisation of <math>2^n</math> levels.</i></li> <li data-bbox="491 472 1166 643">2. <i>The resolution of the ADC is the number of bits of the digital output of the ADC that represents the measured analogue input. Effective Number of Bits (ENOB) is not used to determine the resolution of the ADC.</i></li> <li data-bbox="491 662 1166 803">3. <i>For integrated circuits with non-interleaving “multiple channel ADCs”, the “sample rate” is not aggregated and the “sample rate” is the maximum rate of any single channel.</i></li> <li data-bbox="491 822 1166 1024">4. <i>For integrated circuits with “interleaved ADCs” or with “multiple channel ADCs” that are specified to have an interleaved mode of operation, the “sample rates” are aggregated and the “sample rate” is the maximum combined total rate of all of the interleaved channels.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1047 1005 1081">b. <i>Microwave or millimetre wave items, as follows:</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1100 594 1134"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1153 1166 1325"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b., the parameter peak saturated power output may also be referred to on product data sheets as output power, saturated power output, maximum power output, peak power output, or peak envelope power output.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="440 1344 1139 1378" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1344 1139 1378">1. <i>“Vacuum electronic devices” and cathodes, as follows:</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1397 454 1431"><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="475 1450 1166 1584"><i>Category Code 3A001.b.1. does not include “vacuum electronic devices” designed or rated for operation in any frequency band and having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="491 1603 1166 1725" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="491 1603 1166 1637">a. <i>Does not exceed 31.8 GHz; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="491 1656 1166 1725">b. <i>Is “allocated by the ITU” for radio-communications services, but not for radio-determination.</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="340 338 422 369"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="447 390 1131 491"><i>Category Code 3A001.b.1. does not include non-“space-qualified” “vacuum electronic devices” having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 510 1131 576"><i>a. An average output power equal to or less than 50 W; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="460 595 1131 696"><i>b. Designed or rated for operation in any frequency band and having both of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 715 1131 782"><i>1. Exceeds 31.8 GHz but does not exceed 43.5 GHz; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="514 801 1131 902"><i>2. Is “allocated by the ITU” for radio-communications services, but not for radio-determination.</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="460 921 1131 988"><i>a. Travelling-wave “vacuum electronic devices”, pulsed or continuous wave, as follows:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 1007 1131 1073"><i>1. Devices operating at frequencies exceeding 31.8 GHz;</i></li> <li data-bbox="514 1092 1131 1159"><i>2. Devices having a cathode heater with a turn on time to rated RF power of less than 3 s;</i></li> <li data-bbox="514 1178 1131 1279"><i>3. Coupled cavity devices, or derivatives thereof, with a “fractional bandwidth” of more than 7% or a peak power exceeding 2.5 kW;</i></li> <li data-bbox="514 1298 1131 1439"><i>4. Devices based on helix, folded waveguide, or serpentine waveguide circuits, or derivatives thereof, having any of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 1458 1131 1597"><i>a. An “instantaneous bandwidth” of more than one octave, and average power (expressed in kW) times frequency (expressed in GHz) of more than 0.5;</i></li> <li data-bbox="514 1616 1131 1717"><i>b. An “instantaneous bandwidth” of one octave or less, and average power (expressed in kW) times frequency (expressed in GHz) of more than 1;</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Being “space-qualified”; <u>or</u></p> <p>d. Having a gridded electron gun;</p> <p>5. Devices with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than or equal to 10%, with any of the following:</p> <p>a. An annular electron beam;</p> <p>b. A non-axisymmetric electron beam; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Multiple electron beams;</p> <p>b. Crossed-field amplifier “vacuum electronic devices” with a gain of more than 17 dB;</p> <p>c. Thermionic cathodes designed for “vacuum electronic devices” producing an emission current density at rated operating conditions exceeding 5 A/cm<sup>2</sup> or a pulsed (non-continuous) current density at rated operating conditions exceeding 10 A/cm<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p>d. “Vacuum electronic devices” with the capability to operate in a ‘dual mode’;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b.1.d., ‘dual mode’ means the “vacuum electronic device” beam current can be intentionally changed between continuous-wave and pulsed mode operation by use of a grid and produces a peak pulse output power greater than the continuous-wave output power.</i></p> <p>2. “Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuits” (“MMIC”) amplifiers that are any of the following:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For “MMIC” amplifiers that have an integrated phase shifter, see Category Code 3A001.b.12.</i></p> <p>a. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 15%, and having any of the following characteristics:</p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A peak saturated power output greater than 75 W (48.75 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 2.9 GHz;</li> <li>2. A peak saturated power output greater than 55 W (47.4 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.9 GHz up to and including 3.2 GHz;</li> <li>3. A peak saturated power output greater than 40 W (46 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.2 GHz up to and including 3.7 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>4. A peak saturated power output greater than 20 W (43 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>b. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 16 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 10%, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A peak saturated power output greater than 10 W (40 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 8.5 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A peak saturated power output greater than 5 W (37 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 8.5 GHz up to and including 16 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>c. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 3 W (34.77 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 16 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p>d. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 31.8 GHz up to and including 37 GHz;</p> <p>e. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 1 W (30 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 37 GHz up to and including 43.5 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>f. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 31.62 mW (15 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 43.5 GHz up to and including 75 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p>g. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 10 mW (10 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 75 GHz up to and including 90 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 5%; <u>or</u></p> <p>h. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 90 GHz;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Not used.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Whether any “MMIC” whose rated operating frequency includes frequencies listed in more than one frequency range, as defined by Category Codes 3A001.b.2.a. to 3A001.b.2.h., is included in that Category is determined by the lowest peak saturated power output threshold.</i></p> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>Notes 1 and 2 in Category 3A mean that Category Code 3A001.b.2. does not include “MMICs” if they are specially designed for other applications, e.g. telecommunications, radar, automobiles.</i></p> <p>3. Discrete microwave transistors having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. A peak saturated power output greater than 400 W (56 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 2.9 GHz;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. A peak saturated power output greater than 205 W (53.12 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.9 GHz up to and including 3.2 GHz;</li> <li>3. A peak saturated power output greater than 115 W (50.61 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.2 GHz up to and including 3.7 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>4. A peak saturated power output greater than 60 W (47.78 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>b. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A peak saturated power output greater than 50 W (47 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 8.5 GHz;</li> <li>2. A peak saturated power output greater than 15 W (41.76 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 8.5 GHz up to and including 12 GHz;</li> <li>3. A peak saturated power output greater than 40 W (46 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 12 GHz up to and including 16 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>4. A peak saturated power output greater than 7 W (38.45 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 16 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>c. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.5 W (27 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 31.8 GHz up to and including 37 GHz;</p> <p>d. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 1 W (30 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 37 GHz up to and including 43.5 GHz;</p> <p>e. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 43.5 GHz; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="498 335 1166 510">f. Other than those specified in Category Codes 3A001.b.3.a. to 3A001.b.3.e., and rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 5 W (37.0 dBm) at all frequencies exceeding 8.5 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz;</p> <p data-bbox="370 529 451 559"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="478 578 1166 782"><i>Whether a transistor whose rated operating frequency includes frequencies listed in more than one frequency range, as defined by Category Codes 3A001.b.3.a. to 3A001.b.3.e., is included under that Category is determined by the lowest peak saturated power output threshold.</i></p> <p data-bbox="370 807 451 837"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="478 856 1166 1030"><i>Category Code 3A001.b.3. includes bare dice, dice mounted on carriers, or dice mounted in packages. Some discrete transistors may also be referred to as power amplifiers, but the status of these discrete transistors is determined by Category Code 3A001.b.3.</i></p> <p data-bbox="440 1049 1166 1150">4. Microwave solid state amplifiers and microwave assemblies/modules containing microwave solid state amplifiers, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="494 1169 1166 1306">a. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 15%, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="542 1325 1166 1667" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="542 1325 1166 1429">1. A peak saturated power output greater than 500 W (57 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 2.9 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="542 1448 1166 1553">2. A peak saturated power output greater than 270 W (54.3 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.9 GHz up to and including 3.2 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="542 1572 1166 1667">3. A peak saturated power output greater than 200 W (53 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.2 GHz up to and including 3.7 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="512 338 1131 439">4. A peak saturated power output greater than 90 W (49.54 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz;</p> <p data-bbox="462 458 1131 595">b. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 10%, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="512 614 1131 1081" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 614 1131 715">1. A peak saturated power output greater than 70 W (48.45 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 8.5 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="512 734 1131 835">2. A peak saturated power output greater than 50 W (47 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 8.5 GHz up to and including 12 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="512 854 1131 955">3. A peak saturated power output greater than 30 W (44.77 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 12 GHz up to and including 16 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="512 974 1131 1081">4. A peak saturated power output greater than 20 W (43 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 16 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="462 1100 1131 1201">c. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.5 W (27 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 31.8 GHz up to and including 37 GHz;</p> <p data-bbox="462 1220 1131 1357">d. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 2 W (33 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 37 GHz up to and including 43.5 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p data-bbox="462 1376 1131 1477">e. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 43.5 GHz and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="512 1496 1131 1728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 1496 1131 1635">1. A peak saturated power output greater than 0.2 W (23 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 43.5 GHz up to and including 75 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</li> <li data-bbox="512 1654 1131 1728">2. A peak saturated power output greater than 20 mW (13 dBm) at any frequency exceeding</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>75 GHz up to and including 90 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 5%; <u>or</u></p> <p>3. A peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 90 GHz; <u>or</u></p> <p>f. Not used.</p> <p><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p><i>For “MMIC” amplifiers, see Category Code 3A001.b.2.</i></p> <p><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p><i>For ‘transmit/receive modules’ and ‘transmit modules’, see Category Code 3A001.b.12.</i></p> <p><u>N.B. 3</u></p> <p><i>For converters and harmonic mixers, designed to extend the operating or frequency range of signal analysers, signal generators, network analysers or microwave test receivers, see Category Code 3A001.b.7.</i></p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Not used.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Whether an item whose rated operating frequency includes frequencies listed in more than one frequency range, as defined by Category Codes 3A001.b.4.a. to 3A001.b.4.e., is included in that Category is determined by the lowest peak saturated power output threshold.</i></p> <p>5. Electronically or magnetically tunable band-pass or band-stop filters, having more than 5 tunable resonators capable of tuning across 1.5:1 frequency band (<math>f_{\max}/f_{\min}</math>) in less than 10 <math>\mu</math>s and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A band-pass bandwidth of more than 0.5% of centre frequency; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A band-stop bandwidth of less than 0.5% of centre frequency;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>6. Not used;</p> <p>7. Converters and harmonic mixers having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed to extend the frequency range of “signal analysers” beyond 90 GHz;</li> <li>b. Designed to extend the operating range of signal generators as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Beyond 90 GHz;</li> <li>2. To an output power greater than 100 mW (20 dBm) anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 43.5 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Designed to extend the operating range of network analysers as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Beyond 110 GHz;</li> <li>2. To an output power greater than 31.62 mW (15 dBm) anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 43.5 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> <li>3. To an output power greater than 1 mW (0 dBm) anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 90 GHz but not exceeding 110 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Designed to extend the frequency range of microwave test receivers beyond 110 GHz;</li> </ol> <p>8. Microwave power amplifiers containing “vacuum electronic devices” specified in Category Code 3A001.b.1. and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Operating frequencies above 3 GHz;</li> <li>b. An average output power to mass ratio exceeding 80 W/kg; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. A volume of less than 400 cm<sup>3</sup>;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="475 335 1159 506"><i>Category Code 3A001.b.8. does not include equipment designed or rated for operation in any frequency band which is “allocated by the ITU” for radio-communications services, but not for radio-determination.</i></p> <p data-bbox="440 529 1159 700">9. Microwave Power Modules (MPM), consisting of, at least, a travelling-wave “vacuum electronic device”, a “Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit” (“MMIC”) and an integrated electronic power conditioner and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 719 1159 786">a. A ‘turn-on time’ from off to fully operational in less than 10 s;</li> <li data-bbox="494 805 1159 872">b. A volume less than the maximum rated power in watts multiplied by 10 cm<sup>3</sup>/W; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="494 891 1159 995">c. An “instantaneous bandwidth” greater than 1 octave (<math>f_{\max} &gt; 2f_{\min}</math>) and having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="541 1014 1159 1081">1. For frequencies equal to or less than 18 GHz, an RF output power greater than 100 W; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="541 1100 1159 1129">2. A frequency greater than 18 GHz;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="475 1148 672 1176"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="475 1205 1045 1233"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b.9.:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 1252 1159 1395">1. <i>To calculate the volume in Category Code 3A001.b.9.b., the following example is provided: for a maximum rated power of 20 W, the volume would be: <math>20 W \times 10 \text{ cm}^3/W = 200 \text{ cm}^3</math>.</i></li> <li data-bbox="494 1414 1159 1509">2. <i>The ‘turn-on time’ in Category Code 3A001.b.9.a. refers to the time from fully-off to fully operational, i.e. it includes the warm-up time of the MPM.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="440 1528 1159 1662">10. Oscillators or oscillator assemblies, specified to operate with a Single Sideband (SSB) phase noise, in dBc/Hz, less (better) than <math>-(126 + 20\log_{10}F - 20\log_{10}f)</math> anywhere within the range of <math>10 \text{ Hz} \leq F \leq 10 \text{ kHz}</math>;</p> <p data-bbox="373 1681 555 1719"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="450 338 1131 439"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b.10., F is the offset from the operating frequency in Hz and f is the operating frequency in MHz.</i></p> <p data-bbox="400 462 1131 563">11. ‘Frequency synthesiser’ “electronic assemblies” having a “frequency switching time” as specified by any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="465 586 709 614">a. Less than 143 ps;</li> <li data-bbox="465 637 1131 738">b. Less than 100 <math>\mu</math>s for any frequency change exceeding 2.2 GHz within the synthesised frequency range exceeding 4.8 GHz but not exceeding 31.8 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="465 761 615 790">c. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="465 813 1131 913">d. Less than 500 <math>\mu</math>s for any frequency change exceeding 550 MHz within the synthesised frequency range exceeding 31.8 GHz but not exceeding 37 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="465 936 1131 1037">e. Less than 100 <math>\mu</math>s for any frequency change exceeding 2.2 GHz within the synthesised frequency range exceeding 37 GHz but not exceeding 75 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="465 1060 1131 1161">f. Less than 100 <math>\mu</math>s for any frequency change exceeding 5.0 GHz within the synthesised frequency range exceeding 75 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="465 1184 1131 1243">g. Less than 1 ms within the synthesised frequency range exceeding 90 GHz;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="450 1266 628 1294"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="450 1317 1131 1557"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b.11., a ‘frequency synthesiser’ is any kind of frequency source, regardless of the actual technique used, providing a multiplicity of simultaneous or alternative output frequencies, from one or more outputs, controlled by, derived from or disciplined by a lesser number of standard (or master) frequencies.</i></p> <p data-bbox="450 1580 504 1608"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="450 1631 1131 1690"><i>For general purpose “signal analysers”, signal generators, network analysers and microwave test</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>receivers, see Category Codes 3A002.c., 3A002.d., 3A002.e. and 3A002.f., respectively.</i></p> <p>12. ‘Transmit/receive modules’, ‘transmit/receive MMICs’, ‘transmit modules’, and ‘transmit MMICs’, rated for operation at frequencies above 2.7 GHz and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A peak saturated power output (in watts), <math>P_{\text{sat}}</math>, greater than 505.62 divided by the maximum operating frequency (in GHz) squared [<math>P_{\text{sat}} &gt; 505.62 \text{ W} \cdot \text{GHz}^2 / f_{\text{GHz}}^2</math>] for any channel;</li> <li>b. A “fractional bandwidth” of 5% or greater for any channel;</li> <li>c. Any planar side with length <math>d</math> (in cm) equal to or less than 15 divided by the lowest operating frequency in GHz [<math>d \leq 15 \text{ cm} \cdot \text{GHz} \cdot N / f_{\text{GHz}}</math>] where <math>N</math> is the number of transmit or transmit/receive channels; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. An electronically variable phase shifter per channel.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.b.12.:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A ‘transmit/receive module’ is a multifunction “electronic assembly” that provides bi-directional amplitude and phase control for transmission and reception of signals.</li> <li>2. A ‘transmit module’ is an “electronic assembly” that provides amplitude and phase control for transmission of signals.</li> <li>3. A ‘transmit/receive MMIC’ is a multifunction “MMIC” that provides bi-directional amplitude and phase control for transmission and reception of signals.</li> <li>4. A ‘transmit MMIC’ is a “MMIC” that provides amplitude and phase control for transmission of signals.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="462 338 1131 544">5. 2.7 GHz should be used as the lowest operating frequency (<math>f_{\text{GHz}}</math>) in the formula in Category Code 3A001.b.12.c. for transmit/receive or transmit modules that have a rated operation range extending downward to 2.7 GHz and below [<math>d \leq 15 \text{ cm} * \text{GHz} * N / 2.7 \text{ GHz}</math>].</p> <p data-bbox="462 567 1131 773">6. Category Code 3A001.b.12. applies to ‘transmit/receive modules’ or ‘transmit modules’ with or without a heat sink. The value of <math>d</math> in Category Code 3A001.b.12.c. does not include any portion of the ‘transmit/receive module’ or ‘transmit module’ that functions as a heat sink.</p> <p data-bbox="462 795 1131 963">7. ‘Transmit/receive modules’, or ‘transmit modules’, or ‘transmit/receive MMICs’ or ‘transmit MMICs’ may or may not have <math>N</math> integrated radiating antenna elements where <math>N</math> is the number of transmit or transmit/receive channels.</p> <p data-bbox="346 986 1131 1051">c. Acoustic wave devices as follows and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol data-bbox="413 1073 1131 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 1073 1131 1172">1. Surface acoustic wave and surface skimming (shallow bulk) acoustic wave devices, having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="462 1195 1131 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 1195 1131 1229">a. A carrier frequency exceeding 6 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="462 1245 1131 1344">b. A carrier frequency exceeding 1 GHz, but not exceeding 6 GHz, and having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="510 1367 1131 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="510 1367 1131 1431">1. A ‘frequency side-lobe rejection’ exceeding 65 dB;</li> <li data-bbox="510 1447 1131 1546">2. A product of the maximum delay time and the bandwidth (time in <math>\mu\text{s}</math> and bandwidth in MHz) of more than 100;</li> <li data-bbox="510 1561 1131 1595">3. A bandwidth greater than 250 MHz; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="510 1610 1131 1652">4. A dispersive delay of more than 10 <math>\mu\text{s}</math>; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="494 338 1167 405">c. A carrier frequency of 1 GHz or less and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="542 426 1167 662" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="542 426 1167 525">1. A product of the maximum delay time and the bandwidth (time in <math>\mu\text{s}</math> and bandwidth in MHz) of more than 100;</li> <li data-bbox="542 546 1167 578">2. A dispersive delay of more than 10 <math>\mu\text{s}</math>; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="542 599 1167 662">3. A ‘frequency side-lobe rejection’ exceeding 65 dB and a bandwidth greater than 100 MHz;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="370 683 552 715"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="475 736 1167 835"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.c.1., ‘frequency side-lobe rejection’ is the maximum rejection value specified in data sheet.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="440 856 1167 1148" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 856 1167 955">2. Bulk (volume) acoustic wave devices which permit the direct processing of signals at frequencies exceeding 6 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="440 976 1167 1148">3. Acoustic-optic “signal processing” devices employing interaction between acoustic waves (bulk wave or surface wave) and light waves which permit the direct processing of signals or images, including spectral analysis, correlation or convolution;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="370 1169 427 1201"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1222 1167 1321"><i>Category Code 3A001.c. does not include acoustic wave devices that are limited to a single band pass, low pass, high pass or notch filtering, or resonating function.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1342 1167 1513">d. Electronic devices and circuits containing components, manufactured from “superconductive” materials, specially designed for operation at temperatures below the “critical temperature” of at least one of the “superconductive” constituents and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1534 1167 1667" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1534 1167 1667">1. Current switching for digital circuits using “superconductive” gates with a product of delay time per gate (in seconds) and power dissipation per gate (in watts) of less than <math>10^{-14}</math> J; <u>or</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="413 338 1131 401">2. Frequency selection at all frequencies using resonant circuits with Q-values exceeding 10,000;</p> <p data-bbox="346 426 774 453">e. High energy devices, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="413 477 673 504">1. ‘Cells’, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="467 529 1131 592">a. ‘Primary cells’ having either of the following characteristics at 20 °C;</p> <p data-bbox="521 616 1131 715">1. ‘Energy density’ exceeding 550 Wh/kg and a ‘continuous power density’ exceeding 50 W/kg; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="521 740 1131 803">2. ‘Energy density’ exceeding 50 Wh/kg and a ‘continuous power density’ exceeding 350 W/kg;</p> <p data-bbox="467 828 1131 891">b. ‘Secondary cells’ having an ‘energy density’ exceeding 350 Wh/kg at 20 °C;</p> <p data-bbox="452 915 639 942"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="467 967 1131 1271">1. For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.1., ‘energy density’ (Wh/kg) is calculated from the nominal voltage multiplied by the nominal capacity in ampere-hours (Ah) divided by the mass in kilograms. If the nominal capacity is not stated, energy density is calculated from the nominal voltage squared then multiplied by the discharge duration in hours divided by the discharge load in ohms and the mass in kilograms.</p> <p data-bbox="467 1296 1131 1462">2. For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.1., a ‘cell’ is defined as an electrochemical device, which has positive and negative electrodes, an electrolyte, and is a source of electrical energy. It is the basic building block of a battery.</p> <p data-bbox="467 1487 1131 1586">3. For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.1.a., a ‘primary cell’ is a ‘cell’ that is not designed to be charged by any other source.</p> <p data-bbox="467 1610 1131 1709">4. For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.1.b., a ‘secondary cell’ is a ‘cell’ that is designed to be charged by an external electrical source.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="494 338 1166 578">5. For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.1.a., ‘continuous power density’ (W/kg) is calculated from the nominal voltage multiplied by the specified maximum continuous discharge current in ampere (A) divided by the mass in kilograms. ‘Continuous power density’ is also referred to as specific power.</p> <p data-bbox="370 597 431 630"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="478 649 1166 715">Category Code 3A001.e.1. does not include batteries, including single-cell batteries.</p> <p data-bbox="440 734 998 767">2. High energy storage capacitors, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="370 786 427 818"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="478 837 1166 904">See also Category Code 3A201.a. and Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</p> <p data-bbox="494 923 1166 1024">a. Capacitors with a repetition rate of less than 10 Hz (single shot capacitors) and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="545 1043 1166 1214" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="545 1043 1166 1075">1. A voltage rating equal to or more than 5 kV;</li> <li data-bbox="545 1094 1166 1161">2. An energy density equal to or more than 250 J/kg; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="545 1180 1166 1214">3. A total energy equal to or more than 25 kJ;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="494 1233 1166 1334">b. Capacitors with a repetition rate of 10 Hz or more (repetition rated capacitors) and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="545 1353 1166 1576" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="545 1353 1166 1386">1. A voltage rating equal to or more than 5 kV;</li> <li data-bbox="545 1405 1166 1437">2. An energy density equal to or more than 50 J/kg;</li> <li data-bbox="545 1456 1166 1488">3. A total energy equal to or more than 100 J; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="545 1507 1166 1576">4. A charge/discharge cycle life equal to or more than 10,000;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="440 1595 1166 1728">3. “Superconductive” electromagnets and solenoids, specially designed to be fully charged or discharged in less than 1 s and having all of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="340 338 395 369"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="447 388 852 418"><i>See also Category Code 3A201.b.</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 439 400 470"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="447 491 1130 628"><i>Category Code 3A001.e.3. does not include “superconductive” electromagnets or solenoids specially designed for Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) medical equipment.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="465 649 1130 712">a. Energy delivered during the discharge exceeding 10 kJ in the first second;</li> <li data-bbox="465 733 1130 795">b. Inner diameter of the current carrying windings of more than 250 mm; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="465 816 1130 919">c. Rated for a magnetic induction of more than 8 T or “overall current density” in the winding of more than 300 A/mm<sup>2</sup>;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="411 940 1130 1148">4. Solar cells, cell-interconnect-coverglass (CIC) assemblies, solar panels and solar arrays, which are “space-qualified”, having a minimum average efficiency exceeding 20% at an operating temperature of 301 K (28 °C) under simulated ‘AM0’ illumination with an irradiance of 1,367 watts per square metre (W/m<sup>2</sup>);</p> <p data-bbox="340 1169 521 1199"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="447 1220 1130 1357"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.e.4., ‘AM0’, or ‘Air Mass Zero’, refers to the spectral irradiance of sun light in the earth’s outer atmosphere when the distance between the earth and sun is one astronomical unit (AU).</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="340 1378 1130 1481">f. Rotary input type absolute position encoders having an “accuracy” equal to or less (better) than 1 second of arc, and specially designed encoder rings, discs or scales therefor;</li> <li data-bbox="340 1502 1130 1633">g. Solid-state pulsed power switching thyristor devices and ‘thyristor modules’, using either electrically, optically, or electron radiation controlled switch methods and having either of the following characteristics:</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. A maximum turn-on current rate of rise (di/dt) greater than 30,000 A/μs and off-state voltage greater than 1,100 V; <u>or</u></p> <p>2. A maximum turn-on current rate of rise (di/dt) greater than 2,000 A/μs and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a. An off-state peak voltage equal to or greater than 3,000 V; <u>and</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b. A peak (surge) current equal to or greater than 3,000 A;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.g. includes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCRs)</li> <li>– Electrical Triggering Thyristors (ETTs)</li> <li>– Light Triggering Thyristors (LTTs)</li> <li>– Integrated Gate Commutated Thyristors (IGCTs)</li> <li>– Gate Turn-off Thyristors (GTOs)</li> <li>– MOS Controlled Thyristors (MCTs)</li> <li>– Solidtrons</li> </ul> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A001.g. does not include thyristor devices and ‘thyristor modules’ incorporated into equipment designed for civil railway or “civil aircraft” applications.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.g., a ‘thyristor module’ contains one or more thyristor devices.</i></p> <p>h. Solid-state power semiconductor switches, diodes, or ‘modules’, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">1. Rated for a maximum operating junction temperature greater than 488 K (215 °C);</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="413 338 1135 405">2. Repetitive peak off-state voltage (blocking voltage) exceeding 300 V; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="413 426 892 458">3. Continuous current greater than 1 A;</p> <p data-bbox="337 477 417 510"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 529 1135 668"><i>Repetitive peak off-state voltage in Category Code 3A001.h. includes drain to source voltage, collector to emitter voltage, repetitive peak reverse voltage and peak repetitive off-state blocking voltage.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 687 417 719"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 738 798 771"><i>Category Code 3A001.h. includes:</i></p> <ul data-bbox="413 790 1135 1458" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 790 946 822">– <i>Junction Field Effect Transistors (JFETs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 841 1067 873">– <i>Vertical Junction Field Effect Transistors (VJFETs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 892 1135 959">– <i>Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistors (MOSFETs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 978 1135 1045">– <i>Double Diffused Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor (DMOSFET)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1064 951 1096">– <i>Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1115 989 1148">– <i>High Electron Mobility Transistors (HEMTs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1167 878 1199">– <i>Bipolar Junction Transistors (BJTs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1218 1067 1250">– <i>Thyristors and Silicon Controlled Rectifiers (SCRs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1269 849 1302">– <i>Gate Turn-Off Thyristors (GTOs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1321 878 1353">– <i>Emitter Turn-Off Thyristors (ETOs)</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1372 588 1405">– <i>PiN Diodes</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 1424 642 1456">– <i>Schottky Diodes</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="337 1477 417 1509"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 1528 1135 1629"><i>Category Code 3A001.h. does not include switches, diodes, or ‘modules’, incorporated into equipment designed for civil automobile, civil railway or “civil aircraft” applications.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 1648 521 1681"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="411 335 1159 434"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.h., ‘modules’ contain one or more solid-state power semiconductor switches or diodes.</i></p> <p data-bbox="380 458 1159 557">i. Intensity, amplitude, or phase electro-optic modulators, designed for analogue signals and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="444 582 1159 1182" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="444 582 1159 801">1. A maximum operating frequency of more than 10 GHz but less than 20 GHz, an optical insertion loss equal to or less than 3 dB and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="494 738 1159 891" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 738 1159 801">a. A ‘half-wave voltage’ (<math>V\pi</math>) less than 2.7 V when measured at a frequency of 1 GHz or below; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="494 820 1159 891">b. A <math>V\pi</math> of less than 4 V when measured at a frequency of more than 1 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="444 910 1159 1182">2. A maximum operating frequency equal to or greater than 20 GHz, an optical insertion loss equal to or less than 3 dB and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="494 1030 1159 1182" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 1030 1159 1092">a. A <math>V\pi</math> less than 3.3 V when measured at a frequency of 1 GHz or below; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="494 1111 1159 1182">b. A <math>V\pi</math> less than 5 V when measured at a frequency of more than 1 GHz.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="411 1201 471 1233"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1252 1159 1353"><i>Category Code 3A001.i. includes electro-optic modulators having optical input and output connectors (e.g. fibre-optic pigtails).</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1372 592 1405"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1424 1159 1563"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A001.i., a ‘half-wave voltage’ (<math>V\pi</math>) is the applied voltage necessary to make a phase change of 180 degrees in the wavelength of light propagating through the optical modulator.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3A002	<p data-bbox="336 337 1132 401">General purpose “electronic assemblies”, modules and equipment, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="336 424 1005 455">a. Recording equipment and oscilloscopes, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="413 476 1132 972" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 476 565 506">1. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="413 527 565 557">2. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="413 578 565 609">3. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="413 630 565 660">4. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="413 681 565 712">5. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="413 733 1132 972">6. Digital data recorders having both of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="462 820 1132 972" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 820 1132 885">a. A sustained ‘continuous throughput’ of more than 6.4 Gbit/s to disk or solid-state drive memory; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="462 906 1132 972">b. “Signal processing” of the radio frequency signal data while it is being recorded;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="447 993 639 1024"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="447 1045 1012 1075"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.a.6.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="462 1096 1132 1386" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 1096 1132 1199">1. <i>For recorders with a parallel bus architecture, the ‘continuous throughput’ rate is the highest word rate multiplied by the number of bits in a word.</i></li> <li data-bbox="462 1220 1132 1386">2. <i>‘Continuous throughput’ is the fastest data rate the instrument can record to disk or solid-state drive memory without the loss of any information while sustaining the input digital data rate or digitiser conversion rate.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="413 1407 1132 1580">7. Real-time oscilloscopes having a vertical root-mean-square (rms) noise voltage of less than 2% of full-scale at the vertical scale setting that provides the lowest noise value for any input 3 dB bandwidth of 60 GHz or greater per channel;</p> <p data-bbox="336 1601 400 1631"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="447 1652 1132 1717"><i>Category Code 3A002.a.7. does not include equivalent-time sampling oscilloscopes.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. “Signal analysers”, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Signal analysers” having a 3 dB resolution bandwidth (RBW) exceeding 40 MHz anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 31.8 GHz but not exceeding 37 GHz;</li> <li>2. “Signal analysers” having a Displayed Average Noise Level (DANL) less (better) than -150 dBm/Hz anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 43.5 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> <li>3. “Signal analysers” having a frequency exceeding 90 GHz;</li> <li>4. “Signal analysers” having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. ‘Real-time bandwidth’ exceeding 170 MHz; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 100% probability of discovery with less than a 3 dB reduction from full amplitude due to gaps or windowing effects of signals having a duration of 15 µs or less; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A ‘frequency mask trigger’ function with 100% probability of trigger (capture) for signals having a duration of 15 µs or less;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.c.4.a., ‘real-time bandwidth’ is the widest frequency range for which the analyser can continuously transform time-domain data entirely into frequency-domain results, using a Fourier or other discrete time transform that processes every incoming time point, without a reduction of measured amplitude of more than 3 dB below the actual signal amplitude caused by gaps or windowing effects, while outputting or displaying the transformed data.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="512 338 1131 477">2. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.c.4.b.1., probability of discovery is also referred to as probability of intercept or probability of capture.</p> <p data-bbox="512 496 1131 668">3. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.c.4.b.1., the duration for 100% probability of discovery is equivalent to the minimum signal duration necessary for the specified level measurement uncertainty.</p> <p data-bbox="512 687 1131 997">4. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.c.4.b.2., a ‘frequency mask trigger’ is a mechanism where the trigger function is able to select a frequency range to be triggered on as a subset of the acquisition bandwidth while ignoring other signals that may also be present within the same acquisition bandwidth. A ‘frequency mask trigger’ may contain more than one independent set of limits.</p> <p data-bbox="341 1016 400 1049"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1068 1131 1169">Category Code 3A002.c.4. does not include those “signal analysers” using only constant percentage bandwidth filters (also known as octave or fractional octave filters).</p> <p data-bbox="411 1188 565 1220">5. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="341 1239 1123 1271">d. Signal generators having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="411 1290 1131 1429">1. Specified to generate pulse-modulated signals having both of the following characteristics, anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 31.8 GHz but not exceeding 37 GHz:</p> <p data-bbox="462 1448 973 1481">a. ‘Pulse duration’ of less than 25 ns; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 1500 999 1532">b. On/off ratio equal to or exceeding 65 dB;</p> <p data-bbox="411 1551 1131 1652">2. An output power exceeding 100 mW (20 dBm) anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 43.5 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. A “frequency switching time” as specified by any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Not used;</li> <li>b. Less than 100 <math>\mu\text{s}</math> for any frequency change exceeding 2.2 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 4.8 GHz but not exceeding 31.8 GHz;</li> <li>c. Not used;</li> <li>d. Less than 500 <math>\mu\text{s}</math> for any frequency change exceeding 550 MHz within the frequency range exceeding 31.8 GHz but not exceeding 37 GHz;</li> <li>e. Less than 100 <math>\mu\text{s}</math> for any frequency change exceeding 2.2 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 37 GHz but not exceeding 75 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>f. Not used;</li> <li>g. Less than 100 <math>\mu\text{s}</math> for any frequency change exceeding 5.0 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 75 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> </ul> <p>4. A Single Sideband (SSB) phase noise, in dBc/Hz, specified as being either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Less (better) than <math>-(126 + 20\log_{10}F - 20\log_{10}f)</math> anywhere within the range of <math>10 \text{ Hz} \leq F \leq 10 \text{ kHz}</math> anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 3.2 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Less (better) than <math>-(206 - 20\log_{10}f)</math> anywhere within the range of <math>10 \text{ kHz} &lt; F \leq 100 \text{ kHz}</math> anywhere within the frequency range exceeding 3.2 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> </ul> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.d.4., <math>F</math> is the offset from the operating frequency in Hz and <math>f</math> is the operating frequency in MHz.</i></p> <p>5. An ‘RF modulation bandwidth’ of digital baseband signals as specified by any of the following:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Exceeding 2.2 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 4.8 GHz but not exceeding 31.8 GHz;</p> <p>b. Exceeding 550 MHz within the frequency range exceeding 31.8 GHz but not exceeding 37 GHz;</p> <p>c. Exceeding 2.2 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 37 GHz but not exceeding 75 GHz; <u>or</u></p> <p>d. Exceeding 5.0 GHz within the frequency range exceeding 75 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz; <u>or</u></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.d.5., 'RF modulation bandwidth' is the Radio Frequency (RF) bandwidth occupied by a digitally encoded baseband signal modulated onto an RF signal. It is also referred to as information bandwidth or vector modulation bandwidth. I/Q digital modulation is the technical method for producing a vector-modulated RF output signal, and that output signal is typically specified as having an 'RF modulation bandwidth'.</i></p> <p>6. A maximum frequency exceeding 90 GHz;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.d., the term signal generators includes arbitrary waveform and function generators.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A002.d. does not include equipment in which the output frequency is either produced by the addition or subtraction of two or more crystal oscillator frequencies, or by an addition or subtraction followed by a multiplication of the result.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>1. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.d., the maximum frequency of an arbitrary waveform or function generator is calculated by dividing the sample rate, in samples per second, by a factor of 2.5.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="440 338 1163 510">2. For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.d.1.a., ‘pulse duration’ is defined as the time interval from the point on the leading edge that is 50% of the pulse amplitude to the point on the trailing edge that is 50% of the pulse amplitude.</p> <p data-bbox="373 529 1163 561">e. Network analysers having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 580 1163 923" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 580 1163 681">1. An output power exceeding 31.62 mW (15 dBm) anywhere within the operating frequency range exceeding 43.5 GHz but not exceeding 90 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="440 700 1163 801">2. An output power exceeding 1 mW (0 dBm) anywhere within the operating frequency range exceeding 90 GHz but not exceeding 110 GHz;</li> <li data-bbox="440 820 1163 923">3. ‘Non-linear vector measurement functionality’ at frequencies exceeding 50 GHz but not exceeding 110 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 942 553 974"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="475 993 1163 1165"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.e.3., ‘non-linear vector measurement functionality’ is an instrument’s ability to analyse the test results of devices driven into the large-signal domain or the non-linear distortion range.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="440 1184 1163 1218" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1184 1163 1218">4. A maximum operating frequency exceeding 110 GHz;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1237 1163 1304">f. Microwave test receivers having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1323 1163 1475" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1323 1163 1389">1. A maximum operating frequency exceeding 110 GHz; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 1408 1163 1475">2. Being capable of measuring amplitude and phase simultaneously;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1494 1163 1527">g. Atomic frequency standards being any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1546 1163 1666" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1546 1163 1580">1. “Space-qualified”;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1599 1163 1666">2. Non-rubidium and having a long-term stability less (better) than <math>1 \times 10^{-11}</math>/month; <u>or</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Non-“space-qualified” and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Being a rubidium standard;</li> <li>b. Long-term stability less (better) than <math>1 \times 10^{-11}</math>/month; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. Total power consumption of less than 1 W;</li> </ul> <p>h. “Electronic assemblies”, modules or equipment, specified to perform both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Analogue-to-digital conversions meeting any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A resolution of 8 bit or more, but less than 10 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1.3 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li>b. A resolution of 10 bit or more, but less than 12 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li>c. A resolution of 12 bit or more, but less than 14 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 1 giga samples per second (GSPS);</li> <li>d. A resolution of 14 bit or more but less than 16 bit, with a “sample rate” greater than 400 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>or</u></li> <li>e. A resolution of 16 bit or more with a “sample rate” greater than 180 mega samples per second (MSPS); <u>and</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output of digitised data;</li> <li>b. Storage of digitised data; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Processing of digitised data.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><u>N.B.</u>  <i>Digital data recorders, oscilloscopes, “signal analysers”, signal generators, network analysers and microwave test receivers are</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="364 338 1158 405"><i>specified in Category Codes 3A002.a.6., 3A002.a.7., 3A002.c., 3A002.d., 3A002.e. and 3A002.f., respectively.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 426 606 456"><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 476 955 508"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3A002.h.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="440 527 1165 1062" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 527 1165 594"><i>1. A resolution of <math>n</math> bit corresponds to a quantisation of <math>2^n</math> levels.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 613 1165 748"><i>2. The resolution of the ADC is the number of bits of the digital output of the ADC that represents the measured analogue input. Effective Number of Bits (ENOB) is not used to determine the resolution of the ADC.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 767 1165 902"><i>3. For non-interleaved multiple-channel “electronic assemblies”, modules, or equipment, the “sample rate” is not aggregated and the “sample rate” is the maximum rate of any single-channel.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 921 1165 1056"><i>4. For interleaved channels on multiple-channel “electronic assemblies”, modules, or equipment, the “sample rates” are aggregated and the “sample rate” is the maximum combined total rate of all the interleaved channels.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1081 427 1111"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1130 1158 1233"><i>Category Code 3A002.h. includes ADC cards, waveform digitisers, data acquisition cards, signal acquisition boards and transient recorders.</i></p>
3A003	<p data-bbox="364 1309 1158 1509">Spray cooling thermal management systems employing closed loop fluid handling and reconditioning equipment in a sealed enclosure where a dielectric fluid is sprayed onto electronic components using specially designed spray nozzles that are designed to maintain electronic components within their operating temperature range, and specially designed components therefor.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3A101	<p>Electronic equipment, devices and components, other than those specified in Category Code 3A001, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Analogue-to-Digital Converters (ADCs), usable in “missiles”, designed to meet military specifications for ruggedised equipment;</li> <li>b. Accelerators capable of delivering electromagnetic radiation produced by bremsstrahlung from accelerated electrons of 2 MeV or greater, and systems containing those accelerators.</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A101.b. does not include equipment specially designed for medical purposes.</i></p>
3A102	<p>‘Thermal batteries’ designed or modified for ‘missiles’.</p> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>In Category Code 3A102, ‘thermal batteries’ are single use batteries that contain a solid non-conducting inorganic salt as the electrolyte. These batteries incorporate a pyrolytic material that, when ignited, melts the electrolyte and activates the battery.</i></li> <li>2. <i>In Category Code 3A102, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></li> </ol>
3A201	<p>Electronic components, other than those specified in Category Code 3A001, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capacitors having either of the following sets of characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. a. Voltage rating greater than 1.4 kV;</li> <li>b. Energy storage greater than 10 J;</li> <li>c. Capacitance greater than 0.5 <math>\mu</math>F; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. Series inductance less than 50 nH; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. a. Voltage rating greater than 750 V;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="494 338 995 371">b. Capacitance greater than 0.25 <math>\mu\text{F}</math>; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="494 390 951 422">c. Series inductance less than 10 nH;</p> <p data-bbox="373 441 1159 508">b. Superconducting solenoidal electromagnets having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 527 1159 750" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 527 1116 559">1. Capable of creating magnetic fields greater than 2 T;</li> <li data-bbox="440 578 1076 611">2. A ratio of length to inner diameter greater than 2;</li> <li data-bbox="440 630 975 662">3. Inner diameter greater than 300 mm; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 681 1159 750">4. Magnetic field uniform to better than 1% over the central 50% of the inner volume;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="366 769 427 801"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 820 1159 1096"><i>Category Code 3A201.b. does not include magnets specially designed for and exported ‘as parts of’ medical nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) imaging systems. For this purpose, the magnets and NMR imaging systems may be part of the same shipment or in separate shipments from different sources, provided the related export documents clearly specify that the separate shipments are dispatched ‘as part of’ the imaging systems.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1115 1159 1182">c. Flash X-ray generators or pulsed electron accelerators having either of the following sets of characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="431 1201 1159 1460" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 1201 1159 1327">1. <ol data-bbox="494 1201 1159 1327" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 1201 1159 1269">a. An accelerator peak electron energy of 500 keV or greater but less than 25 MeV; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="494 1289 1134 1327">b. With a ‘figure of merit’ (K) of 0.25 or greater; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="431 1346 1159 1460">2. <ol data-bbox="494 1346 1159 1460" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 1346 1159 1414">a. An accelerator peak electron energy of 25 MeV or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="494 1433 982 1460">b. A ‘peak power’ greater than 50 MW.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="366 1479 427 1511"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1530 1159 1664"><i>Category Code 3A201.c. does not include accelerators that are component parts of devices designed for purposes other than electron beam or X-ray radiation (e.g. electron microscopy) nor those designed for medical purposes.</i></p> <p data-bbox="366 1683 561 1715"><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p>1. The 'figure of merit' (<math>K</math>) is defined as:</p> $K = 1.7 \times 10^3 V^{2.65} Q$ <p><math>V</math> is the peak electron energy in million electron volts.</p> <p>If the accelerator beam pulse duration is less than or equal to <math>1 \mu\text{s}</math>, then <math>Q</math> is the total accelerated charge in Coulombs. If the accelerator beam pulse duration is greater than <math>1 \mu\text{s}</math>, then <math>Q</math> is the maximum accelerated charge in <math>1 \mu\text{s}</math>.</p> <p><math>Q</math> equals the integral of <math>i</math> with respect to <math>t</math>, over the lesser of <math>1 \mu\text{s}</math> or the time duration of the beam pulse (<math>Q = \int idt</math>), where <math>i</math> is beam current in amperes and <math>t</math> is time in seconds.</p> <p>2. 'Peak power' = (peak potential in volts) <math>\times</math> (peak beam current in amperes).</p> <p>3. In machines based on microwave accelerating cavities, the time duration of the beam pulse is the lesser of <math>1 \mu\text{s}</math> or the duration of the bunched beam packet resulting from one microwave modulator pulse.</p> <p>4. In machines based on microwave accelerating cavities, the peak beam current is the average current in the time duration of a bunched beam packet.</p>
3A225	<p>Frequency changers or generators, other than those specified in Category Code 0B001.b.13., usable as a variable or fixed frequency motor drive, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p>1. "Software" specially designed to enhance or release the performance of a frequency changer or generator to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225 is specified in Category Code 3D225.</p> <p>2. "Technology" in the form of codes or keys to enhance or release the performance of a frequency changer or generator to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225 is specified in Category Code 3E225.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Multiphase output providing a power of 40 VA or greater;</p> <p>b. Operating at a frequency of 600 Hz or more; <u>and</u></p> <p>c. Frequency control better (less) than 0.2%.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A225 does not include frequency changers or generators if they have hardware, “software” or “technology” constraints that limit the performance to less than that specified above, provided they meet any of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. They need to be returned to the original manufacturer to make the enhancements or release the constraints;</i></li> <li><i>2. They require “software” as specified in Category Code 3D225 to enhance or release the performance to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>3. They require “technology” in the form of keys or codes as specified in Category Code 3E225 to enhance or release the performance to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225.</i></li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. Frequency changers in Category Code 3A225 are also known as converters or inverters.</i></li> <li><i>2. Frequency changers in Category Code 3A225 may be marketed as Generators, Electronic Test Equipment, AC Power Supplies, Variable Speed Motors Drives, Variable Speed Drives (VSDs), Variable Frequency Drives (VFDs), Adjustable Frequency Drives (AFDs) or Adjustable Speed Drives (ASDs).</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3A226	<p>High-power direct current power supplies, other than those specified in Category Code 0B001.j.6., having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capable of continuously producing, over a time period of 8 hours, 100 V or greater with current output of 500 A or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Current or voltage stability better than 0.1% over a time period of 8 hours.</li> </ol>
3A227	<p>High-voltage direct current power supplies, other than those specified in Category Code 0B001.j.5., having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Capable of continuously producing, over a time period of 8 hours, 20 kV or greater with current output of 1 A or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Current or voltage stability better than 0.1% over a time period of 8 hours.</li> </ol>
3A228	<p>Switching devices, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cold-cathode tubes, whether gas filled or not, operating similarly to a spark gap, having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Containing three or more electrodes;</li> <li>2. Anode peak voltage rating of 2.5 kV or more;</li> <li>3. Anode peak current rating of 100 A or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Anode delay time of 10 µs or less;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A228.a. includes gas krytron tubes and vacuum spraytron tubes.</i></p> </li> <li>b. Triggered spark gaps having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An anode delay time of 15 µs or less; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3A229	<p>2. Rated for a peak current of 500 A or more;</p> <p>c. Modules or assemblies with a fast switching function, other than those specified in Category Code 3A001.g. or 3A001.h., having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Anode peak voltage rating greater than 2 kV;</li> <li>2. Anode peak current rating of 500 A or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Turn-on time of 1 <math>\mu</math>s or less.</li> </ol> <p>High-current pulse generators as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Detonator firing sets (initiator systems, firesets), including electronically-charged, explosively-driven and optically-driven firing sets, other than those specified in Category Code 1A007.a., designed to drive multiple controlled detonators specified in Category Code 1A007.b.;</li> <li>b. Modular electrical pulse generators (pulsers) having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed for portable, mobile, or ruggedised-use;</li> <li>2. Capable of delivering their energy in less than 15 <math>\mu</math>s into loads of less than 40 ohms;</li> <li>3. Having an output greater than 100 A;</li> <li>4. No dimension greater than 30 cm;</li> <li>5. Weight less than 30 kg; <u>and</u></li> <li>6. Specified for use over an extended temperature range 223 K (-50 °C) to 373 K (100 °C) or specified as suitable for aerospace applications;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3A229.b. includes xenon flash-lamp drivers.</i></p> <p>c. Micro-firing units having all of the following characteristics:</p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3A230	<p>1. No dimension greater than 35 mm;</p> <p>2. Voltage rating of equal to or greater than 1 kV; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. Capacitance of equal to or greater than 100 nF.</p> <p>High-speed pulse generators, and ‘pulse heads’ therefor, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Output voltage greater than 6 V into a resistive load of less than 55 ohms; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. ‘Pulse transition time’ less than 500 ps.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. In Category Code 3A230, ‘pulse transition time’ is defined as the time interval between 10% and 90% voltage amplitude.</p> <p>2. ‘Pulse heads’ are impulse forming networks designed to accept a voltage step function and shape it into a variety of pulse forms that can include rectangular, triangular, step, impulse, exponential or monocyte types. ‘Pulse heads’ can be an integral part of the pulse generator, they can be a plug-in module to the device or they can be an externally connected device.</p>
3A231	<p>Neutron generator systems, including tubes, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Designed for operation without an external vacuum system; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Utilising either of the following:</p> <p>1. Electrostatic acceleration to induce a tritium-deuterium nuclear reaction; <u>or</u></p> <p>2. Electrostatic acceleration to induce a deuterium-deuterium nuclear reaction and capable of an output of <math>3 \times 10^9</math> neutrons/s or greater.</p>
3A232	<p>Multipoint initiation systems, other than those specified in Category Code 1A007, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><u><i>N.B.</i></u>  <i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i>  <i>See Category Code 1A007.b. for detonators.</i></p> <p>a. Not used;</p> <p>b. Arrangements using single or multiple detonators designed to nearly simultaneously initiate an explosive surface over an area greater than 5,000 mm<sup>2</sup> from a single firing signal with an initiation timing spread over the surface of less than 2.5 µs.</p> <p><u><i>Note</i></u>  <i>Category Code 3A232 does not include detonators using only primary explosives, such as lead azide.</i></p>
3A233	<p>Mass spectrometers, other than those specified in Category Code 0B002.g., capable of measuring ions of 230 u or greater and having a resolution of better than 2 parts in 230, as follows, and ion sources therefor:</p> <p>a. Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometers (ICP/MS);</p> <p>b. Glow discharge mass spectrometers (GDMS);</p> <p>c. Thermal ionisation mass spectrometers (TIMS);</p> <p>d. Electron bombardment mass spectrometers having both of the following features:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A molecular beam inlet system that injects a collimated beam of analyte molecules into a region of the ion source where the molecules are ionised by an electron beam; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. One or more ‘cold traps’ that can be cooled to a temperature of 193 K (-80 °C);</li> </ol> <p>e. Not used;</p> <p>f. Mass spectrometers equipped with a microfluorination ion source designed for actinides or actinide fluorides.</p> <p><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. <i>Electron bombardment mass spectrometers in Category Code 3A233.d. are also known as electron impact mass spectrometers or electron ionisation mass spectrometers.</i></p> <p>2. <i>In Category Code 3A233.d.2., a ‘cold trap’ is a device that traps gas molecules by condensing or freezing them on cold surfaces. For the purpose of Category Code 3A233.d.2., a closed-loop gaseous helium cryogenic vacuum pump is not a ‘cold trap’.</i></p>
3A234	<p>Striplines to provide low inductance path to detonators with the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Voltage rating greater than 2 kV; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Inductance of less than 20 nH.</p>
<b>3B</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b>
3B001	<p>Equipment for the manufacturing of semiconductor devices or materials, as follows and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B226.</i></p> <p>a. Equipment designed for epitaxial growth, as follows:</p> <p>1. Equipment designed or modified to produce a layer of any material other than silicon with a thickness uniform to less than <math>\pm 2.5\%</math> across a distance of 75 mm or more;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3B001.a.1. includes Atomic Layer Epitaxy (ALE) equipment.</i></p> <p>2. Metal Organic Chemical Vapour Deposition (MOCVD) reactors designed for compound semiconductor epitaxial growth of material having two or more of the following elements: aluminium, gallium, indium, arsenic, phosphorus, antimony, or nitrogen;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Molecular beam epitaxial growth equipment using gas or solid sources;</p> <p>b. Equipment designed for ion implantation and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Being designed and optimised to operate at a beam energy of 20 keV or more and a beam current of 10 mA or more for hydrogen, deuterium or helium implant;</li> <li>3. Direct write capability;</li> <li>4. A beam energy of 65 keV or more and a beam current of 45 mA or more for high energy oxygen implant into a heated semiconductor material “substrate”; <u>or</u></li> <li>5. Being designed and optimised to operate at a beam energy of 20 keV or more and a beam current of 10 mA or more for silicon implant into a semiconductor material “substrate” heated to 600 °C or greater;</li> </ol> <p>c. Not used;</p> <p>d. Not used;</p> <p>e. Automatic loading multi-chamber central wafer handling systems, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Interfaces for wafer input and output, to which more than two functionally different ‘semiconductor process tools’ specified in Category Code 3B001.a.1., 3B001.a.2., 3B001.a.3. or 3B001.b. are designed to be connected; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Designed to form an integrated system in a vacuum environment for ‘sequential multiple wafer processing’;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3B001.e. does not include automatic robotic wafer handling systems specially designed for parallel wafer processing.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For the purpose of Category Code 3B001.e.1., ‘semiconductor process tools’ refers to modular tools</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>that provide physical processes for semiconductor production that are functionally different, such as deposition, implant or thermal processing.</i></p> <p>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 3B001.e.2., ‘sequential multiple wafer processing’ means the capability to process each wafer in different ‘semiconductor process tools’, such as by transferring each wafer from one tool to a second tool and on to a third tool with the automatic loading multi-chamber central wafer handling systems.</i></p> <p>f. <i>Lithography equipment as follows:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Align and expose step and repeat (direct step on wafer) or step and scan (scanner) equipment for wafer processing using photo-optical or X-ray methods and having either of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>A light source wavelength shorter than 193 nm; or</i></li> <li>b. <i>Capable of producing a pattern with a “Minimum Resolvable Feature size” (MRF) of 45 nm or less;</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3B001.f.1.b., the “Minimum Resolvable Feature size” (MRF) is calculated by the following formula:</i></p> $\text{MRF} = \frac{\left[ \frac{\text{an exposure light source wavelength in nm}}{\text{numerical aperture}} \right] \times [\text{K factor}]}$ <p><i>where the K factor = 0.35</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. <i>Imprint lithography equipment capable of producing features of 45 nm or less;</i></li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3B001.f.2. includes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Micro contact printing tools</i></li> <li>– <i>Hot embossing tools</i></li> <li>– <i>Nano-imprint lithography tools</i></li> <li>– <i>Step and Flash Imprint Lithography (S-FIL) tools</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Equipment specially designed for mask making having both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A deflected focused electron beam, ion beam or “laser” beam; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Having any of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A Full-Width Half-Maximum (FWHM) spot size smaller than 65 nm and an image placement less than 17 nm (mean + 3 sigma); <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Not used;</li> <li>3. A second-layer overlay error of less than 23 nm (mean + 3 sigma) on the mask;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>4. Equipment designed for device processing using direct writing methods, having both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A deflected focused electron beam; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A minimum beam size equal to or smaller than 15 nm; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. An overlay error less than 27 nm (mean + 3 sigma);</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>g. Masks and reticles, designed for integrated circuits specified in Category Code 3A001;</p> <p>h. Multi-layer masks with a phase shift layer not specified in Category Code 3B001.g. and designed to be used by lithography equipment having a light source wavelength less than 245 nm;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3B001.h. does not include multi-layer masks with a phase shift layer designed for the fabrication of memory devices not specified in Category Code 3A001.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For mask and reticles, specially designed for optical sensors, see Category Code 6B002.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>i. Imprint lithography templates designed for integrated circuits specified in Category Code 3A001;</p> <p>j. Mask “substrate blanks” with multilayer reflector structure consisting of molybdenum and silicon, and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed for ‘Extreme Ultraviolet’ (‘EUV’) lithography; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Compliant with SEMI Standard P37.</li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><i><u>Technical Note</u></i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3B001.j., ‘Extreme Ultraviolet’ (‘EUV’) refers to electromagnetic spectrum wavelengths greater than 5 nm and less than 124 nm.</i></p>
3B002	<p>Test equipment specially designed for testing finished or unfinished semiconductor devices as follows and specially designed components and accessories therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. For testing S-parameters of items specified in Category Code 3A001.b.3.;</li> <li>b. Not used;</li> <li>c. For testing items specified in Category Code 3A001.b.2.</li> </ol>
<b>3C</b>	<b>Materials</b>
3C001	<p>Hetero-epitaxial materials consisting of a “substrate” having stacked epitaxially grown multiple layers of any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Silicon (Si);</li> <li>b. Germanium (Ge);</li> <li>c. Silicon carbide (SiC);</li> <li>d. “III/V compounds” of gallium or indium;</li> <li>e. Gallium Oxide (Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>); <u>or</u></li> <li>f. Diamond.</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="370 338 427 367"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 388 1159 559"><i>Category Code 3C001.d. does not apply to a “substrate” having one or more P-type epitaxial layers of GaN, InGaN, AlGaN, InAlN, InAlGaN, GaP, GaAs, AlGaAs, InP, InGaP, AlInP or InGaAlP, independent of the sequence of the elements, except if the P-type epitaxial layer is between N-type layers.</i></p>
3C002	<p data-bbox="370 630 1159 693">Resist materials as follows and “substrates” coated with the following resists:</p> <p data-bbox="370 715 1123 744">a. Resists designed for semiconductor lithography as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="444 767 1159 953" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="444 767 1159 864">1. Positive resists adjusted (optimised) for use at wavelengths less than 193 nm but equal to or greater than 15 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="444 887 1159 953">2. Resists adjusted (optimised) for use at wavelengths less than 15 nm but greater than 1 nm;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="370 976 1159 1039">b. All resists designed for use with electron beams or ion beams, with a sensitivity of 0.01 <math>\mu\text{coulomb}/\text{mm}^2</math> or better;</p> <p data-bbox="370 1062 529 1090">c. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="370 1113 1069 1142">d. All resists optimised for surface imaging technologies;</p> <p data-bbox="370 1165 1159 1262">e. All resists designed or optimised for use with imprint lithography equipment specified in Category Code 3B001.f.2. that use either a thermal or photo-curable process.</p>
3C003	<p data-bbox="370 1338 861 1367">Organo-inorganic compounds as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="370 1389 1159 1452">a. Organo-metallic compounds of aluminium, gallium or indium, having a purity (metal basis) better than 99.999%;</p> <p data-bbox="370 1475 1159 1572">b. Organo-arsenic, organo-antimony and organo-phosphorus compounds, having a purity (inorganic element basis) better than 99.999%.</p> <p data-bbox="370 1595 427 1624"><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<i>Category Code 3C003 only includes compounds whose metallic, partly metallic or non-metallic element is directly linked to carbon in the organic part of the molecule.</i>
3C004	<p>Hydrides of phosphorus, arsenic or antimony, having a purity better than 99.999%, even diluted in inert gases or hydrogen.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 3C004 does not include hydrides containing 20% molar or more of inert gases or hydrogen.</i></p>
3C005	<p>High resistivity materials as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Silicon carbide (SiC), gallium nitride (GaN), aluminium nitride (AlN), aluminium gallium nitride (AlGaN), gallium oxide (Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) or diamond semiconductor “substrates”, or ingots, boules, or other preforms of those materials, having resistivities greater than 10,000 ohm-cm at 20 °C;</li> <li>b. Polycrystalline “substrates” or polycrystalline ceramic “substrates”, having resistivities greater than 10,000 ohm-cm at 20 °C and having at least one non-epitaxial single-crystal layer of silicon (Si), silicon carbide (SiC), gallium nitride (GaN), aluminium nitride (AlN), aluminium gallium nitride (AlGaN), gallium oxide (Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) or diamond on the surface of the “substrate”.</li> </ol>
3C006	<p>Materials, not specified in Category Code 3C001, consisting of a “substrate” specified in Category Code 3C005 with at least one epitaxial layer of silicon carbide (SiC), gallium nitride (GaN), aluminium nitride (AlN), aluminium gallium nitride (AlGaN), gallium oxide (Ga<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>) or diamond.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>3D</b>	<b>Software</b>
3D001	“Software” specially designed for the “development” or “production” of equipment specified in Category Codes 3A001.b. to 3A002.h. or Category 3B.
3D002	“Software” specially designed for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 3B001.a. to f., 3B002 or 3A225.
3D003	‘Computational lithography’ “software” specially designed for the “development” of patterns on EUV-lithography masks or reticles.  <i>Technical Note</i>  <i>For the purpose of Category Code 3D003, ‘computational lithography’ is the use of computer modelling to predict, correct, optimise and verify imaging performance of the lithography process over a range of patterns, processes, and system conditions.</i>
3D004	“Software” specially designed for the “development” of equipment specified in Category Code 3A003.
3D005	“Software” specially designed to restore normal operation of a microcomputer, “microprocessor microcircuit” or “microcomputer microcircuit” within 1 ms after an Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) or Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) disruption, without loss of continuation of operation.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3D006	<p data-bbox="333 335 1130 510">‘Electronic Computer-Aided Design’ (‘ECAD’) “software” specially designed for the “development” of integrated circuits having any “Gate-All-Around Field-Effect Transistor” (‘GAAFET’) structure, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="340 529 1123 630">a. Specially designed for implementing ‘Register Transfer Level’ (‘RTL’) to ‘Geometrical Database Standard II’ (‘GDSII’) or equivalent standard; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="340 649 1116 681">b. Specially designed for optimisation of power or timing rules.</p> <p data-bbox="333 700 528 733"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 752 850 784"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3D006:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="340 803 1137 1220" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="340 803 1137 934">1. ‘Electronic Computer-Aided Design’ (‘ECAD’) is a category of “software” tools used for designing, analysing, optimising, and validating the performance of integrated circuit or printed circuit board.</li> <li data-bbox="340 953 1137 1085">2. ‘Register Transfer Level’ (‘RTL’) is a design abstraction which models a synchronous digital circuit in terms of the flow of digital signals between hardware registers, and the logical operations performed on those signals.</li> <li data-bbox="340 1104 1137 1220">3. ‘Geometrical Database Standard II’ (‘GDSII’) is a database file format for data exchange of integrated circuit or integrated circuit layout artwork.</li> </ol>
3D101	<p data-bbox="333 1287 1130 1353">“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 3A101.b.</p>
3D225	<p data-bbox="333 1420 1130 1525">“Software” specially designed to enhance or release the performance of frequency changers or generators to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225.</p>
<b>3E</b>	<b>Technology</b>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3E001	<p data-bbox="365 337 1165 439">“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of equipment or materials specified in Category 3A, 3B or 3C.</p> <p data-bbox="365 458 447 491"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="365 510 1165 576"><i>Category Code 3E001 does not include “technology” for equipment or components specified in Category Code 3A003.</i></p> <p data-bbox="365 595 447 628"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="365 647 1165 750"><i>Category Code 3E001 does not include “technology” for integrated circuits specified in Category Codes 3A001.a.3. to 3A001.a.12., having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="365 769 975 801"><i>a. Using “technology” at or above 0.13 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="365 820 1165 887"><i>b. Incorporating multi-layer structures with three or fewer metal layers.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="365 906 447 938"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="365 957 1165 1090"><i>Category Code 3E001 does not include ‘Process Design Kits’ (‘PDKs’) unless they include libraries implementing functions or technologies for items specified in Category Code 3A001.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1110 592 1142"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1161 1165 1481"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3E001 Note 3, a ‘Process Design Kit’ (‘PDK’) is a software tool provided by a semiconductor manufacturer to ensure that the required design practices and rules are taken into account in order to successfully produce a specific integrated circuit design in a specific semiconductor process, in accordance with technological and manufacturing constraints (each semiconductor manufacturing process has its particular ‘PDK’).</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3E002	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) other than that specified in Category Code 3E001, for the “development” or “production” of a “microprocessor microcircuit”, “microcomputer microcircuit” or microcontroller microcircuit core, having an Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) with an access width of 32 bits or more and any of the following features or characteristics:</p> <p>a. A ‘vector processor unit’ designed to perform more than two calculations on ‘floating-point’ vectors (one-dimensional arrays of 32-bit or larger numbers) simultaneously;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3E002.a., a ‘vector processing unit’ is a processor element with built-in instructions that perform multiple calculations on ‘floating-point’ vectors (one-dimensional arrays of 32-bit or larger numbers) simultaneously, having at least one vector Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU) and vector registers of at least 32 elements each.</i></p> <p>b. Designed to perform more than four 64-bit or larger ‘floating-point’ operation results per cycle; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Designed to perform more than eight 16-bit ‘fixed-point’ multiply-accumulate results per cycle (e.g. digital manipulation of analogue information that has been previously converted into digital form, also known as digital “signal processing”).</p> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <p><i>1. For the purposes of Category Codes 3E002.a. and 3E002.b., ‘floating-point’ is defined by Ref. IEEE-754.</i></p> <p><i>2. For the purpose of Category Code 3E002.c., ‘fixed-point’ refers to a fixed-width real number with both an integer component and a fractional component, and which does not include integer-only formats.</i></p> <p><i>Note 1</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 3E002 does not include “technology” for multimedia extensions.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3E003	<p data-bbox="364 338 448 369"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 388 1163 491"><i>Category Code 3E002 does not include “technology” for micro-processor cores, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="364 510 973 540"><i>a. Using “technology” at or above 0.13 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="364 559 1163 624"><i>b. Incorporating multi-layer structures with five or fewer metal layers.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="364 649 448 679"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 698 1163 801"><i>Category Code 3E002 includes “technology” for the “development” or “production” of digital signal processors and digital array processors.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 868 1163 932">Other “technology” for the “development” or “production” of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="364 957 811 988">a. Vacuum microelectronic devices;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1007 1163 1110">b. Hetero-structure semiconductor electronic devices such as High Electron Mobility Transistors (HEMT), Hetero-Bipolar Transistors (HBT), quantum well and super lattice devices;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="364 1134 427 1165"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="364 1184 1163 1348"><i>Category Code 3E003.b. does not include “technology” for High Electron Mobility Transistors (HEMT) operating at frequencies lower than 31.8 GHz and hetero-junction bipolar transistors (HBT) operating at frequencies lower than 31.8 GHz.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="364 1372 870 1403">c. “Superconductive” electronic devices;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1422 1010 1452">d. Substrates of diamond for electronic components;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1471 1163 1536">e. Substrates of Silicon-On-Insulator (SOI) for integrated circuits in which the insulator is silicon dioxide;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1555 1083 1586">f. Substrates of silicon carbide for electronic components;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1605 1163 1669">g. “Vacuum electronic devices” operating at frequencies of 31.8 GHz or higher;</li> <li data-bbox="364 1688 1069 1719">h. Substrates of gallium oxide for electronic components.</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
3E004	<p>“Technology” “required” for the slicing, grinding and polishing of 300 mm diameter silicon wafers to achieve a ‘Site Front least sQuares Range’ (‘SFQR’) less than or equal to 20 nm at any site of 26 mm × 8 mm on the front surface of the wafer and an edge exclusion less than or equal to 2 mm.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 3E004, ‘SFQR’ is the range of maximum deviation and minimum deviation from front reference plane, calculated by least square method with all front surface data including site boundary within a site.</i></p>
3E101	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment or “software” specified in Category Code 3A001.a.1. or 2., 3A101, 3A102 or 3D101.</p>
3E102	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of “software” specified in Category Code 3D101.</p>
3E201	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Codes 3A001.e.2., 3A001.e.3., 3A001.g., 3A201, 3A225 to 3A234.</p>
3E225	<p>“Technology”, in the form of codes or keys, to enhance or release the performance of frequency changers or generators to meet the characteristics of Category Code 3A225.</p>



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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*


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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
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**CATEGORY 4 — COMPUTERS**


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Note 1

*Computers, related equipment and “software” performing telecommunications or “local area network” functions with the performance characteristics in Category 5, Part 1 (Telecommunications) are also treated as coming within that Category.*

Note 2

*Control units which directly interconnect the buses or channels of Central Processing Units (CPUs), ‘main storage’ or disk controllers are not regarded as telecommunications equipment described in Category 5, Part 1 (Telecommunications).*

N.B.

*For “software” specially designed for packet switching, see Category Code 5D001.*

Technical Note

*For the purpose of Note 2, ‘main storage’ is the primary storage for data or instructions for rapid access by a central processing unit. It consists of the internal storage of a “digital computer” and any hierarchical extension thereto, such as cache storage or non-sequentially accessed extended storage.*

<b>4A</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
4A001	<p>Electronic computers and related equipment, having the following characteristic, and “electronic assemblies” and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 4A101.</i></p> <p>a. Specially designed to have either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Rated for operation at an ambient temperature below 228 K (-45 °C) or above 358 K (85 °C); <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
4A003	<p data-bbox="431 338 1130 439"><i>Category Code 4A001.a.1. does not apply to computers specially designed for civil automobile, railway train or “civil aircraft” applications.</i></p> <p data-bbox="393 462 1130 525">2. Radiation hardened to exceed any of the following specifications:</p> <p data-bbox="444 548 1063 578">a. Total Dose <math>5 \times 10^3</math> Gy (silicon);</p> <p data-bbox="444 595 1116 628">b. Dose Rate Upset <math>5 \times 10^6</math> Gy (silicon)/s; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 647 1076 679">c. Single Event Upset <math>1 \times 10^{-8}</math> Error/bit/day;</p> <p data-bbox="340 702 400 733"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="431 755 1130 818"><i>Category Code 4A001.a.2. does not include computers specially designed for “civil aircraft” applications.</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 841 494 872">b. Not used.</p> <p data-bbox="333 942 1130 1043">“Digital computers”, “electronic assemblies” and related equipment therefor, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="333 1064 417 1094"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1115 884 1146"><i>Category Code 4A003 includes the following:</i></p> <ul data-bbox="346 1167 955 1405" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– ‘Vector processors’;</li> <li>– Array processors;</li> <li>– Digital signal processors;</li> <li>– Logic processors;</li> <li>– Equipment designed for “image enhancement”.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="333 1426 417 1456"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1477 1130 1578"><i>The control status of the “digital computers” and related equipment described in Category Code 4A003 is determined by the control status of other equipment or systems provided:</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 1599 1130 1662">a. The “digital computers” or related equipment are essential for the operation of the other equipment or systems;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="373 338 1163 407"><i>b. The “digital computers” or related equipment are not a “principal element” of the other equipment or systems; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="373 426 444 458"><u><i>N.B. 1</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 477 1163 649"><i>The control status of “signal processing” or “image enhancement” equipment specially designed for other equipment with functions limited to those required for the other equipment is determined by the control status of the other equipment even if it exceeds the “principal element” criterion.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 668 444 700"><u><i>N.B. 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 719 1163 820"><i>For the control status of “digital computers” or related equipment for telecommunications equipment, see Category 5, Part 1 (Telecommunications).</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 839 1163 908"><i>c. The “technology” for the “digital computers” and related equipment is determined by Category 4E.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 927 529 959"><i>a. Not used;</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 978 1163 1047"><i>b. “Digital computers” having an “Adjusted Peak Performance” (“APP”) exceeding 70 Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT);</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1066 1163 1201"><i>c. “Electronic assemblies” specially designed or modified for enhancing performance by aggregation of processors so that the “APP” of the aggregation exceeds the limit specified in Category Code 4A003.b.;</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1220 444 1252"><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1271 1163 1410"><i>Category Code 4A003.c. includes only “electronic assemblies” and programmable interconnections not exceeding the limit specified in Category Code 4A003.b. when shipped as unintegrated “electronic assemblies”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1429 494 1462"><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1481 1163 1620"><i>Category Code 4A003.c. does not include “electronic assemblies” specially designed for a product or family of products whose maximum configuration does not exceed the limit specified in Category Code 4A003.b.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1639 529 1671"><i>d. Not used;</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1690 529 1723"><i>e. Not used;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
4A004	<p>f. Not used;</p> <p>g. Equipment specially designed for aggregating the performance of “digital computers” by providing external interconnections which allows communications at unidirectional data rates exceeding 2 Gbyte/s per link.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 4A003.g. does not include internal interconnection equipment (e.g. backplanes and buses), passive interconnection equipment, “network access controllers” or “communications channel controllers”.</i></p> <p>Computers as follows and specially designed related equipment, “electronic assemblies” and components therefor:</p> <p>a. ‘Systolic array computers’;</p> <p>b. ‘Neural computers’;</p> <p>c. ‘Optical computers’.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 4A004.a., ‘systolic array computers’ are computers where the flow and modification of the data is dynamically controllable at the logic gate level by the user.</i></p> <p>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 4A004.b., ‘neural computers’ are computational devices designed or modified to mimic the behaviour of a neuron or a collection of neurons, i.e. computational devices which are distinguished by their hardware capability to modulate the weights and numbers of the interconnections of a multiplicity of computational components based on previous data.</i></p> <p>3. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 4A004.c., ‘optical computers’ are computers designed or modified to use light to represent data and whose computational logic elements are based on directly coupled optical devices.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
4A005	Systems, equipment and components therefor, specially designed or modified for the generation, command and control, or delivery of “intrusion software”.
4A101	Analogue computers, “digital computers” or digital differential analysers, other than those specified in Category Code 4A001.a.1., which are ruggedised and designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.
4A102	Hybrid computers specially designed for modelling, simulation or design integration of space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.
	<u>Note</u> <i>Category Code 4A102 only extends to equipment supplied with “software” specified in Category Code 7D103 or 9D103.</i>
<b>4B</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b> None.
<b>4C</b>	<b>Materials</b> None.
<b>4D</b>	<b>Software</b> <u>Note</u> <i>For “software” for equipment described in other Categories, please see the appropriate Category.</i>
4D001	“Software” as follows:

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development” or “production” of equipment or “software” specified in Category Codes 4A001 to 4A004, or Category 4D;</p> <p>b. “Software”, other than that specified in Category Code 4D001.a., specially designed or modified for the “development” or “production” of equipment, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Digital computers” having an “Adjusted Peak Performance” (“APP”) exceeding 24 Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT);</li> <li>2. “Electronic assemblies” specially designed or modified for enhancing performance by aggregation of processors so that the “APP” of the aggregation exceeds the limit in Category Code 4D001.b.1.</li> </ol>
4D002	Not used.
4D003	Not used.
4D004	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the generation, command and control, or delivery of “intrusion software”.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 4D004 does not include “software” specially designed and limited to providing “software” updates or upgrades having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. The update or upgrade operates only with the authorisation of the owner or administrator of the system receiving it; <u>and</u></i></li> <li><i>b. After the update or upgrade, the “software” updated or upgraded is not any of the following:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. “Software” specified in Category Code 4D004; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>2. “Intrusion software”.</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<p><b>4E</b></p> <p>4E001</p>	<p><b>Technology</b></p> <p>“Technology” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment or “software” specified in Category 4A or 4D;</li> <li>b. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note), other than that specified in Category Code 4E001.a., for the “development” or “production” of equipment as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Digital computers” having an “Adjusted Peak Performance” (“APP”) exceeding 24 Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT);</li> <li>2. “Electronic assemblies” specially designed or modified for enhancing performance by aggregation of processors so that the “APP” of the aggregation exceeds the limit in Category Code 4E001.b.1.;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. “Technology” for the “development” of “intrusion software”.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Codes 4E001.a. and 4E001.c. do not include “vulnerability disclosure” or “cyber incident response”.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Note 1 does not diminish the rights of the competent authority of the country in which the exporter is established to ascertain compliance with Category Codes 4E001.a. and 4E001.c.</i></p>

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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

## TECHNICAL NOTE ON “ADJUSTED PEAK PERFORMANCE” (“APP”)

“APP” is an adjusted peak rate at which “digital computers” perform 64-bit or larger floating-point additions and multiplications.

“APP” is expressed in Weighted TeraFLOPS (WT), in units of  $10^{12}$  adjusted Floating-Point Operations (FPO) per second.

Abbreviations used in this Technical Note

n	number of processors in the “digital computer”
i	processor number (i,...n)
$t_i$	processor cycle time ( $t_i = 1/F_i$ )
$F_i$	processor frequency
$R_i$	peak floating-point calculating rate
$W_i$	architecture adjustment factor

Outline of “APP” calculation method

1. For each processor i, determine the peak number of 64-bit or larger Floating-Point Operations (FPO),  $FPO_i$ , performed per cycle for each processor in the “digital computer”.

Note

*In determining FPO, include only 64-bit or larger floating-point additions or multiplications. All Floating-Point Operations (FPO) must be expressed in operations per processor cycle; operations requiring multiple cycles may be expressed in fractional results per cycle. For processors not capable of performing calculations on floating-point operands of 64-bit or more, the effective calculating rate R is zero.*

2. Calculate the floating-point rate R for each processor  $R_i = FPO_i/t_i$ .
3. Calculate “APP” as “APP” =  $W_1 \times R_1 + W_2 \times R_2 + \dots + W_n \times R_n$ .
4. For ‘vector processors’,  $W_i = 0.9$ . For non-‘vector processors’,  $W_i = 0.3$ .

Note 1

*For processors that perform compound operations in a cycle, such as addition and multiplication, each operation is counted.*

Note 2



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THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

*For a pipelined processor the effective calculating rate R is the faster of the pipelined rate, once the pipeline is full, or the non-pipelined rate.*

Note 3

*The calculating rate R of each contributing processor is to be calculated at its maximum value theoretically possible before the “APP” of the combination is derived. Simultaneous operations are assumed to exist when the computer manufacturer claims concurrent, parallel or simultaneous operation or execution in a manual or brochure for the computer.*

Note 4

*Do not include processors that are limited to input/output and peripheral functions (e.g. disk drive, communication and video display) when calculating “APP”.*

Note 5

*“APP” values are not to be calculated for processor combinations (inter) connected by “Local Area Networks”, Wide Area Networks, I/O shared connections/devices, I/O controllers and any communication interconnection implemented by “software”.*

Note 6

*“APP” values must be calculated for processor combinations containing processors specially designed to enhance performance by aggregation, operating simultaneously and sharing memory.*

Technical Notes

- 1. Aggregate all processors and accelerators operating simultaneously and located on the same die.*
- 2. Processor combinations share memory when any processor is capable of accessing any memory location in the system through the hardware transmission of cache lines or memory words, without the involvement of any software mechanism, which may be achieved using “electronic assemblies” specified in Category Code 4A003.c.*

Note 7

*A ‘vector processor’ is defined as a processor with built-in instructions that perform multiple calculations on floating-point vectors (one-dimensional arrays of 64-bit or larger numbers) simultaneously, having at least 2 vector functional units and at least 8 vector registers of at least 64 elements each.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 5 — TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND “INFORMATION SECURITY”</b>	
<b>Part 1 — TELECOMMUNICATIONS</b>	
<i>Note 1</i>	
<i>Category 5, Part 1 concerns components, test and “production” equipment and “software”, therefor which are specially designed for telecommunications equipment or systems.</i>	
<i>N.B.</i>	
<i>For “lasers” specially designed for telecommunications equipment or systems, see Category Code 6A005.</i>	
<i>Note 2</i>	
<i>“Digital computers”, related equipment or “software”, when essential for the operation and support of telecommunications equipment described in this Category, are regarded as specially designed components for the purposes of this Category, provided they are the standard models customarily supplied by the manufacturer. This includes operation, administration, maintenance, engineering or billing computer systems.</i>	
<b>5A1</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
5A001	Telecommunications systems, equipment, components and accessories, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Any type of telecommunications equipment having any of the following characteristics, functions or features:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed to withstand transitory electronic effects or electromagnetic pulse effects, both arising from a nuclear explosion;</li> <li>2. Specially hardened to withstand gamma, neutron or ion radiation;</li> <li>3. Specially designed to operate below 218 K (-55 °C); <u>or</u></li> <li>4. Specially designed to operate above 397 K (124 °C);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Note 1</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="462 335 1159 401"><i>Category Codes 5A001.a.3. and 5A001.a.4. apply only to electronic equipment.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 424 448 453"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 474 1159 573"><i>Category Codes 5A001.a.2., 5A001.a.3. and 5A001.a.4. do not include equipment designed or modified for use on board satellites.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 595 1159 694">b. Telecommunications systems and equipment, and specially designed components and accessories therefor, having any of the following characteristics, functions or features:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 717 1159 1700" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 717 1159 784">1. Being underwater untethered communications systems having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="478 807 1159 1129" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="478 807 1159 873">a. An acoustic carrier frequency outside the range from 20 kHz to 60 kHz;</li> <li data-bbox="478 892 1159 959">b. Using an electromagnetic carrier frequency below 30 kHz;</li> <li data-bbox="478 978 1159 1007">c. Using electronic beam steering techniques; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="478 1026 1159 1129">d. Using “lasers” or light-emitting diodes (LEDs) with an output wavelength greater than 400 nm and less than 700 nm, in a “local area network”;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="427 1151 1159 1250">2. Being radio equipment operating in the 1.5 MHz to 87.5 MHz band and having both of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="478 1273 1159 1700" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="478 1273 1159 1372">a. Automatically predicting and selecting frequencies and “total digital transfer rates” per channel to optimise the transmission; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="478 1395 1159 1700">b. Incorporating a linear power amplifier configuration having a capability to support multiple signals simultaneously at an output power of 1 kW or more in the frequency range of 1.5 MHz or more but less than 30 MHz, or 250 W or more in the frequency range of 30 MHz or more but not exceeding 87.5 MHz, over an “instantaneous bandwidth” of one octave or more and with an output harmonic and distortion content of better than -80 dB;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="395 338 1131 477">3. Being radio equipment employing “spread spectrum” techniques, including “frequency hopping” techniques, other than those specified in Category Code 5A001.b.4. and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="444 496 964 529">a. User programmable spreading codes; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 548 1131 649">b. A total transmitted bandwidth which is 100 or more times the bandwidth of any one information channel and in excess of 50 kHz;</p> <p data-bbox="341 668 400 700"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="481 719 1131 820"><i>Category Code 5A001.b.3.b. does not apply to radio equipment specially designed for use with any of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 839 1067 872">a. <i>Civil cellular radio-communications systems; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="444 891 1131 953">b. <i>Fixed or mobile satellite earth stations for commercial civil telecommunications.</i></p> <p data-bbox="431 972 490 1005"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="431 1024 1131 1087"><i>Category Code 5A001.b.3. does not include equipment designed to operate at an output power of 1 W or less.</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 1106 1131 1283">4. Being radio equipment employing ultra-wideband modulation techniques, having user programmable channelising codes, scrambling codes or network identification codes and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="444 1302 932 1334">a. A bandwidth exceeding 500 MHz; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1353 995 1386">b. A “fractional bandwidth” of 20% or more;</p> <p data-bbox="395 1405 1131 1467">5. Being digitally controlled radio receivers having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="444 1487 870 1519">a. Have more than 1,000 channels;</p> <p data-bbox="444 1538 1032 1570">b. A ‘channel switching time’ of less than 1 ms;</p> <p data-bbox="444 1589 1131 1652">c. Automatic searching or scanning of a part of the electromagnetic spectrum; <u>and</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Identification of the received signals or the type of transmitter; <u>or</u></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 5A001.b.5. does not include radio equipment specially designed for use with civil cellular radio-communications systems.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A001.b.5.b., ‘channel switching time’ means the time (i.e. delay) to change from one receiving frequency to another, to arrive at or within <math>\pm 0.05\%</math> of the final specified receiving frequency. Items having a specified frequency range of less than <math>\pm 0.05\%</math> around their centre frequency are defined to be incapable of channel frequency switching.</i></p> <p>6. Employing functions of digital “signal processing” to provide ‘voice coding’ output at rates of less than 700 bit/s;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>1. For variable rate ‘voice coding’, Category Code 5A001.b.6. applies to the ‘voice coding’ output of continuous speech.</i></li> <li><i>2. For the purpose of Category Code 5A001.b.6., ‘voice coding’ is defined as the technique to take samples of human voice and then convert these samples into a digital signal, taking into account specific characteristics of human speech.</i></li> </ol> <p>c. Optical fibres of more than 500 m in length and specified by the manufacturer as being capable of withstanding a ‘proof test’ tensile stress of <math>2 \times 10^9</math> N/m<sup>2</sup> or more;</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For underwater umbilical cables, see Category Code 8A002.a.3.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A001.c., ‘proof test’ is the on-line or off-line production screen testing that dynamically</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="377 335 1131 540"><i>applies a prescribed tensile stress over a 0.5 m to 3 m length of fibre at a running rate of 2 m/s to 5 m/s while passing between capstans approximately 150 mm in diameter. The ambient temperature is a nominal 293 K (20 °C) and relative humidity 40%. Equivalent national standards may be used for executing the proof test.</i></p> <p data-bbox="344 563 1096 592">d. ‘Electronically steerable phased array antennae’ as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="397 614 1131 1043" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="397 614 1131 750">1. Rated for operation above 31.8 GHz, but not exceeding 57 GHz, and having an Effective Radiated Power (ERP) equal to or greater than +20 dBm (22.15 dBm Effective Isotropic Radiated Power (EIRP));</li> <li data-bbox="397 773 1131 872">2. Rated for operation above 57 GHz, but not exceeding 66 GHz, and having an ERP equal to or greater than +24 dBm (26.15 dBm EIRP);</li> <li data-bbox="397 894 1131 993">3. Rated for operation above 66 GHz, but not exceeding 90 GHz, and having an ERP equal to or greater than +20 dBm (22.15 dBm EIRP);</li> <li data-bbox="397 1016 857 1043">4. Rated for operation above 90 GHz;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="337 1066 417 1094"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 1117 1131 1252"><i>Category Code 5A001.d. does not include ‘electronically steerable phased array antennae’ for landing systems with instruments meeting ICAO standards covering Microwave Landing Systems (MLS).</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 1275 417 1304"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 1327 1131 1391"><i>Category Code 5A001.d. does not include antennae specially designed for any of the following:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="397 1414 1131 1582" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="397 1414 1096 1443">a. <i>Civil cellular or WLAN radio-communications systems;</i></li> <li data-bbox="397 1466 915 1494">b. <i>Ref. IEEE 802.15 or wireless HDMI; or</i></li> <li data-bbox="397 1517 1131 1582">c. <i>Fixed or mobile satellite earth stations for commercial civil telecommunications.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="377 1605 561 1633"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 1656 1131 1721"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A001.d., ‘electronically steerable phased array antenna’ is an antenna which forms a</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>beam by means of phase coupling, (i.e. the beam direction is controlled by the complex excitation coefficients of the radiating elements) and the direction of that beam can be varied (both in transmission and reception) in azimuth or in elevation, or both, by application of an electrical signal.</i></p> <p>e. Radio direction finding equipment operating at frequencies above 30 MHz and having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Instantaneous bandwidth” of 10 MHz or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Capable of finding a Line Of Bearing (LOB) to non-cooperating radio transmitters with a signal duration of less than 1 ms;</li> </ol> <p>f. Mobile telecommunications interception or jamming equipment, and monitoring equipment therefor, as follows, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Interception equipment designed for the extraction of voice or data, transmitted over the air interface;</li> <li>2. Interception equipment not specified in Category Code 5A001.f.1., designed for the extraction of client device or subscriber identifiers (e.g. IMSI, TIMSI or IMEI), signalling, or other metadata transmitted over the air interface;</li> <li>3. Jamming equipment specially designed or modified to intentionally and selectively interfere with, deny, inhibit, degrade or seduce mobile telecommunication services and performing any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Simulate the functions of Radio Access Network (RAN) equipment;</li> <li>b. Detect and exploit specific characteristics of the mobile telecommunications protocol employed (e.g. GSM); <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Exploit specific characteristics of the mobile telecommunications protocol employed (e.g. GSM);</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="395 338 1132 439">4. RF monitoring equipment designed or modified to identify the operation of items specified in Category Code 5A001.f.1., 5A001.f.2. or 5A001.f.3.;</p> <p data-bbox="337 462 397 491"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 510 1132 576"><i>Category Codes 5A001.f.1. and 5A001.f.2. do not include any of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 595 1132 696"><i>a. Equipment specially designed for the interception of analogue Private Mobile Radio (PMR), Ref. IEEE 802.11 WLAN;</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 715 1132 782"><i>b. Equipment designed for mobile telecommunications network operators; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="395 801 1132 902"><i>c. Equipment designed for the “development” or “production” of mobile telecommunications equipment or systems.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 925 413 953"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 972 935 1001"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 1024 413 1052"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 1071 995 1100"><i>For radio receivers, see Category Code 5A001.b.5.</i></p> <p data-bbox="344 1129 1132 1268">g. Passive Coherent Location (PCL) systems or equipment, specially designed for detecting and tracking moving objects by measuring reflections of ambient Radio Frequency (RF) emissions, supplied by non-radar transmitters;</p> <p data-bbox="337 1287 518 1315"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 1334 1132 1435"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A001.g., non-radar transmitters may include commercial radio, television or cellular telecommunications base stations.</i></p> <p data-bbox="337 1458 397 1487"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 1506 1132 1572"><i>Category Code 5A001.g. does not include either of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 1591 848 1620"><i>a. Radio-astronomical equipment; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="395 1639 1132 1705"><i>b. Systems or equipment, that require any radio transmission from the target.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="373 338 1166 405">h. Counter Improvised Explosive Device (IED) equipment and related equipment, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 424 1166 719" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 424 1166 567">1. Radio Frequency (RF) transmitting equipment, not specified in Category Code 5A001.f., designed or modified for prematurely activating or preventing the initiation of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs);</li> <li data-bbox="427 576 1166 719">2. Equipment using techniques designed to enable radio communications in the same frequency channels on which co-located equipment specified in Category Code 5A001.h.1. is transmitting;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 738 420 767"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="413 786 971 824"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 843 528 872">i. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="373 891 1166 995">j. Internet Protocol (IP) network communications surveillance systems or equipment, and specially designed components therefor, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="427 1014 1166 1566" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1014 1166 1348">1. Performing all of the following on a carrier class Internet Protocol (IP) network (e.g. national grade IP backbone): <ol data-bbox="481 1100 1166 1348" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1100 1166 1205">a. Analysis at the application layer (e.g. Layer 7 of Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model (Ref. ISO/IEC 7498-1));</li> <li data-bbox="481 1224 1166 1290">b. Extraction of selected metadata and application content (e.g. voice, video, messages, attachments); <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="481 1309 891 1348">c. Indexing of extracted data; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="427 1357 1166 1566">2. Being specially designed to carry out both of the following: <ol data-bbox="481 1414 1166 1566" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1414 1166 1481">a. Execution of searches on the basis of “hard selectors”; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="481 1500 1166 1566">b. Mapping of the relational network of an individual or of a group of people.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1586 427 1614"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="413 1633 1166 1700"><i>Category Code 5A001.j. does not include systems or equipment, specially designed for any of the following:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
5A101	<p data-bbox="395 338 884 477"> <i>a. Marketing purpose;</i>  <i>b. Network Quality of Service (QoS); or</i>  <i>c. Quality of Experience (QoE).</i> </p> <p data-bbox="334 544 1132 611">Telemetry and telecontrol equipment, including ground equipment, designed or modified for ‘missiles’.</p> <p data-bbox="334 630 516 658"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="334 677 1132 776"><i>In Category Code 5A101, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <p data-bbox="334 801 395 830"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="334 849 821 877"><i>Category Code 5A101 does not include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 906 1132 1144"> <i>a. Equipment designed or modified for manned aircraft or satellites;</i>  <i>b. Ground based equipment designed or modified for terrestrial or marine applications;</i>  <i>c. Equipment designed for commercial, civil or ‘Safety of Life’ (e.g. data integrity, flight safety) GNSS services.</i> </p>
<b>5B1</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b>
5B001	<p data-bbox="334 1268 1132 1328">Telecommunications test, inspection and production equipment, components and accessories, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="341 1353 1132 1487"> <i>a. Equipment and specially designed components or accessories therefor, specially designed for the “development” or “production” of equipment, functions or features, specified in Category Code 5A001;</i> </p> <p data-bbox="334 1511 395 1540"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 1559 1132 1626"><i>Category Code 5B001.a. does not include optical fibre characterisation equipment.</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 1645 1132 1711"> <i>b. Equipment and specially designed components or accessories therefor, specially designed for the “development” of any of the</i> </p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>following telecommunication transmission or switching equipment:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1,750 nm; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Not used;</li> <li>c. Not used;</li> <li>d. Employing analogue techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Category Code 5B001.b.2.d. does not include equipment specially designed for the “development” of commercial TV systems.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Not used;</li> <li>4. Radio equipment employing Quadrature-Amplitude-Modulation (QAM) techniques above level 1,024;</li> <li>5. Not used.</li> </ol>
<b>5C1</b>	<p><b>Materials</b></p> <p>None.</p>
<b>5D1</b>	<p><b>Software</b></p>
5D001	<p>“Software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment, functions or features, specified in Category Code 5A001;</li> <li>b. Not used;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Specific “software” specially designed or modified to provide characteristics, functions or features of equipment, specified in Category Code 5A001 or 5B001;</p> <p>d. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development” of any of the following telecommunication transmission or switching equipment:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1,750 nm; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Employing analogue techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>Category Code 5D001.d.2.b. does not include “software” specially designed or modified for the “development” of commercial TV systems.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Not used;</li> <li>4. Radio equipment employing Quadrature-Amplitude-Modulation (QAM) techniques above level 1,024.</li> </ol> <p>e. “Software”, other than that specified in Category Code 5D001.a. or 5D001.c., specially designed or modified for monitoring or analysis by law enforcement, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Execution of searches on the basis of “hard selectors” of either the content of communication or metadata acquired from a communications service provider using a ‘handover interface’; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Mapping of the relational network or tracking the movement of targeted individuals based on the results of searches on content of communication or metadata or searches as described in Category Code 5D001.e.1.</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 1166 753">1. For the purpose of Category Code 5D001.e., a ‘handover interface’ is a physical and logical interface, designed for use by an authorised law enforcement authority, across which targeted interception measures are requested from a communications service provider and the results of interception are delivered from a communications service provider to the requesting authority. The ‘handover interface’ is implemented within systems or equipment (e.g. mediation devices) that receive and validate the interception request, and deliver to the requesting authority only the results of interception that fulfil the validated request.</p> <p data-bbox="427 773 1166 910">2. ‘Handover interfaces’ may be specified by international standards (including but not limited to Ref. ETSI TS 101 331, Ref. ETSI TS 101 671, Ref. 3GPP TS 33.108) or national equivalents.</p> <p data-bbox="411 929 471 959"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 978 1166 1043">Category Code 5D001.e. does not include “software” specially designed or modified for any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 1062 669 1092">a. Billing purposes;</li> <li data-bbox="427 1111 878 1142">b. Network Quality of Service (QoS);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1161 817 1191">c. Quality of Experience (QoE);</li> <li data-bbox="427 1210 731 1241">d. Mediation devices; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="427 1260 852 1290">e. Mobile payment or banking use.</li> </ul>
5D101	“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 5A101.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<p><b>5E1</b></p> <p>5E001</p>	<p><b>Technology</b></p> <p>“Technology”, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development”, “production” or “use” (excluding operation) of equipment, functions or features specified in Category Code 5A001 or “software” specified in Category Code 5D001.a. or 5D001.e.;</li> <li>b. Specific “technology” as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Technology” “required” for the “development” or “production” of telecommunications equipment specially designed to be used on board satellites;</li> <li>2. “Technology” for the “development” or “use” of “laser” communication techniques with the capability of automatically acquiring and tracking signals and maintaining communications through exoatmosphere or sub-surface (water) media;</li> <li>3. “Technology” for the “development” of digital cellular radio base station receiving equipment whose reception capabilities that allow multi-band, multi-channel, multi-mode, multi-coding algorithm or multi-protocol operation can be modified by changes in “software”;</li> <li>4. “Technology” for the “development” of “spread spectrum” techniques, including “frequency hopping” techniques;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 5E001.b.4. does not apply to “technology” for the “development” of either of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Civil cellular radio-communications systems; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>b. Fixed or mobile satellite earth stations for commercial civil telecommunications.</i></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 338 1163 401">2. Equipment employing a “laser” and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="478 426 1163 453">a. A transmission wavelength exceeding 1,750 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="478 477 1163 504">b. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="478 529 1163 555">c. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="478 580 1163 681">d. Employing wavelength division multiplexing techniques of optical carriers at less than 100 GHz spacing; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="478 706 1163 769">e. Employing analogue techniques and having a bandwidth exceeding 2.5 GHz;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="373 793 431 820"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="516 845 1163 908"><i>Category Code 5E001.c.2.e. does not include “technology” for commercial TV systems.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 932 424 959"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="462 984 1163 1079"><i>For “technology” for the “development” or “production” of non-telecommunications equipment employing a laser, see Category 6E.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1104 1163 1167">3. Equipment employing “optical switching” and having a switching time less than 1 ms;</p> <p data-bbox="427 1191 1163 1254">4. Radio equipment having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="478 1279 1163 1342">a. Quadrature-Amplitude-Modulation (QAM) techniques above level 1,024;</li> <li data-bbox="478 1367 1163 1429">b. Operating at input or output frequencies exceeding 31.8 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="373 1454 431 1481"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="516 1506 1163 1664"><i>Category Code 5E001.c.4.b. does not include “technology” for equipment designed or modified for operation in any frequency band which is “allocated by the ITU” for radio-communications services, but not for radio-determination.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Operating in the 1.5 MHz to 87.5 MHz band and incorporating adaptive techniques providing more than 15 dB suppression of an interfering signal; <u>or</u></p> <p>5. Not used;</p> <p>6. Mobile equipment having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Operating at an optical wavelength greater than or equal to 200 nm and less or equal to 400 nm; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Operating as a “local area network”;</p> <p>d. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of “Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit” (“MMIC”) amplifiers specially designed for telecommunications and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5E001.d., the parameter peak saturated power output may also be referred to on product data sheets as output power, saturated power output, maximum power output, peak power output, or peak envelope power output.</i></p> <p>1. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 15%, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A peak saturated power output greater than 75 W (48.75 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.7 GHz up to and including 2.9 GHz;</p> <p>b. A peak saturated power output greater than 55 W (47.4 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 2.9 GHz up to and including 3.2 GHz;</p> <p>c. A peak saturated power output greater than 40 W (46 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.2 GHz up to and including 3.7 GHz; <u>or</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. A peak saturated power output greater than 20 W (43 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 3.7 GHz up to and including 6.8 GHz;</p> <p>2. Rated for operation at frequencies exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 16 GHz with a “fractional bandwidth” greater than 10%, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A peak saturated power output greater than 10 W (40 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 6.8 GHz up to and including 8.5 GHz; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A peak saturated power output greater than 5 W (37 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 8.5 GHz up to and including 16 GHz;</p> <p>3. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 3 W (34.77 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 16 GHz up to and including 31.8 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p>4. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 31.8 GHz up to and including 37 GHz;</p> <p>5. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 1 W (30 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 37 GHz up to and including 43.5 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p>6. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 31.62 mW (15 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 43.5 GHz up to and including 75 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 10%;</p> <p>7. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 10 mW (10 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 75 GHz up to and including 90 GHz, and with a “fractional bandwidth” of greater than 5%; <u>or</u></p> <p>8. Rated for operation with a peak saturated power output greater than 0.1 nW (-70 dBm) at any frequency exceeding 90 GHz;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
5E101	<p>e. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of electronic devices and circuits, specially designed for telecommunications and containing components manufactured from “superconductive” materials, specially designed for operation at temperatures below the “critical temperature” of at least one of the “superconductive” constituents and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Current switching for digital circuits using “superconductive” gates with a product of delay time per gate (in seconds) and power dissipation per gate (in watts) of less than <math>10^{-14}</math> J; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Frequency selection at all frequencies using resonant circuits with Q-values exceeding 10,000.</li> </ol> <p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 5A101.</p>

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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*


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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
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**Part 2 — “INFORMATION SECURITY”**
Note 1

*Not used.*

Note 2

*Category 5, Part 2 does not include products when accompanying their user for the user’s personal use.*

Note 3*Cryptography Note*

*Category Codes 5A002, 5D002.a.1., 5D002.b. and 5D002.c.1. do not include goods as follows:*

- a. Goods that meet all of the following:*
  - 1. Generally available to the public by being sold, without restriction, from stock at retail selling points by means of any of the following:*
    - a. Over-the-counter transactions;*
    - b. Mail order transactions;*
    - c. Electronic transactions; or*
    - d. Telephone call transactions;*
  - 2. The cryptographic functionality cannot easily be changed by the user; and*
  - 3. Designed for installation by the user without further substantial support by the supplier;*
- b. Hardware components or ‘executable software’, of existing goods described in paragraph a. of this Note, that have been designed for these existing items, meeting all of the following:*
  - 1. “Information security” is not the primary function or set of functions of the component or ‘executable software’;*
  - 2. The component or ‘executable software’ does not change any cryptographic functionality of the existing items, or add new cryptographic functionality to the existing items; and*
  - 3. The feature set of the component or ‘executable software’ is fixed and is not designed or modified to customer specification.*

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="185 338 366 369"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="227 390 1130 491"><i>For the purpose of the Cryptography Note, ‘executable software’ means “software” in executable form, from an existing hardware component excluded from Category Code 5A002 by the Cryptography Note.</i></p> <p data-bbox="185 512 243 542"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="229 563 1130 628"><i>‘Executable software’ does not include complete binary images of the “software” running on an end-item.</i></p> <p data-bbox="185 649 559 679"><u>Note to the Cryptography Note</u></p> <ol data-bbox="243 700 1130 1125" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="243 700 1076 731">1. <i>To meet paragraph a. of Note 3, both of the following must apply:</i> <ol data-bbox="292 752 1130 972" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="292 752 1130 818">a. <i>The item is of potential interest to a wide range of individuals and businesses; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="292 839 1130 972">b. <i>The price and information about the main functionality of the item are available before purchase without the need to consult the vendor or supplier. A simple price enquiry is not considered to be a consultation.</i></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="243 993 1130 1125">2. <i>In determining eligibility of paragraph a. of Note 3, factors such as quantity, price, required technical skill, existing sales channels, typical customers, typical use or any exclusionary practices of the supplier may be taken into account.</i></li> </ol>
<p data-bbox="220 1150 276 1180"><b>5A2</b></p> <p data-bbox="206 1201 290 1231">5A002</p>	<p data-bbox="333 1150 817 1180"><b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b></p> <p data-bbox="333 1201 1130 1266">“Information security” systems, equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="364 1287 420 1317"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1338 1130 1471"><i>For “satellite navigation system” receiving equipment containing or employing decryption, see Category Code 7A005 and for related decryption “software” and “technology”, see Category Codes 7D005 and 7E001.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="341 1492 1130 1715" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="341 1492 1130 1667">a. <i>Designed or modified to use ‘cryptography for data confidentiality’ having a ‘described security algorithm’, where that cryptographic capability is usable, has been activated, or can be activated by any means other than secure “cryptographic activation”, as follows:</i> <ol data-bbox="391 1688 1130 1715" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="391 1688 1130 1715">1. <i>Items having “information security” as a primary function;</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. Digital communication or networking systems, equipment or components, not specified in Category Code 5A002.a.1.;</p> <p>3. Computers, other items having information storage or processing as a primary function, and components therefor, not specified in Category Code 5A002.a.1. or 5A002.a.2.;</p> <p><u>N.B.</u> <i>For operating systems, see also Category Codes 5D002.a.1. and 5D002.c.1.</i></p> <p>4. Items, not specified in Category Codes 5A002.a.1. to 5A002.a.3., where the ‘cryptography for data confidentiality’ having a ‘described security algorithm’ has both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. It supports a non-primary function of the item; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. It is performed by incorporated equipment or “software” that would, as a standalone item, be specified in Category 5, Part 2;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a., ‘cryptography for data confidentiality’ means “cryptography” that employs digital techniques and performs any cryptographic function other than any of the following:</i></p> <p>a. <i>“Authentication”;</i></p> <p>b. <i>Digital signature;</i></p> <p>c. <i>Data integrity;</i></p> <p>d. <i>Non-repudiation;</i></p> <p>e. <i>Digital rights management, including the execution of copy-protected “software”;</i></p> <p>f. <i>Encryption or decryption in support of entertainment, mass commercial broadcasts or medical records management; <u>or</u></i></p> <p>g. <i>Key management in support of any function described in paragraphs a. to f. above.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="391 337 1132 405">2. For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a., ‘described security algorithm’ means any of the following:</p> <p data-bbox="440 424 1132 493">a. A “symmetric algorithm” employing a key length in excess of 56 bits, not including parity bits;</p> <p data-bbox="440 512 1132 580">b. An “asymmetric algorithm” where the security of the algorithm is based on any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 599 1132 904" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 599 1132 668">1. Factorisation of integers in excess of 512 bits (e.g. RSA);</li> <li data-bbox="440 687 1132 790">2. Computation of discrete logarithms in a multiplicative group of a finite field of size greater than 512 bits (e.g. Diffie-Hellman over <math>Z/pZ</math>); <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 809 1132 904">3. Discrete logarithms in a group other than mentioned in paragraph b.2. in excess of 112 bits (e.g. Diffie-Hellman over an elliptic curve); <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="440 923 1132 991">c. An “asymmetric algorithm” where the security of the algorithm is based on any of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1011 1132 1285" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1011 1132 1113">1. Shortest vector or closest vector problems associated with lattices (e.g. NewHope, Frodo, NTRUEncrypt, Kyber, Titanium);</li> <li data-bbox="440 1132 1132 1237">2. Finding isogenies between Supersingular elliptic curves (e.g. Supersingular Isogeny Key Encapsulation); <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="440 1256 1132 1285">3. Decoding random codes (e.g. McEliece, Niederreiter).</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="340 1304 521 1332"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="478 1361 1132 1456"><i>An algorithm described by Technical Note 2.c. may be referred to as being post-quantum, quantum-safe or quantum-resistant.</i></p> <p data-bbox="377 1475 458 1504"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="377 1532 1132 1666"><i>When necessary as determined by the appropriate authority in the exporter’s country, details of items must be accessible and provided to the authority upon request, in order to establish either of the following:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p data-bbox="422 338 1166 405"><i>a. Whether the item meets the criteria of Category Codes 5A002.a.1. to 5A002.a.4.; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="422 424 1166 529"><i>b. Whether the cryptographic capability for data confidentiality specified in Category Code 5A002.a. is usable without “cryptographic activation”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="408 548 489 576"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 595 1166 700"><i>Category Code 5A002.a. does not include any of the following items, or specially designed “information security” components therefor:</i></p> <p data-bbox="422 719 1166 748"><i>a. Smart cards and smart card ‘readers/writers’, as follows:</i></p> <p data-bbox="475 767 1166 872"><i>1. A smart card or an electronically readable personal document (e.g. token coin, e-passport) that meets either of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="529 891 1166 957"><i>a. The cryptographic capability meets both of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="569 976 1166 1005"><i>1. It is restricted for use in any of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="623 1024 1166 1129"><i>a. Equipment or systems not described in Category Codes 5A002.a.1. to 5A002.a.4.;</i></p> <p data-bbox="623 1148 1166 1290"><i>b. Equipment or systems not using ‘cryptography for data confidentiality’ having a ‘described security algorithm’; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="623 1309 1166 1414"><i>c. Equipment or systems, excluded from Category Code 5A002.a., by paragraphs b. to f. of this Note; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="569 1433 1166 1500"><i>2. It cannot be reprogrammed for any other use; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="529 1519 1166 1547"><i>b. Having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="569 1566 1166 1633"><i>1. It is specially designed and limited to allow protection of ‘personal data’ stored within;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="544 338 1132 439">2. <i>Has been, or can only be, personalised for public or commercial transactions or individual identification; and</i></p> <p data-bbox="544 458 1132 521">3. <i>Where the cryptographic capability is not user-accessible;</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 544 525 576"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="529 595 1132 767"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a. Note a.1.b.1., ‘personal data’ includes any data specific to a particular person or entity, such as the amount of money stored and data necessary for “authentication”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="440 788 1132 889">2. <i>‘Readers/writers’ specially designed or modified, and limited, for items specified in paragraph a.1. of this Note;</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 910 525 942"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="478 961 1132 1096"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a. Note 2.a.2., ‘readers/writers’ include equipment that communicates with smart cards or electronically readable documents through a network.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1117 1132 1180">b. <i>Cryptographic equipment specially designed and limited for banking use or ‘money transactions’;</i></p> <p data-bbox="341 1201 525 1233"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="427 1252 1132 1353"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a. Note 2.b., ‘money transactions’ includes the collection and settlement of fares or credit functions.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1374 1132 1650">c. <i>Portable or mobile radiotelephones for civil use (e.g. for use with commercial civil cellular radio communication systems) that are not capable of transmitting encrypted data directly to another radiotelephone or equipment (other than Radio Access Network (RAN) equipment), nor of passing encrypted data through RAN equipment (e.g. Radio Network Controller (RNC) or Base Station Controller (BSC));</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. <i>Cordless telephone equipment not capable of end-to-end encryption where the maximum effective range of unboosted cordless operation (i.e. a single, unrelayed hop between terminal and home base station) is less than 400 metres according to the manufacturer’s specifications;</i></p> <p>e. <i>Portable or mobile radiotelephones and similar client wireless devices for civil use, that implement only published or commercial cryptographic standards (except for anti-piracy functions, which may be non-published) and also meet the provisions of paragraphs a.2. and a.3. of the Cryptography Note (Note 3 in Category 5, Part 2), that have been customised for a specific civil industry application with features that do not affect the cryptographic functionality of these original non-customised devices;</i></p> <p>f. <i>Items, where the “information security” functionality is limited to wireless “personal area network” functionality, implementing only published or commercial cryptographic standards;</i></p> <p>g. <i>Mobile telecommunications Radio Access Network (RAN) equipment designed for civil use, which also meet the provisions of paragraphs a.2. and a.3. of the Cryptography Note (Note 3 to Category 5, Part 2), having an RF output power limited to 0.1 W (20 dBm) or less, and supporting 16 or fewer concurrent users;</i></p> <p>h. <i>Routers, switches, gateways or relays, where the “information security” functionality is limited to the tasks of “Operations, Administration or Maintenance” (“OAM”) implementing only published or commercial cryptographic standards;</i></p> <p>i. <i>General purpose computing equipment or servers, where the “information security” functionality meets both of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="474 1591 1166 1658">1. <i>Uses only published or commercial cryptographic standards; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="474 1677 1166 1713">2. <i>Is any of the following:</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="494 338 1131 405"><i>a. Integral to a CPU that meets the provisions of Note 3 to Category 5, Part 2;</i></p> <p data-bbox="494 426 1131 493"><i>b. Integral to an operating system that is not specified in Category Code 5D002; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="494 514 1016 544"><i>c. Limited to “OAM” of the equipment; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="393 565 1131 632"><i>j. Items specially designed for a ‘connected civil industry application’, meeting both of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 653 831 683"><i>1. Being either of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="494 704 1131 771"><i>a. A network-capable endpoint device meeting either of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="545 792 1131 925"><i>1. The “information security” functionality is limited to securing ‘non-arbitrary data’ or the tasks of “Operations, Administration or Maintenance” (“OAM”); <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="545 946 1131 1012"><i>2. The device is limited to a specific ‘connected civil industry application’; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="494 1033 1131 1100"><i>b. Networking equipment meeting both of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="545 1121 1131 1218"><i>1. Being specially designed to communicate with the devices specified in paragraph j.1.a. above; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="545 1239 1131 1448"><i>2. The “information security” functionality is limited to supporting the ‘connected civil industry application’ of devices specified in paragraph j.1.a. above, or the tasks of “OAM” of this networking equipment or of other items specified in paragraph j. of this Note; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="444 1469 1131 1603"><i>2. Where the “information security” functionality implements only published or commercial cryptographic standards, and the cryptographic functionality cannot easily be changed by the user.</i></p> <p data-bbox="377 1624 569 1654"><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="422 335 1166 510">1. For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a. Note j., ‘connected civil industry application’ means a network connected consumer or civil industry application other than “information security”, digital communication, general purpose networking or computing.</p> <p data-bbox="422 525 1166 734">2. For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.a. Note j.1.a.1., ‘non-arbitrary data’ means sensor or metering data directly related to the stability, performance or physical measurement of a system (e.g. temperature, pressure, flow rate, mass, volume, voltage, physical location, etc.), that cannot be changed by the user of the device.</p> <p data-bbox="370 753 904 786">b. Being a ‘cryptographic activation token’;</p> <p data-bbox="408 805 590 837"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 856 1166 957">For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.b., a ‘cryptographic activation token’ is an item designed or modified for either of the following:</p> <p data-bbox="422 976 1166 1148">1. Converting, by means of “cryptographic activation”, an item not specified in Category 5, Part 2 into an item specified in Category Code 5A002.a. or 5D002.c.1., and not excluded by the Cryptography Note (Note 3 in Category 5, Part 2); <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="422 1167 1166 1306">2. Enabling, by means of “cryptographic activation”, additional functionality specified in Category Code 5A002.a. of an item already specified in Category 5, Part 2.</p> <p data-bbox="370 1325 1166 1395">c. Designed or modified to use or perform “quantum cryptography”;</p> <p data-bbox="364 1414 547 1447"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 1466 1166 1566">For the purpose of Category Code 5A002.c., “quantum cryptography” is also known as Quantum Key Distribution (QKD).</p> <p data-bbox="370 1586 1166 1686">d. Designed or modified to use cryptographic techniques to generate channelising codes, scrambling codes or network identification codes, for systems using ultra-wideband</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>modulation techniques and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A bandwidth exceeding 500 MHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A “fractional bandwidth” of 20% or more;</li> </ol> <p>e. Designed or modified to use cryptographic techniques to generate the spreading code for “spread spectrum” systems, other than those specified in Category Code 5A002.d., including the hopping code for “frequency hopping” systems.</p>
5A003	<p>Systems, equipment and components, for non-cryptographic “information security”, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Communications cable systems designed or modified to use mechanical, electrical or electronic means to detect surreptitious intrusion;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 5A003.a. only includes physical layer security. For the purpose of Category Code 5A003.a., the physical layer includes Layer 1 of the Reference Model of Open Systems Interconnection (OSI)(Ref. ISO/IEC 7498-1).</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Specially designed or modified to reduce the compromising emanations of information-bearing signals beyond what is necessary for health, safety or electromagnetic interference standards.</li> </ol>
5A004	<p>Systems, equipment and components for defeating, weakening or bypassing “information security”, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed or modified to perform ‘cryptanalytic functions’.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 5A004.a. includes systems or equipment, designed or modified to perform ‘cryptanalytic functions’ by means of reverse engineering.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
5B2	<p data-bbox="407 338 1162 510"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A004.a., ‘cryptanalytic functions’ are functions designed to defeat cryptographic mechanisms in order to derive confidential variables or sensitive data, including clear text, passwords or cryptographic keys.</i></p> <p data-bbox="370 529 1162 805">b. Items, not specified in Category Code 4A005 or 5A004.a., designed to perform both of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="424 616 1162 805" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="424 616 1162 687">1. ‘Extract raw data’ from a computing or communications device; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="424 706 1162 805">2. Circumvent “authentication” or authorisation controls of the device, in order to perform the function described in Category Code 5A004.b.1.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="407 824 588 856"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="407 875 1162 1047"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 5A004.b.1., ‘extract raw data’ from a computing or communications device means to retrieve binary data from a storage medium (e.g. RAM, flash or hard disk) of the device without interpretation by the device’s operating system or filesystem.</i></p> <p data-bbox="407 1066 487 1098"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="407 1117 1162 1218"><i>Category Code 5A004.b. does not include systems or equipment specially designed for the “development” or “production” of a computing or communications device.</i></p> <p data-bbox="407 1237 487 1269"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="407 1289 1162 1321"><i>Category Code 5A004.b. does not include any of the following:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="424 1340 1162 1563" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="424 1340 1162 1372">a. Debuggers, hypervisors;</li> <li data-bbox="424 1391 1162 1424">b. Items limited to logical data extraction;</li> <li data-bbox="424 1443 1162 1475">c. Data extraction items using chip-off or JTAG; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="424 1494 1162 1563">d. Items specially designed and limited to jail-breaking or rooting.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 1629 921 1662"><b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
5B002	<p>“Information security” test, inspection and “production” equipment, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Equipment specially designed for the “development” or “production” of equipment specified in Category Code 5A002, 5A003, 5A004 or 5B002.b.;</li> <li>b. Measuring equipment specially designed to evaluate and validate the “information security” functions of the equipment specified in Category Code 5A002, 5A003 or 5A004, or of “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.a. or 5D002.c.</li> </ol>
<b>5C2</b>	<p><b>Materials</b></p> <p>None.</p>
<b>5D2</b>	<p><b>Software</b></p>
5D002	<p>“Software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A002 or “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.c.1.;</li> <li>2. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A003 or “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.c.2.; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Equipment or “software”, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A004.a. or “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.c.3.a.;</li> <li>b. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A004.b. or “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.c.3.b.;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>b. “Software” having the characteristics of a ‘cryptographic activation token’ specified in Category Code 5A002.b.;</li> <li>c. “Software” having the characteristics of, or performing or simulating the functions of, any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A002.a., 5A002.c., 5A002.d. or 5A002.e.;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 5D002.c.1. does not apply to “software” limited to the tasks of “OAM” implementing only published or commercial cryptographic standards.</i></p> <p>2. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A003; <u>or</u></p> <p>3. Equipment as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">a. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A004.a.;</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;">b. Equipment specified in Category Code 5A004.b.;</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><u>Note</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>Category Code 5D002.c.3.b. does not include “intrusion software”.</i></p> <p>d. Not used.</p>
<p><b>5E2</b></p> <p>5E002</p>	<p><b>Technology</b></p> <p>“Technology” as follows:</p> <p>a. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 5A002, 5A003, 5A004 or 5B002, or of “software” specified in Category Code 5D002.a. or 5D002.c.;</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;"><u>Note</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;"><i>Category Code 5E002.a. does not include “technology” for items specified in Category Code 5A004.b., 5D002.a.3.b. or 5D002.c.3.b.</i></p> <p>b. “Technology” having the characteristics of a ‘cryptographic activation token’ specified in Category Code 5A002.b.</p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;"><u>Note</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 20px;"><i>Category Code 5E002 includes “information security” technical data resulting from procedures carried out to evaluate or determine the implementation of functions, features or techniques specified in Category 5, Part 2.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 6 — SENSORS AND LASERS</b>	
<b>6A</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
6A001	<p>Acoustic systems, equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p>a. Marine acoustic systems, equipment and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">1. Active (transmitting or transmitting-and-receiving) systems, equipment and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A001.a.1. does not include equipment as follows:</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>a. Depth sounders operating vertically below the apparatus, not including a scanning function exceeding <math>\pm 20^\circ</math>, and limited to measuring the depth of water, the distance of submerged or buried objects or fish finding;</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;"><i>b. Acoustic beacons, as follows:</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;"><i>1. Acoustic emergency beacons;</i></p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;"><i>2. Pingers specially designed for relocating or returning to an underwater position.</i></p> <p>a. Acoustic seabed survey equipment, as follows:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">1. Surface vessel survey equipment designed for seabed topographic mapping and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">a. Designed to take measurements at an angle exceeding <math>20^\circ</math> from the vertical;</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">b. Designed to measure seabed topography at seabed depths exceeding 600 m;</p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">c. ‘Sounding resolution’ less than 2; <u>and</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 80px;">d. ‘Enhancement’ of the depth “accuracy” through compensation for all of the following:</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Motion of the acoustic sensor;</li> <li>2. In-water propagation from sensor to the seabed and back; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Sound speed at the sensor;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.a.1.c., ‘sounding resolution’ is the swath width (degrees) divided by the maximum number of soundings per swath.</li> <li>2. For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.a., ‘enhancement’ includes the ability to compensate by external means.</li> <li>2. Underwater survey equipment designed for seabed topographic mapping and having either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed or modified to operate at depths exceeding 300 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. ‘Sounding rate’ greater than 3,800 m/s; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.a.2., the acoustic sensor pressure rating determines the depth rating.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed or modified to operate at depths exceeding 300 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. ‘Sounding rate’ greater than 3,800 m/s; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.a.2.a.2., ‘sounding rate’ is the product of the maximum speed (m/s) at which the sensor can operate and the maximum number of soundings per swath assuming 100% coverage. For systems that produce soundings in two directions</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="669 338 1132 439"><i>(3D sonars), the maximum of the 'sounding rate' in either direction should be used.</i></p> <p data-bbox="581 458 1132 559">b. Survey equipment, not specified in Category Code 6A001.a.1.a.2.a., having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="635 578 1132 820" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="635 578 1132 649">1. Designed or modified to operate at depths exceeding 100 m;</li> <li data-bbox="635 668 1132 738">2. Designed to take measurements at an angle exceeding 20° from the vertical;</li> <li data-bbox="635 757 1132 820">3. Having either of the following characteristics:</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="353 839 874 872">a. Operating frequency below 350 kHz; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="353 891 1132 961">b. Designed to measure seabed topography at a range exceeding 200 m from the acoustic sensor; <u>and</u></p> <ol data-bbox="635 980 1132 1081" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="635 980 1132 1081">4. 'Enhancement' of the depth "accuracy" through compensation of all of the following:</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="353 1100 756 1132">a. Motion of the acoustic sensor;</p> <p data-bbox="353 1151 1132 1184">b. In-water propagation from sensor to the seabed and back; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="353 1203 713 1235">c. Sound speed at the sensor;</p> <p data-bbox="532 1254 1132 1429">3. Side Scan Sonar (SSS) or Synthetic Aperture Sonar (SAS), designed for seabed imaging and having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed transmitting and receiving acoustic arrays therefor:</p> <ol data-bbox="581 1448 1132 1671" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="581 1448 1132 1519">a. Designed or modified to operate at depths exceeding 500 m;</li> <li data-bbox="581 1538 1132 1671">b. An 'area coverage rate' of greater than 570 m<sup>2</sup>/s while operating at the maximum range that it can operate with an 'along track resolution' of less than 15 cm; <u>and</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="615 338 1167 401">c. An ‘across track resolution’ of less than 15 cm;</p> <p data-bbox="397 426 588 453"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="599 477 1167 540"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.a.3.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="615 565 1167 940" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="615 565 1167 696">1. ‘Area coverage rate’ (<math>m^2/s</math>) is twice the product of the sonar range (m) and the maximum speed (m/s) at which the sensor can operate at that range.</li> <li data-bbox="615 721 1167 852">2. ‘Along track resolution’ (cm), for SSS only, is the product of azimuth (horizontal) beamwidth (degrees) and sonar range (m) and 0.873.</li> <li data-bbox="615 877 1167 940">3. ‘Across track resolution’ (cm) is 75 divided by the signal bandwidth (kHz).</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="512 965 1167 1062">b. Systems or transmitting and receiving arrays, designed for object detection or location, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="563 1087 1167 1725" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="563 1087 1167 1113">1. A transmitting frequency below 10 kHz;</li> <li data-bbox="563 1138 1167 1269">2. Sound pressure level exceeding 224 dB (reference 1 <math>\mu</math>Pa at 1 m) for equipment with an operating frequency in the band from 10 kHz to 24 kHz inclusive;</li> <li data-bbox="563 1294 1167 1426">3. Sound pressure level exceeding 235 dB (reference 1 <math>\mu</math>Pa at 1 m) for equipment with an operating frequency in the band between 24 kHz and 30 kHz;</li> <li data-bbox="563 1450 1167 1547">4. Forming beams of less than 1° on any axis and having an operating frequency of less than 100 kHz;</li> <li data-bbox="563 1572 1167 1635">5. Designed to operate with an unambiguous display range exceeding 5,120 m; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="563 1660 1167 1725">6. Designed to withstand pressure during normal operation at depths exceeding 1,000 m and</li> </ol>

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 THE SCHEDULE — *continued*


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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>having transducers with either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dynamic compensation for pressure; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Incorporating transduction element(s) other than lead zirconate titanate as the transduction element;</li> <li>c. Acoustic projectors (including transducers), incorporating piezoelectric, magnetostrictive, electrostrictive, electrodynamic or hydraulic elements operating individually or in a designed combination, and having any of the following characteristics:</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="391 338 475 369"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="548 388 1159 624"><i>Whether acoustic projectors (including transducers), which are not specified in Category Code 6A001 and which are specially designed for other equipment, is included in Category Code 6A001.c. is determined by whether the other equipment is specified in Division 2 of Part 2 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 649 475 679"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="548 698 1159 868"><i>Category Code 6A001.a.1.c. does not include electronic sources which direct the sound vertically only, or mechanical (e.g. air gun or vapour-shock gun) or chemical (e.g. explosive) sources.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 892 475 923"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="548 942 1159 1216"><i>Piezoelectric elements specified in Category Code 6A001.a.1.c. include those made from lead-magnesium-niobate/lead-titanate (<math>Pb(Mg_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O_3</math>-<math>PbTiO_3</math>, or PMN-PT) single crystals grown from solid solution or lead-indium-niobate/lead-magnesium-niobate/lead-titanate (<math>Pb(In_{1/2}Nb_{1/2})O_3</math>-<math>Pb(Mg_{1/3}Nb_{2/3})O_3</math>-<math>PbTiO_3</math>, or PIN-PMN-PT) single crystals grown from solid solution.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="565 1239 1159 1719" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1239 1159 1306">1. Operating at frequencies below 10 kHz and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="565 1328 1159 1719" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1328 1159 1566">a. Not designed for continuous operation at 100% duty cycle and having a radiated ‘free-field Source Level (<math>SL_{rms}</math>)’ exceeding <math>(10\log(f) + 169.77)</math> dB (reference 1 <math>\mu</math>Pa at 1 m) where f is the frequency in Hertz of maximum Transmitting Voltage Response (TVR) below 10 kHz; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="565 1589 1159 1719">b. Designed for continuous operation at 100% duty cycle and having a continuously radiated ‘free-field Source Level (<math>SL_{rms}</math>)’ at 100% duty cycle exceeding</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>(10log(f) + 159.77) dB (reference 1 µPa at 1 m) where f is the frequency in Hertz of maximum Transmitting Voltage Response (TVR) below 10 kHz; <u>or</u></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.1.c.1., the ‘free-field Source Level (<math>SL_{rms}</math>)’ is defined along the maximum response axis and in the far field of the acoustic projector. It can be obtained from the Transmitting Voltage Response using the following equation:</i></p> $SL_{rms} = (TVR + 20 \log V_{rms}) \text{ dB (reference 1 } \mu\text{Pa at 1 m), where } SL_{rms} \text{ is the source level, TVR is the Transmitting Voltage Response and } V_{rms} \text{ is the Driving Voltage of the Projector.}$ <p>2. Not used;</p> <p>3. Side-lobe suppression exceeding 22 dB;</p> <p>d. Acoustic systems and equipment, designed to determine the position of surface vessels or underwater vehicles and having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Detection range exceeding 1,000 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Determined position error of less than 10 m rms (root mean square) when measured at a range of 1,000 m;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A001.a.1.d. includes:</i></p> <p><i>a. Equipment using coherent “signal processing” between two or more beacons and the hydrophone unit carried by the surface vessel or underwater vehicle;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="561 338 1166 439"><i>b. Equipment capable of automatically correcting speed-of-sound propagation errors for calculation of a point.</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 458 1166 630"><i>e. Active individual sonars, specially designed or modified to detect, locate and automatically classify swimmers or divers, having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed transmitting and receiving acoustic arrays therefor:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="561 649 1166 891" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="561 649 1166 687"><i>1. Detection range exceeding 530 m;</i></li> <li data-bbox="561 700 1166 801"><i>2. Determined position error of less than 15 m rms (root mean square) when measured at a range of 530 m; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="561 820 1166 891"><i>3. Transmitted pulse signal bandwidth exceeding 3 kHz;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="391 910 444 948"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="548 957 1166 1058"><i>For diver detection systems specially designed or modified for military use, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1077 444 1115"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="548 1134 1166 1235"><i>For Category Code 6A001.a.1.e., where multiple detection ranges are specified for various environments, the greatest detection range is used.</i></p> <p data-bbox="458 1254 1166 1325"><i>2. Passive systems, equipment and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</i></p> <p data-bbox="494 1344 552 1382"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="494 1391 1166 1534"><i>Category Code 6A001.a.2. also includes receiving equipment, whether or not related in normal application to separate active equipment, and specially designed components therefor.</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 1553 1166 1616"><i>a. Hydrophones having any of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1635 444 1673"><u><i>Note</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="518 338 1131 472"><i>Whether hydrophones specially designed for other equipment is included in Category Code 6A001.a.2.a. is determined by whether the other equipment is included in that Category Code.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 491 556 521"><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="518 544 1106 575"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.a.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="481 597 1131 1685" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 597 1131 731">1. <i>Hydrophones consist of one or more sensing elements producing a single acoustic output channel. Those that contain multiple elements can be referred to as a hydrophone group.</i></li> <li data-bbox="534 753 1131 818">2. <i>Underwater acoustic transducers designed to operate as passive receivers are hydrophones.</i></li> <li data-bbox="481 841 1131 1685">3. <i>Incorporating continuous flexible sensing elements;</i> <ol data-bbox="481 891 1131 1685" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 891 1131 1024">2. <i>Incorporating flexible assemblies of discrete sensing elements with either a diameter or length less than 20 mm and with a separation between elements of less than 20 mm;</i></li> <li data-bbox="481 1047 1131 1685">3. <i>Having any of the following sensing elements:</i> <ol data-bbox="534 1096 1131 1685" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 1096 744 1127">a. <i>Optical fibres;</i></li> <li data-bbox="534 1150 1131 1283">b. <i>‘Piezoelectric polymer films’ other than polyvinylidene-fluoride (PVDF) and its co-polymers {P(VDF-TrFE) and P(VDF-TFE)};</i></li> <li data-bbox="534 1306 998 1336">c. <i>‘Flexible piezoelectric composites’;</i></li> <li data-bbox="534 1359 1131 1492">d. <i>Lead-magnesium-niobate/lead-titanate (i.e. <math>\text{Pb}(\text{Mg}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3\text{-PbTiO}_3</math>, or PMN-PT) piezoelectric single crystals grown from solid solution; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="534 1515 1131 1685">e. <i>Lead-indium-niobate/lead-magnesium-niobate/lead-titanate (i.e. <math>\text{Pb}(\text{In}_{1/2}\text{Nb}_{1/2})\text{O}_3\text{-Pb}(\text{Mg}_{1/3}\text{Nb}_{2/3})\text{O}_3\text{-PbTiO}_3</math>, or PIN-PMN-PT) piezoelectric single crystals grown from solid solution;</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>



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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="512 338 1163 405">4. A ‘hydrophone sensitivity’ better than -180 dB at any depth with no acceleration compensation;</p> <p data-bbox="512 426 1163 493">5. Designed to operate at depths exceeding 35 m with acceleration compensation; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="512 514 1163 611">6. Designed for operation at depths exceeding 1,000 m and having a ‘hydrophone sensitivity’ better than -230 dB below 4 kHz;</p> <p data-bbox="548 632 740 664"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="561 683 1163 856">1. For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.a.3.b., ‘piezoelectric polymer film’ sensing elements consist of polarised polymer film that is stretched over and attached to a supporting frame or spool (mandrel).</p> <p data-bbox="561 877 1163 1151">2. For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.a.3.c., ‘flexible piezoelectric composite’ sensing elements consist of piezoelectric ceramic particles or fibres combined with an electrically insulating, acoustically transparent rubber, polymer or epoxy compound, where the compound is an integral part of the sensing elements.</p> <p data-bbox="561 1172 1163 1586">3. For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.a., ‘hydrophone sensitivity’ is defined as twenty times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of rms output voltage to a 1 V<sub>rms</sub> reference, when the hydrophone sensor, without a pre-amplifier, is placed in a plane wave acoustic field with an rms pressure of 1 μPa. For example, a hydrophone of -160 dB (reference 1 V per μPa) would yield an output voltage of 10<sup>-8</sup> V in such a field, while one of -180 dB sensitivity would yield only 10<sup>-9</sup> V output. Thus, -160 dB is better than -180 dB.</p> <p data-bbox="512 1606 1163 1673">b. Towed acoustic hydrophone arrays having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="391 1694 575 1726"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="518 338 1132 472"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.b., hydrophone arrays consist of a number of hydrophones providing multiple acoustic output channels.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="534 496 1132 681" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Hydrophone group spacing of less than 12.5 m or ‘able to be modified’ to have hydrophone group spacing of less than 12.5 m;</li> <li>2. Designed or ‘able to be modified’ to operate at depths exceeding 35 m;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="569 706 749 734"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="569 757 1132 1134"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.b.2., ‘able to be modified’ in Category Codes 6A001.a.2.b.1. and 2. means having provisions to allow a change of the wiring or interconnections to alter hydrophone group spacing or operating depth limits. These provisions are: spare wiring exceeding 10% of the number of wires, hydrophone group spacing adjustment blocks or internal depth limiting devices that are adjustable or that control more than one hydrophone group.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="534 1157 1132 1586" style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Heading sensors specified in Category Code 6A001.a.2.d.;</li> <li>4. Longitudinally reinforced array hoses;</li> <li>5. An assembled array of less than 40 mm in diameter;</li> <li>6. Not used;</li> <li>7. Hydrophone characteristics specified in Category Code 6A001.a.2.a.; <u>or</u></li> <li>8. Accelerometer-based hydro-acoustic sensors specified in Category Code 6A001.a.2.g.;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="481 1608 1132 1709">c. Processing equipment, specially designed for towed acoustic hydrophone arrays, having “user-accessible programmability” and time or</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>frequency domain processing and correlation, including spectral analysis, digital filtering and beamforming using Fast Fourier or other transforms or processes;</p> <p>d. Heading sensors having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An “accuracy” of better than 0.5°; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Designed to operate at depths exceeding 35 m or having an adjustable or removable depth sensing device in order to operate at depths exceeding 35 m;</li> </ol> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For inertial heading systems, see Category Code 7A003.c.</i></p> <p>e. Bottom or bay-cable hydrophone arrays, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Incorporating hydrophones specified in Category Code 6A001.a.2.a.;</li> <li>2. Incorporating multiplexed hydrophone group signal modules having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed to operate at depths exceeding 35 m or having an adjustable or removable depth sensing device in order to operate at depths exceeding 35 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Capable of being operationally interchanged with towed acoustic hydrophone array modules; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Incorporating accelerometer-based hydro-acoustic sensors specified in Category Code 6A001.a.2.g.;</li> </ol> <p>f. Processing equipment, specially designed for bottom or bay cable systems, having “user-accessible programmability” and time or</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>frequency domain processing and correlation, including spectral analysis, digital filtering and beamforming using Fast Fourier or other transforms or processes;</p> <p>g. Accelerometer-based hydro-acoustic sensors having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Composed of three accelerometers arranged along three distinct axes;</li> <li>2. Having an overall ‘acceleration sensitivity’ better than 48 dB (reference 1,000 mV rms per 1 g);</li> <li>3. Designed to operate at depths greater than 35 m; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Operating frequency below 20 kHz;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A001.a.2.g. does not include particle velocity sensors or geophones.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.g., accelerometer-based hydro-acoustic sensors are also known as vector sensors.</i></li> <li>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A001.a.2.g.2., ‘acceleration sensitivity’ is defined as twenty times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of rms output voltage to a 1 V rms reference, when the hydro-acoustic sensor, without a preamplifier, is placed in a plane wave acoustic field with a rms acceleration of 1 g (i.e. 9.81 m/s<sup>2</sup>).</i></li> </ol> <p>b. Correlation-velocity and Doppler-velocity sonar log equipment, designed to measure the horizontal speed of the equipment carrier relative to the seabed, as follows:</p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. Correlation-velocity sonar log equipment having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed to operate at distances between the carrier and the seabed exceeding 500 m; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Having speed “accuracy” better than 1% of speed;</li> </ol> <p>2. Doppler-velocity sonar log equipment having speed “accuracy” better than 1% of speed;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A001.b. does not include depth sounders limited to any of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Measuring the depth of water;</i></li> <li>b. <i>Measuring the distance of submerged or buried objects; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>c. <i>Fish finding.</i></li> </ol> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A001.b. does not include equipment specially designed for installation on surface vessels.</i></p> <p>c. Not used.</p>
6A002	<p>Optical sensors or equipment and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 6A102.</i></p> <p>a. Optical detectors as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Space-qualified” solid-state detectors as follows:</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.1., solid-state detectors include “focal plane arrays”.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Space-qualified” solid-state detectors having both of the following characteristics:</li> </ol>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 10 nm but not exceeding 300 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. A response of less than 0.1% relative to the peak response at a wavelength exceeding 400 nm;</li> </ol> <p>b. “Space-qualified” solid-state detectors having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 900 nm but not exceeding 1,200 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. A response “time constant” of 95 ns or less;</li> </ol> <p>c. “Space-qualified” solid-state detectors having a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,200 nm but not exceeding 30,000 nm;</p> <p>d. “Space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” having more than 2,048 elements per array and having a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 300 nm but not exceeding 900 nm;</p> <p>2. Image intensifier tubes and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.a.2. does not include non-imaging photomultiplier tubes having an electron sensing device in the vacuum space limited solely to either of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. A single metal anode; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>b. Metal anodes with a centre-to-centre spacing greater than 500 µm.</i></li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.2., ‘charge multiplication’ is a form of electronic image amplification and is defined as the generation of charge carriers as a result of an impact ionisation</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="498 338 1157 439"><i>gain process. ‘Charge multiplication’ sensors may take the form of an image intensifier tube, solid state detector or “focal plane array”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 458 1157 521">a. Image intensifier tubes having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="565 548 1157 1359" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 548 1157 611">1. A peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 400 nm but not exceeding 1,050 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="565 634 1157 1011">2. Electron image amplification using either of the following: <ol data-bbox="615 719 1157 1011" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="615 719 1157 820">a. A microchannel plate with a hole pitch (centre-to-centre spacing) of 12 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or less; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="615 843 1157 1011">b. An electron sensing device with a non-binned pixel pitch of 500 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> or less, specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ other than by a microchannel plate; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="565 1033 1157 1359">3. Any of the following photocathodes: <ol data-bbox="615 1087 1157 1359" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="615 1087 1157 1188">a. Multialkali photocathodes (e.g. S-20 and S-25) having a luminous sensitivity exceeding 350 <math>\mu\text{A/lm}</math>;</li> <li data-bbox="615 1210 1157 1239">b. GaAs or GaInAs photocathodes; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="615 1262 1157 1359">c. Other “III/V compound” semiconductor photocathodes having a maximum “radiant sensitivity” exceeding 10 mA/W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="512 1382 1157 1445">b. Image intensifier tubes having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="565 1471 1157 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1471 1157 1572">1. A peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,050 nm but not exceeding 1,800 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="565 1595 1157 1652">2. Electron image amplification using either of the following:</li> </ol>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. A microchannel plate with a hole pitch (centre-to-centre spacing) of 12 µm or less; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. An electron sensing device with a non-binned pixel pitch of 500 µm or less, specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ other than by a microchannel plate; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. “III/V compound” semiconductor (e.g. GaAs or GaInAs) photocathodes and transferred electron photocathodes, having a maximum “radiant sensitivity” exceeding 15 mA/W;</p> <p>c. Specially designed components as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Microchannel plates having a hole pitch (centre-to-centre spacing) of 12 µm or less;</li> <li>2. An electron sensing device with a non-binned pixel pitch of 500 µm or less, specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ other than by a microchannel plate;</li> <li>3. “III/V compound” semiconductor (e.g. GaAs or GaInAs) photocathodes and transferred electron photocathodes;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.a.2.c.3. does not include compound semiconductor photocathodes designed to achieve a maximum “radiant sensitivity” of either of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>10 mA/W or less at the peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 400 nm but not exceeding 1,050 nm; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>b. <i>15 mA/W or less at the peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,050 nm but not exceeding 1,800 nm.</i></li> </ol>



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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="462 338 1153 369">3. Non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 390 444 420"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 441 1153 540"><i>‘Microbolometer’ non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” are only specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.f.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 561 572 592"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 613 1153 712"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.3., linear or two-dimensional multi-element detector arrays are referred to as “focal plane arrays”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 733 471 763"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 784 1153 849"><i>Category Code 6A002.a.3. includes photoconductive arrays and photovoltaic arrays.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 870 471 900"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 921 1032 952"><i>Category Code 6A002.a.3. does not include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 972 1153 1071"><i>a. Multi-element (not to exceed 16 elements) encapsulated photoconductive cells using either lead sulphide or lead selenide;</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 1092 1153 1123"><i>b. Pyroelectric detectors using any of the following:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="565 1144 1153 1420" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1144 995 1174"><i>1. Triglycine sulphate and variants;</i></li> <li data-bbox="565 1195 1153 1260"><i>2. Lead-lanthanum-zirconium titanate and variants;</i></li> <li data-bbox="565 1281 814 1311"><i>3. Lithium tantalate;</i></li> <li data-bbox="565 1332 1085 1363"><i>4. Polyvinylidene fluoride and variants; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="565 1384 1076 1414"><i>5. Strontium barium niobate and variants;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="512 1441 1153 1643"><i>c. “Focal plane arrays” specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ and limited by design to have a maximum “radiant sensitivity” of 10 mA/W or less for wavelengths exceeding 760 nm, having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="565 1664 1153 1728" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1664 1153 1728"><i>1. Incorporating a response limiting mechanism designed not to be removed or modified; <u>and</u></i></li> </ol>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="532 338 1036 371">2. <i>Either of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="581 392 1123 491">a. <i>The response limiting mechanism is integral to or combined with the detector element; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="581 512 1123 611">b. <i>The “focal plane array” is only operable with the response limiting mechanism in place.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 632 545 664"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="568 685 1123 852"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.3. Note 2.c.2.a., a response limiting mechanism integral to the detector element is designed not to be removed or modified without rendering the detector inoperable.</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 873 1123 906">d. <i>Thermopile arrays having less than 5,130 elements.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 927 545 959"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 980 1123 1220"><i>‘Charge multiplication’ is a form of electronic image amplification and is defined as the generation of charge carriers as a result of an impact ionisation gain process. ‘Charge multiplication’ sensors may take the form of an image intensifier tube, solid state detector or “focal plane array”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 1241 1123 1306">a. <i>Non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” having both of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="532 1327 1123 1428">1. <i>Individual elements with a peak response within the wavelength range exceeding 900 nm but not exceeding 1,050 nm; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="532 1448 1032 1481">2. <i>Either of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="581 1502 1123 1566">a. <i>A response “time constant” of less than 0.5 ns; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="581 1587 1123 1717">b. <i>Specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ and having a maximum “radiant sensitivity” exceeding 10 mA/W;</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Have individual elements with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,050 nm but not exceeding 1,200 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Have either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A response “time constant” of 95 ns or less; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ and having a maximum “radiant sensitivity” exceeding 10 mA/W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>c. Non-“space-qualified” non-linear (two-dimensional) “focal plane arrays” having individual elements with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,200 nm but not exceeding 30,000 nm;</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>Silicon and other material based ‘microbolometer’ non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” are only specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.f.</i></p> <p>d. Non-“space-qualified” linear (one-dimensional) “focal plane arrays” having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Have individual elements with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 1,200 nm but not exceeding 3,000 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A ratio of ‘scan direction’ dimension of the detector element to the ‘cross-scan direction’ dimension of the detector element of less than 3.8; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Signal processing in the detector elements;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="360 338 422 369"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 388 1123 521"><i>Category Code 6A002.a.3.d. does not include “focal plane arrays” (not to exceed 32 elements) having detector elements limited solely to germanium material.</i></p> <p data-bbox="360 544 545 575"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 594 1123 803"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.3.d., ‘cross-scan direction’ is defined as the axis parallel to the linear array of detector elements and the ‘scan direction’ is defined as the axis perpendicular to the linear array of detector elements.</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 822 1123 1184"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 822 1123 955">e. Non-“space-qualified” linear (one-dimensional) “focal plane arrays” having individual elements with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 3,000 nm but not exceeding 30,000 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="481 974 1123 1184">f. Non-“space-qualified” non-linear (two-dimensional) infrared “focal plane arrays” based on ‘microbolometer’ material, having individual elements with an unfiltered response in the wavelength range equal to or exceeding 8,000 nm but not exceeding 14,000 nm;</li> </ul> </p> <p data-bbox="360 1203 545 1233"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 1252 1123 1424"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.a.3.f., ‘microbolometer’ is defined as a thermal imaging detector that, as a result of a temperature change in the detector caused by the absorption of infrared radiation, is used to generate any usable signal.</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 1443 1123 1717"> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1443 1123 1717">g. Non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays” having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="532 1527 1123 1622">1. Have individual detector elements with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 400 nm but not exceeding 900 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="532 1641 1123 1717">2. Specially designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’ and having a</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p style="text-align: center;">maximum “radiant sensitivity” exceeding 10 mA/W for wavelengths exceeding 760 nm; <u>and</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;">3. Greater than 32 elements;</p> <p>b. “Monospectral imaging sensors” and “multispectral imaging sensors”, designed for remote sensing applications and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An Instantaneous-Field-Of-View (IFOV) of less than 200 <math>\mu</math>rad (microradians); <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Specified for operation in the wavelength range exceeding 400 nm but not exceeding 30,000 nm and having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Providing output imaging data in digital format; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Space-qualified”; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Designed for airborne operation, using other than silicon detectors, and having an IFOV of less than 2.5 mrad (milliradians);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.b.1. does not include “monospectral imaging sensors” with a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 300 nm but not exceeding 900 nm and only incorporating either of the following non-“space-qualified” detectors or non-“space-qualified” “focal plane arrays”:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Charge Coupled Devices (CCD) not designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>b. <i>Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor (CMOS) devices not designed or modified to achieve ‘charge multiplication’.</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. ‘Direct view’ imaging equipment incorporating any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Image intensifier tubes specified in Category Code 6A002.a.2.a. or 6A002.a.2.b.;</li> <li>2. “Focal plane arrays” specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Solid state detectors specified in Category Code 6A002.a.1.;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.c., ‘direct view’ refers to imaging equipment that presents a visual image to a human observer without converting the image into an electronic signal for television display, and that cannot record or store the image photographically, electronically or by any other means.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.c. does not include equipment as follows, when incorporating other than GaAs or GaInAs photocathodes:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Industrial or civilian intrusion alarm, traffic or industrial movement control or counting systems;</i></li> <li>b. <i>Medical equipment;</i></li> <li>c. <i>Industrial equipment used for inspection, sorting or analysis of the properties of materials;</i></li> <li>d. <i>Flame detectors for industrial furnaces;</i></li> <li>e. <i>Equipment specially designed for laboratory use.</i></li> </ol> <p>d. Special support components for optical sensors, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Space-qualified” cryocoolers;</li> <li>2. Non-“space-qualified” cryocoolers having a cooling source temperature below 218 K (-55 °C), as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Closed cycle type with a specified Mean-Time-To-Failure (MTTF) or</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>Mean-Time-Between-Failures (MTBF), exceeding 2,500 hours;</p> <p>b. Joule-Thomson (JT) self-regulating minicoolers having bore (outside) diameters of less than 8 mm;</p> <p>3. Optical sensing fibres specially fabricated either compositionally or structurally, or modified by coating, to be acoustically, thermally, inertially, electromagnetically or nuclear radiation sensitive;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.d.3. does not include encapsulated optical sensing fibres specially designed for bore hole sensing applications.</i></p> <p>e. Not used;</p> <p>f. ‘Read-out integrated circuits’ (‘ROIC’) specially designed for “focal plane arrays” specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A002.f. does not include ‘read-out integrated circuits’ specially designed for civil automotive applications.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A002.f., a ‘Read-Out Integrated Circuit’ (‘ROIC’) is an integrated circuit designed to underlie or be bonded to a “focal plane array” (“FPA”) and is used to read-out (i.e. extract and register) signals produced by the detector elements. At a minimum the ‘ROIC’ reads the charge from the detector elements by extracting the charge and applying a multiplexing function in a manner that retains the relative spatial position and orientation information of the detector elements for processing inside or outside the ‘ROIC’.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A003	<p>Cameras, systems or equipment, and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 6A203.</i></p> <p>a. Instrumentation cameras and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Instrumentation cameras, specified in Category Codes 6A003.a.3. to 6A003.a.5., with modular structures should be evaluated by their maximum capability, using plug-ins available according to the camera manufacturer's specifications.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Not used;</li> <li>3. Electronic streak cameras having temporal resolution better than 50 ns;</li> <li>4. Electronic framing cameras having a speed exceeding 1,000,000 frames per second;</li> <li>5. Electronic cameras having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. An electronic shutter speed (gating capability) of less than 1 µs per full frame; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A read out time allowing a framing rate of more than 125 full frames per second;</li> </ol> </li> <li>6. Plug-ins having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Specially designed for instrumentation cameras which have modular structures and which are specified in Category Code 6A003.a.; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Enabling these cameras to meet the characteristics specified in Category Code 6A003.a.3., 6A003.a.4.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>or 6A003.a.5., according to the manufacturer's specifications;</p> <p>b. Imaging cameras as follows:</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A003.b. does not include television or video cameras, specially designed for television broadcasting.</i></p> <p>1. Video cameras incorporating solid state sensors, having a peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 10 nm, but not exceeding 30,000 nm and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. More than <math>4 \times 10^6</math> "active pixels" per solid state array for monochrome (black and white) cameras;</li> <li>2. More than <math>4 \times 10^6</math> "active pixels" per solid state array for colour cameras incorporating three solid state arrays; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. More than <math>12 \times 10^6</math> "active pixels" for solid state array colour cameras incorporating one solid state array; <u>and</u></li> </ol> <p>b. Having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Optical mirrors specified in Category Code 6A004.a.;</li> <li>2. Optical control equipment specified in Category Code 6A004.d.; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. The capability for annotating internally generated 'camera tracking data';</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>1. For the purpose of Category Code 6A003.b.1., digital video cameras should be evaluated by the maximum number of "active pixels" used for capturing moving images.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="481 338 1126 614">2. For the purpose of Category Code 6A003.b.1.b.3., ‘camera tracking data’ is the information necessary to define camera line of sight orientation with respect to the earth. This includes: 1) the horizontal angle the camera line of sight makes with respect to the earth’s magnetic field direction; and 2) the vertical angle between the camera line of sight and the earth’s horizon.</p> <p data-bbox="428 634 1126 925">2. Scanning cameras and scanning camera systems, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 725 1126 786">a. A peak response in the wavelength range exceeding 10 nm, but not exceeding 30,000 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="481 807 1126 868">b. Linear detector arrays with more than 8,192 elements per array; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="481 889 978 925">c. Mechanical scanning in one direction;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="360 948 417 976"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="467 997 1126 1096"><i>Category Code 6A003.b.2. does not include scanning cameras and scanning camera systems, specially designed for any of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1117 942 1153"><i>a. Industrial or civilian photocopiers;</i></li> <li data-bbox="481 1174 1126 1306"><i>b. Image scanners specially designed for civil, stationary, close proximity scanning applications (e.g. reproduction of images or print contained in documents, artwork or photographs); <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="481 1327 753 1363"><i>c. Medical equipment.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="428 1384 1126 1483">3. Imaging cameras incorporating image intensifier tubes specified in Category Code 6A002.a.2.a. or 6A002.a.2.b.;</p> <p data-bbox="428 1504 1126 1565">4. Imaging cameras incorporating “focal plane arrays” having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1586 1126 1646">a. Incorporating “focal plane arrays” specified in Category Codes 6A002.a.3.a. to 6A002.a.3.e.;</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Incorporating “focal plane arrays” specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.f.; <u>or</u></p> <p>c. Incorporating “focal plane arrays” specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.g.;</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Imaging cameras specified in Category Code 6A003.b.4. include “focal plane arrays” combined with sufficient “signal processing” electronics, beyond the read out integrated circuit, to enable as a minimum the output of an analogue or digital signal once power is supplied.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A003.b.4.a. does not include imaging cameras incorporating linear “focal plane arrays” with 12 elements or fewer, not employing time-delay-and-integration within the element and designed for any of the following:</i></p> <p><i>a. Industrial or civilian intrusion alarm, traffic or industrial movement control or counting systems;</i></p> <p><i>b. Industrial equipment used for inspection or monitoring of heat flows in buildings, equipment or industrial processes;</i></p> <p><i>c. Industrial equipment used for inspection, sorting or analysis of the properties of materials;</i></p> <p><i>d. Equipment specially designed for laboratory use; <u>or</u></i></p> <p><i>e. Medical equipment.</i></p> <p><u>Note 3</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A003.b.4.b. does not include imaging cameras having any of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p><i>a. A maximum frame rate equal to or less than 9 Hz;</i></p> <p><i>b. Having all of the following characteristics:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Having a minimum horizontal or vertical ‘Instantaneous-Field-of-View (IFOV)’ of at least 2 mrad (milliradians);</i></li> <li>2. <i>Incorporating a fixed focal-length lens that is not designed to be removed;</i></li> <li>3. <i>Not incorporating a ‘direct view’ display; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>4. <i>Having either of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>No facility to obtain a viewable image of the detected field-of-view; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>b. <i>The camera is designed for a single kind of application and designed not to be user modified; <u>or</u></i></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. <i>The camera is specially designed for installation into a civilian passenger land vehicle and has all of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>The placement and configuration of the camera within the vehicle are solely to assist the driver in the safe operation of the vehicle;</i></li> <li>2. <i>Is only operable when installed in either of the following:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>The civilian passenger land vehicle for which it was intended and the vehicle weighs less than 4,500 kg (gross vehicle weight); <u>or</u></i></li> <li>b. <i>A specially designed, authorised maintenance test facility; <u>and</u></i></li> </ol> </li> <li>3. <i>Incorporates an active mechanism that forces the camera not to function when it is removed from the vehicle for which it was intended.</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A003.b.4. Note 3.b.1., ‘Instantaneous-Field-of-View (IFOV)’</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="599 338 1157 439"><i>specified in Category Code 6A003.b.4. Note 3.b. is the lesser figure of the 'Horizontal IFOV' or the 'Vertical IFOV'.</i></p> <p data-bbox="599 458 1157 559"><i>'Horizontal IFOV' = horizontal Field of View (FOV) / number of horizontal detector elements.</i></p> <p data-bbox="599 578 1157 645"><i>'Vertical IFOV' = vertical Field of View (FOV) / number of vertical detector elements.</i></p> <p data-bbox="563 668 1157 873">2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A003.b.4. Note 3.b.3., 'direct view' refers to an imaging camera operating in the infrared spectrum that presents a visual image to a human observer using a near-to-eye micro display incorporating any light-security mechanism.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 896 471 925"><u>Note 4</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 948 1157 1014"><i>Category Code 6A003.b.4.c. does not include imaging cameras having any of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 1033 1069 1062"><i>a. Having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="563 1081 1157 1252">1. <i>Where the camera is specially designed for installation as an integrated component into indoor and wall-plug-operated systems or equipment, limited by design for a single kind of application, as follows:</i></p> <p data-bbox="612 1271 1157 1372"><i>a. Industrial process monitoring, quality control, or analysis of the properties of materials;</i></p> <p data-bbox="612 1391 1157 1458"><i>b. Laboratory equipment specially designed for scientific research;</i></p> <p data-bbox="612 1477 888 1506"><i>c. Medical equipment;</i></p> <p data-bbox="612 1525 1096 1553"><i>d. Financial fraud detection equipment;</i></p> <p data-bbox="563 1582 1157 1648">2. <i>Is only operable when installed in either of the following:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="583 338 1126 403"><i>a. The system(s) or equipment for which it was intended; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="583 426 1126 491"><i>b. A specially designed, authorised maintenance facility; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="534 514 1126 647"><i>3. Incorporates an active mechanism that forces the camera not to function when it is removed from the system(s) or equipment for which it was intended;</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 670 1126 803"><i>b. Where the camera is specially designed for installation into a civilian passenger land vehicle or passenger and vehicle ferries, and has all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <p data-bbox="534 826 1126 959"><i>1. The placement and configuration of the camera within the vehicle or ferry is solely to assist the driver or operator in the safe operation of the vehicle or ferry;</i></p> <p data-bbox="534 982 1126 1047"><i>2. Is only operable when installed in any of the following:</i></p> <p data-bbox="583 1070 1126 1203"><i>a. The civilian passenger land vehicle for which it was intended and the vehicle weighs less than 4,500 kg (gross vehicle weight);</i></p> <p data-bbox="583 1226 1126 1325"><i>b. The passenger and vehicle ferry for which it was intended and having a Length Overall (LOA) 65 m or greater; <u>or</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="583 1348 1126 1412"><i>c. A specially designed, authorised maintenance test facility; <u>and</u></i></p> <p data-bbox="534 1435 1126 1534"><i>3. Incorporates an active mechanism that forces the camera not to function when it is removed from the vehicle for which it was intended;</i></p> <p data-bbox="481 1557 1126 1690"><i>c. Limited by design to have a maximum “radiant sensitivity” of 10 mA/W or less for wavelengths exceeding 760 nm, and having all of the following characteristics:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Incorporating a response limiting mechanism designed not to be removed or modified;</i></li> <li>2. <i>Incorporates an active mechanism that forces the camera not to function when the response limiting mechanism is removed; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>3. <i>Not specially designed or modified for underwater use; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>d. <i>Having all of the following characteristics:</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Not incorporating a ‘direct view’ or electronic image display;</i></li> <li>2. <i>Has no facility to output a viewable image of the detected field of view;</i></li> <li>3. <i>The “focal plane array” is only operable when installed in the camera for which it was intended; <u>and</u></i></li> <li>4. <i>The “focal plane array” incorporates an active mechanism that forces it to be permanently inoperable when removed from the camera for which it was intended.</i></li> </ol> </li> <li>5. <i>Imaging cameras incorporating solid-state detectors specified in Category Code 6A002.a.1.</i></li> </ol>
6A004	<p>Optical equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p>a. Optical mirrors (reflectors) as follows:</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A004.a., Laser Induced Damage Threshold (LIDT) is measured according to Ref. ISO 21254-1:2011.</i></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For optical mirrors specially designed for lithography equipment, see Category Code 3B001.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. ‘Deformable mirrors’ having an active optical aperture greater than 10 mm and having either of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p>a. Having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A mechanical resonant frequency of 750 Hz or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Have more than 200 actuators; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>b. A Laser Induced Damage Threshold (LIDT) being either of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Greater than 1 kW/cm<sup>2</sup> using a “CW laser”; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Greater than 2 J/cm<sup>2</sup> using 20 ns “laser” pulses at 20 Hz repetition rate;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A004.a.1.:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Deformable mirrors’ are mirrors having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A single continuous optical reflecting surface which is dynamically deformed by the application of individual torques or forces to compensate for distortions in the optical waveform incident upon the mirror; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Multiple optical reflecting elements that can be individually and dynamically repositioned by the application of torques or forces to compensate for distortions in the optical waveform incident upon the mirror.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. ‘Deformable mirrors’ are also known as adaptive optic mirrors.</li> </ol> <p>2. Lightweight monolithic mirrors having an average “equivalent density” of less than 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and a total mass exceeding 10 kg;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="498 338 1163 439"><i>Category Code 6A004.a.2. does not include mirrors specially designed to direct solar radiation for terrestrial heliostat installations.</i></p> <p data-bbox="460 462 1163 563">3. Lightweight “composite” or foam mirror structures having an average “equivalent density” of less than 30 kg/m<sup>2</sup> and a total mass exceeding 2 kg;</p> <p data-bbox="391 586 448 611"><i>Note</i></p> <p data-bbox="498 634 1163 734"><i>Category Code 6A004.a.3. does not include mirrors specially designed to direct solar radiation for terrestrial heliostat installations.</i></p> <p data-bbox="460 757 1163 891">4. Mirrors specially designed for beam steering mirror stages specified in Category Code 6A004.d.2.a. with a flatness of <math>\lambda/10</math> or better (<math>\lambda</math> is equal to 633 nm) and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="514 913 1163 976">a. Diameter or major axis length greater than or equal to 100 mm; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="514 999 1163 1376">b. Having both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="565 1052 1163 1115">1. Diameter or major axis length greater than 50 mm but less than 100 mm; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="565 1138 1163 1376">2. A Laser Induced Damage Threshold (LIDT) being either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="616 1224 1163 1287">a. Greater than 10 kW/cm<sup>2</sup> using a “CW laser”; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="616 1309 1163 1376">b. Greater than 20 J/cm<sup>2</sup> using 20 ns “laser” pulses at 20 Hz repetition rate;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="393 1399 1163 1532">b. Optical components made from zinc selenide (ZnSe) or zinc sulphide (ZnS) with transmission in the wavelength range exceeding 3,000 nm but not exceeding 25,000 nm and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="463 1555 908 1587">1. Exceeding 100 cm<sup>3</sup> in volume; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="463 1610 1163 1673">2. Exceeding 80 mm in diameter or length of major axis and 20 mm in thickness (depth);</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. “Space-qualified” components for optical systems, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Components lightweighted to less than 20% “equivalent density” compared with a solid blank of the same aperture and thickness;</li> <li>2. Raw substrates, processed substrates having surface coatings (single-layer or multi-layer, metallic or dielectric, conducting, semiconducting or insulating) or having protective films;</li> <li>3. Segments or assemblies of mirrors designed to be assembled in space into an optical system with a collecting aperture equivalent to or larger than a single optic 1 m in diameter;</li> <li>4. Components manufactured from “composite” materials having a coefficient of linear thermal expansion, in any coordinate direction, equal to or less than <math>5 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}</math>;</li> </ol> <p>d. Optical control equipment as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Equipment specially designed to maintain the surface figure or orientation of the “space-qualified” components specified in Category Code 6A004.c.1. or 6A004.c.3.;</li> <li>2. Steering, tracking, stabilisation and resonator alignment equipment as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Beam steering mirror stages designed to carry mirrors having diameter or major axis length greater than 50 mm and having all of the following characteristics, and specially designed electronic control equipment therefor: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A maximum angular travel of <math>\pm 26</math> mrad or more;</li> <li>2. A mechanical resonant frequency of 500 Hz or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. An angular “accuracy” of 10 <math>\mu\text{rad}</math> (microradians) or less (better);</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Resonator alignment equipment having bandwidths equal to or more than 100 Hz and an “accuracy” of 10 <math>\mu</math>rad or less (better);</p> <p>3. Gimbals having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. A maximum slew exceeding 5°;</p> <p>b. A bandwidth of 100 Hz or more;</p> <p>c. Angular pointing errors of 200 <math>\mu</math>rad (microradians) or less; <u>and</u></p> <p>d. Having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. Exceeding 0.15 m but not exceeding 1 m in diameter or major axis length and capable of angular accelerations exceeding 2 rad (radians)/s<sup>2</sup>; <u>or</u></p> <p>2. Exceeding 1 m in diameter or major axis length and capable of angular accelerations exceeding 0.5 rad (radians)/s<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p>4. Not used;</p> <p>e. ‘Aspheric optical elements’ having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. Largest dimension of the optical-aperture greater than 400 mm;</p> <p>2. Surface roughness less than 1 nm (rms) for sampling lengths equal to or greater than 1 mm; <u>and</u></p> <p>3. Coefficient of linear thermal expansion’s absolute magnitude less than <math>3 \times 10^{-6}/\text{K}</math> at 25 °C;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 6A004.e., an ‘aspheric optical element’ is any element used in an optical system whose imaging surface or surfaces are designed to depart from the shape of an ideal sphere.</p> <p>2. For the purpose of Category Code 6A004.e.2., manufacturers are not required to measure the surface roughness unless the optical element was</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="467 338 1126 405"><i>designed or manufactured with the intent to meet, or exceed, the control parameter.</i></p> <p data-bbox="357 426 413 455"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="400 476 1126 542"><i>Category Code 6A004.e. does not include ‘aspheric optical elements’ having any of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="431 563 1126 1081" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 563 1126 662"><i>a. Largest optical-aperture dimension less than 1 m and focal length to aperture ratio equal to or greater than 4.5:1;</i></li> <li data-bbox="431 683 1126 782"><i>b. Largest optical-aperture dimension equal to or greater than 1 m and focal length to aperture ratio equal to or greater than 7:1;</i></li> <li data-bbox="431 803 1126 870"><i>c. Designed as Fresnel, flyeye, stripe, prism or diffractive optical elements;</i></li> <li data-bbox="431 891 1126 990"><i>d. Fabricated from borosilicate glass having a coefficient of linear thermal expansion greater than <math>2.5 \times 10^{-6}/K</math> at 25 °C; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="431 1011 1126 1081"><i>e. An X-ray optical element having inner mirror capabilities (e.g. tube-type mirrors).</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="357 1102 413 1130"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="400 1151 1126 1218"><i>For ‘aspheric optical elements’ specially designed for lithography equipment, see Category Code 3B001.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="431 1239 1126 1443" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 1239 1126 1306"><i>f. Dynamic wavefront measuring equipment having both of the following characteristics:</i> <ol data-bbox="431 1327 1126 1443" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 1327 1126 1355"><i>1. ‘Frame rates’ equal to or more than 1 kHz; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="431 1376 1126 1443"><i>2. A wavefront accuracy equal to or less (better) than <math>\lambda/20</math> at the designed wavelength.</i></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="400 1464 581 1492"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="400 1513 1126 1648"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A004.f., ‘frame rate’ is a frequency at which all “active pixels” in the “focal plane array” are integrated for recording images projected by the wavefront sensor optics.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A005	<p data-bbox="384 335 1158 401">“Lasers”, other than those specified in Category Code 0B001.g.5. or 0B001.h.6., components and optical equipment, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="384 420 440 453"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 472 770 504"><i>See also Category Code 6A205.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 523 467 555"><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 575 1158 641"><i>Pulsed “lasers” include those that run in a Continuous Wave (CW) mode with pulses superimposed.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 660 467 693"><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 712 1158 811"><i>Excimer, semiconductor, chemical, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, and ‘non-repetitive pulsed’ Nd:glass “lasers” are only specified in Category Code 6A005.d.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 830 569 862"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="427 881 1158 1024"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005 Note 2, ‘non-repetitive pulsed’ refers to “lasers” that produce either a single output pulse or that have a time interval between pulses exceeding one minute.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 1043 467 1075"><u><i>Note 3</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 1094 944 1127"><i>Category Code 6A005 includes fibre “lasers”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 1146 467 1178"><u><i>Note 4</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 1197 1158 1368"><i>The control status of “lasers” incorporating frequency conversion (i.e. wavelength change) by means other than one “laser” pumping another “laser” is determined by applying the control parameters for both the output of the source “laser” and the frequency-converted optical output.</i></p> <p data-bbox="384 1388 467 1420"><u><i>Note 5</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="384 1439 1112 1471"><i>Category Code 6A005 does not include “lasers” as follows:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="393 1490 874 1523"><i>a. Ruby with output energy below 20 J;</i></li> <li data-bbox="393 1542 545 1574"><i>b. Nitrogen;</i></li> <li data-bbox="393 1593 534 1626"><i>c. Krypton.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="384 1645 467 1677"><u><i>Note 6</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="356 338 1122 510"><i>For the purposes of Category Codes 6A005.a. and 6A005.b., ‘single transverse mode’ refers to “lasers” with a beam profile having an <math>M^2</math>-factor of less than 1.3, while ‘multiple transverse mode’ refers to “lasers” with a beam profile having an <math>M^2</math>-factor of 1.3 or higher.</i></p> <p data-bbox="356 529 534 561"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="356 580 1122 752"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005, ‘wall-plug efficiency’ is defined as the ratio of “laser” output power (or “average output power”) to total electrical input power required to operate the “laser”, including the power supply/conditioning and thermal conditioning/heat exchanger.</i></p> <p data-bbox="365 771 1122 837">a. Non-“tunable” Continuous Wave “(CW) lasers” having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="432 856 1122 1009" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="432 856 1122 923">1. Output wavelength less than 150 nm, and output power exceeding 1 W;</li> <li data-bbox="432 942 1122 1009">2. Output wavelength of 150 nm or more but not exceeding 510 nm, and output power exceeding 30 W;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="356 1028 419 1060"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="467 1079 1122 1180"><i>Category Code 6A005.a.2. does not include Argon “lasers” having an output power equal to or less than 50 W.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="432 1199 1122 1685" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="432 1199 1122 1389">3. Output wavelength exceeding 510 nm but not exceeding 540 nm, and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="481 1323 1122 1475" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1323 1122 1389">a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="481 1408 1122 1475">b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 150 W;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="432 1494 1122 1561">4. Output wavelength exceeding 540 nm but not exceeding 800 nm, and output power exceeding 30 W;</li> <li data-bbox="432 1580 1122 1685">5. Output wavelength exceeding 800 nm but not exceeding 975 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 80 W;</p> <p>6. Output wavelength exceeding 975 nm but not exceeding 1,150 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output power exceeding 1,000 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Having both of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output power exceeding 500 W; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Spectral bandwidth less than 40 GHz; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Wall-plug efficiency’ exceeding 18% and output power exceeding 1,000 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Output power exceeding 2 kW;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.a.6.b. does not include ‘multiple transverse mode’, industrial “lasers” with output power exceeding 2 kW and not exceeding 6 kW with a total mass greater than 1,200 kg. For the purpose of this Note, total mass includes all components required to operate the “laser”, e.g. “laser”, power supply, heat exchanger, but excludes external optics for beam conditioning or delivery.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.a.6.b. does not include ‘multiple transverse mode’, industrial “lasers” having any of the following characteristics:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. <i>Not used;</i></p> <p>b. <i>Output power exceeding 1 kW but not exceeding 1.6 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 1.25 mm•mrad;</i></p> <p>c. <i>Output power exceeding 1.6 kW but not exceeding 2.5 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 1.7 mm•mrad;</i></p> <p>d. <i>Output power exceeding 2.5 kW but not exceeding 3.3 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 2.5 mm•mrad;</i></p> <p>e. <i>Output power exceeding 3.3 kW but not exceeding 6 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 3.5 mm•mrad;</i></p> <p>f. <i>Not used;</i></p> <p>g. <i>Not used;</i></p> <p>h. <i>Output power exceeding 6 kW but not exceeding 8 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 12 mm•mrad; <u>or</u></i></p> <p>i. <i>Output power exceeding 8 kW but not exceeding 10 kW, and having a BPP exceeding 24 mm•mrad.</i></p> <p>7. Output wavelength exceeding 1,150 nm but not exceeding 1,555 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 80 W;</p> <p>8. Output wavelength exceeding 1,555 nm but not exceeding 1,850 nm, and output power exceeding 1 W;</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>9. Output wavelength exceeding 1,850 nm but not exceeding 2,100 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and output power exceeding 120 W; <u>or</u></li> </ul> <p>10. Output wavelength exceeding 2,100 nm and output power exceeding 1 W;</p> <p>b. Non-“tunable” “pulsed lasers” having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output wavelength less than 150 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output energy exceeding 50 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. “Average output power” exceeding 1 W;</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Output wavelength of 150 nm or more but not exceeding 510 nm, and having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 30 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. “Average output power” exceeding 30 W;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.b.2.b. does not include Argon “lasers” having an “average output power” equal to or less than 50 W.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Output wavelength exceeding 510 nm but not exceeding 540 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. ‘Single transverse mode’ output, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 80 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 150 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 150 W;</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Output wavelength exceeding 540 nm but not exceeding 800 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Pulse duration” less than 1 ps, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 0.005 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 5 GW; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 20 W; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>b. “Pulse duration” equal to or exceeding 1 ps, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 30 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 30 W;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>5. Output wavelength exceeding 800 nm but not exceeding 975 nm, and any of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Pulse duration” less than 1 ps, and either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 0.005 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 5 GW; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 20 W;</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. “Pulse duration” equal to or exceeding 1 ps and not exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and any of the following characteristics:</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 0.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 50 W;</li> <li>2. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 20 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>c. “Pulse duration” exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 2 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 50 W;</li> <li>2. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 80 W;</li> </ol> <p>6. Output wavelength exceeding 975 nm but not exceeding 1,150 nm, and any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Pulse duration” of less than 1 ps, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output “peak power” exceeding 2 GW per pulse;</li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 30 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Output energy exceeding 0.002 J per pulse;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. “Pulse duration” equal to or exceeding 1 ps and less than 1 ns, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output “peak power” exceeding 5 GW per pulse;</li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Output energy exceeding 0.1 J per pulse;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. “Pulse duration” equal to or exceeding 1 ns but not exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and either of the following characteristics:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Single transverse mode’ output, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Peak power” exceeding 100 MW;</li> <li>b. “Average output power” exceeding 20 W limited by design to a maximum pulse repetition frequency less or equal to 1 kHz;</li> <li>c. ‘Wall-plug efficiency’ exceeding 12%, “average output power” exceeding 100 W, and capable of operating at a pulse repetition frequency greater than 1 kHz;</li> <li>d. “Average output power” exceeding 150 W, and capable of operating at a pulse repetition frequency greater than 1 kHz; <u>or</u></li> <li>e. Output energy exceeding 2 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Peak power” exceeding 400 MW;</li> <li>b. ‘Wall-plug efficiency’ exceeding 18% and “average output power” exceeding 500 W;</li> <li>c. “Average output power” exceeding 2 kW; <u>or</u></li> <li>d. Output energy exceeding 4 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. “Pulse duration” exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Single transverse mode’ output, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Peak power” exceeding 500 kW;</li> <li>b. ‘Wall-plug efficiency’ exceeding 12% and “average output power” exceeding 100 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. “Average output power” exceeding 150 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Peak power” exceeding 1 MW;</li> <li>b. ‘Wall-plug efficiency’ exceeding 18% and “average output power” exceeding 500 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. “Average output power” exceeding 2 kW;</li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Output wavelength exceeding 1,150 nm but not exceeding 1,555 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Pulse duration” not exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 0.5 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 50 W;</li> <li>2. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 20 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>b. “Pulse duration” exceeding 1 <math>\mu</math>s, and any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 2 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 50 W;</li> <li>2. ‘Single transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 50 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. ‘Multiple transverse mode’ output and “average output power” exceeding 80 W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>8. Output wavelength exceeding 1,555 nm but not exceeding 1,850 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output energy exceeding 100 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. “Average output power” exceeding 1 W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>9. Output wavelength exceeding 1,850 nm but not exceeding 2,100 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. ‘Single transverse mode’, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 100 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>b. ‘Multiple transverse mode’, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 100 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 10 kW; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 120 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>10. Output wavelength exceeding 2,100 nm and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Output energy exceeding 100 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. “Average output power” exceeding 1 W;</p> <p>c. “Tunable” “lasers” having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output wavelength less than 600 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output energy exceeding 50 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Average or CW output power exceeding 1 W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.c.1. does not include dye “lasers” or other liquid “lasers”, having a multimode output and a wavelength of 150 nm or more but not exceeding 600 nm and both of the following characteristics:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="512 335 1157 401">1. Output energy less than 1.5 J per pulse or a “peak power” less than 20 W; <u>and</u></p> <p data-bbox="512 420 1094 453">2. Average or CW output power less than 20 W.</p> <p data-bbox="458 472 1157 573">2. Output wavelength of 600 nm or more but not exceeding 1,400 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="512 592 1157 658">a. Output energy exceeding 1 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 20 W; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="512 677 1150 710">b. Average or CW output power exceeding 20 W; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="458 729 1157 795">3. Output wavelength exceeding 1,400 nm, and either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="512 814 1157 881">a. Output energy exceeding 50 mJ per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 1 W; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="512 900 1103 932">b. Average or CW output power exceeding 1 W;</p> <p data-bbox="391 952 1157 1018">d. Other “lasers”, not specified in Category Code 6A005.a., 6A005.b. or 6A005.c. as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="458 1037 921 1070">1. Semiconductor “lasers” as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="391 1089 471 1121"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="491 1142 1157 1243"><i>Category Code 6A005.d.1. includes semiconductor “lasers” having optical output connectors (e.g. fibre optic pigtails).</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 1262 471 1294"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="491 1315 1157 1416"><i>The control status of semiconductor “lasers” specially designed for other equipment is determined by the control status of the other equipment.</i></p> <p data-bbox="512 1435 1157 1536">a. Individual single-transverse mode semiconductor “lasers” having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="559 1555 1157 1656">1. Wavelength equal to or less than 1,570 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 2.0 W; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="534 338 1123 405">2. Wavelength greater than 1,570 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 500 mW;</p> <p data-bbox="481 426 1123 525">b. Individual multiple-transverse mode semiconductor “lasers” having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 548 1123 852" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 548 1123 614">1. Wavelength of less than 1,400 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 25 W;</li> <li data-bbox="534 635 1123 734">2. Wavelength equal to or greater than 1,400 nm and less than 1,900 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 2.5 W; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="534 755 1123 852">3. Wavelength equal to or greater than 1,900 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 1 W;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="481 875 1123 942">c. Individual semiconductor “laser” ‘bars’, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 965 1123 1269" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 965 1123 1031">1. Wavelength of less than 1,400 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 100 W;</li> <li data-bbox="534 1052 1123 1151">2. Wavelength equal to or greater than 1,400 nm and less than 1,900 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 25 W; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="534 1172 1123 1269">3. Wavelength equal to or greater than 1,900 nm and average or CW output power, exceeding 10 W;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="481 1292 1123 1391">d. Semiconductor “laser” ‘stacked arrays’ (two-dimensional arrays) having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 1414 1123 1719" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 1414 1123 1633">1. Wavelength less than 1,400 nm, and having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="588 1500 1123 1719" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="588 1500 1123 1633">a. Average or CW total output power less than 3 kW, and having average or CW output ‘power density’ greater than 500 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;</li> <li data-bbox="588 1654 1123 1719">b. Average or CW total output power equal to or exceeding 3 kW but less than or equal to</li> </ol> </li> </ol>



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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>5 kW, and having average or CW output ‘power density’ greater than 350 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p>c. Average or CW total output power exceeding 5 kW;</p> <p>d. Peak pulsed ‘power density’ exceeding 2,500 W/cm<sup>2</sup>; <u>or</u></p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.d.1.d.1.d. does not include epitaxially-fabricated monolithic devices.</i></p> <p>e. Spatially coherent average or CW total output power greater than 150 W;</p> <p>2. Wavelength greater than or equal to 1,400 nm but less than 1,900 nm, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Average or CW total output power less than 250 W, and average or CW output ‘power density’ greater than 150 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p>b. Average or CW total output power equal to or exceeding 250 W but less than or equal to 500 W, and having average or CW output ‘power density’ greater than 50 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p>c. Average or CW total output power exceeding 500 W;</p> <p>d. Peak pulsed ‘power density’ exceeding 500 W/cm<sup>2</sup>; <u>or</u></p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A005.d.1.d.2.d. does not include epitaxially-fabricated monolithic devices.</i></p> <p>e. Spatially coherent average or CW total output power, exceeding 15 W;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="534 338 1126 439">3. Wavelength greater than or equal to 1,900 nm, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="585 462 1126 525">a. Average or CW output ‘power density’ greater than 50 W/cm<sup>2</sup>;</li> <li data-bbox="585 548 1126 611">b. Average or CW output power greater than 10 W; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="585 634 1126 696">c. Spatially coherent average or CW total output power exceeding 1.5 W; <u>or</u></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="534 719 1126 782">4. At least one “laser” ‘bar’ specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.c.;</p> <p data-bbox="364 805 545 835"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 858 1126 991"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005.d.1.d., ‘power density’ means the total “laser” output power divided by the emitter surface area of the ‘stacked array’.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="485 1014 1126 1115">e. Semiconductor “laser” ‘stacked arrays’, other than those specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.d., having both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 1138 1126 1239">1. Specially designed or modified to be combined with other ‘stacked arrays’ to form a larger ‘stacked array’; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="534 1262 1126 1325">2. Integrated connections, common for both electronics and cooling;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="364 1348 444 1378"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 1401 1126 1563"><i>‘Stacked arrays’, formed by combining semiconductor “laser” ‘stacked arrays’ specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.e., that are not designed to be further combined or modified are specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.d.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1586 444 1616"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="518 1639 1126 1740"><i>‘Stacked arrays’, formed by combining semiconductor “laser” ‘stacked arrays’ specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.e., that are designed</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="548 338 1155 405"><i>to be further combined or modified are specified in Category Code 6A005.d.1.e.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 426 475 455"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="548 476 1155 576"><i>Category Code 6A005.d.1.e. does not include modular assemblies of single ‘bars’ designed to be fabricated into end-to-end stacked linear arrays.</i></p> <p data-bbox="391 597 583 626"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 647 1083 675"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005.d.1.e.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="458 696 1155 1713" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 696 1155 763">1. Semiconductor “lasers” are commonly called “laser” diodes.</li> <li data-bbox="512 784 1155 919">2. A ‘bar’ (also called a semiconductor “laser” ‘bar’, a “laser” diode ‘bar’ or diode ‘bar’) consists of multiple semiconductor “lasers” in a one-dimensional array.</li> <li data-bbox="512 940 1155 1041">3. A ‘stacked array’ consists of multiple ‘bars’ forming a two-dimensional array of semiconductor “lasers”.</li> </ol> <ol data-bbox="458 1062 1155 1713" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="458 1062 1155 1266">2. Carbon monoxide (CO) “lasers” having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="512 1151 1155 1266" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 1151 1155 1214">a. Output energy exceeding 2 J per pulse and “peak power” exceeding 5 kW; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="512 1235 1155 1266">b. Average or CW output power exceeding 5 kW;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="458 1287 1155 1713">3. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) “lasers” having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="512 1376 1155 1713" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 1376 1155 1407">a. CW output power exceeding 15 kW;</li> <li data-bbox="512 1428 1155 1595">b. Pulsed output with a “pulse duration” exceeding 10 μs, and either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="561 1513 1155 1595" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="561 1513 1155 1544">1. “Average output power” exceeding 10 kW; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="561 1565 1155 1595">2. “Peak power” exceeding 100 kW; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="512 1616 1155 1713">c. Pulsed output with a “pulse duration” equal to or less than 10 μs, and either of the following characteristics:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pulse energy exceeding 5 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 2.5 kW;</li> <li>4. Excimer “lasers” having any of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Output wavelength not exceeding 150 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 50 mJ per pulse; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 1 W;</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Output wavelength exceeding 150 nm but not exceeding 190 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 120 W;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Output wavelength exceeding 190 nm but not exceeding 360 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 10 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 500 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Output wavelength exceeding 360 nm, and either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Output energy exceeding 1.5 J per pulse; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Average output power” exceeding 30 W;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For excimer “lasers” specially designed for lithography equipment, see Category Code 3B001.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>5. “Chemical lasers” as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Hydrogen Fluoride (HF) “lasers”;</li> <li>b. Deuterium Fluoride (DF) “lasers”;</li> <li>c. ‘Transfer lasers’, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Oxygen Iodine (O<sub>2</sub>-I) “lasers”;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="561 335 1153 401">2. Deuterium Fluoride-Carbon dioxide (DF-CO<sub>2</sub>) “lasers”;</p> <p data-bbox="548 420 729 453"><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p data-bbox="548 472 1153 643"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005.d.5.c., ‘transfer lasers’ are “lasers” in which the lasing species are excited through the transfer of energy by collision of a non-lasing atom or molecule with a lasing atom or molecule species.</i></p> <p data-bbox="460 662 1153 729">6. ‘Non-repetitive pulsed’ Nd: glass “lasers” having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="514 748 1153 814">a. “Pulse duration” not exceeding 1 µs and output energy exceeding 50 J per pulse; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="514 833 1153 900">b. “Pulse duration” exceeding 1 µs and output energy exceeding 100 J per pulse;</p> <p data-bbox="393 919 447 952"><i>Note</i></p> <p data-bbox="501 971 1153 1075"><i>‘Non-repetitive pulsed’ refers to “lasers” that produce either a single output pulse or that have a time interval between pulses exceeding one minute.</i></p> <p data-bbox="393 1094 716 1127">e. Components as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="460 1146 1153 1212">1. Mirrors cooled either by ‘active cooling’ or by heat pipe cooling;</p> <p data-bbox="393 1231 575 1264"><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p data-bbox="501 1283 1153 1454"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005.e.1., ‘active cooling’ is a cooling technique for optical components using flowing fluids within the subsurface (nominally less than 1 mm below the optical surface) of the optical component to remove heat from the optic.</i></p> <p data-bbox="460 1473 1153 1645">2. Optical mirrors or transmissive or partially transmissive optical or electro-optical components, other than fused tapered fibre combiners and Multi-Layer Dielectric gratings (MLDs), specially designed for use with specified “lasers”;</p> <p data-bbox="393 1664 447 1696"><i>Note</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="467 338 1123 401"><i>Fibre combiners and MLDs are specified in Category Code 6A005.e.3.</i></p> <p data-bbox="431 426 911 453">3. Fibre “laser” components as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="481 477 1123 576">a. Multimode to multimode fused tapered fibre combiners having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 601 1123 852" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 601 1123 767">1. An insertion loss better (less) than or equal to 0.3 dB maintained at a rated total average or CW output power (excluding output power transmitted through the single mode core if present) exceeding 1,000 W; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="534 792 1123 852">2. Number of input fibres equal to or greater than 3;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="481 877 1123 976">b. Single mode to multimode fused tapered fibre combiners having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 1001 1123 1515" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 1001 1123 1100">1. An insertion loss better (less) than 0.5 dB maintained at a rated total average or CW output power exceeding 4,600 W;</li> <li data-bbox="534 1125 1123 1186">2. Number of input fibres equal to or greater than 3; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="534 1210 1123 1515">3. Having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="588 1258 1123 1515" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="588 1258 1123 1395">a. A Beam Parameter Product (BPP) measured at the output not exceeding 1.5 mm•mrad for a number of input fibres less than or equal to 5; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="588 1420 1123 1515">b. A BPP measured at the output not exceeding 2.5 mm•mrad for a number of input fibres greater than 5;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="481 1540 1123 1566">c. MLDs having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="534 1591 1123 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="534 1591 1123 1652">1. Designed for spectral or coherent beam combination of 5 or more fibre “lasers”; <u>and</u></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="561 335 1158 401">2. CW “Laser” Induced Damage Threshold (LIDT) greater than or equal to 10 kW/cm<sup>2</sup>;</p> <p data-bbox="397 420 794 453">f. Optical equipment as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="387 472 440 504"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 523 1158 624"><i>For shared aperture optical elements, capable of operating in “Super High Power Laser” (“SHPL”) applications, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="460 649 1158 1287" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 649 615 681">1. Not used;</li> <li data-bbox="460 700 1158 833">2. “Laser” diagnostic equipment specially designed for dynamic measurement of “SHPL” system angular beam steering errors and having an angular “accuracy” of 10 <math>\mu</math>rad (microradians) or less (better);</li> <li data-bbox="460 852 1158 1201">3. Optical equipment and components, specially designed for coherent beam combination in a phased-array “SHPL” system and having either of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="512 1011 1158 1201" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 1011 1158 1077">a. An “accuracy” of 0.1 <math>\mu</math>m or less, for wavelengths greater than 1 <math>\mu</math>m; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="512 1096 1158 1201">b. An “accuracy” of <math>\lambda/10</math> or less (better) at the designed wavelength, for wavelengths equal to or less than 1 <math>\mu</math>m;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="460 1220 1158 1287">4. Projection telescopes specially designed for use with “SHPL” systems;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="397 1306 1158 1372">g. ‘Laser acoustic detection equipment’ having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="460 1391 1158 1705" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 1391 1158 1424">1. CW “laser” output power equal to or exceeding 20 mW;</li> <li data-bbox="460 1443 1158 1509">2. “Laser” frequency stability equal to or better (less) than 10 MHz;</li> <li data-bbox="460 1528 1158 1595">3. “Laser” wavelengths equal to or exceeding 1,000 nm but not exceeding 2,000 nm;</li> <li data-bbox="460 1614 1158 1646">4. Optical system resolution better (less) than 1 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="460 1666 1158 1705">5. Optical Signal to Noise ratio equal to or exceeding 10<sup>3</sup>.</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A006	<p data-bbox="354 337 538 367"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="400 388 1123 487"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A005.g., ‘laser acoustic detection equipment’ is sometimes referred to as a “Laser” Microphone or Particle Flow Detection Microphone.</i></p> <p data-bbox="354 559 1123 691">“Magnetometers”, “magnetic gradiometers”, “intrinsic magnetic gradiometers”, underwater electric field sensors, “compensation systems”, and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="354 715 408 746"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="354 767 760 797"><i>See also Category Code 7A103.d.</i></p> <p data-bbox="354 818 413 849"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="354 870 1123 969"><i>Category Code 6A006 does not include instruments specially designed for fishery applications or biomagnetic measurements for medical diagnostics.</i></p> <p data-bbox="366 991 964 1022">a. “Magnetometers” and sub-systems, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="431 1043 1123 1652" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 1043 1123 1111">1. “Magnetometers” using “superconductive” (SQUID) “technology” and having either of the following: <ol data-bbox="481 1132 1123 1492" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="481 1132 1123 1302">a. SQUID systems designed for stationary operation, without specially designed sub-systems designed to reduce in-motion noise, and having a ‘sensitivity’ equal to or lower (better) than 50 fT (rms) per square root Hz at a frequency of 1 Hz; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="481 1323 1123 1492">b. SQUID systems having an in-motion-magnetometer ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 20 pT (rms) per square root Hz at a frequency of 1 Hz and specially designed to reduce in-motion noise;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="431 1513 1123 1652">2. “Magnetometers” using optically pumped or nuclear precession (proton/Overhauser) “technology” having a ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 20 pT (rms) per square root Hz at a frequency of 1 Hz;</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. “Magnetometers” using fluxgate “technology” having a ‘sensitivity’ equal to or lower (better) than 10 pT (rms) per square root Hz at a frequency of 1 Hz;</p> <p>4. Induction coil “magnetometers” having a ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 0.05 nT (rms) per square root Hz at frequencies of less than 1 Hz;</li> <li>b. <math>1 \times 10^{-3}</math> nT (rms) per square root Hz at frequencies of 1 Hz or more but not exceeding 10 Hz; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. <math>1 \times 10^{-4}</math> nT (rms) per square root Hz at frequencies exceeding 10 Hz;</li> </ol> <p>5. Fibre optic “magnetometers” having a ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 1 nT (rms) per square root Hz;</p> <p>b. Underwater electric field sensors having a ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 8 nanovolt per metre per square root Hz when measured at 1 Hz;</p> <p>c. “Magnetic gradiometers” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Magnetic gradiometers” using multiple “magnetometers” specified in Category Code 6A006.a.;</li> <li>2. Fibre optic “intrinsic magnetic gradiometers” having a magnetic gradient field ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 0.3 nT/m (rms) per square root Hz;</li> <li>3. “Intrinsic magnetic gradiometers”, using “technology” other than fibre-optic “technology”, having a magnetic gradient field ‘sensitivity’ lower (better) than 0.015 nT/m (rms) per square root Hz;</li> </ol> <p>d. “Compensation systems” for magnetic or underwater electric field sensors resulting in a performance equal to or better than the specified parameters of Category Code 6A006.a., 6A006.b. or 6A006.c.;</p> <p>e. Underwater electromagnetic receivers incorporating magnetic field sensors specified in Category Code 6A006.a. or underwater electric field sensors specified in Category Code 6A006.b.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A007	<p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A006, ‘sensitivity’ (noise level) is the root mean square of the device-limited noise floor which is the lowest signal that can be measured.</i></p> <p>Gravity meters (gravimeters) and gravity gradiometers, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 6A107.</i></p> <p>a. Gravity meters designed or modified for ground use and having a static “accuracy” of less (better) than 10 µGal;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A007.a. does not include ground gravity meters of the quartz element (Worden) type.</i></p> <p>b. Gravity meters designed for mobile platforms and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A static “accuracy” of less (better) than 0.7 mGal; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. An in-service (operational) “accuracy” of less (better) than 0.7 mGal having a “time-to-steady-state registration” of less than 2 minutes under any combination of attendant corrective compensations and motional influences;</li> </ol> <p>c. Gravity gradiometers.</p>
6A008	<p>Radar systems, equipment and assemblies, having any of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 6A108.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A008 does not include:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Secondary Surveillance Radar (SSR);</i></li> <li>– <i>Civil Automotive Radar;</i></li> <li>– <i>Displays or monitors used for Air Traffic Control (ATC);</i></li> <li>– <i>Meteorological (weather) radar;</i></li> <li>– <i>Precision Approach Radar (PAR) equipment conforming to ICAO standards and employing electronically steerable linear (one-dimensional) arrays or mechanically positioned passive antennae.</i></li> </ul> <p>a. Operating at frequencies from 40 GHz to 230 GHz, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An average output power exceeding 100 mW; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Locating “accuracy” of 1 m or less (better) in range and 0.2 degree or less (better) in azimuth;</li> </ol> <p>b. A tunable bandwidth exceeding <math>\pm 6.25\%</math> of the ‘centre operating frequency’;</p> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008.b., the ‘centre operating frequency’ equals one half of the sum of the highest plus the lowest specified operating frequencies.</i></p> <p>c. Capable of operating simultaneously on more than two carrier frequencies;</p> <p>d. Capable of operating in Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR), Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar (ISAR) mode, or Sidelooking Airborne Radar (SLAR) mode;</p> <p>e. Incorporating electronically scanned array antennae;</p> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008.e., electronically scanned array antennae are also known as electronically steerable array antennae.</i></p> <p>f. Capable of heightfinding non-cooperative targets;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="364 338 1126 439">g. Specially designed for airborne (balloon or airframe mounted) operation and having Doppler “signal processing” for the detection of moving targets;</p> <p data-bbox="364 458 1126 525">h. Employing processing of radar signals and using either of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="431 544 948 630" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 544 948 576">1. “Radar spread spectrum” techniques; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="431 595 921 630">2. “Radar frequency agility” techniques;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="364 649 1126 715">i. Providing ground-based operation with a maximum ‘instrumented range’ exceeding 185 km;</p> <p data-bbox="357 734 417 767"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="397 786 908 818"><i>Category Code 6A008.i. does not include:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="431 837 1126 1391" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 837 895 870"><i>a. Fishing ground surveillance radar;</i></li> <li data-bbox="431 889 1126 991"><i>b. Ground radar equipment specially designed for enroute Air Traffic Control (ATC) and having all of the following characteristics:</i> <ol data-bbox="478 1011 1126 1334" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="478 1011 1126 1077"><i>1. A maximum ‘instrumented range’ of 500 km or less;</i></li> <li data-bbox="478 1096 1126 1199"><i>2. Configured so that radar target data can be transmitted only one way from the radar site to one or more civil ATC centres;</i></li> <li data-bbox="478 1218 1126 1285"><i>3. Contains no provisions for remote control of the radar scan rate from the enroute ATC centre; <u>and</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="478 1304 814 1334"><i>4. Is permanently installed;</i></li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="431 1353 868 1386"><i>c. Weather balloon tracking radars.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="357 1405 545 1437"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="465 1456 1126 1563"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008.i., ‘instrumented range’ is the specified unambiguous display range of a radar.</i></p> <p data-bbox="364 1582 1126 1648">j. Being “laser” radar or Light Detection and Ranging (LIDAR) equipment, and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="431 1667 693 1700" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="431 1667 693 1700">1. “Space-qualified”;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="460 338 1155 439">2. Employing coherent heterodyne or homodyne detection techniques, and having an angular resolution of less (better) than 20 <math>\mu</math>rad (microradians); <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="460 458 1155 662">3. Designed for carrying out airborne bathymetric littoral surveys to International Hydrographic Organisation (IHO) Order 1a Standard (5th Edition February 2008) for Hydrographic Surveys or better, and using one or more “lasers” with a wavelength exceeding 400 nm but not exceeding 600 nm;</p> <p data-bbox="387 681 470 714"><u>Note 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 733 1155 801"><i>LIDAR equipment specially designed for surveying is only specified in Category Code 6A008.j.3.</i></p> <p data-bbox="387 820 470 852"><u>Note 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 872 1155 940"><i>Category Code 6A008.j. does not include LIDAR equipment specially designed for meteorological observation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="387 959 470 991"><u>Note 3</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 1011 1155 1079"><i>Parameters in the IHO Order 1a Standard (5th Edition February 2008) are summarised as follows:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 1098 1155 1167">– <i>Horizontal Accuracy (95% Confidence Level) = 5 m + 5% of depth</i></li> <li data-bbox="460 1186 1155 1292">– <i>Depth Accuracy for Reduced Depths (95% confidence level) = <math>\pm\sqrt{(a^2+(b * d)^2)}</math>, where:</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="494 1311 1155 1380"><i>a = 0.5 m = constant depth error, i.e. the sum of all constant depth errors</i></li> <li data-bbox="494 1399 1034 1431"><i>b = 0.013 = factor of depth dependent error</i></li> <li data-bbox="494 1450 1155 1519"><i>b*d = depth dependent error, i.e. the sum of all depth dependent errors</i></li> <li data-bbox="494 1538 618 1570"><i>d = depth</i></li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="460 1589 1155 1658">– <i>Feature Detection = Cubic features &gt; 2 m in depths up to 40 m; 10% of depth beyond 40 m.</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>k. Having “signal processing” sub-systems using “pulse compression”, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A “pulse compression” ratio exceeding 150; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A compressed pulse width of less than 200 ns; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A008.k.2. does not include two-dimensional ‘marine radar’ or ‘vessel traffic service’ radar; having all of the following characteristics:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Pulse compression” ratio not exceeding 150;</li> <li>b. Compressed pulse width of greater than 30 ns;</li> <li>c. Single and rotating mechanically scanned antenna;</li> <li>d. Peak output power not exceeding 250 W; <u>and</u></li> <li>e. Not capable of “frequency hopping”.</li> </ol> <p>1. Having data processing sub-systems, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Automatic target tracking’ providing, at any antenna rotation, the predicted target position beyond the time of the next antenna beam passage; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A008.l.1. does not include conflict alert capability in ATC systems, or ‘marine radar’.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008.l.1., ‘automatic target tracking’ is a processing technique that automatically determines and provides as output an extrapolated value of the most probable position of the target in real-time.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Not used;</li> <li>3. Not used;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="462 338 1158 510">4. Configured to provide superposition and correlation, or fusion, of target data within 6 s from two or more ‘geographically dispersed’ radar sensors to improve the aggregate performance beyond that of any single sensor specified in Category Code 6A008.f. or 6A008.i.</p> <p data-bbox="395 529 575 557"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 578 1158 750"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008.l.4., sensors are considered ‘geographically dispersed’ when each location is distant from any other more than 1,500 m in any direction. Mobile sensors are always considered ‘geographically dispersed’.</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 771 444 799"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 820 1053 849"><i>See also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="498 870 556 898"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="498 919 1158 1024"><i>Category Code 6A008.l.4. does not include systems, equipment and assemblies designed for ‘vessel traffic service’.</i></p> <p data-bbox="387 1045 579 1073"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="395 1094 1158 1197">1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008, ‘marine radar’ is a radar that is designed to navigate safely at sea, inland waterways or near-shore environments.</i></p> <p data-bbox="395 1218 1158 1321">2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 6A008, ‘vessel traffic service’ is a vessel traffic monitoring and control service similar to Air Traffic Control (ATC) for “aircraft”.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A102	<p>Radiation hardened ‘detectors’, other than those specified in Category Code 6A002, specially designed or modified for protecting against nuclear effects (e.g. Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP), X-rays, combined blast and thermal effects) and usable for “missiles”, designed or rated to withstand radiation levels which meet or exceed a total irradiation dose of <math>5 \times 10^5</math> rads (silicon).</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 6A102, a ‘detector’ is defined as a mechanical, electrical, optical or chemical device that automatically identifies and records, or registers a stimulus such as an environmental change in pressure or temperature, an electrical or electromagnetic signal or radiation from a radioactive material. This includes devices that sense by one time operation or failure.</i></p>
6A107	<p>Gravity meters (gravimeters) and components for gravity meters and gravity gradiometers, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Gravity meters, other than those specified in Category Code 6A007.b., designed or modified for airborne or marine use, and having a static or operational accuracy equal to or less (better) than 0.7 milligal (mgal), and having a time-to-steady-state registration of two minutes or less;</li> <li>b. Specially designed components for gravity meters specified in Category Code 6A007.b. or 6A107.a. and gravity gradiometers specified in Category Code 6A007.c.</li> </ol>
6A108	<p>Radar systems, tracking systems and radomes, other than those specified in Category Code 6A008, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Radar and laser radar systems designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="431 335 1012 367"><i>Category Code 6A108.a. includes the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 388 942 420"><i>a. Terrain contour mapping equipment;</i></li> <li data-bbox="460 439 1155 506"><i>b. Scene mapping and correlation (both digital and analogue) equipment;</i></li> <li data-bbox="460 525 948 557"><i>c. Doppler navigation radar equipment;</i></li> <li data-bbox="460 576 908 609"><i>d. Passive interferometer equipment;</i></li> <li data-bbox="460 628 1130 660"><i>e. Imaging sensor equipment (both active and passive).</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="393 679 1153 712">b. Precision tracking systems, usable for ‘missiles’, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="460 731 1155 868">1. Tracking systems which use a code translator in conjunction with either surface or airborne references or navigation satellite systems to provide real-time measurements of in-flight position and velocity;</li> <li data-bbox="460 887 1155 1182">2. Range instrumentation radars including associated optical/infrared trackers with all of the following capabilities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="512 1011 1116 1043">a. Angular resolution better than 1.5 milliradians;</li> <li data-bbox="512 1062 1155 1129">b. Range of 30 km or greater with a range resolution better than 10 m rms; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="512 1148 995 1180">c. Velocity resolution better than 3 m/s;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p data-bbox="387 1201 569 1233"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 1252 1155 1353"><i>In Category Code 6A108.b., ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="393 1372 1155 1544">c. Radomes designed to withstand a combined thermal shock greater than <math>4.184 \times 10^6</math> J/m<sup>2</sup> accompanied by a peak over pressure of greater than 50 kPa, and usable in “missiles” for protecting against nuclear effects (e.g. Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP), X-rays, combined blast and thermal effects).</li> </ul>
6A202	<p data-bbox="384 1614 1155 1681">Photomultiplier tubes having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="393 1700 991 1732">a. Photocathode area of greater than 20 cm<sup>2</sup>; <u>and</u></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6A203	<p data-bbox="360 338 878 369">b. Anode pulse rise time of less than 1 ns.</p> <p data-bbox="360 439 1123 506">Cameras and components, other than those specified in Category Code 6A003, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="360 529 435 559"><u><i>N.B. 1</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="360 578 1123 712">“Software” specially designed to enhance or release the performance of a camera or imaging device to meet the characteristics of Category Code 6A203.a., 6A203.b. or 6A203.c. is specified in Category Code 6D203.</p> <p data-bbox="360 734 435 765"><u><i>N.B. 2</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="360 784 1123 917">“Technology” in the form of codes or keys to enhance or release the performance of a camera or imaging device to meet the characteristics of Category Code 6A203.a., 6A203.b. or 6A203.c. is specified in Category Code 6E203.</p> <p data-bbox="360 940 413 971"><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="360 990 1123 1161">Category Codes 6A203.a. to 6A203.c. do not include cameras or imaging devices if they have hardware, “software” or “technology” constraints that limit the performance to less than that specified below, provided they meet any of the following:</p> <p data-bbox="360 1184 1123 1250">a. They need to be returned to the original manufacturer to make the enhancements or release the constraints;</p> <p data-bbox="360 1269 1123 1374">b. They require “software” as specified in Category Code 6D203 to enhance or release the performance to meet the characteristics of Category Code 6A203; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="360 1393 1123 1527">c. They require “technology” in the form of keys or codes as specified in Category Code 6E203 to enhance or release the performance to meet the characteristics of Category Code 6A203.</p> <p data-bbox="360 1546 1123 1612">a. Streak cameras, and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="435 1631 1123 1698">1. Streak cameras with writing speeds greater than 0.5 mm/μs;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 338 1158 405">2. Electronic streak cameras capable of 50 ns or less time resolution;</li> <li data-bbox="462 426 1158 493">3. Streak tubes for cameras specified in Category Code 6A203.a.2.;</li> <li data-bbox="462 514 1158 649">4. Plug-ins specially designed for use with streak cameras which have modular structures and that enable the performance specifications in Category Code 6A203.a.1. or 6A203.a.2.;</li> <li data-bbox="462 670 1158 805">5. Synchronising electronics units, rotor assemblies consisting of turbines, mirrors and bearings specially designed for cameras specified in Category Code 6A203.a.1.;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="395 826 1158 892">b. Framing cameras, and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="462 913 1158 980">1. Framing cameras with recording rates greater than 225,000 frames per second;</li> <li data-bbox="462 1001 1158 1068">2. Framing cameras capable of 50 ns or less frame exposure time;</li> <li data-bbox="462 1089 1158 1224">3. Framing tubes and solid-state imaging devices having a fast image gating (shutter) time of 50 ns or less specially designed for cameras specified in Category Code 6A203.b.1. or 6A203.b.2.;</li> <li data-bbox="462 1245 1158 1380">4. Plug-ins specially designed for use with framing cameras which have modular structures and that enable the performance specifications in Category Code 6A203.b.1. or 6A203.b.2.;</li> <li data-bbox="462 1401 1158 1536">5. Synchronising electronics units, rotor assemblies consisting of turbines, mirrors and bearings specially designed for cameras specified in Category Code 6A203.b.1. or 6A203.b.2.;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="395 1557 568 1586"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="431 1606 1158 1709"><i>In Category Code 6A203.b., high speed single frame cameras can be used alone to produce a single image of a dynamic event, or several such cameras can be combined in a</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>sequentially triggered system to produce multiple images of an event.</i></p> <p>c. Solid state or electron tube cameras, and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Solid-state cameras or electron tube cameras with a fast image gating (shutter) time of 50 ns or less;</li> <li>2. Solid-state imaging devices and image intensifier tubes having a fast image gating (shutter) time of 50 ns or less specially designed for cameras specified in Category Code 6A203.c.1.;</li> <li>3. Electro-optical shuttering devices (Kerr or Pockels cells) with a fast image gating (shutter) time of 50 ns or less;</li> <li>4. Plug-ins specially designed for use with cameras which have modular structures and that enable the performance specifications in Category Code 6A203.c.1.;</li> </ol> <p>d. Radiation-hardened TV cameras, or lenses therefor, specially designed or rated as radiation hardened to withstand a total radiation dose greater than <math>50 \times 10^3</math> Gy (silicon) (<math>5 \times 10^6</math> rad (silicon)) without operational degradation.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>The term Gy (silicon) refers to the energy in Joules per kilogram absorbed by an unshielded silicon sample when exposed to ionising radiation.</i></p>
6A205	<p>“Lasers”, “laser” amplifiers and oscillators, other than those specified in Category Codes 0B001.g.5., 0B001.h.6. and 6A005, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For copper vapour lasers, see Category Code 6A005.b.</i></p> <p>a. Argon ion “lasers” having both of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at wavelengths between 400 nm and 515 nm; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. An “average output power” greater than 40 W;</li> </ol> <p>b. Tunable pulsed single-mode dye laser oscillators having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at wavelengths between 300 nm and 800 nm;</li> <li>2. An “average output power” greater than 1 W;</li> <li>3. A repetition rate greater than 1 kHz; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Pulse width less than 100 ns;</li> </ol> <p>c. Tunable pulsed dye laser amplifiers and oscillators, having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at wavelengths between 300 nm and 800 nm;</li> <li>2. An “average output power” greater than 30 W;</li> <li>3. A repetition rate greater than 1 kHz; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Pulse width less than 100 ns;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A205.c. does not include single mode oscillators.</i></p> <p>d. Pulsed carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) “lasers” having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at wavelengths between 9,000 nm and 11,000 nm;</li> <li>2. A repetition rate greater than 250 Hz;</li> <li>3. An “average output power” greater than 500 W; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Pulse width of less than 200 ns;</li> </ol> <p>e. Para-hydrogen Raman shifters designed to operate at 16 μm output wavelength and at a repetition rate greater than 250 Hz;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>f. Neodymium-doped (other than glass) “lasers” with an output wavelength between 1,000 nm and 1,100 nm having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pulse-excited and Q-switched with a pulse duration equal to or more than 1 ns, and having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A single-transverse mode output with an “average output power” greater than 40 W; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. A multiple-transverse mode output having an average power greater than 50 W; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Incorporating frequency doubling to give an output wavelength between 500 nm and 550 nm with an “average output power” of more than 40 W;</li> </ol> <p>g. Pulsed carbon monoxide (CO) “lasers”, other than those specified in Category Code 6A005.d.2., having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Operating at wavelengths between 5,000 nm and 6,000 nm;</li> <li>2. A repetition rate greater than 250 Hz;</li> <li>3. An “average output power” greater than 200 W; <u>and</u></li> <li>4. Pulse width of less than 200 ns.</li> </ol>
6A225	<p>Velocity interferometers for measuring velocities exceeding 1 km/s during time intervals of less than 10 µs.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6A225 includes velocity interferometers such as VISARs (Velocity Interferometer Systems for Any Reflector), DLIs (Doppler Laser Interferometers) and PDV (Photonic Doppler Velocimeters) also known as Het-V (Heterodyne Velocimeters).</i></p>
6A226	<p>Pressure sensors, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Shock pressure gauges capable of measuring pressures greater than 10 GPa, including gauges made with manganin, ytterbium, and polyvinylidene fluoride (PVDF) / polyvinyl difluoride (PVF<sub>2</sub>);</p> <p>b. Quartz pressure transducers for pressures greater than 10 GPa.</p>
<b>6B</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b>
6B002	Masks and reticles, specially designed for optical sensors specified in Category Code 6A002.a.1.b. or 6A002.a.1.d.
6B004	<p>Optical equipment as follows:</p> <p>a. Equipment for measuring absolute reflectance to an “accuracy” of equal to or better than 0.1% of the reflectance value;</p> <p>b. Equipment other than optical surface scattering measurement equipment, having an unobscured aperture of more than 10 cm, specially designed for the non-contact optical measurement of a non-planar optical surface figure (profile) to an “accuracy” of 2 nm or less (better) against the required profile.</p> <p><u>Note</u> Category Code 6B004 does not include microscopes.</p>
6B007	Equipment to produce, align and calibrate land-based gravity meters with a static “accuracy” of less (better) than 0.1 mGal.
6B008	<p>Pulse radar cross-section measurement systems having transmit pulse widths of 100 ns or less, and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u> See also Category Code 6B108.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6B108	<p>Systems, other than those specified in Category Code 6B008, specially designed for radar cross-section measurement usable for ‘missiles’ and their sub-systems.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 6B108, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>
<b>6C</b>	<b>Materials</b>
6C002	<p>Optical sensor materials as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Elemental tellurium (Te) of purity levels of 99.9995% or more;</li> <li>b. Single crystals (including epitaxial wafers) of any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cadmium zinc telluride (CdZnTe), with zinc content of less than 6% by ‘mole fraction’;</li> <li>2. Cadmium telluride (CdTe) of any purity level; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Mercury cadmium telluride (HgCdTe) of any purity level.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6C002.b.1., ‘mole fraction’ is defined as the ratio of moles of ZnTe to the sum of moles of CdTe and ZnTe present in the crystal.</i></p>
6C004	<p>Optical materials as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Zinc selenide (ZnSe) and zinc sulphide (ZnS) “substrate blanks”, produced by the Chemical Vapour Deposition (CVD) process and having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A volume greater than 100 cm<sup>3</sup>; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>



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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>2. A diameter greater than 80 mm and a thickness of 20 mm or more;</p> <p>b. Electro-optic materials and non-linear optical materials, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Potassium titanyl arsenate (KTA) (59400-80-5);</li> <li>2. Silver gallium selenide (AgGaSe<sub>2</sub>, also known as AGSE) (12002-67-4);</li> <li>3. Thallium arsenic selenide (Tl<sub>3</sub>AsSe<sub>3</sub>, also known as TAS) (16142-89-5);</li> <li>4. Zinc germanium phosphide (ZnGeP<sub>2</sub>, also known as ZGP, zinc germanium biphosphide or zinc germanium diphosphide);</li> <li>5. Gallium selenide (GaSe) (12024-11-2);</li> </ol> <p>c. Non-linear optical materials, other than those specified in Category Code 6C004.b., having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dynamic (also known as non-stationary) third order non-linear susceptibility (<math>\chi^{(3)}</math>, chi 3) of <math>10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{V}^2</math> or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Response time of less than 1 ms; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Second order non-linear susceptibility (<math>\chi^{(2)}</math>, chi 2) of <math>3.3 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m/V}</math> or more;</li> </ol> <p>d. “Substrate blanks” of silicon carbide or beryllium beryllium (Be/Be) deposited materials, exceeding 300 mm in diameter or major axis length;</p> <p>e. Glass, including fused silica, phosphate glass, fluorophosphate glass, zirconium fluoride (ZrF<sub>4</sub>) (7783-64-4) and hafnium fluoride (HfF<sub>4</sub>) (13709-52-9) and having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A hydroxyl ion (OH<sup>-</sup>) concentration of less than 5 parts per million (ppm);</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6C005	<p>2. Integrated metallic purity levels of less than 1 parts per million (ppm); <u>and</u></p> <p>3. High homogeneity (index of refraction variance) less than <math>5 \times 10^{-6}</math>;</p> <p>f. Synthetically produced diamond material with an absorption of less than <math>10^{-5} \text{ cm}^{-1}</math> for wavelengths exceeding 200 nm but not exceeding 14,000 nm.</p> <p>“Laser” materials as follows:</p> <p>a. Synthetic crystalline “laser” host material in unfinished form as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Titanium doped sapphire;</li> <li>2. Not used;</li> </ol> <p>b. Rare-earth-metal doped double-clad fibres having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Nominal “laser” wavelength of 975 nm to 1,150 nm, and having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Average core diameter equal to or greater than 25 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Core ‘Numerical Aperture’ (‘NA’) less than 0.065; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6C005.b.1. does not include double-clad fibres having an inner glass cladding diameter exceeding 150 <math>\mu\text{m}</math> and not exceeding 300 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Nominal “laser” wavelength exceeding 1,530 nm, and having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Average core diameter equal to or greater than 20 <math>\mu\text{m}</math>; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Core ‘Numerical Aperture’ (‘NA’) less than 0.1.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. For the purpose of Category Code 6C005.b.1.b., the core 'Numerical Aperture' ('NA') is measured at the emission wavelengths of the fibre.</li> <li>2. Category Code 6C005.b. includes fibres assembled with end caps.</li> </ol>
<b>6D</b>	<b>Software</b>
6D001	“Software” specially designed for the “development” or “production” of equipment specified in Category Code 6A004, 6A005, 6A008 or 6B008.
6D002	“Software” specially designed for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 6A002.b., 6A008 or 6B008.
6D003	<p>Other “software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Software” as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Software” specially designed for acoustic beam forming for the “real-time processing” of acoustic data for passive reception using towed hydrophone arrays;</li> <li>2. “Source code” for the “real-time processing” of acoustic data for passive reception using towed hydrophone arrays;</li> <li>3. “Software” specially designed for acoustic beam forming for “real-time processing” of acoustic data for passive reception using bottom or bay cable systems;</li> <li>4. “Source code” for “real-time processing” of acoustic data for passive reception using bottom or bay cable systems;</li> <li>5. “Software” or “source code”, specially designed for both of the following:</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. “Real-time processing” of acoustic data from sonar systems specified in Category Code 6A001.a.1.e.; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Automatically detecting, classifying and determining the location of divers or swimmers;</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For diver detection “software” or “source code”, specially designed or modified for military use, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p>b. Not used;</p> <p>c. “Software” designed or modified for cameras incorporating “focal plane arrays” specified in Category Code 6A002.a.3.f. and designed or modified to remove a frame rate restriction and allow the camera to exceed the frame rate specified in Category Code 6A003.b.4. Note 3.a.;</p> <p>d. “Software” specially designed to maintain the alignment and phasing of segmented mirror systems consisting of mirror segments having a diameter or major axis length equal to or larger than 1 m;</p> <p>e. Not used;</p> <p>f. “Software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Software” specially designed for magnetic and electric field “compensation systems” for magnetic sensors designed to operate on mobile platforms;</li> <li>2. “Software” specially designed for magnetic and electric field anomaly detection on mobile platforms;</li> <li>3. “Software” specially designed for “real-time processing” of electromagnetic data using underwater electromagnetic receivers specified in Category Code 6A006.e.;</li> <li>4. “Source code” for “real-time processing” of electromagnetic data using underwater electromagnetic receivers specified in Category Code 6A006.e.;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>g. “Software” specially designed to correct motional influences of gravity meters or gravity gradiometers;</p> <p>h. “Software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Air Traffic Control (ATC) “software” designed to be hosted on general purpose computers located at Air Traffic Control (ATC) centres and capable of accepting radar target data from more than four primary radars;</li> <li>2. “Software” for the design or “production” of radomes and having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Specially designed to protect the electronically scanned array antennae specified in Category Code 6A008.e.; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Resulting in an antenna pattern having an ‘average side lobe level’ more than 40 dB below the peak of the main beam level.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6D003.h.2.b., ‘average side lobe level’ is measured over the entire array excluding the angular extent of the main beam and the first two side lobes on either side of the main beam.</i></p>
6D102	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 6A108.</p>
6D103	<p>“Software” which processes post-flight, recorded data, enabling determination of vehicle position throughout its flight path, specially designed or modified for ‘missiles’.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 6D103, ‘missiles’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
6D203	“Software” specially designed to enhance or release the performance of cameras or imaging devices to meet the characteristics of Category Codes 6A203.a. to 6A203.c.
<b>6E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
6E001	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of equipment, materials or “software” specified in Category 6A, 6B, 6C or 6D.
6E002	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “production” of equipment or materials specified in Category 6A, 6B or 6C.
6E003	Other “technology”, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” as follows:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Technology” “required” for the coating and treatment of optical surfaces to achieve an ‘optical thickness’ uniformity of 99.5% or better for optical coatings 500 mm or more in diameter or major axis length and with a total loss (absorption and scatter) of less than <math>5 \times 10^{-3}</math>;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><i>N.B.</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>See also Category Code 2E003.f.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 6E003.a.1., ‘optical thickness’ is the mathematical product of the index of refraction and the physical thickness of the coating.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. “Technology” for the fabrication of optics using single point diamond turning techniques to produce surface finish “accuracies” of better than 10 nm rms on non-planar surfaces exceeding 0.5 m<sup>2</sup>;</li> </ol> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. “Technology” “required” for the “development”, “production” or “use” of specially designed diagnostic</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	instruments or targets in test facilities for “SHPL” testing or testing or evaluation of materials irradiated by “SHPL” beams.
6E101	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment or “software” specified in Category Code 6A002, 6A007.b. and .c., 6A008, 6A102, 6A107, 6A108, 6B108, 6D102 or 6D103.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6E101 only specifies “technology” for equipment specified in Category Codes 6A002, 6A007 and 6A008 if the items were designed for airborne applications and are usable in “missiles”.</i></p>
6E201	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 6A003, 6A005.a.2., 6A005.b.2., 6A005.b.3., 6A005.b.4., 6A005.b.6., 6A005.c.2., 6A005.d.3.c., 6A005.d.4.c., 6A202, 6A203, 6A205, 6A225 or 6A226.</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6E201 only specifies “technology” for cameras specified in Category Code 6A003 if the cameras are also specified by any of the control parameters of Category Code 6A203.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 6E201 only specifies “technology” for lasers in Category Code 6A005.b.6. that are neodymium-doped and specified by any of the control parameters of Category Code 6A205.f.</i></p>
6E203	“Technology”, in the form of codes or keys, to enhance or release the performance of cameras or imaging devices to meet the characteristics of Category Codes 6A203.a. to 6A203.c.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 7 — NAVIGATION AND AVIONICS</b>	
<b>7A</b>	<p><b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b></p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For automatic pilots for underwater vehicles, see Category 8. For radar, see Category 6.</i></p>
7A001	<p>Accelerometers as follows and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 7A101.</i></p> <p><i>For angular or rotational accelerometers, see Category Code 7A001.b.</i></p> <p>a. Linear accelerometers having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specified to function at linear acceleration levels less than or equal to 15 g, and having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A “bias” “stability” of less (better) than 130 micro g with respect to a fixed calibration value over a period of one year; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. A “scale factor” “stability” of less (better) than 130 parts per million (ppm) with respect to a fixed calibration value over a period of one year;</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Specified to function at linear acceleration levels exceeding 15 g but less than or equal to 100 g, and having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A “bias” “repeatability” of less (better) than 1,250 micro g over a period of one year; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A “scale factor” “repeatability” of less (better) than 1,250 parts per million (ppm) over a period of one year; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A002	<p data-bbox="427 338 1165 439">3. Designed for use in inertial navigation or guidance systems and specified to function at linear acceleration levels exceeding 100 g;</p> <p data-bbox="368 458 427 491"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 510 1165 611"><i>Category Codes 7A001.a.1. and 7A001.a.2. do not include accelerometers limited to measurement of only vibration or shock.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 630 1165 700">b. Angular or rotational accelerometers, specified to function at linear acceleration levels exceeding 100 g.</p> <p data-bbox="368 767 1165 833">Gyros or angular rate sensors, having either of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p data-bbox="368 852 427 885"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="368 904 749 936"><i>See also Category Code 7A102.</i></p> <p data-bbox="368 955 1165 1022"><i>For angular or rotational accelerometers, see Category Code 7A001.b.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1041 1165 1142">a. Specified to function at linear acceleration levels less than or equal to 100 g, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="427 1161 1165 1228">1. An angular rate range of less than 500 degrees per second, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="481 1247 1165 1386">a. A “bias” “stability” of less (better) than 0.5 degree per hour, when measured in a 1 g environment over a period of one month, and with respect to a fixed calibration value; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="481 1405 1165 1471">b. An “angle random walk” of less (better) than or equal to 0.0035 degree per square root hour; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="373 1490 432 1523"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="514 1542 1165 1608"><i>Category Code 7A002.a.1.b. does not include “spinning mass gyros”.</i></p> <p data-bbox="427 1627 1165 1728">2. An angular rate range greater than or equal to 500 degrees per second, and having either of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A003	<p>a. A “bias” “stability” of less (better) than 4 degrees per hour, when measured in a 1 g environment over a period of three minutes, and with respect to a fixed calibration value; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. An “angle random walk” of less (better) than or equal to 0.1 degree per square root hour; <u>or</u></p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A002.a.2.b. does not include “spinning mass gyros”.</i></p> <p>b. Specified to function at linear acceleration levels exceeding 100 g.</p> <p>‘Inertial measurement equipment or systems’, having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p><i>N.B.</i></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 7A103.</i></p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A003 does not include ‘inertial measurement equipment or systems’ which are certified for use on “civil aircraft” by civil aviation authorities of one or more “participating states”.</i></p> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <p><i>1. For the purpose of Category Code 7A003, ‘inertial measurement equipment or systems’ incorporate accelerometers or gyroscopes to measure changes in velocity and orientation in order to determine or maintain heading or position without requiring an external reference once aligned. ‘Inertial measurement equipment or systems’ include:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>– Attitude and Heading Reference Systems (AHRSS);</i></li> <li><i>– Gyrocompasses;</i></li> <li><i>– Inertial Measurement Units (IMUs);</i></li> <li><i>– Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs);</i></li> <li><i>– Inertial Reference Systems (IRSs);</i></li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="427 335 848 367">– <i>Inertial Reference Units (IRUs).</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 386 1159 453">2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 7A003, ‘positional aiding references’ independently provide position, and include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 472 774 504">a. <i>“Satellite navigation system”;</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 523 1013 555">b. <i>“Data-Based Referenced Navigation” (“DBRN”).</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 575 1159 710">a. <i>Designed for “aircraft”, land vehicles or vessels, providing position without the use of ‘positional aiding references’, and having any of the following “accuracies” subsequent to normal alignment:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="427 729 1159 938" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="427 729 1159 805">1. <i>0.8 nautical miles per hour (nm/hr) “Circular Error Probable” (“CEP”) rate or less (better);</i></li> <li data-bbox="427 814 1159 847">2. <i>0.5% distanced travelled “CEP” or less (better); <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="427 866 1159 938">3. <i>Total drift of 1 nautical mile “CEP” or less (better) in a 24-hour period;</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 957 552 990"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1009 1159 1389"><i>For the purposes of Category Codes 7A003.a.1., 7A003.a.2. and 7A003.a.3., the performance parameters typically apply to ‘inertial measurement equipment or systems’ designed for “aircraft”, vehicles and vessels, respectively. These parameters result from the utilisation of specialised non-positional aiding references (e.g. altimeter, odometer, velocity log). As a consequence, the specified performance values cannot be readily converted between these parameters. Equipment designed for multiple platforms are evaluated against each applicable Category Code 7A003.a.1., 7A003.a.2. or 7A003.a.3.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1408 1159 1580">b. <i>Designed for “aircraft”, land vehicles or vessels, with an embedded ‘positional aiding reference’ and providing position after loss of all ‘positional aiding references’ for a period of up to 4 minutes, having an “accuracy” of less (better) than 10 meters “CEP”;</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 1599 552 1631"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1650 1159 1719"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7A003.b., this entry refers to systems in which ‘inertial measurement equipment or systems’</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>and other independent ‘positional aiding references’ are built into a single unit (i.e. embedded) in order to achieve improved performance.</i></p> <p>c. Designed for “aircraft”, land vehicles or vessels, providing heading or True North determination and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. A maximum operating angular rate less (lower) than 500 degrees per second and a heading “accuracy” without the use of ‘positional aiding references’ equal to or less (better) than 0.07 degree second (Lat) (equivalent to 6 arc minutes rms at 45 degrees latitude); <u>or</u></li> <li>2. A maximum operating angular rate equal to or greater (higher) than 500 degrees per second and a heading “accuracy” without the use of ‘positional aiding references’ equal to or less (better) than 0.2 degree second (Lat) (equivalent to 17 arc minutes rms at 45 degrees latitude); <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p>d. Providing acceleration measurements or angular rate measurements, in more than one dimension, and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Performance specified in Category Code 7A001 or 7A002 along any axis, without the use of any aiding references; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. Being “space-qualified” and providing angular rate measurements having an “angle random walk” along any axis of less (better) than or equal to 0.1 degree per square root hour.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A003.d.2. does not include ‘inertial measurement equipment or systems’ that contain “spinning mass gyros” as the only type of gyro.</i></p>
7A004	<p>‘Star trackers’ and components therefor, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 7A104.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A005	<p>a. ‘Star trackers’ with a specified azimuth “accuracy” of equal to or less (better) than 20 seconds of arc throughout the specified lifetime of the equipment;</p> <p>b. Components specially designed for equipment specified in Category Code 7A004.a. as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Optical heads or baffles;</li> <li>2. Data processing units.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7A004.a., ‘star trackers’ are also referred to as stellar attitude sensors or gyro-astro compasses.</i></p> <p>“Satellite navigation system” receiving equipment having either of the following characteristics and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 7A105.</i></p> <p><i>For equipment specially designed for military use, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employing a decryption algorithm specially designed or modified for government use to access the ranging code for position and time; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Employing ‘adaptive antenna systems’.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A005.b. does not include “satellite navigation system” receiving equipment that only uses components designed to filter, switch or combine signals from multiple omni-directional antennae that do not implement adaptive antenna techniques.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7A005.b., ‘adaptive antenna systems’ dynamically generate one or more spatial nulls in an</i></p>

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<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A006	<p data-bbox="380 338 1132 405"><i>antenna array pattern by signal processing in the time domain or frequency domain.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 472 1132 573">Airborne altimeters operating at frequencies other than 4.2 GHz to 4.4 GHz inclusive and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="333 595 391 624"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 645 717 674"><i>See also Category Code 7A106.</i></p> <p data-bbox="344 696 794 782">a. ‘Power management’; <u>or</u> b. Using phase shift key modulation.</p> <p data-bbox="333 801 518 830"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="380 852 1132 1020"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7A006.a., ‘power management’ is changing the transmitted power of the altimeter signal so that received power at the “aircraft” altitude is always at the minimum necessary to determine the altitude.</i></p>
7A008	<p data-bbox="333 1094 1132 1262">Underwater sonar navigation systems using doppler velocity or correlation velocity logs integrated with a heading source and having a positioning “accuracy” of equal to or less (better) than 3% of distance travelled “Circular Error Probable” (“CEP”) and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p data-bbox="333 1285 391 1313"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1334 1132 1435"><i>Category Code 7A008 does not include systems specially designed for installation on surface vessels or systems requiring acoustic beacons or buoys to provide positioning data.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1458 391 1487"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="333 1509 1132 1610"><i>See Category Code 6A001.a. for acoustic systems, and Category Code 6A001.b. for correlation-velocity and Doppler-velocity sonar log equipment.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 1633 966 1662"><i>See Category Code 8A002 for other marine systems.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A101	<p>Linear accelerometers, other than those specified in Category Code 7A001, designed for use in Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs) or in guidance systems of all types, usable in ‘missiles’, having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A “bias” “repeatability” of less (better) than 1,250 micro g; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. A “scale factor” “repeatability” of less (better) than 1,250 parts per million (ppm).</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A101 does not include accelerometers specially designed and developed as Measurement While Drilling (MWD) Sensors for use in downhole well service operations.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>In Category Code 7A101, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></li> <li>2. <i>In Category Code 7A101, the measurement of “bias” and “scale factor” refers to a one sigma standard deviation with respect to a fixed calibration over a period of one year.</i></li> </ol>
7A102	<p>All types of gyros, other than those specified in Category Code 7A002, usable in ‘missiles’, with a rated “drift rate” ‘stability’ of less than 0.5° (1 sigma or rms) per hour in a 1 g environment and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>In Category Code 7A102, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></li> <li>2. <i>In Category Code 7A102, ‘stability’ is defined as a measure of the ability of a specific mechanism or performance coefficient to remain invariant when continuously exposed to a fixed operating condition (Ref. IEEE Std 528-2001 paragraph 2.247).</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7A103	<p>Instrumentation, navigation equipment and systems, other than those specified in Category Code 7A003, as follows; and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p>a. ‘Inertial measurement equipment or systems’, using accelerometers or gyros, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Accelerometers specified in Category Code 7A001.a.3., 7A001.b. or 7A101 or gyros specified in Category Code 7A002 or 7A102;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A103.a.1. does not include equipment containing accelerometers specified in Category Code 7A001.a.3. that are designed to measure vibration or shock.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Accelerometers specified in Category Code 7A001.a.1. or 7A001.a.2., designed for use in Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs) or in guidance systems of all types, and usable in ‘missiles’;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 7A103.a.2. does not include equipment containing accelerometers specified in Category Code 7A001.a.1. or 7A001.a.2. where such accelerometers are specially designed and developed as MWD (Measurement While Drilling) sensors for use in down-hole well service operations.</i></p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>‘Inertial measurement equipment or systems’ specified in Category Code 7A103.a. incorporate accelerometers or gyros to measure changes in velocity and orientation in order to determine or maintain heading or position without requiring an external reference once aligned.</i></p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>‘Inertial measurement equipment or systems’ in Category Code 7A103.a. include:</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Attitude and Heading Reference Systems (AHRs);</i></li> <li>– <i>Gyrocompasses;</i></li> <li>– <i>Inertial Measurement Units (IMUs);</i></li> <li>– <i>Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs);</i></li> <li>– <i>Inertial Reference Systems (IRSs);</i></li> <li>– <i>Inertial Reference Units (IRUs).</i></li> </ul> <p>b. Integrated flight instrument systems which include gyrostabilisers or automatic pilots, designed or modified for use in ‘missiles’;</p> <p>c. ‘Integrated navigation systems’, designed or modified for ‘missiles’ and capable of providing a navigational accuracy of 200 m ‘CEP’ or less;</p> <p><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p> <p><i>An ‘integrated navigation system’ typically incorporates the following components:</i></p> <p><i>An inertial measurement device (e.g. an Attitude and Heading Reference System (AHRs), Inertial Reference Unit (IRU), or Inertial Navigation System (INS));</i></p> <p><i>One or more external sensors used to update the position and/or velocity, either periodically or continuously throughout the flight (e.g. satellite navigation receiver, radar altimeter and/or Doppler radar); <u>and</u></i></p> <p><i>Integration hardware and software.</i></p> <p><i>In Category Code 7A103.c., ‘CEP’ (Circular Error Probable or Circle of Equal Probability) is a measure of accuracy, defined as the radius of the circle inside of which there is a 50% probability of being located.</i></p> <p>d. Three axis magnetic heading sensors, designed or modified to be integrated with flight control and navigation systems, other than those specified in Category Code 6A006, having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>1. Internal tilt compensation in pitch (<math>\pm 90</math> degrees) and roll (<math>\pm 180</math> degrees) axes; <u>and</u></p> <p>2. Azimuthal accuracy better (less) than 0.5 degrees rms at latitude of <math>\pm 80</math> degrees, reference to local magnetic field.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Flight control and navigation systems in Category Code 7A103.d. include gyrostabilisers, automatic pilots and Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs).</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 7A103, 'missile' means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>
7A104	Gyro-astro compasses and other devices, other than those specified in Category Code 7A004, which derive position or orientation by means of automatically tracking celestial bodies or satellites and specially designed components therefor.
7A105	<p>Receiving equipment for 'navigation satellite systems', other than those specified in Category Code 7A005, having either of the following characteristics, and specially designed components therefor:</p> <p>a. Designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a.; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. Designed or modified for airborne applications and having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. Capable of providing navigation information at speeds in excess of 600 m/s;</p> <p>2. Employing decryption, designed or modified for military or governmental services, to gain access to a 'navigation satellite system' secured signal/data; <u>or</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Being specially designed to employ anti-jam features (e.g. null steering antenna or electronically steerable antenna) to function in an environment of active or passive countermeasures.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Codes 7A105.b.2. and 7A105.b.3. do not include equipment designed for commercial, civil or ‘Safety of Life’ (e.g. data integrity, flight safety) ‘navigation satellite system’ services.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 7A105, ‘navigation satellite system’ includes Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS; e.g. GPS, GLONASS, Galileo or BeiDou) and Regional Navigation Satellite Systems (RNSS; e.g. NavIC, QZSS).</i></p>
7A106	<p>Altimeters, other than those specified in Category Code 7A006, of radar or laser radar type, designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.</p>
7A115	<p>Passive sensors for determining bearing to specific electromagnetic source (direction finding equipment) or terrain characteristics, designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Equipment specified in Category Codes 7A105, 7A106 and 7A115 includes the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Terrain contour mapping equipment;</i></li> <li><i>b. Scene mapping and correlation (both digital and analogue) equipment;</i></li> <li><i>c. Doppler navigation radar equipment;</i></li> <li><i>d. Passive interferometer equipment;</i></li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="397 338 1065 371"><i>e. Imaging sensor equipment (both active and passive).</i></p> <p data-bbox="209 439 292 472">7A116</p> <p data-bbox="334 439 1132 573">Flight control systems and servo valves, as follows; designed or modified for use in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or “missiles”:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="344 597 1132 696">a. Pneumatic, hydraulic, mechanical, electro-optical, or electro-mechanical flight control systems (including fly-by-wire and fly-by-light systems);</li> <li data-bbox="344 719 713 752">b. Attitude control equipment;</li> <li data-bbox="344 774 1132 908">c. Flight control servo valves designed or modified for the systems specified in Category Code 7A116.a. or 7A116.b., and designed or modified to operate in a vibration environment greater than 10 g rms between 20 Hz and 2 kHz.</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="334 931 397 963"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="334 978 1132 1111"><i>For conversion of manned aircraft to operate as “missiles”, Category Code 7A116 includes the systems, equipment and valves designed or modified to enable operation of manned aircraft as unmanned aerial vehicles.</i></p>
	<p data-bbox="209 1188 292 1220">7A117</p> <p data-bbox="334 1188 1132 1287">“Guidance sets”, usable in “missiles” capable of achieving system accuracy of 3.33% or less of the range (e.g. a ‘CEP’ of 10 km or less at a range of 300 km).</p> <p data-bbox="334 1309 518 1342"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="334 1357 1132 1490"><i>In Category Code 7A117, ‘CEP’ (Circular Error Probable or Circle of Equal Probability) is a measure of accuracy, defined as the radius of the circle centred at the target, at a specific range, in which 50% of the payloads impact.</i></p>
	<p data-bbox="233 1568 270 1601"><b>7B</b></p> <p data-bbox="334 1568 895 1601"><b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b></p> <p data-bbox="209 1616 292 1648">7B001</p> <p data-bbox="334 1616 1132 1677">Test, calibration or alignment equipment, specially designed for equipment specified in Category 7A.</p> <p data-bbox="334 1700 397 1732"><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>Category Code 7B001 does not include test, calibration or alignment equipment for ‘Maintenance Level I’ or ‘Maintenance Level II’.</i></p> <p><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7B001:</i></p> <p>1. <u><i>‘Maintenance Level I’</i></u></p> <p><i>The failure of an inertial navigation unit is detected on the “aircraft” by indications from the Control and Display Unit (CDU) or by the status message from the corresponding sub-system. By following the manufacturer’s manual, the cause of the failure may be localised at the level of the malfunctioning Line Replaceable Unit (LRU). The operator then removes the LRU and replaces it with a spare.</i></p> <p>2. <u><i>‘Maintenance Level II’</i></u></p> <p><i>The defective LRU is sent to the maintenance workshop (the manufacturer’s or that of the operator responsible for level II maintenance). At the maintenance workshop, the malfunctioning LRU is tested by various appropriate means to verify and localise the defective Shop Replaceable Assembly (SRA) module responsible for the failure. This SRA is removed and replaced by an operative spare. The defective SRA (or possibly the complete LRU) is then shipped to the manufacturer. ‘Maintenance Level II’ does not include the disassembly or repair of controlled accelerometers or gyro sensors.</i></p>
7B002	<p>Equipment specially designed to characterise mirrors for ring “laser” gyros, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 7B102.</i></p> <p>a. Scatterometers having a measurement “accuracy” of 10 parts per million (ppm) or less (better);</p> <p>b. Profilometers having a measurement “accuracy” of 0.5 nm (5 angstrom) or less (better).</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7B003	<p>Equipment specially designed for the “production” of equipment specified in Category 7A.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7B003 includes:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Gyro tuning test stations;</li> <li>– Gyro dynamic balance stations;</li> <li>– Gyro run-in/motor test stations;</li> <li>– Gyro evacuation and fill stations;</li> <li>– Centrifuge fixtures for gyro bearings;</li> <li>– Accelerometer axis align stations;</li> <li>– Fibre optic gyro coil winding machines.</li> </ul>
7B102	<p>Reflectometers specially designed to characterise mirrors, for “laser” gyros, having a measurement accuracy of 50 parts per million (ppm) or less (better).</p>
7B103	<p>“Production facilities” and “production equipment” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Production facilities” specially designed for equipment specified in Category Code 7A117;</li> <li>b. “Production equipment”, and other test, calibration and alignment equipment, other than that specified in Category Codes 7B001 to 7B003, designed or modified to be used with equipment specified in Category 7A.</li> </ol>
<b>7C</b>	<p><b>Materials</b></p> <p>None.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>7D</b>	<b>Software</b>
7D001	“Software” specially designed or modified for the “development” or “production” of equipment specified in Category 7A or 7B.
7D002	<p>“Source code” for the operation or maintenance of any inertial navigation equipment, including inertial equipment not specified in Category Code 7A003 or 7A004, or ‘Attitude and Heading Reference Systems’ (‘AHRs’).</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7D002 does not include “source code” for the “use” of gimballed ‘AHRs’.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7D002, ‘AHRs’ generally differ from Inertial Navigation Systems (INSs) in that an ‘AHRs’ provides attitude and heading information and normally does not provide the acceleration, velocity and position information associated with an INS.</i></p>
7D003	<p>Other “software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Software” specially designed or modified to improve the operational performance or reduce the navigational error of systems to the levels specified in Category Code 7A003, 7A004 or 7A008;</li> <li>b. “Source code” for hybrid integrated systems which improves the operational performance or reduces the navigational error of systems to the level specified in Category Code 7A003 or 7A008 by continuously combining heading data with any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Doppler radar or sonar velocity data;</li> <li>2. “Satellite navigation system” reference data; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Data from “Data-Based Referenced Navigation” (“DBRN”) systems;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Not used;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Not used;</p> <p>e. Computer-Aided-Design (CAD) “software” specially designed for the “development” of “active flight control systems”, helicopter multi-axis fly-by-wire or fly-by-light controllers or helicopter “circulation-controlled anti-torque or circulation-controlled direction control systems”, whose “technology” is specified in Category Code 7E004.b.1., 7E004.b.3. to 7E004.b.5., 7E004.b.7., 7E004.b.8., 7E004.c.1. or 7E004.c.2.</p>
7D004	<p>“Source code” incorporating “development” “technology” specified in Category Code 7E004.a.2., 7E004.a.3., 7E004.a.5., 7E004.a.6. or 7E004.b., for any of the following:</p> <p>a. Digital flight management systems for “total control of flight”;</p> <p>b. Integrated propulsion and flight control systems;</p> <p>c. “Fly-by-wire systems” or “fly-by-light systems”;</p> <p>d. Fault-tolerant or self-reconfiguring “active flight control systems”;</p> <p>e. Not used;</p> <p>f. Air data systems based on surface static data; <u>or</u></p> <p>g. Three-dimensional displays.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7D004 does not include “source code” associated with common computer elements and utilities (e.g. input signal acquisition, output signal transmission, computer “program” and data loading, built-in test, task scheduling mechanisms) not providing a specific flight control system function.</i></p>
7D005	<p>“Software” specially designed to decrypt “satellite navigation system” ranging code designed for government use.</p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7D101	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Code 7A001 to 7A006, 7A101 to 7A106, 7A115, 7A116.a., 7A116.b., 7B001, 7B002, 7B003, 7B102 or 7B103.</p>
7D102	<p>Integration “software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Integration “software” for the equipment specified in Category Code 7A103.b.;</li> <li>b. Integration “software” specially designed for the equipment specified in Category Code 7A003 or 7A103.a.;</li> <li>c. Integration “software” designed or modified for the equipment specified in Category Code 7A103.c.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>A common form of integration “software” employs Kalman filtering.</i></p>
7D103	<p>“Software” specially designed for modelling or simulation of the “guidance sets” specified in Category Code 7A117 or for their design integration with the space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>“Software” specified in Category Code 7D103 remains within the description in that Category when combined with specially designed hardware specified in Category Code 4A102.</i></p>
7D104	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the operation or maintenance of “guidance sets” specified in Category Code 7A117.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7D104 includes “software”, specially designed or modified to enhance the performance of “guidance sets” to achieve or exceed the accuracy specified in Category Code 7A117.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>7E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
7E001	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of equipment or “software”, specified in Category 7A, 7B or Category Codes 7D001, 7D002, 7D003, 7D005 and 7D101 to 7D103.</p>
	<p><u>Note</u></p>
	<p><i>Category Code 7E001 includes key management “technology” exclusively for equipment specified in Category Code 7A005.a.</i></p>
7E002	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “production” of equipment specified in Category 7A or 7B.</p>
7E003	<p>“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the repair, refurbishing or overhaul of equipment specified in Category Codes 7A001 to 7A004.</p>
	<p><u>Note</u></p>
	<p><i>Category Code 7E003 does not include “technology” for maintenance, directly associated with calibration, removal or replacement of damaged or unserviceable LRUs and SRAs of a “civil aircraft” as described in ‘Maintenance Level I’ or ‘Maintenance Level II’.</i></p>
	<p><u>N.B.</u></p>
	<p><i>See Technical Notes to Category Code 7B001.</i></p>
7E004	<p>Other “technology” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” for the “development” or “production” of any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Air data systems based on surface static data only, i.e. which dispense with conventional air data probes;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Three-dimensional displays for “aircraft”;</p> <p>4. Not used;</p> <p>5. Electric actuators (i.e. electromechanical, electrohydrostatic and integrated actuator package) specially designed for ‘primary flight control’;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7E004.a.5., ‘primary flight control’ is “aircraft” stability or manoeuvring control using force or moment generators, i.e. aerodynamic control surfaces or propulsive thrust vectoring.</i></p> <p>6. ‘Flight control optical sensor array’ specially designed for implementing “active flight control systems”; <u>or</u></p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7E004.a.6., a ‘flight control optical sensor array’ is a network of distributed optical sensors, using “laser” beams, to provide real-time flight control data for on-board processing.</i></p> <p>7. “DBRN” systems designed to navigate underwater, using sonar or gravity databases, that provide a positioning “accuracy” equal to or less (better) than 0.4 nautical miles;</p> <p>b. “Development” “technology”, as follows, for “active flight control systems” (including “fly-by-wire systems” or “fly-by-light systems”):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Photonic-based “technology” for sensing “aircraft” or flight control component state, transferring flight control data, or commanding actuator movement, “required” for “fly-by-light systems” “active flight control systems”;</li> <li>2. Not used;</li> <li>3. Real-time algorithms to analyse component sensor information to predict and preemptively mitigate impending degradation and failures of components within an “active flight control system”;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="428 338 1130 407"><i>Category Code 7E004.b.3. does not include algorithms for purpose of off-line maintenance.</i></p> <p data-bbox="393 426 1130 525">4. Real-time algorithms to identify component failures and reconfigure force and moment controls to mitigate “active flight control system” degradations and failures;</p> <p data-bbox="340 548 400 576"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 597 1130 734"><i>Category Code 7E004.b.4. does not include algorithms for the elimination of fault effects through comparison of redundant data sources, or off-line pre-planned responses to anticipated failures.</i></p> <p data-bbox="393 755 1130 854">5. Integration of digital flight control, navigation and propulsion control data, into a digital flight management system for “total control of flight”;</p> <p data-bbox="340 877 400 906"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="428 927 969 955"><i>Category Code 7E004.b.5. does not include:</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 976 1130 1113">a. “Technology” for integration of digital flight control, navigation and propulsion control data, into a digital flight management system for ‘flight path optimisation’;</p> <p data-bbox="444 1134 1130 1233">b. “Technology” for “aircraft” flight instrument systems integrated solely for VOR, DME, ILS or MLS navigation or approaches.</p> <p data-bbox="481 1254 663 1283"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="481 1304 1130 1441"><i>‘Flight path optimisation’ is a procedure that minimises deviations from a four-dimensional (space and time) desired trajectory based on maximising performance or effectiveness for mission tasks.</i></p> <p data-bbox="393 1462 548 1490">6. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="393 1511 1130 1610">7. “Technology” “required” for deriving the functional requirements for “fly-by-wire systems” having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="444 1631 1130 1700">a. ‘Inner-loop’ airframe stability controls requiring loop closure rates of 40 Hz or greater; <u>and</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="373 338 556 369"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="512 388 1161 521"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7E004.b.7.a., ‘inner-loop’ refers to functions of “active flight control systems” that automate airframe stability controls.</i></p> <p data-bbox="475 544 1042 575">b. Having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="529 597 1161 852" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="529 597 1161 731">1. Corrects an aerodynamically unstable airframe, measured at any point in the design flight envelope, that would lose recoverable control if not corrected within 0.5 s;</li> <li data-bbox="529 753 1161 852">2. Couples controls in two or more axes while compensating for ‘abnormal changes in aircraft state’;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 872 556 902"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="563 925 1161 1096"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7E004.b.7.b.2., ‘abnormal changes in aircraft state’ include in-flight structural damage, loss of engine thrust, disabled control surface, or destabilising shifts in cargo load.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="529 1119 1161 1184" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="529 1119 1161 1184">3. Performs the functions specified in Category Code 7E004.b.5.; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="373 1203 435 1233"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="563 1252 1161 1317"><i>Category Code 7E004.b.7.b.3. does not include autopilots.</i></p> <ol data-bbox="424 1340 1161 1629" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="529 1340 1161 1511">4. Enables “aircraft” to have a stable controlled flight, other than during take-off or landing, at greater than 18 degrees angle of attack, 15 degrees side slip, 15 degrees per second pitch or yaw rate, or 90 degrees per second roll rate;</li> <li data-bbox="424 1534 1161 1629">8. “Technology” “required” for deriving the functional requirements for “fly-by-wire systems” to achieve both of the following:</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. No loss of control of the “aircraft” in the event of a consecutive sequence of any two individual faults within the “fly-by-wire system”; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Probability of loss of control of the “aircraft” being less (better) than <math>1 \times 10^{-9}</math> failures per flight hour;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 7E004.b. does not include “technology” associated with common computer elements and utilities (e.g. input signal acquisition, output signal transmission, computer “program” and data loading, built-in test, task scheduling mechanisms) not providing a specific flight control system function.</i></p> <p>c. “Technology” for the “development” of helicopter systems, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Multi-axis fly-by-wire or fly-by-light controllers, which combine the functions of at least two of the following into one controlling element: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Collective controls;</li> <li>b. Cyclic controls;</li> <li>c. Yaw controls;</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. “Circulation-controlled anti-torque or circulation-controlled direction control systems”;</li> <li>3. Rotor blades incorporating ‘variable geometry aerofoils’, for use in systems using individual blade control.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 7E004.c.3., ‘variable geometry aerofoils’ use trailing edge flaps or tabs, or leading edge slats or pivoted nose droop, the position of which can be controlled in flight.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
7E101	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of equipment specified in Category Codes 7A001 to 7A006, 7A101 to 7A106, 7A115 to 7A117, 7B001, 7B002, 7B003, 7B102, 7B103 and 7D101 to 7D103.
7E102	<p>“Technology” for protection of avionics and electrical sub-systems against Electromagnetic Pulse (EMP) and Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) hazards, from external sources, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Design “technology” for shielding systems;</li> <li>b. Design “technology” for the configuration of hardened electrical circuits and sub-systems;</li> <li>c. Design “technology” for the determination of hardening criteria of Category Codes 7E102.a. and 7E102.b.</li> </ol>
7E104	“Technology” for the integration of the flight control, guidance, and propulsion data into a flight management system for optimisation of rocket system trajectory.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 8 — MARINE</b>	
<b>8A</b>	<b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b>
8A001	<p>Submersible vehicles and surface vessels, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For equipment for submersible vehicles, see:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <i>Category 6 for sensors;</i></li> <li>– <i>Categories 7 and 8 for navigation equipment;</i></li> <li>– <i>Category 8A for underwater equipment.</i></li> </ul> <p>a. Manned, tethered submersible vehicles designed to operate at depths exceeding 1,000 m;</p> <p>b. Manned, untethered submersible vehicles having any of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Designed to ‘operate autonomously’ and having a lifting capacity of both the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 10% or more of their weight in air; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. 15 kN or more;</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Designed to operate at depths exceeding 1,000 m; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Having both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designed to continuously ‘operate autonomously’ for 10 hours or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. ‘Range’ of 25 nautical miles or more;</li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p><u><i>Technical Notes</i></u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 8A001.b., ‘operate autonomously’ means fully submerged, without snorkel, all systems working and cruising at minimum speed at which the submersible can safely control its depth dynamically by using its depth planes only, with no need for a support vessel or support base on the surface, seabed or shore, and containing a propulsion system for submerged or surface use.</i></li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="435 338 1165 439">2. For the purpose of Category Code 8A001.b., ‘range’ means half the maximum distance a submersible vehicle can ‘operate autonomously’.</p> <p data-bbox="384 462 955 491">c. Unmanned submersible vehicles, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="435 512 1165 1290" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="435 512 1165 578">1. Unmanned submersible vehicles having any of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="486 599 1165 839" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="486 599 1165 700">a. Designed for deciding a course relative to any geographical reference without real-time human assistance;</li> <li data-bbox="486 721 946 750">b. Acoustic data or command link; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="486 771 1165 839">c. Wireless optical data or command link exceeding 1,000 m;</li> </ol> </li> <li data-bbox="435 860 1165 961">2. Unmanned submersible vehicles, not specified in Category Code 8A001.c.1., having all of the following characteristics: <ol data-bbox="486 982 1165 1290" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="486 982 932 1011">a. Designed to operate with a tether;</li> <li data-bbox="486 1031 1165 1060">b. Designed to operate at depths exceeding 1,000 m; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="486 1081 897 1110">c. Having either of the following: <ol data-bbox="486 1130 1165 1290" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="486 1130 1165 1231">1. Designed for self-propelled manoeuvre using propulsion motors or thrusters specified in Category Code 8A002.a.2.; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="486 1252 776 1281">2. Fibre optic data link;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p data-bbox="384 1311 538 1340">d. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="384 1361 1165 1462">e. Ocean salvage systems with a lifting capacity exceeding 5 MN for salvaging objects from depths exceeding 250 m and having either of the following:</p> <ol data-bbox="435 1483 1165 1707" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="435 1483 1165 1584">1. Dynamic positioning systems capable of position keeping within 20 m of a given point provided by the navigation system; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="435 1605 1165 1707">2. Seafloor navigation and navigation integration systems, for depths exceeding 1,000 m and with positioning “accuracies” to within 10 m of a predetermined point;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
8A002	<p>f. Not used;</p> <p>g. Not used;</p> <p>h. Not used;</p> <p>i. Not used.</p> <p>Marine systems, equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For underwater communications systems, see Category 5, Part 1 (Telecommunications).</i></p> <p>a. Systems, equipment and components, specially designed or modified for submersible vehicles and designed to operate at depths exceeding 1,000 m, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Pressure housings or pressure hulls with a maximum inside chamber diameter exceeding 1.5 m;</li> <li>2. Direct current propulsion motors or thrusters;</li> <li>3. Umbilical cables, and connectors therefor, using optical fibre and having synthetic strength members;</li> <li>4. Components manufactured from material specified in Category Code 8C001;</li> </ol> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 8A002.a.4., this entry includes 'syntactic foam' specified in Category Code 8C001 when an intermediate stage of manufacture has been performed and it is not yet in the final component form.</i></p> <p>b. Systems specially designed or modified for the automated control of the motion of submersible vehicles specified in Category Code 8A001, using navigation data, having closed loop servo-controls and having any of the following functions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Enabling a vehicle to move within 10 m of a predetermined point in the water column;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Maintaining the position of the vehicle within 10 m of a predetermined point in the water column; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Maintaining the position of the vehicle within 10 m while following a cable on or under the seabed;</li> <li>c. Fibre optic pressure hull penetrators;</li> <li>d. Underwater vision systems, having both of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed or modified for remote operation with an underwater vehicle; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Employing either of the following techniques to minimise the effects of back scatter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Range-gated illuminators; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Range-gated laser systems;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>e. Not used;</li> <li>f. Not used;</li> <li>g. Light systems specially designed or modified for underwater use, as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Stroboscopic light systems capable of a light output energy of more than 300 J per flash and a flash rate of more than 5 flashes per second;</li> <li>2. Argon arc light systems specially designed for use below 1,000 m;</li> </ul> </li> <li>h. “Robots” specially designed for underwater use, controlled by using a dedicated computer and having either of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Systems that control the “robot” using information from sensors which measure force or torque applied to an external object, distance to an external object, or tactile sense between the “robot” and an external object; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. The ability to exert a force of 250 N or more or a torque of 250 Nm or more and using titanium based alloys or “composite” “fibrous or filamentary materials” in their structural members;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>i. Remotely controlled articulated manipulators specially designed or modified for use with submersible vehicles and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Systems which control the manipulator using information from sensors which measure either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Torque or force applied to an external object; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Tactile sense between the manipulator and an external object; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Controlled by proportional master-slave techniques and having 5 degrees of ‘freedom of movement’ or more;</li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 8A002.i.2., only functions having proportionally related motion control using positional feedback are counted when determining the number of degrees of ‘freedom of movement’.</i></p> <p>j. Air independent power systems specially designed for underwater use, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Brayton or Rankine cycle engine air independent power systems having any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chemical scrubber or absorber systems, specially designed to remove carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and particulates from recirculated engine exhaust;</li> <li>b. Systems specially designed to use a monoatomic gas;</li> <li>c. Devices or enclosures, specially designed for underwater noise reduction in frequencies below 10 kHz, or special mounting devices for shock mitigation; <u>or</u></li> <li>d. Systems having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed to pressurise the products of reaction or for fuel reformation;</li> <li>2. Specially designed to store the products of the reaction; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. Specially designed to discharge the products of the reaction against a pressure of 100 kPa or more;</p> <p>2. Diesel cycle engine air independent systems having all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chemical scrubber or absorber systems, specially designed to remove carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and particulates from recirculated engine exhaust;</li> <li>b. Systems specially designed to use a monoatomic gas;</li> <li>c. Devices or enclosures, specially designed for underwater noise reduction in frequencies below 10 kHz, or special mounting devices for shock mitigation; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. Specially designed exhaust systems that do not exhaust continuously the products of combustion;</li> </ul> <p>3. “Fuel cell” air independent power systems with an output exceeding 2 kW and having either of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Devices or enclosures, specially designed for underwater noise reduction in frequencies below 10 kHz, or special mounting devices for shock mitigation; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Systems having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed to pressurise the products of reaction or for fuel reformation;</li> <li>2. Specially designed to store the products of the reaction; <u>and</u></li> <li>3. Specially designed to discharge the products of the reaction against a pressure of 100 kPa or more;</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>4. Stirling cycle engine air independent power systems having both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Devices or enclosures, specially designed for underwater noise reduction in frequencies below</li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>10 kHz, or special mounting devices for shock mitigation; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Specially designed exhaust systems which discharge the products of combustion against a pressure of 100 kPa or more;</p> <p>k. Not used;</p> <p>l. Not used;</p> <p>m. Not used;</p> <p>n. Not used;</p> <p>o. Propellers, power transmission systems, power generation systems and noise reduction systems, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not used;</li> <li>2. Water-screw propeller, power generation systems or transmission systems, designed for use on vessels, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Controllable-pitch propellers and hub assemblies, rated at more than 30 MW;</li> <li>b. Internally liquid-cooled electric propulsion motors with a power output exceeding 2.5 MW;</li> <li>c. “Superconductive” propulsion motors, with a power output exceeding 0.1 MW;</li> <li>d. Power transmission shaft systems incorporating “composite” material components and capable of transmitting more than 2 MW;</li> <li>e. Ventilated or base-ventilated propeller systems, rated at more than 2.5 MW;</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Noise reduction systems designed for use on vessels of 1,000 tonnes displacement or more, as follows: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Systems that attenuate underwater noise at frequencies below 500 Hz and consist of compound acoustic mounts for the acoustic isolation of diesel engines, diesel generator sets, gas turbines, gas turbine generator sets, propulsion motors or propulsion</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>reduction gears, specially designed for sound or vibration isolation and having an intermediate mass exceeding 30% of the equipment to be mounted;</p> <p>b. ‘Active noise reduction or cancellation systems’ or magnetic bearings, specially designed for power transmission systems;</p> <p><i>Technical Note</i></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 8A002.o.3.b., ‘active noise reduction or cancellation systems’ incorporate electronic control systems capable of actively reducing equipment vibration by the generation of anti-noise or anti-vibration signals directly to the source.</i></p> <p>4. Permanent magnet electric propulsion motors specially designed for submersible vehicles, having a power output exceeding 0.1 MW;</p> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 8A002.a.4. includes rim-driven propulsion systems.</i></p> <p>p. Pumpjet propulsion systems having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power output exceeding 2.5 MW; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Using divergent nozzle and flow conditioning vane techniques to improve propulsive efficiency or reduce propulsion-generated underwater-radiated noise;</li> </ol> <p>q. Underwater swimming and diving equipment as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Closed circuit rebreathers;</li> <li>2. Semi-closed circuit rebreathers;</li> </ol> <p><i>Note</i></p> <p><i>Category Code 8A002.q. does not include individual rebreathers for personal use when accompanying their users.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>For equipment and devices specially designed for military use, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p>r. Diver deterrent acoustic systems specially designed or modified to disrupt divers and having a sound pressure level equal to or exceeding 190 dB (reference 1 <math>\mu</math>Pa at 1 m) at frequencies of 200 Hz and below.</p> <p><u>Note 1</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 8A002.r. does not include diver deterrent systems based on underwater explosive devices, air guns or combustible sources.</i></p> <p><u>Note 2</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 8A002.r. includes diver deterrent acoustic systems that use spark gap sources, also known as plasma sound sources.</i></p>
<b>8B</b>	<b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b>
8B001	Water tunnels designed to have a background noise of less than 100 dB (reference 1 $\mu$ Pa, 1 Hz) within the frequency range exceeding 0 Hz but not exceeding 500 Hz and designed for measuring acoustic fields generated by a hydro-flow around propulsion system models.
<b>8C</b>	<b>Materials</b>
8C001	<p>‘Syntactic foam’ designed for underwater use and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 8A002.a.4.</i></p> <p>a. Designed for marine depths exceeding 1,000 m; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. A density less than 561 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 8C001, ‘syntactic foam’ consists of hollow spheres of plastic or glass embedded in a resin “matrix”.</i></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>8D</b>	<b>Software</b>
8D001	“Software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production” or “use” of equipment or materials, specified in Category 8A, 8B or 8C.
8D002	Specific “software” specially designed or modified for the “development”, “production”, repair, overhaul or refurbishing (re-machining) of propellers specially designed for underwater noise reduction.
<b>8E</b>	<b>Technology</b>
8E001	“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of equipment or materials specified in Category 8A, 8B or 8C.
8E002	Other “technology”, as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Technology” for the “development”, “production”, repair, overhaul or refurbishing (re-machining) of propellers specially designed for underwater noise reduction;</li> <li>b. “Technology” for the overhaul or refurbishing of equipment specified in Category Code 8A001, 8A002.b., 8A002.j., 8A002.o. or 8A002.p.</li> <li>c. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” or “production” of any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Surface-effect vehicles (fully skirted variety) having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maximum design speed, fully loaded, exceeding 30 knots in a significant wave height of 1.25 m or more;</li> <li>b. Cushion pressure exceeding 3,830 Pa; <u>and</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="454 338 1135 401">c. Light-ship-to-full-load displacement ratio of less than 0.70;</p> <p data-bbox="404 426 1135 525">2. Surface-effect vehicles (rigid sidewalls) with a maximum design speed, fully loaded, exceeding 40 knots in a significant wave height of 3.25 m or more;</p> <p data-bbox="404 550 1135 687">3. Hydrofoil vessels with active systems for automatically controlling foil systems, with a maximum design speed, fully loaded, of 40 knots or more in a significant wave height of 3.25 m or more; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="404 712 1135 774">4. ‘Small waterplane area vessels’ having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p data-bbox="454 797 1135 934">a. Full load displacement exceeding 500 tonnes with a maximum design speed, fully loaded, exceeding 35 knots in a significant wave height of 3.25 m or more; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="454 959 1135 1058">b. Full load displacement exceeding 1,500 tonnes with a maximum design speed, fully loaded, exceeding 25 knots in a significant wave height of 4 m or more.</p> <p data-bbox="440 1071 623 1102"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="440 1125 1135 1294"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 8E002.c.4., a ‘small waterplane area vessel’ is defined by the following formula: waterplane area at an operational design draft less than <math>2 \times (\text{displaced volume at the operational design draft})^{2/3}</math>.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>CATEGORY 9 — AEROSPACE AND PROPULSION</b>	
<b>9A</b>	<p><b>Systems, Equipment and Components</b></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For propulsion systems designed or rated against neutron or transient ionising radiation, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
9A001	<p>Aero gas turbine engines having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A101.</i></p> <p>a. Incorporating any of the “technologies” specified in Category Code 9E003.a., 9E003.h. or 9E003.i.; <u>or</u></p> <p><u><i>Note 1</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 9A001 does not include aero gas turbine engines which meet both of the following:</i></p> <p>a. <i>Certified by the civil aviation authorities of a “participating state”; <u>and</u></i></p> <p>b. <i>Intended to power non-military manned “aircraft” for which either of the following has been issued by civil aviation authorities of a “participating state” for the “aircraft” with this specific engine type:</i></p> <p>1. <i>A civil type certificate; <u>or</u></i></p> <p>2. <i>An equivalent document recognised by the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO).</i></p> <p><u><i>Note 2</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 9A001.a. does not include aero gas turbine engines designed for Auxiliary Power Units (APUs) approved by the civil aviation authority of a “participating state”.</i></p> <p>b. Not used.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A002	<p>‘Marine gas turbine engines’ designed to use liquid fuel and having both of the following characteristics, and specially designed assemblies and components therefor:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maximum continuous power when operating in “steady state mode” at standard reference conditions specified in Ref. ISO 3977-2:1997 (or national equivalent) of 24,245 kW or more; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. ‘Corrected specific fuel consumption’ not exceeding 0.219 kg/kWh at 35% of the maximum continuous power when using liquid fuel.</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>The term ‘marine gas turbine engines’ includes those industrial, or aero-derivative, gas turbine engines adapted for a ship’s electric power generation or propulsion.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A002, ‘corrected specific fuel consumption’ is the specific fuel consumption of the engine corrected to a marine distillate liquid fuel having a net specific energy (i.e. net heating value) of 42 MJ/kg (Ref. ISO 3977-2:1997).</i></p>
9A003	<p>Specially designed assemblies or components, incorporating any of the “technologies” specified in Category Code 9E003.a., 9E003.h., 9E003.i. or 9E003.k., for either of the following aero gas turbine engines:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Specified in Category Code 9A001; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Whose design or production origins are either non-“participating state” or unknown to the manufacturer.</li> </ol>
9A004	<p>Space launch vehicles, “spacecraft”, “spacecraft buses”, “spacecraft payloads”, “spacecraft” on-board systems or equipment, terrestrial equipment, air-launch platforms and “sub-orbital craft” as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A104.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Space launch vehicles;</li> <li>b. “Spacecraft”;</li> <li>c. “Spacecraft buses”;</li> <li>d. “Spacecraft payloads” incorporating items specified in Category Code 3A001.b.1.a.4., 3A002.g., 5A001.a.1., 5A001.b.3., 5A002.c., 5A002.e., 6A002.a.1., 6A002.a.2., 6A002.b., 6A002.d., 6A003.b., 6A004.c., 6A004.e., 6A008.d., 6A008.e., 6A008.k., 6A008.l. or 9A010.c.;</li> <li>e. On-board systems or equipment, specially designed for “spacecraft” and having any of the following functions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. ‘Command and telemetry data handling’;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A004.e.1., ‘command and telemetry data handling’ includes bus data management, storage, and processing.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. ‘Payload data handling’; <u>or</u></li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A004.e.2., ‘payload data handling’ includes payload data management, storage, and processing.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. ‘Attitude and orbit control’;</li> </ol> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A004.e.3., ‘attitude and orbit control’ includes sensing and actuation to determine and control the position and orientation of a “spacecraft”.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>For equipment specially designed for military use, see Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>f. Terrestrial equipment specially designed for “spacecraft”, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Telemetry and telecommand equipment specially designed for any of the following data processing functions: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Telemetry data processing of frame synchronisation and error corrections, for monitoring of operational status (also known as health and safe status) of the “spacecraft bus”; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Command data processing for formatting command data being sent to the “spacecraft” to control the “spacecraft bus”;</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Simulators specially designed for ‘verification of operational procedures’ of “spacecraft”;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A004.f.2., ‘verification of operational procedures’ is any of the following:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Command sequence confirmation;</i></li> <li>2. <i>Operational training;</i></li> <li>3. <i>Operational rehearsals; <u>or</u></i></li> <li>4. <i>Operational analysis.</i></li> </ol> <p>g. “Aircraft” specially designed or modified to be air-launch platforms for space launch vehicles or “sub-orbital craft”;</p> <p>h. “Sub-orbital craft”.</p>
9A005	<p>Liquid rocket propulsion systems containing any of the systems or components, specified in Category Code 9A006.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A105 and 9A119.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A006	<p>Systems and components, specially designed for liquid rocket propulsion systems, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A106, 9A108 and 9A120.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cryogenic refrigerators, flightweight dewars, cryogenic heat pipes or cryogenic systems, specially designed for use in space vehicles and capable of restricting cryogenic fluid losses to less than 30% per year;</li> <li>b. Cryogenic containers or closed-cycle refrigeration systems, capable of providing temperatures of 100 K (-173 °C) or less for “aircraft” capable of sustained flight at speeds exceeding Mach 3, launch vehicles or “spacecraft”;</li> <li>c. Slush hydrogen storage or transfer systems;</li> <li>d. High pressure (exceeding 17.5 MPa) turbo pumps, pump components or their associated gas generator or expander cycle turbine drive systems;</li> <li>e. High-pressure (exceeding 10.6 MPa) thrust chambers and nozzles therefor;</li> <li>f. Propellant storage systems using the principle of capillary containment or positive expulsion (i.e. with flexible bladders);</li> <li>g. Liquid propellant injectors with individual orifices of 0.381 mm or smaller in diameter (an area of <math>1.14 \times 10^{-3} \text{ cm}^2</math> or smaller for non-circular orifices) and specially designed for liquid rocket engines;</li> <li>h. One-piece carbon-carbon thrust chambers or one-piece carbon-carbon exit cones, with densities exceeding <math>1.4 \text{ g/cm}^3</math> and tensile strengths exceeding 48 MPa.</li> </ol>
9A007	<p>Solid rocket propulsion systems having any of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A107 and 9A119.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Total impulse capacity exceeding 1.1 MNs;</p> <p>b. Specific impulse of 2.4 kNs/kg or more, when the nozzle flow is expanded to ambient sea level conditions for an adjusted chamber pressure of 7 MPa;</p> <p>c. Stage mass fractions exceeding 88% and propellant solid loadings exceeding 86%;</p> <p>d. Components specified in Category Code 9A008; <u>or</u></p> <p>e. Insulation and propellant bonding systems, using direct-bonded motor designs to provide a ‘strong mechanical bond’ or a barrier to chemical migration between the solid propellant and case insulation material.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A007.e., a ‘strong mechanical bond’ means bond strength equal to or more than propellant strength.</i></p>
9A008	<p>Components specially designed for solid rocket propulsion systems, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A108.</i></p> <p>a. Insulation and propellant bonding systems, using liners to provide a ‘strong mechanical bond’ or a barrier to chemical migration between the solid propellant and case insulation material;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A008.a., a ‘strong mechanical bond’ means bond strength equal to or more than propellant strength.</i></p> <p>b. Filament-wound “composite” motor cases exceeding 0.61 m in diameter or having ‘structural efficiency ratios (PV/W)’ exceeding 25 km;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A008.b., ‘structural efficiency ratio (PV/W)’ is the burst pressure (P) multiplied by the vessel volume (V) divided by the total pressure vessel weight (W).</i></p> <p>c. Nozzles with thrust levels exceeding 45 kN or nozzle throat erosion rates of less than 0.075 mm/s;</p> <p>d. Movable nozzle or secondary fluid injection thrust vector control systems, capable of any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Omni-axial movement exceeding <math>\pm 5^\circ</math>;</li> <li>2. Angular vector rotations of 20°/s or more; <u>or</u></li> <li>3. Angular vector accelerations of 40°/s<sup>2</sup> or more.</li> </ol>
9A009	<p>Hybrid rocket propulsion systems having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A109 and 9A119.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Total impulse capacity exceeding 1.1 MNs; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Thrust levels exceeding 220 kN in vacuum exit conditions.</li> </ol>
9A010	<p>Specially designed components, systems and structures, for launch vehicles, launch vehicle propulsion systems or “spacecraft”, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 1A002 and 9A110.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Components and structures, each exceeding 10 kg and specially designed for launch vehicles manufactured using any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Composite” materials consisting of “fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010.e. and resins specified in Category Code 1C008 or 1C009.b.;</li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="413 338 1135 401">2. Metal “matrix” “composites” reinforced by any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="465 426 1032 453">a. Material specified in Category Code 1C007;</li> <li data-bbox="465 477 1135 540">b. “Fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="465 565 1135 592">c. Aluminides specified in Category Code 1C002.a.; <u>or</u></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="413 616 1135 679">3. Ceramic “matrix” “composite” materials specified in Category Code 1C007;</p> <p data-bbox="340 704 397 731"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 755 969 782"><i>The weight cut-off is not relevant for nose cones.</i></p> <p data-bbox="344 807 1135 938">b. Components and structures, specially designed for launch vehicle propulsion systems specified in Category Codes 9A005 to 9A009 manufactured using any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 963 1135 1058">1. “Fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010.e. and resins specified in Category Code 1C008 or 1C009.b.;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1083 1135 1146">2. Metal “matrix” “composites” reinforced by any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="465 1170 1042 1197">a. Materials specified in Category Code 1C007;</li> <li data-bbox="465 1222 1135 1285">b. “Fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="465 1309 1135 1336">c. Aluminides specified in Category Code 1C002.a.; <u>or</u></li> </ul> </li> <li data-bbox="413 1361 1135 1424">3. Ceramic “matrix” “composite” materials specified in Category Code 1C007;</li> </ul> <p data-bbox="344 1448 1135 1544">c. Structural components and isolation systems, specially designed to control actively the dynamic response or distortion of “spacecraft” structures;</p> <p data-bbox="344 1568 1135 1664">d. Pulsed liquid rocket engines with thrust-to-weight ratios equal to or more than 1 kN/kg and a ‘response time’ of less than 30 ms.</p> <p data-bbox="381 1688 563 1715"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A011	<p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A010.d., ‘response time’ is the time required to achieve 90% of total rated thrust from start-up.</i></p> <p>Ramjet, scramjet or ‘combined cycle engines’, and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A111 and 9A118.</i></p> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9A011, ‘combined cycle engines’ combine two or more of the following types of engines:</i></p> <p><i>a. Gas turbine engine (turbojet, turboprop and turbofan);</i></p> <p><i>b. Ramjet or scramjet; <u>or</u></i></p> <p><i>c. Rocket motor or engine (liquid/gel/solid-propellant and hybrid).</i></p>
9A012	<p>“Unmanned aerial vehicles” (“UAVs”), unmanned “airships”, related equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.1</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A112.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.2</i></u></p> <p><i>For “UAVs” that are “sub-orbital craft”, see Category Code 9A004.h..</i></p> <p>a. “UAVs” or unmanned “airships”, designed to have controlled flight out of the direct ‘natural vision’ of the ‘operator’ and having either of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. A maximum ‘endurance’ greater than or equal to 30 minutes but less than 1 hour; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A101	<p>b. Designed to take-off and have stable controlled flight in wind gusts equal to or exceeding 46.3 km/h (25 knots); <u>or</u></p> <p>2. A maximum ‘endurance’ of 1 hour or greater;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 9A012.a., ‘operator’ is a person who initiates or commands the “UAV” or unmanned “airship” flight.</p> <p>2. For the purpose of Category Code 9A012.a., ‘endurance’ is to be calculated for ISA conditions (Ref. ISO 2533:1975) at sea level in zero wind.</p> <p>3. For the purpose of Category Code 9A012.a., ‘natural vision’ means unaided human sight, with or without corrective lenses.</p> <p>b. Related equipment and components, as follows:</p> <p>1. Not used;</p> <p>2. Not used;</p> <p>3. Equipment or components, specially designed to convert a manned “aircraft” or manned “airship”, to a “UAV” or unmanned “airship”, specified in Category Code 9A012.a.;</p> <p>4. Air breathing reciprocating or rotary internal combustion type engines, specially designed or modified to propel “UAVs” or unmanned “airships”, at altitudes above 15,240 metres (50,000 feet).</p> <p>Turbojet and turbofan engines, other than those specified in Category Code 9A001, as follows:</p> <p>a. Engines having all of the following characteristics:</p> <p>1. ‘Maximum thrust value’ greater than 400 N excluding civil certified engines with a ‘maximum thrust value’ greater than 8,890 N;</p> <p>2. Specific fuel consumption of 0.15 kg N<sup>-1</sup> h<sup>-1</sup> or less;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>3. ‘Dry weight’ less than 750 kg; <u>and</u></p> <p>4. ‘First-stage rotor diameter’ less than 1 m;</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 9A101.a.1., ‘maximum thrust value’ is the manufacturer’s demonstrated maximum thrust for the engine type un-installed at sea level static conditions using the ICAO standard atmosphere. The civil type certified thrust value will be equal to or less than the manufacturer’s demonstrated maximum thrust for the engine type un-installed.</p> <p>2. Specific fuel consumption is determined at maximum continuous thrust for engine type un-installed at sea level static conditions using the ICAO standard atmosphere.</p> <p>3. ‘Dry weight’ is the weight of the engine without fluids (fuel, hydraulic fluid, oil, etc.) and does not include the nacelle (housing).</p> <p>4. ‘First-stage rotor diameter’ is the diameter of the first rotating stage of the engine, whether a fan or compressor, measured at the leading edge of the blade tips.</p> <p>b. Engines designed or modified for use in “missiles” or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a.</p>
9A102	<p>‘Turboprop engine systems’ specially designed for unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a., and specially designed components therefor, having a ‘maximum power’ greater than 10 kW.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p>Category Code 9A102 does not include civil certified engines.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. For the purpose of Category Code 9A102, a ‘turboprop engine system’ incorporates both of the following:</p> <p>a. Turboshaft engine; <u>and</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>b. Power transmission system to transfer the power to a propeller.</i></p> <p><i>2. For the purpose of Category Code 9A102, the ‘maximum power’ is achieved un-installed at sea level static conditions using the ICAO standard atmosphere.</i></p>
9A104	<p>Sounding rockets, capable of a range of at least 300 km.</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A004.</i></p>
9A105	<p>Liquid propellant rocket engines or gel propellant rocket motors, as follows:</p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A119.</i></p> <p>a. Liquid propellant rocket engines or gel propellant rocket motors, usable in “missiles”, other than those specified in Category Code 9A005, integrated, or designed or modified to be integrated, into a liquid propellant or gel propellant propulsion system which has a total impulse capacity equal to or greater than 1.1 MNs;</p> <p>b. Liquid propellant rocket engines or gel propellant rocket motors, usable in complete rocket systems or unmanned aerial vehicles, capable of a range of 300 km, other than those specified in Category Code 9A005 or 9A105.a., integrated, or designed or modified to be integrated, into a liquid propellant or gel propellant propulsion system which has a total impulse capacity equal to or greater than 0.841 MNs.</p>
9A106	<p>Systems or components, other than those specified in Category Code 9A006 as follows, specially designed for liquid rocket propulsion or gel propellant rocket systems:</p> <p>a. Not used;</p> <p>b. Not used;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>c. Thrust vector control sub-systems, usable in “missiles”;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Examples of methods of achieving thrust vector control specified in Category Code 9A106.c. are:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Flexible nozzle;</i></li> <li><i>b. Fluid or secondary gas injection;</i></li> <li><i>c. Movable engine or nozzle;</i></li> <li><i>d. Deflection of exhaust gas stream (jet vanes or probes); <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>e. Thrust tabs.</i></li> </ul> <p>d. Liquid, slurry and gel propellant (including oxidisers) control systems, and specially designed components therefor, usable in “missiles”, designed or modified to operate in vibration environments greater than 10 g rms between 20 Hz and 2 kHz;</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>The only servo valves, pumps and gas turbines specified in Category Code 9A106.d., are the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. Servo valves designed for flow rates equal to or greater than 24 litres per minute, at an absolute pressure equal to or greater than 7 MPa, that have an actuator response time of less than 100 ms;</i></li> <li><i>b. Pumps, for liquid propellants, with shaft speeds equal to or greater than 8,000 rpm at a maximum operating mode or with discharge pressures equal to or greater than 7 MPa;</i></li> <li><i>c. Gas turbines, for liquid propellant turbopumps, with shaft speeds equal to or greater than 8,000 rpm at the maximum operating mode.</i></li> </ul> <p>e. Combustion chambers and nozzles for liquid propellant rocket engines or gel propellant rocket motors specified in Category Code 9A005 or 9A105.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A107	<p>Solid propellant rocket motors, usable in complete rocket systems or unmanned aerial vehicles, capable of a range of 300 km, other than those specified in Category Code 9A007, having total impulse capacity equal to or greater than 0.841 MNs.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A119.</i></p>
9A108	<p>Components, other than those specified in Category Code 9A008, as follows, specially designed for solid and hybrid rocket propulsion systems:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Rocket motor cases and “insulation” components therefor, usable in sub-systems specified in Category Code 9A007, 9A009, 9A107 or 9A109.a.;</li> <li>b. Rocket nozzles, usable in sub-systems specified in Category Code 9A007, 9A009, 9A107 or 9A109.a.;</li> <li>c. Thrust vector control sub-systems, usable in “missiles”.</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Examples of methods of achieving thrust vector control specified in Category Code 9A108.c. are:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. <i>Flexible nozzle;</i></li> <li>b. <i>Fluid or secondary gas injection;</i></li> <li>c. <i>Movable engine or nozzle;</i></li> <li>d. <i>Deflection of exhaust gas stream (jet vanes or probes); <u>or</u></i></li> <li>e. <i>Thrust tabs.</i></li> </ol>
9A109	<p>Hybrid rocket motors and specially designed components, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Hybrid rocket motors usable in complete rocket systems or unmanned aerial vehicles, capable of 300 km, other than those specified in Category Code 9A009, having a total impulse</li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>capacity equal to or greater than 0.841 MNs, and specially designed components therefor;</p> <p>b. Specially designed components for hybrid rocket motors specified in Category Code 9A009 that are usable in “missiles”.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A009 and 9A119.</i></p>
9A110	<p>Composite structures, laminates and manufactures thereof, other than those specified in Category Code 9A010, specially designed for use in ‘missiles’ or the sub-systems specified in Category Code 9A005, 9A007, 9A105, 9A106.c., 9A107, 9A108.c., 9A116 or 9A119.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 1A002.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 9A110, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>
9A111	<p>Pulse jet or detonation engines, usable in “missiles” or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a., and specially designed components therefor.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Codes 9A011 and 9A118.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 9A111, detonation engines utilise detonation to produce a rise in effective pressure across the combustion chamber. Examples of detonation engines include pulse detonation engines, rotating detonation engines or continuous wave detonation engines.</i></p>
9A112	<p>“Unmanned aerial vehicles” (“UAVs”), other than those specified in Category Code 9A012, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. “Unmanned aerial vehicles” (“UAVs”) capable of a range of 300 km;</p> <p>b. “Unmanned aerial vehicles” (“UAVs”) having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having either of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. An autonomous flight control and navigation capability; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Capability of controlled flight out of direct vision range involving a human operator; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Having either of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Incorporating an aerosol dispensing system / mechanism with a capacity greater than 20 litres; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Designed or modified to incorporate an aerosol dispensing system / mechanism with a capacity greater than 20 litres.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><i>Technical Notes</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>An aerosol consists of particulate or liquids other than fuel components, by products or additives, as part of the payload to be dispersed in the atmosphere. Examples of aerosols include pesticides for crop dusting and dry chemicals for cloud seeding.</i></li> <li>2. <i>An aerosol dispensing system / mechanism contains all those devices (mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, etc.), which are necessary for storage and dispersion of an aerosol into the atmosphere. This includes the possibility of aerosol injection into the combustion exhaust vapour and into the propeller slip stream.</i></li> </ol>
9A115	<p>Launch support equipment as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Apparatus and devices for handling, control, activation or launching, designed or modified for space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or ‘missiles’;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. In Category Code 9A115.a., ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</p> <p>2. Apparatus and devices specified in Category Code 9A115.a. include those installed on a manual aircraft or an unmanned aerial vehicle.</p> <p>b. Vehicles for transport, handling, control, activation or launching, designed or modified for space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or “missiles”.</p>
9A116	<p>Re-entry vehicles, usable in “missiles”, and equipment designed or modified therefor, as follows:</p> <p>a. Re-entry vehicles;</p> <p>b. Heat shields and components therefor, fabricated of ceramic or ablative materials;</p> <p>c. Heat sinks and components therefor, fabricated of light-weight, high heat capacity materials;</p> <p>d. Electronic equipment specially designed for re-entry vehicles.</p>
9A117	<p>Staging mechanisms, separation mechanisms and interstages, usable in “missiles”.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9A121.</i></p>
9A118	<p>Devices to regulate combustion usable in engines, which are usable in “missiles” or unmanned aerial vehicles specified in Category Code 9A012 or 9A112.a., specified in Category Code 9A011 or 9A111.</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9A119	Individual rocket stages, usable in complete rocket systems or unmanned aerial vehicles, capable of a range of 300 km, other than those specified in Category Codes 9A005, 9A007, 9A009, 9A105, 9A107 and 9A109.
9A120	<p>Liquid or gel propellant tanks, other than those specified in Category Code 9A006, specially designed for propellants specified in Category Code 1C111 or ‘other liquid or gel propellants’ used in rocket systems capable of delivering at least a 500 kg payload to a range of at least 300 km.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 9A120, ‘other liquid or gel propellants’ includes, but is not limited to, propellants specified in Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p>
9A121	<p>Umbilical and interstage electrical connectors specially designed for “missiles”, space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>Interstage connectors referred to in Category Code 9A121 also include electrical connectors installed between the “missile”, space launch vehicle or sounding rocket and their payload.</i></p>
9A350	<p>Spraying or fogging systems, specially designed or modified for fitting to aircraft, “lighter-than-air vehicles” or unmanned aerial vehicles, and specially designed components therefor, as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Complete spraying or fogging systems capable of delivering, from a liquid suspension, an initial droplet ‘VMD’ of less than 50 µm at a flow rate of greater than two litres per minute;</li> <li>b. Spray booms or arrays of aerosol generating units capable of delivering, from a liquid suspension, an initial droplet ‘VMD’</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>of less than 50 µm at a flow rate of greater than two litres per minute;</p> <p>c. Aerosol generating units specially designed for fitting to systems specified in Category Codes 9A350.a. and .b.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Aerosol generating units are devices specially designed or modified for fitting to aircraft such as nozzles, rotary drum atomisers and similar devices.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 9A350 does not include spraying or fogging systems and components that are demonstrated not to be capable of delivering biological agents in the form of infectious aerosols.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. Droplet size for spray equipment or nozzles specially designed for use on aircraft, “lighter-than-air vehicles” or unmanned aerial vehicles should be measured using either of the following:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">a. Doppler laser method; <u>or</u></p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">b. Forward laser diffraction method.</p> <p>2. In Category Code 9A350, ‘VMD’ means Volume Median Diameter and for water-based systems this equates to Mass Median Diameter (MMD).</p>
<p><b>9B</b></p> <p>9B001</p>	<p><b>Test, Inspection and Production Equipment</b></p> <p>Manufacturing equipment, tooling or fixtures, as follows:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 2B226.</i></p> <p>a. Directional solidification or Single Crystal (SC) casting equipment designed for “superalloys”;</p> <p>b. Casting tooling, specially designed for manufacturing gas turbine engine blades, vanes or “tip shrouds”, manufactured from refractory metals or ceramics, as follows:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Cores;</li> <li>2. Shells (moulds);</li> <li>3. Combined core and shell (mould) units;</li> </ol> <p>c. Directional-solidification or Single Crystal (SC) additive-manufacturing equipment, designed for “superalloys”.</p>
9B002	<p>On-line (real-time) control systems, instrumentation (including sensors) or automated data acquisition and processing equipment, having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Specially designed for the “development” of gas turbine engines, assemblies or components; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Incorporating any of the “technologies” specified in Category Code 9E003.h. or 9E003.i.</li> </ol>
9B003	<p>Equipment specially designed for the “production” or test of gas turbine brush seals designed to operate at tip speeds exceeding 335 m/s and temperatures in excess of 773 K (500 °C), and specially designed components or accessories therefor.</p>
9B004	<p>Tools, dies or fixtures, for the solid state joining of “superalloy”, titanium or intermetallic aerofoil-to-disk combinations described in Category Code 9E003.a.3. or 9E003.a.6. for gas turbines.</p>
9B005	<p>On-line (real-time) control systems, instrumentation (including sensors) or automated data acquisition and processing equipment, specially designed for use with any of the following:</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>See also Category Code 9B105.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Wind tunnels designed for speeds of Mach 1.2 or more;</li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="413 335 1165 439"><i>Category Code 9B005.a. does not include wind tunnels specially designed for educational purposes and having a 'test section size' (measured laterally) of less than 250 mm.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 458 552 491"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="478 510 1165 643"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9B005.a. Note, 'test section size' means the diameter of the circle, or the side of the square, or the longest side of the rectangle, at the largest test section location.</i></p> <p data-bbox="373 662 1165 767">b. Devices for simulating flow-environments at speeds exceeding Mach 5, including hot-shot tunnels, plasma arc tunnels, shock tubes, shock tunnels, gas tunnels and light gas guns; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="373 786 1165 891">c. Wind tunnels or devices, other than two-dimensional sections, capable of simulating Reynolds number flows exceeding <math>25 \times 10^6</math>.</p>
9B006	<p data-bbox="366 961 1165 1094">Acoustic vibration test equipment capable of producing sound pressure levels of 160 dB or more (referenced to 20 <math>\mu</math>Pa) with a rated output of 4 kW or more at a test cell temperature exceeding 1,273 K (1,000 °C), and specially designed quartz heaters therefor.</p> <p data-bbox="366 1113 420 1146"><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="366 1165 749 1197"><i>See also Category Code 9B106.</i></p>
9B007	<p data-bbox="366 1266 1165 1367">Equipment specially designed for inspecting the integrity of rocket motors and using Non-Destructive Test (NDT) techniques other than planar X-ray or basic physical or chemical analysis.</p>
9B008	<p data-bbox="366 1437 1165 1538">Direct measurement wall skin friction transducers specially designed to operate at a test flow total (stagnation) temperature exceeding 833 K (560 °C).</p>
9B009	<p data-bbox="366 1608 1165 1709">Tooling specially designed for producing gas turbine engine powder metallurgy rotor components having both of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>a. Designed to operate at stress levels of 60% of Ultimate Tensile Strength (UTS) or more measured at a temperature of 873 K (600 °C); <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Designed to operate at 873 K (600 °C) or more.</p> <p><u>Note</u>  <i>Category Code 9B009 does not include tooling for the production of powder.</i></p>
9B010	<p>Equipment specially designed for the production of items specified in Category Code 9A012.</p>
9B105	<p>‘Aerodynamic test facilities’ for speeds of Mach 0.9 or more, usable for ‘missiles’ and their sub-systems.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u>  <i>See also Category Code 9B005.</i></p> <p><u>Note</u>  <i>Category Code 9B105 does not include wind tunnels for speeds of Mach 3 or less with dimension of the ‘test cross section size’ equal to or less than 250 mm.</i></p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="346 1245 1137 1348">1. <i>In Category Code 9B105, ‘aerodynamics test facilities’ includes wind tunnels and shock tunnels for the study of airflow over objects.</i></li> <li data-bbox="346 1367 1137 1538">2. <i>In Note to Category Code 9B105, ‘test cross section size’ means the diameter of the circle, or the side of the square, or the longest side of the rectangle, or the major axis of the ellipse at the largest ‘test cross section’ location. ‘Test cross section’ is the section perpendicular to the flow direction.</i></li> <li data-bbox="346 1557 1137 1660">3. <i>In Category Code 9B105, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></li> </ol>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9B106	<p>Environmental chambers and anechoic chambers, as follows:</p> <p>a. Environmental chambers having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Capable of simulating either of the following flight conditions:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Altitude equal to or greater than 15 km; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Temperature range from below 223 K (-50 °C) to above 398 K (125 °C); <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Incorporating, or ‘designed or modified’ to incorporate, a shaker unit or other vibration test equipment to produce vibration environments equal to or greater than 10 g rms, measured ‘bare table’, between 20 Hz and 2 kHz while imparting forces equal to or greater than 5 kN;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <i>Category Code 9B106.a.2. describes systems that are capable of generating a vibration environment with a single wave (e.g. a sine wave) and systems capable of generating a broad band random vibration (i.e. power spectrum).</i></li> <li>2. <i>In Category Code 9B106.a.2., ‘designed or modified’ means the environmental chamber provides appropriate interfaces (e.g. sealing devices) to incorporate a shaker unit or other vibration test equipment as specified in Category Code 2B116.</i></li> <li>3. <i>In Category Code 9B106.a.2., ‘bare table’ means a flat table, or surface, with no fixture or fittings.</i></li> </ol> <p>b. Environmental chambers capable of simulating both of the following flight conditions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Acoustic environments at an overall sound pressure level of 140 dB or greater (referenced to 20 µPa) or with a total rated acoustic power output of 4 kW or greater; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Having either of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Altitude equal to greater than 15 km; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9B107	<p>b. Temperature range from below 223 K (-50 °C) to above 398 K (125 °C).</p> <p>‘Aerothermodynamic test facilities’, usable for ‘missiles’, ‘missile’ rocket propulsion systems, and re-entry vehicles and equipment specified in Category Code 9A116, having either of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. An electrical power supply equal to or greater than 5 MW; <u>or</u></p> <p>b. A gas supply total pressure equal to or greater than 3 MPa.</p> <p><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p>1. ‘Aerothermodynamic test facilities’ include plasma arc jet facilities and plasma wind tunnels for the study of thermal and mechanical effects of airflow on objects.</p> <p>2. In Category Code 9B107, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</p>
9B115	<p>Specially designed “production equipment” for the systems, sub-systems and components specified in Category Codes 9A005 to 9A009, 9A011, 9A101, 9A102, 9A105 to 9A109, 9A111, 9A116 to 9A120.</p>
9B116	<p>Specially designed “production facilities” for the space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, or systems, sub-systems, and components specified in Category Codes 9A005 to 9A009, 9A011, 9A101, 9A102, 9A104 to 9A109, 9A111, 9A116 to 9A120 or ‘missiles’.</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p>In Category Code 9B116, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</p>
9B117	<p>Test benches or test stands for solid or liquid propellant rockets or rocket motors, having either of the following characteristics:</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	a. The capacity to handle more than 68 kN of thrust; <u>or</u> b. Capable of simultaneously measuring the three axial thrust components.
<b>9C</b>	<b>Materials</b>
9C108	“Insulation” material in bulk form and “interior lining”, other than those specified in Category Code 9A008, for rocket motor cases usable in “missiles” or specially designed for solid propellant rocket engines specified in Category Code 9A007 or 9A107.
9C110	Resin impregnated fibre prepregs and metal coated fibre preforms therefor, for composite structures, laminates and manufactures specified in Category Code 9A110, made either with organic matrix or metal matrix utilising fibrous or filamentary reinforcements having a “specific tensile strength” greater than $7.62 \times 10^4$ m and a “specific modulus” greater than $3.18 \times 10^6$ m.  <u>N.B.</u> <i>See also Category Codes 1C010 and 1C210.</i>  <u>Note</u> <i>The only resin impregnated fibre prepregs specified in Category Code 9C110 are those using resins with a glass transition temperature (<math>T_g</math>), after cure, exceeding 418 K (145 °C) as determined by ASTM D4065 or equivalent.</i>
<b>9D</b>	<b>Software</b>
9D001	“Software”, not specified in Category Code 9D003 or 9D004, specially designed or modified for the “development” of equipment or “technology”, specified in Category Codes 9A001 to 9A119, Category 9B or Category Code 9E003.
9D002	“Software”, not specified in Category Code 9D003 or 9D004, specially designed or modified for the “production” of equipment specified in Category Codes 9A001 to 9A119 or Category 9B.

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9D003	“Software” incorporating “technology” specified in Category Code 9E003.h. and used in “FADEC Systems” for systems specified in Category 9A or equipment specified in Category 9B.
9D004	<p>Other “software” as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 2D or 3D viscous “software”, validated with wind tunnel or flight test data required for detailed engine flow modelling;</li> <li>b. “Software” for testing aero gas turbine engines, assemblies or components, having both of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed for testing either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Aero gas turbine engines, assemblies or components, incorporating “technology” specified in Category Code 9E003.a., 9E003.h. or 9E003.i.; <u>or</u></li> <li>b. Multi-stage compressors providing either bypass or core flow, specially designed for aero gas turbine engines incorporating “technology” specified in Category Code 9E003.a. or 9E003.h.; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Specially designed for both of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Acquisition and processing of data, in real-time; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. Feedback control of the test article or test conditions (e.g. temperature, pressure, flow rate) while the test is in progress;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p> <p><i>Category Code 9D004.b. does not include software for operation of the test facility or operator safety (e.g. overspeed shutdown, fire detection and suppression), or production, repair or maintenance acceptance-testing limited to determining if the item has been properly assembled or repaired.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. “Software” specially designed to control directional solidification or Single Crystal (SC) material growth in equipment specified in Category Code 9B001.a. or 9B001.c.;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>d. Not used;</p> <p>e. “Software” specially designed or modified for the operation of items specified in Category Code 9A012;</p> <p>f. “Software” specially designed to design the internal cooling passages of aero gas turbine blades, vanes and “tip shrouds”;</p> <p>g. “Software” having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Specially designed to predict aero thermal, aeromechanical and combustion conditions in aero gas turbine engines; <u>and</u></li> <li>2. Theoretical modelling predictions of the aero thermal, aeromechanical and combustion conditions, which have been validated with actual aero gas turbine engine (experimental or production) performance data.</li> </ol>
9D005	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the operation of items specified in Category Code 9A004.e. or 9A004.f.</p> <p><u>N.B.</u></p> <p><i>For “software” for items specified in Category Code 9A004.d. that are incorporated into “spacecraft payloads”, see the appropriate Categories.</i></p>
9D101	<p>“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 9B105, 9B106, 9B116 or 9B117.</p>
9D103	<p>“Software” specially designed for modelling, simulation or design integration of the space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or “missiles”, or the sub-systems specified in Category Code 9A005, 9A007, 9A105, 9A106.c., 9A107, 9A108.c., 9A116 or 9A119.</p> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<i>“Software” specified in Category Code 9D103 remains within the description of that Category when combined with specially designed hardware specified in Category Code 4A102.</i>
9D104	<p><i>“Software” as follows:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="346 563 1137 738">a. <i>“Software” specially designed or modified for the “use” of goods specified in Category Code 9A001, 9A005, 9A006.d., 9A006.g., 9A007.a., 9A009.a., 9A010.d., 9A011, 9A101, 9A102, 9A105, 9A106.d., 9A107, 9A109, 9A111, 9A115.a., 9A117 or 9A118.;</i></li> <li data-bbox="346 753 1137 852">b. <i>“Software” specially designed or modified for the operation or maintenance of sub-systems or equipment specified in Category Code 9A008.d., 9A106.c., 9A108.c. or 9A116.d.</i></li> </ol>
9D105	<p><i>“Software” specially designed or modified to coordinate the function of more than one sub-system, other than that specified in Category Code 9D004.e., in space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004 or sounding rockets specified in Category Code 9A104 or ‘missiles’.</i></p> <p><u><i>Note</i></u></p> <p><i>Category Code 9D105 includes “software” specially designed for a manned “aircraft” converted to operate as “unmanned aerial vehicle”, as follows:</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="346 1287 1137 1353">a. <i>“Software” specially designed or modified to integrate the conversion equipment with the “aircraft” system functions;</i></li> <li data-bbox="346 1372 1137 1439">b. <i>“Software” specially designed or modified to operate the “aircraft” as an “unmanned aerial vehicle”.</i></li> </ol> <p><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p><i>In Category Code 9D105, ‘missile’ means complete rocket systems and unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
<b>9E</b>	<p data-bbox="365 337 512 369"><b>Technology</b></p> <p data-bbox="365 388 424 420"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="365 439 1165 715">“Development” or “production” “technology” specified in Category Codes 9E001 to 9E003 for gas turbine engines remains within the description of that Category when used for repair or overhaul. Excluded from that Category are: technical data, drawings or documentation for maintenance activities directly associated with calibration, removal or replacement of damaged or unserviceable Line Replaceable Units (LRUs), including replacement of whole engines or engine modules.</p> <p data-bbox="240 786 319 814">9E001</p> <p data-bbox="365 786 1165 887">“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of equipment or “software”, specified in Category Code 9A004 to 9A012, 9A350, Category 9B or 9D.</p> <p data-bbox="240 957 319 986">9E002</p> <p data-bbox="365 957 1165 1058">“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “production” of equipment specified in Category Code 9A004 to 9A011, 9A350 or Category 9B.</p> <p data-bbox="365 1077 417 1110"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="365 1129 1165 1195">For “technology” for the repair of structures, laminates or materials, see Category Code 1E002.f.</p> <p data-bbox="240 1266 319 1294">9E003</p> <p data-bbox="365 1266 740 1298">Other “technology” as follows:</p> <p data-bbox="374 1317 1165 1418">a. “Technology” “required” for the “development” or “production” of any of the following gas turbine engine components or systems:</p> <p data-bbox="444 1437 1165 1643">1. Gas turbine blades, vanes or “tip shrouds”, made from Directionally Solidified (DS) or Single Crystal (SC) alloys and having (in the 001 Miller Index Direction) a stress-rupture life exceeding 400 hours at 1,273 K (1,000 °C) at a stress of 200 MPa, based on the average property values;</p> <p data-bbox="478 1662 659 1694"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="444 338 1130 439"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.1., stress-rupture life testing is typically conducted on a test specimen.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 462 1130 925">           2. Combustors having any of the following characteristics:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="465 515 1130 616">a. ‘Thermally decoupled liners’ designed to operate at ‘combustor exit temperature’ exceeding 1,883 K (1,610 °C);</li> <li data-bbox="465 635 740 668">b. Non-metallic liners;</li> <li data-bbox="465 687 740 719">c. Non-metallic shells;</li> <li data-bbox="465 738 1130 877">d. Liners designed to operate at ‘combustor exit temperature’ exceeding 1,883 K (1,610 °C) and having holes that meet the parameters specified in Category Code 9E003.c.; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="465 896 948 929">e. Utilising ‘pressure gain combustion’;</li> </ol> </p> <p data-bbox="344 948 525 980"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="344 999 1130 1201"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.2.e., in ‘pressure gain combustion’ the bulk average stagnation pressure at the combustor outlet is greater than the bulk average stagnation pressure at the combustor inlet due primarily to the combustion process, when the engine is running in a “steady state mode” of operation.</i></p> <p data-bbox="344 1220 397 1252"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1271 1130 1372"><i>The “required” “technology” for holes in Category Code 9E003.a.2. is limited to the derivation of the geometry and location of the holes.</i></p> <p data-bbox="444 1391 639 1424"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="411 1443 1130 1686">           1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.2.a., ‘thermally decoupled liners’ are liners that feature at least a support structure designed to carry mechanical loads and a combustion facing structure designed to protect the support structure from the heat of combustion. The combustion facing structure and support structure have independent thermal displacement (mechanical</i> </p>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><i>displacement due to thermal load) with respect to one another, i.e. they are thermally decoupled.</i></p> <p>2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.2.d., ‘combustor exit temperature’ is the bulk average gas path total (stagnation) temperature between the combustor exit plane and the leading edge of the turbine inlet guide vane (i.e. measured at engine station T40 as defined in SAE ARP 755A) when the engine is running in a “steady state mode” of operation at the certificated maximum continuous operating temperature.</i></p> <p><u><i>N.B.</i></u></p> <p><i>See Category Code 9E003.c. for “technology” “required” for manufacturing cooling holes.</i></p> <p>3. Components that are any of the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Manufactured from organic “composite” materials designed to operate above 588 K (315 °C);</li> <li>b. Manufactured from either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Metal “matrix” “composites” reinforced by any of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Materials specified in Category Code 1C007;</li> <li>b. “Fibrous or filamentary materials” specified in Category Code 1C010; <u>or</u></li> <li>c. Aluminides specified in Category Code 1C002.a.; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Ceramic “matrix” “composites” specified in Category Code 1C007; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>c. Stators, vanes, blades, tip seals (shrouds), rotating blings, rotating blisks, or ‘splitter ducts’, that are all of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Not specified in Category Code 9E003.a.3.a.;</li> <li>2. Designed for compressors or fans; <u>and</u></li> </ol> </li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="512 338 1137 439">3. Manufactured from material specified in Category Code 1C010.e. with resins specified in Category Code 1C008;</p> <p data-bbox="498 462 680 491"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="498 510 1137 643"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.3.c., a ‘splitter duct’ performs the initial separation of the air-mass flow between the bypass and core sections of the engine.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 668 1137 769">4. Uncooled turbine blades, vanes or “tip shrouds”, designed to operate at a ‘gas path temperature’ of 1,373 K (1,100 °C) or more;</p> <p data-bbox="411 792 1137 925">5. Cooled turbine blades, vanes, “tip shrouds” other than those described in Category Code 9E003.a.1., designed to operate at a ‘gas path temperature’ of 1,693 K (1,420 °C) or more;</p> <p data-bbox="340 948 521 976"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="444 995 1137 1205"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.5., ‘gas path temperature’ is the bulk average gas path total (stagnation) temperature at the leading edge plane of the turbine component when the engine is running in a “steady state mode” of operation at the certificated or specified maximum continuous operating temperature.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1228 1137 1290">6. Aerofoil-to-disk blade combinations using solid state joining;</p> <p data-bbox="411 1313 565 1342">7. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="411 1365 1137 1466">8. ‘Damage tolerant’ gas turbine engine rotor components using powder metallurgy materials specified in Category Code 1C002.b.; <u>or</u></p> <p data-bbox="340 1488 521 1517"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="444 1536 1137 1631"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.8., ‘damage tolerant’ components are designed using methodology and substantiation to predict and limit crack growth.</i></p> <p data-bbox="411 1654 565 1683">9. Not used;</p> <p data-bbox="397 1705 565 1734">10. Not used;</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>11. ‘Fan blades’ having both of the following characteristics:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. 20% or more of the total volume being one or more closed cavities containing vacuum or gas only; <u>and</u></li> <li>b. One or more closed cavities having a volume of 5 cm<sup>3</sup> or larger;</li> </ol> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.a.11., a ‘fan blade’ is the aerofoil portion of the rotating stage or stages, which provide both compressor and bypass flow in a gas turbine engine.</i></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. “Technology” “required” for the “development” or “production” of either of the following: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wind tunnel aero-models equipped with non-intrusive sensors capable of transmitting data from the sensors to the data acquisition system; <u>or</u></li> <li>2. “Composite” propeller blades or propfans, capable of absorbing more than 2,000 kW at flight speeds exceeding Mach 0.55;</li> </ol> </li> <li>c. “Technology” “required” for manufacturing cooling holes, in gas turbine engine components incorporating any of the “technologies” specified in Category Code 9E003.a.1., 9E003.a.2. or 9E003.a.5., and having either of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Minimum ‘cross-sectional area’ less than 0.45 mm<sup>2</sup>;</li> <li>b. ‘Hole shape ratio’ greater than 4.52; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. ‘Incidence angle’ equal to or less than 25°; <u>or</u></li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Having all of the following characteristics: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Minimum ‘cross-sectional area’ less than 0.12 mm<sup>2</sup>;</li> <li>b. ‘Hole shape ratio’ greater than 5.65; <u>and</u></li> <li>c. ‘Incidence angle’ more than 25°;</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p><u>Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

Category Code	Item Description
	<p data-bbox="381 338 1130 477"><i>Category Code 9E003.c. does not include “technology” for manufacturing constant radius cylindrical holes that are straight through and enter and exit on the external surfaces of the component.</i></p> <p data-bbox="340 496 529 525"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <ol data-bbox="413 548 1130 1115" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 548 1130 649">1. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.c., the ‘cross-sectional area’ is the area of the hole in the plane perpendicular to the hole axis.</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 668 1130 769">2. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.c., ‘hole shape ratio’ is the nominal length of the axis of the hole divided by the square root of its minimum ‘cross-sectional area’.</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 788 1130 927">3. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.c., ‘incidence angle’ is the acute angle measured between the plane tangential to the aerofoil surface and the hole axis at the point where the hole axis enters the aerofoil surface.</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 946 1130 1115">4. <i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.c., methods for manufacturing holes in Category Code 9E003.c. include “laser” beam machining, water jet machining, Electro-Chemical Machining (ECM) or Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM).</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="344 1134 1130 1239">d. “Technology” “required” for the “development” or “production” of helicopter power transfer systems or tilt rotor or tilt wing “aircraft” power transfer systems;</p> <p data-bbox="344 1258 1130 1363">e. “Technology” for the “development” or “production” of reciprocating diesel engine ground vehicle propulsion systems having all of the following characteristics:</p> <ol data-bbox="413 1382 1130 1551" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 1382 1130 1410">1. ‘Box volume’ of 1.2 m<sup>3</sup> or less;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1429 1130 1496">2. An overall power output of more than 750 kW based on 80/1269/EEC, Ref. ISO 2534 or national equivalents; <u>and</u></li> <li data-bbox="413 1515 1130 1551">3. Power density of more than 700 kW/m<sup>3</sup> of ‘box volume’;</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="340 1570 518 1599"><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 1618 1130 1725"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.e., ‘box volume’ in Category Code 9E003.e. is the product of three perpendicular dimensions measured in the following way:</i></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p><u>Length:</u></p> <p><i>The length of the crankshaft from front flange to flywheel face;</i></p> <p><u>Width:</u></p> <p><i>The widest of any of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. The outside dimension from valve cover to valve cover;</i></li> <li><i>b. The dimensions of the outside edges of the cylinder heads; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>c. The diameter of the flywheel housing;</i></li> </ul> <p><u>Height:</u></p> <p><i>The largest of either of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>a. The dimension of the crankshaft centre-line to the top plane of the valve cover (or cylinder head) plus twice the stroke; <u>or</u></i></li> <li><i>b. The diameter of the flywheel housing.</i></li> </ul> <p>f. “Technology” “required” for the “production” of specially designed components for high output diesel engines, as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. “Technology” “required” for the “production” of engine systems having all of the following components employing ceramics materials specified in Category Code 1C007: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cylinder liners;</li> <li>b. Pistons;</li> <li>c. Cylinder heads; <u>and</u></li> <li>d. One or more other components (including exhaust ports, turbochargers, valve guides, valve assemblies or insulated fuel injectors);</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. “Technology” “required” for the “production” of turbocharger systems with single-stage compressors and having all of the following characteristics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Operating at pressure ratios of 4:1 or higher;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p>b. Mass flow in the range from 30 kg to 130 kg per minute; <u>and</u></p> <p>c. Variable flow area capability within the compressor or turbine sections;</p> <p>3. “Technology” “required” for the “production” of fuel injection systems with a specially designed multifuel (e.g. diesel or jet fuel) capability covering a viscosity range from diesel fuel (2.5 cSt at 310.8 K (37.8 °C)) down to gasoline fuel (0.5 cSt at 310.8 K (37.8 °C)) and having both of the following characteristics:</p> <p>a. Injection amount in excess of 230 mm<sup>3</sup> per injection per cylinder; <u>and</u></p> <p>b. Electronic control features specially designed for switching governor characteristics automatically depending on fuel property to provide the same torque characteristics by using the appropriate sensors;</p> <p>g. “Technology” “required” for the “development” or “production” of ‘high output diesel engines’ for solid, gas phase or liquid film (or combinations thereof) cylinder wall lubrication and permitting operation to temperatures exceeding 723 K (450 °C), measured on the cylinder wall at the top limit of travel of the top ring of the piston;</p> <p><u>Technical Note</u></p> <p><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.g., ‘high output diesel engines’ are diesel engines with a specified brake mean effective pressure of 1.8 MPa or more at a speed of 2,300 rpm, provided the rated speed is 2,300 rpm or more.</i></p> <p>h. “Technology” for gas turbine engine “FADEC Systems” as follows:</p> <p>1. “Development” “technology” for deriving the functional requirements for the components necessary for the “FADEC System” to regulate engine thrust or shaft power (e.g. feedback sensor time constants and accuracies, fuel valve slew rate);</p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="440 338 1166 439">2. “Development” or “production” “technology” for control and diagnostic components unique to the “FADEC System” and used to regulate engine thrust or shaft power;</p> <p data-bbox="440 458 1166 595">3. “Development” “technology” for the control law algorithms, including “source code”, unique to the “FADEC System” and used to regulate engine thrust or shaft power;</p> <p data-bbox="368 614 427 643"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="408 662 1166 944"><i>Category Code 9E003.h. does not include technical data related to engine “aircraft” integration required by the relevant civil aviation certification authorities of a “participating state” to be published for general airline use (e.g. installation manuals, operating instructions, instructions for continued airworthiness) or interface functions (e.g. input/output processing, airframe thrust or shaft power demand).</i></p> <p data-bbox="381 963 1166 1064">i. “Technology” for adjustable flow path systems designed to maintain engine stability for gas generator turbines, fan or power turbines, or propelling nozzles, as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="440 1083 1166 1462" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 1083 1166 1184">1. “Development” “technology” for deriving the functional requirements for the components that maintain engine stability;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1203 1166 1304">2. “Development” or “production” “technology” for components unique to the adjustable flow path system and that maintain engine stability;</li> <li data-bbox="440 1323 1166 1462">3. “Development” “technology” for the control law algorithms, including “source code”, unique to the adjustable flow path system and that maintain engine stability;</li> </ol>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="337 338 397 369"><u>Note</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 390 1130 455"><i>Category Code 9E003.i. does not include “technology” for any of the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 477 663 508"><i>a. Inlet guide vanes;</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 529 831 559"><i>b. Variable pitch fans or propfans;</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 580 780 611"><i>c. Variable compressor vanes;</i></li> <li data-bbox="413 632 796 662"><i>d. Compressor bleed valves; <u>or</u></i></li> <li data-bbox="413 683 1038 714"><i>e. Adjustable flow path geometry for reverse thrust.</i></li> </ul> <p data-bbox="346 734 1130 837">j. “Technology” “required” for the “development” of wing-folding systems designed for fixed-wing “aircraft” powered by gas turbine engines.</p> <p data-bbox="337 858 397 889"><u>N.B.</u></p> <p data-bbox="381 910 1130 1012"><i>For “technology” “required” for the “development” of wing-folding systems designed for fixed-wing “aircraft”, see also Division 2 of Part 1 of this Schedule.</i></p> <p data-bbox="346 1033 1130 1201">k. “Technology”, not specified in Category Code 9E003.a., 9E003.h. or 9E003.i., “required” for the “development” of any of the following components or systems, specially designed for aero gas turbine engines to enable “aircraft” to cruise at Mach 1 or greater for more than 30 minutes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="413 1222 749 1252">1. Propulsion inlet systems;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1273 787 1304">2. Propulsion exhaust systems;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1325 662 1355">3. ‘Reheat systems’;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1376 1130 1441">4. ‘Active thermal management systems’ to condition fluids used to lubricate or cool ‘engine rotor supports’;</li> <li data-bbox="413 1462 868 1492">5. Oil-free ‘engine rotor supports’; <u>or</u></li> <li data-bbox="413 1513 1130 1578">6. Systems to remove heat from ‘compression system’ core gas path flow.</li> </ul>



THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
	<p data-bbox="413 338 606 369"><u>Technical Notes</u></p> <p data-bbox="413 388 951 418"><i>For the purpose of Category Code 9E003.k.:</i></p> <ol data-bbox="440 439 1163 1024" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="440 439 1139 470">1. <i>Propulsion inlet systems include core flow pre-coolers.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 491 1163 624">2. <i>‘Reheat systems’ provide additional thrust by combusting fuel in exhaust and/or bypass flow downstream of the last turbomachinery stage. ‘Reheat systems’ are also referred to as afterburners.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 645 1163 748">3. <i>‘Active thermal management systems’ employ methods other than passive oil-to-air cooling or oil-to-fuel cooling, such as vapour cycle systems.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 769 1163 902">4. <i>‘Compression system’ is any stage or combination of stages between the engine inlet face and the combustor that increases gas path pressure through mechanical work.</i></li> <li data-bbox="440 923 1163 1024">5. <i>An ‘engine rotor support’ is the bearing supporting the main engine shaft that drives the compression system or turbine rotors.</i></li> </ol> <p data-bbox="413 1045 489 1075"><u>N.B. 1</u></p> <p data-bbox="413 1096 1126 1127"><i>See Category Code 9E003.h. for engine control technology.</i></p> <p data-bbox="413 1148 489 1178"><u>N.B. 2</u></p> <p data-bbox="413 1199 1163 1268"><i>See Category Code 9E003.i. for adjustable flow path systems technology.</i></p> <p data-bbox="243 1334 319 1365">9E101</p> <p data-bbox="368 1334 673 1365">“Technology” as follows:</p> <ol data-bbox="368 1386 1163 1645" style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="368 1386 1163 1488">a. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “development” of goods specified in Category Code 9A101, 9A102, 9A104 to 9A111, 9A112.a. or 9A115 to 9A121;</li> <li data-bbox="368 1509 1163 1645">b. “Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “production” of ‘UAVs’ specified in Category Code 9A012 or goods specified in Category Code 9A101, 9A102, 9A104 to 9A111, 9A112.a. or 9A115 to 9A121.</li> </ol> <p data-bbox="368 1666 552 1696"><u>Technical Note</u></p>

THE SCHEDULE — *continued*

<i>Category Code</i>	<i>Item Description</i>
9E102	<p data-bbox="380 337 1134 405"><i>In Category Code 9E101.b., ‘UAV’ means unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p> <p data-bbox="333 474 1134 677">“Technology” (according to the General Technology Note) for the “use” of space launch vehicles specified in Category Code 9A004, goods specified in Category Codes 9A005 to 9A011, ‘UAVs’ specified in Category Code 9A012 or goods specified in Category Code 9A101, 9A102, 9A104 to 9A111, 9A112.a., 9A115 to 9A121, 9B105, 9B106, 9B115, 9B116, 9B117, 9D101 or 9D103.</p> <p data-bbox="333 700 516 731"><u><i>Technical Note</i></u></p> <p data-bbox="333 753 1134 822"><i>In Category Code 9E102, ‘UAV’ means unmanned aerial vehicle systems capable of a range exceeding 300 km.</i></p>

Made on 18 July 2024.

GABRIEL LIM  
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 Ministry of Trade and Industry,  
 Singapore.*

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 AG/LEGIS/SL/300/2020/1]